# Heredis 2020 Mac English

# User Guide Heredis 2020

PDF August 25, 2020

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# **System requirements**

**Important:** Your licence is personal and confidential, you can use it 3 times. If you bought Heredis on our Shop, you can manage your installations in My installations section of your <u>Heredis account.</u>

#### Windows

- Windows from 8 to 10
- 500 MB disk space required
- Screen 1024×700 minimum
- Local administrator account
- Internet connection for research, publishing, integrated maps and dashboard

#### For an optimal use:

- Windows 10
- 8 GO of RAM
- SSD Hard Disk

#### Mac

- Sierra (10.12), High Sierra (10.13), Mojave (10.14), Catalina (10.15)
- 500MB disk space required
- Screen 1366×768 minimum
- 64 bits only
- Internet connection for research, publishing, integrated maps and dashboard

#### For an optimal use:

- 8 GO of RAM
- SSD Hard Disk

#### Other software to detain

A text processor managing the RTF and DOCX formats is necessary to edit documents such as sheets, lists or books. You can open easily those documents with the main freeware and software text processors.

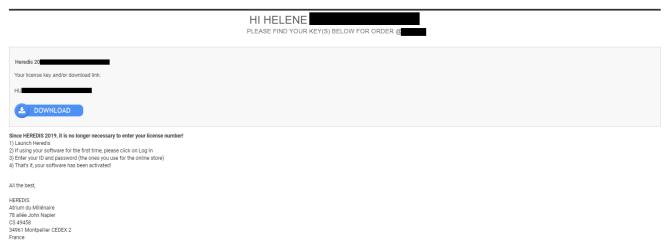
Adobe Flash Player and Adobe Reader are often used by Archives websites.

## How to download Heredis?

Visit **Heredis**'shop to buy and download Heredis' software.

You will receive an email with your licence code and the link to the shop to download the software.





(Mac users) You can also buy and download Heredis from App Store, the license is included, you will not see it, it requires to be connected to your App Store account.

# How to download again Heredis?

If you bought Heredis already and want to install it on your second computer or install it again check this article: I have a new computer or a second computer – what to do?

## How to find the downloaded software?

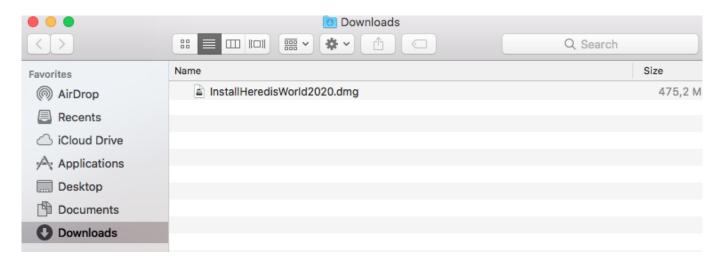
(Windows) Click on the search field in the Start menu or toolbar and write InstallHeredisWorld20xx.exe, press Enter.



You can also go to your **Downloads** folder.

See also <u>How to install Heredis' software?</u>

(Mac) Go to Downloads and search for **InstallHeredisWorld20xx**. Double-click on the file to install Heredis.



See also How to install Heredis' software?

# How to update Heredis?

Heredis corrective updates are automatic and free (example: from Heredis 20.1 to Heredis 20.2). You do not need to bother with this, a window opens when you launch Heredis to indicate that an update is available. Simply accept and the download/install starts.

To be kept informed, simply be connected. When Heredis can be updated, just accept the downloading and installation of the update.

(Mac) If you acquired the Heredis software via the App Store, you will be notified of updates.

Check the AppStore icon in the dock. It shows the number of application updates available. Click to access the App Store then follow the instructions to update.

Upgrading is not automatic. When you upgrade, your version changes (ex: Heredis 2019 and Heredis 2020), it has new features, that is why it is not free.

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#### How to install Heredis' software?

#### Windows

Double-click on InstallHeredisWorld20xx.exe file.

Follow instructions, it will guide you through the setup process.

When setup is over, double-click on Heredis 20xx icon on your desk or access through Windows explorer (Programs (x86) – BSD Concept – Heredis 20xx World).

Then login to activate your licence. For further information see Activating Heredis.

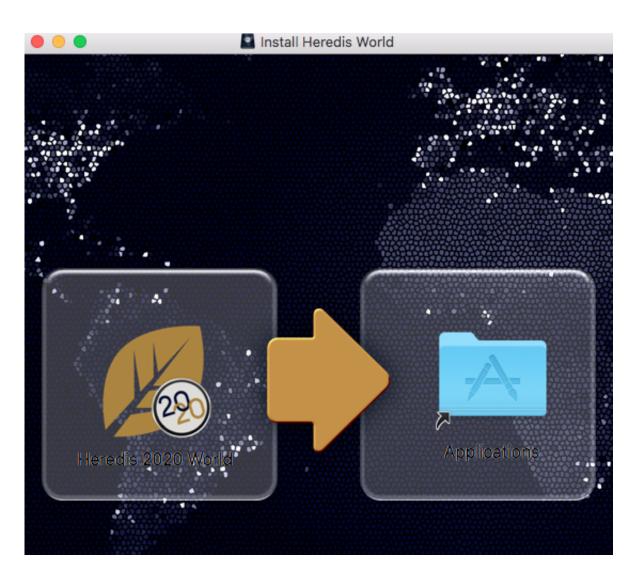
#### Mac

Click on the downloaded link. When the download of InstallHeredisWorld20xx.dmg is over, the installation windows opens. If not, double-click on the downloaded file.

In the Installation window:

1. Drag the Heredis icon in Applications

Example of icon to be dragged, according to your Heredis version, this image and version number may vary.



2. Open the Applications folder and start Heredis. Drag and drop the Heredis icon to your dock to easily access Heredis.

Then login to activate your licence. For further information see Activating Heredis.

#### **Launch Heredis**

After activating your Heredis license (see <u>Activating Heredis</u>), click on Launch Heredis to start working. If you already have Heredis' files from an old version, Heredis 20xx will convert them automatically on the first opening with the newer version.

(Windows) If you do not see your files on recent files, click on **Open a genealogy** in the home page and choose the file to open. If the files are too old (before Heredis 11), they might not convert themself. Contact us through our <u>Contact form</u> and will send you the procedure so we can convert it for you.

(Mac) Files previous Heredis 2014 might not convert themself, contact us through our <u>Contact form</u> and will send you the procedure so we can convert it for you.

## Uninstall my old version of Heredis

Each new version of Heredis is a full installation. So it is not necessary to keep your old version of Heredis. Your file will still be on your computer. You can uninstall the old version to get some space on your computer.

(Windows) Uninstall your old version from the Control Panel then click on Uninstall a program. Choose your old version of Heredis and click on Uninstall. Windows 10 you can make a right click on program directly on the program list, then choose Uninstall.

(Mac) Drag your old version of Heredis from the Applications and drop it on the Trash Can.

See <u>Uninstall an older version of Heredis</u> for more details.

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# How to install again Heredis?

If you acquired the software through the <u>Heredis store</u>, you may download the application from your <u>Heredis'shop account</u> in My Keys section. See <u>I have a new computer or a second computer - what to do?</u> to see the full explanation.

(Mac) If you bought Heredis from App Store, you can download it directly from App Store as any application. (no licence needed if you bought from App Store, just connect to your App Store account).

Once downloaded and installed, you will have to click on **Login** to connect to your Heredis' shop account with your email address and password used to buy Heredis.

If you installed Heredis on a second computer, see the article on <u>Share on local network</u> to share your file with the second computer.

You can also find the downloads of the software in Heredis.com.

**Note**: Your licence is available for 3 installations, if you need more, you'll have to buy an other licence. (Since Heredis 2019) You can manage your installations and delete a computer you no longer use from the software. Click on the Help menu then on Manage my installations.

You can also download from Heredis.com website.

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# Uninstall an older version of Heredis

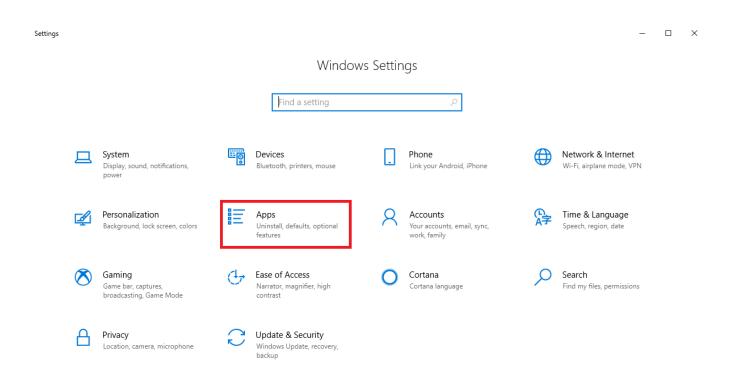
Each Heredis version you download is the full software itself. Therefore, it is unnecessary to keep your older versions of Heredis.

To uninstall Heredis from your computer:

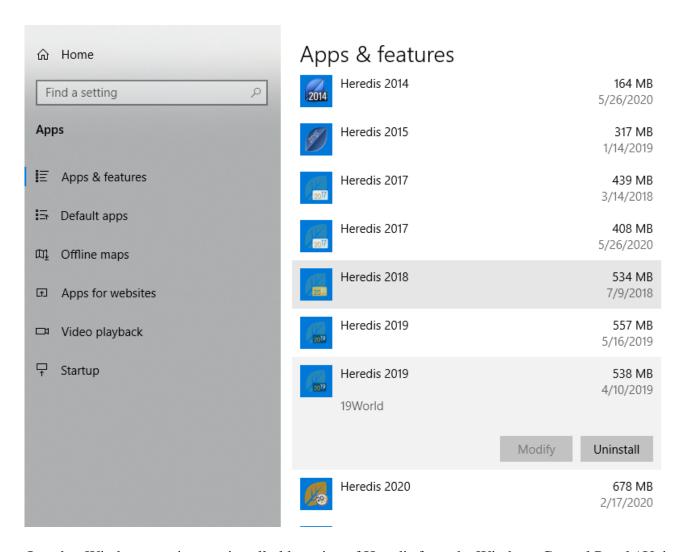
## On Windows 10



Click on the Windows button then on the indented wheel Click on Apps



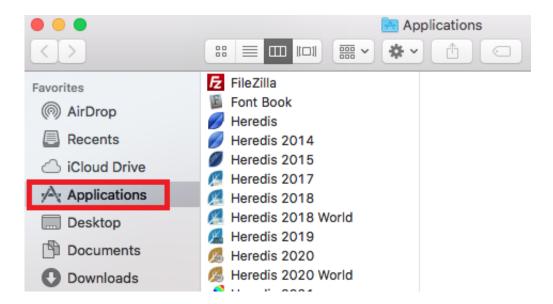
3. Search in the lists of your apps the old version of Heredis. Click on it and then click on Uninstall button.



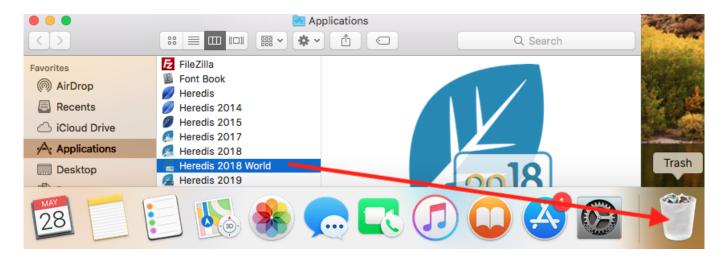
On other Windows versions, uninstall old version of Heredis from the Windows Control Panel / Uninstall a program. According to your Windows version, the access to the Windows Control Panel might be different. Make a search on the internet with a search engine to learn more about how your Windows works. By using the Windows utility, your old version of Heredis will be properly uninstalled.

#### On Mac

1. Open your Finder, click on Applications



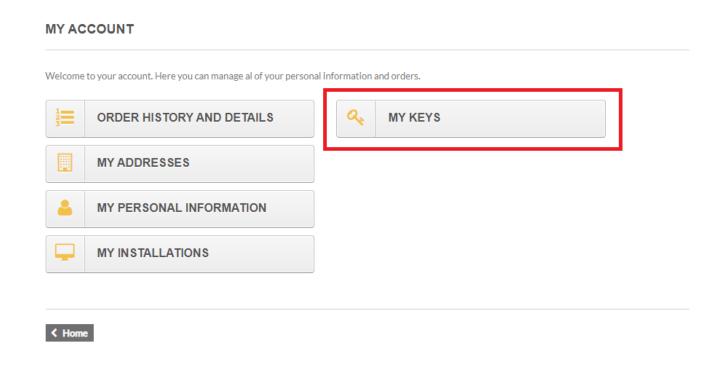
2. Drag your old version of Heredis and drop it into the Trash Can



## Your license

# I have lost my license number?

Connect to your <u>Heredis shop account</u> and get your license number in My account > My keys.



# My license is invalid

If your licence has been used too many times (3 are allowed), it will be invalid.

You can manage your license installations to detach one of your unused computer. Connect to your Heredis shop account and click on My installations.

See Activating Heredis for further details.

# How to register my Heredis number?

Since Heredis 2019, you do not need to input your license number, just connect to your Heredis account (the one you bought Heredis with). Click the **Log in** button in the activation window when you first open Heredis. Your license will be activated and associated to your email address.

If your computer is not connected to the web, at the installation of Heredis' software, input your license number by clicking the **Enter** button.

#### On how many computers can I install Heredis?

By accepting this EULA, you receive a limited license, personal, worldwide and free of copyright, nonassignable, not resaleable, non-transferable and non-exclusive, for the use of this software. You are authorized to use one (1) copy of this software for personal, non-commercial ends as a private user. One license only is granted for each unique home address ("address"). You are authorized to download and install the software on one computer only. Users who have several computers (e.g. one independent computer, a laptop and a netbook), may download the software on a maximum of three (3) units at the same address. If you buy several licenses for this software, you may at any time, make as many copies as you own licenses.

## I would like to receive more information on Heredis products.

Join the <u>Heredis Facebook page</u> and stay tuned on everything genealogy: you'll get the most recent Heredis new updates, as well as information shared by our users, new blogs, articles from genealogy magazines...

Subscribe to <u>the Heredis Newsletter</u> and preview all the news on your Heredis software and genealogy in general.

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# **Activating Heredis**

Thanks to the new license activation process, as long as you are connected to the internet, you no longer need to enter your license number.

All you need to do is log into the account you used to purchase Heredis (on our online store) and your license will be activated automatically.

A heredis license for Mac is valid only for Mac. Similarly, a Heredis licese for Windows is usable only for Windows. If you change your operating system, you'll need o acquire a license for the new system.

## How to install and activate Heredis on a computer connected to the internet

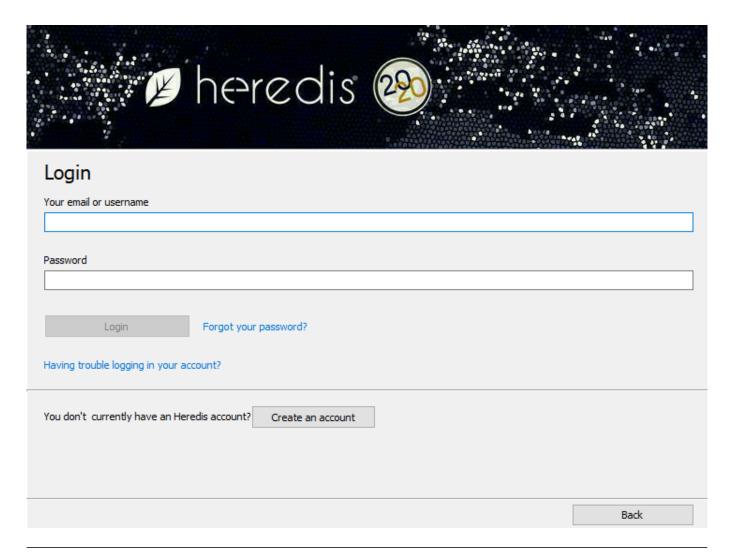
Start with the purchase of a Heredis license on <u>Heredis' Shop</u>, then download and install the Heredis software on your computer.

See also these articles to know how to download and install Heredis: (Windows) Install Heredis or (Mac) Install Heredis.

The first time you launch Heredis, it will display a page offering you to either try the software or to login to the account used to purchase Heredis.

Discover Heredis Demo  Create a new genealogy or test your genealogy by importing a GEDCOM or Heredis* file  *Saving possible only if under 50 individuals.	Activate your license  Log in to your account to activate your license.  Note: It is no longer necessary to enter your license number.
Buy Heredis	
Visit the Heredis store. Buy	
	Quit

When you login to your Heredis account, the license you have just purchased will automatically be assigned to the computer on which you have just installed Heredis.

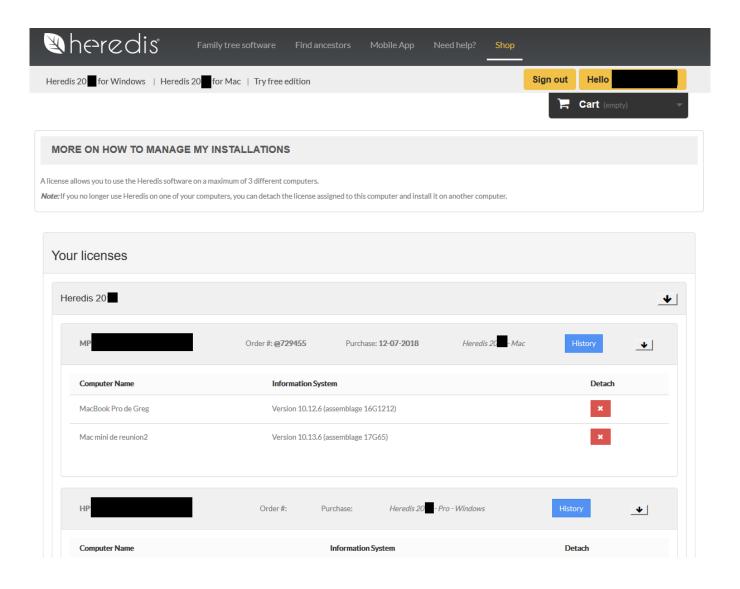


## How to install and activate Heredis on another computer connected to the internet

Heredis can be installed on up to 3 of <u>your own computers</u>.

Download and install Heredis from your Heredis'Shop account (under My Licenses & Codes) onto your other computer and log in to your account.

**Note:** when you reach the maximum number of installations allowed on your license, Heredis informs you that you can no longer install this license on an additional computer and offers to help you manage your installations in order to potentially detach a license from a computer you no longer use so you can then install it on another computer.



# How to install and activate Heredis on a computer that is not connected to the internet

Clicking on the **Enter** button will allow you to enter your license number and to get full access to your software and its many features.

Discover Heredis Demo	You have a lic	ense number
Create a new genealogy or test your genealogy by importing a GEDCOM or Heredis* file	Enter License Number	Enter
*Saving possible only if under 50 individuals.		
Buy Heredis		
Visit the Heredis store.		
		Quit

Then enter your license number. It was sent to you right after your order of Heredis.

Enter the license number (Key code) you received via email.  Our License Number has been mailed to you with the download link.	Enter your Here	lis license number		
our License Number has been mailed to you with the download link.	inter the license number (	ey code) you received via email.		
our License Number has been mailed to you with the download link.				
	our License Number has be	n mailed to you with the download link.		
			Back	Activate

**Note:** If this computer is later connected to the internet, the following time Heredis is launched you will be asked to log in to your account to finalize the activation process.

## How to manage my Heredis installations

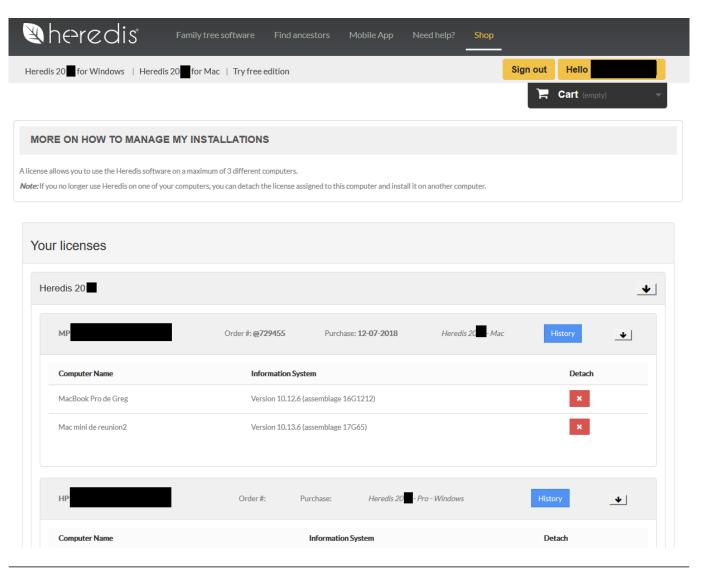
Easily access the management of your installations, either from your account on our Heredis' Shop or directly from the application by clicking on the **Help** scroll-down menu > **Manage my installations**. This window will display all the information on your licenses, starting with the 2019 Heredis version, including the numbers of the licenses you purchased, the related order number, date of purchase, and if your product is for Mac or Windows.

For each license you own, it is easy to see which computer(s) it is assigned to.

A **History** button will allow you to visualize all actions related to each license (assigning a new computer, detaching...)

#### How to detach a license

If you no longer use your Heredis software on a computer, uninstall the application from this computer then log in to your account on Heredis' Shop, click on **My Installations**, and detach the computer you no longer use so you can install this license on another device.



## In case of problems

Heredis needs an internet connexion to activate your license. Often, firewalls and antiviruses are too uncompromising and block Heredis. It can provoque white pages while trying to activate Heredis' license, blocking the installation of the software...

Check that the antivirus/firewall installed on your computer or embedded in your internet box does not block Heredis. If so desactivate it while installing Heredis and autorize Heredis to access the network, tell those software that Heredis is trustworthy.

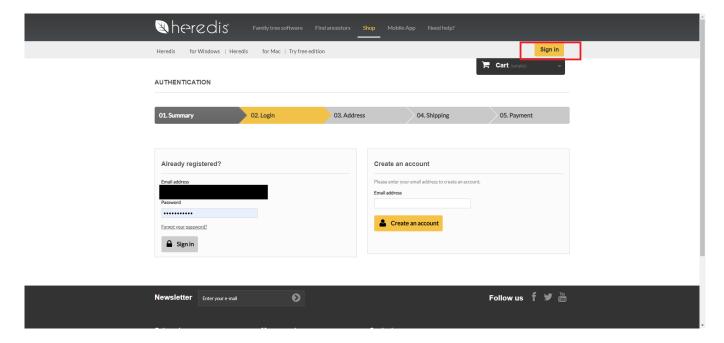
# I have a new computer or a second computer – what to do?

Heredis is a desktop software, which means that your files are saved on your computer. You are the only one who can retrieve them, as we do not have access to your files. Which is why you should always back them up either on a USB drive, a cloud or an external hard drive.

## **Downloading Heredis**

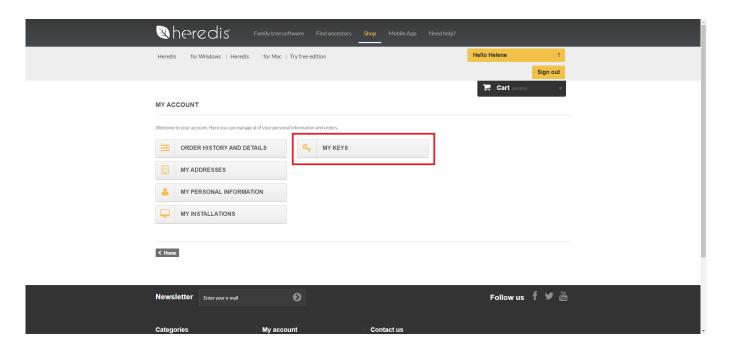
Heredis can be installed on up to 3 computers you own.

**Note:** Once you have reached the maximum number of installations for a license, Heredis will warn you that you can no longer install this license on another computer. Heredis will suggest you manage your installations to potentially detach a license from a computer you are no longer using and install it on a new computer.

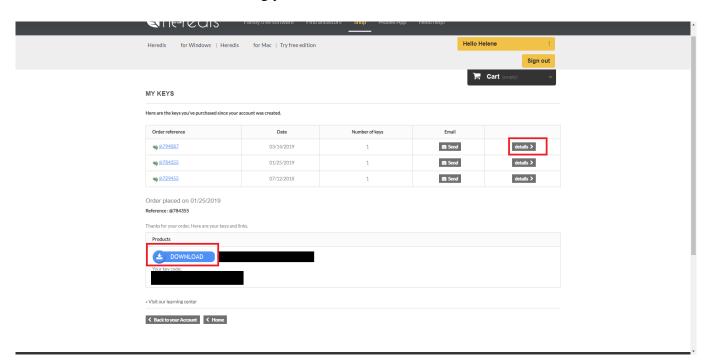


You can download Heredis from your Heredis store account.

Log in by clicking on the **Sign In** button, enter the email address and password you used to purchase Heredis. If you are already logged in, click on the Hello... button. Then click on **My Keys**.



You will find a **Details** button allowing you to find the **Download** button.



Perform the installation as for any software and activate your license for this computer. See the <u>Activating Heredis</u>.

#### Your files

In order to find your files, be aware that on Windows, they are usually stored in Documents / BSD Concept / Heredis / Heredis Files.

On Mac, there is no usual storage, you will find the file where you chose to put it. So use your Finder to

find the .hmw file (it is the Heredis format).

Before changing computers, remember to make a copy of your file on a USB key or an external hard drive (Save as... or Save a copy... from the File menu).

After changing computers, if you made a copy on a USB key or an external hard drive, copy the (Windows) .hmw-folder/ (Mac) .hmw-file named after your genealogy and paste it into your computer (on Windows, into Documents / BSD Concept / Heredis / Heredis Files) . Launch Heredis and click on Open a Heredis file.

If you have not made a copy but still have access to your old computer, you can share your file on the local network:

- turn both computers on
- check and make sure they are both on the same internet network
- launch Heredis (same version) on both computers
- on the old computer, click on the File dropdown menu, then select Share on Local Network...

Heredis will transfer your file from your old computer to the new one.

For more information, see the article entitled <u>Sharing your genealogy with other devices on local network</u>.

If you no longer have access to your old computer and have not saved your data to a USB key or an external hard drive, then your file is lost. We have no access to your data.

#### What can Heredis do?

Heredis will assist you managing your genealogy. Thanks to its multiple functions and Heredis' ongoing development, you can:

#### **Entering**

#### Data

Who were your ancestors? Heredis will help you find them. Through guided and intuitive progression, you enter all the information which you have gathered on your family. You will note some odd facts: your grandfathers were cousins, a certain great-uncle was a witness to all the marriages in the family, your great grandmother was very young when she lost her parents, one couple had more than 50 years' age difference...

A research assistant will help you every step of your quest. You have access to all the power of the Internet directly from Heredis' software.

For further details, see Add persons, Input events, Save time by inputting faster and more...

#### Illustrations

You have found some photos or copies of acts? Every item of data will be shown directly in your genealogy. The Photo Tool will help you a simplify management of your media. Unfamiliar with the area of origin of this family branch? Geolocation will show you that they all lived in neighboring towns.

For further details, see **Photo Tool**, Media, Geolocating Places.

### Family tree charts and other documents

Your work is taking shape, you cannot wait to print the results of your research.

#### **Print trees**

Heredis Family trees trace ancestors or descendants in a variety of different forms and adapt to all formats.

For further details, see (Windows) Predetermined size tree charts, (Windows) Unlimited size tree chart or (Mac) Unlimited size tree charts, (Mac) Predetermined size tree charts.

### Print reports, sheets, or fully illustrated books

All documents which the genealogist needs are available: working papers for refining your research, person or family sheets for your filing system and even illustrated books for preparing a family

monograph which will bring you pride and happiness to your family.

For further details see <u>Create and edit sheets</u>, <u>(Windows) Create and edit reports</u>, <u>(MAC) Create and edit a report</u>, <u>Create and edit a book</u>.

## Making your work known to others

What could be more simple than the free online publishing of your work on the Internet? Wherever they may be, your family and friends can visit your site and contact you to give you more details. With your family site hosted free on Heredis Online, your family bonds are facilitated, your work valued and your data preserved.

For further details, see **Heredis Online**.

## **Exchanging**

Genealogy is an act of sharing. Heredis gives you all the tools which you need to communicate with other genealogists, give and receive information and have your work available everywhere, on all your devices (desktop or laptop computer, Windows or Mac, iPhone, iPad).

For further details, see **Share your genealogy**, **Export Heredis data**, **Export a GEDCOM**.

# **Launch Heredis**

Double-click the Heredis icon (it looks like a leaf, the color depends on the version you have) to launch the application.

(Windows) For a quick access, slide the icon from **BSD Concept** Program menu to your taskbar, wherever it is convenient for you.

(Mac) For a quick access to Heredis, select the icon in the **Applications** folder, drag it to your dock, wherever it is convenient, or drag it to the Launchpad icon.

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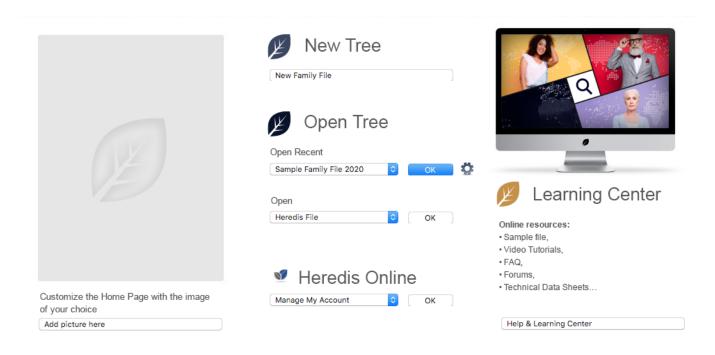
# Create a new genealogy file

From the Home Page, click New Family File.

Windows' Home Page

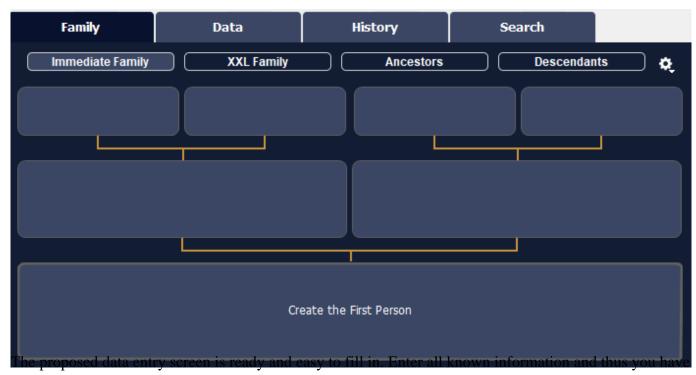


Mac's Home Page



Save your new genealogy, give it a name and specify the desired location for the file.

An empty **Immediate Family** screen appears, and you may now start entering your data by clicking on the **Create the first person** link at the center of the screen.



created the individual who is at the base of your genealogy: the <u>root person</u>.

You can also check you Create the first person article.

#### Rename a file

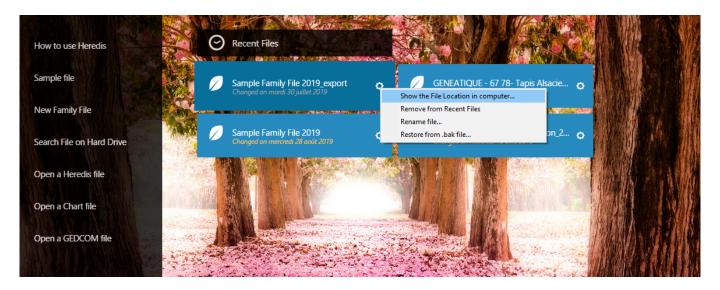
You need to be on the Heredis home page in order to rename a file.

A Heredis file is actually made out of several smaller files within the same folder (or "bundle") entitled nameofyourgenealogy.hmw.

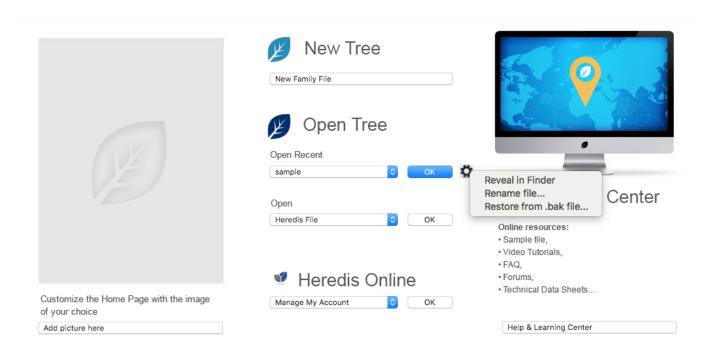
If any of the smaller files is named differently from the others, Heredis will be unable to launch your file. You'll encounter an error message telling you "The file nameofyourgenealogy.heredis jas been removed from its original folder or has been renamed. To ensure proper use of your genealogy file, please relocate it in the nameofyourgenealogy.hmw folder or rename it ..."

To prevent this from happening, the Heredis team has created a specific tool: on the home page, click the indented wheel located to the right of your genealogy name and select **Rename file...** 

(Windows) Home page



(Mac) Home page



**Note:** Computers are not very fond of files with long names, special characters and spaces, which can damage your data. Do avoid using accents, cedillas, spaces, and other special characters. Think simple! In lieu of spaces, archives centers (among others) use the \_ (underscore) sign. For example: "file\_of\_francois".

See also (Windows) The Heredis file.

## Record a file

Consider regularly recording your genealogy during your work session. When the file has been changed, (**Windows**) a star appears next to the file name, (**Mac**) a black dot appears in the file window closing icon; it needs to be registered.

A record overwrites the old version of your file, unlike a backup, which it is a photo of your file in the state at a time T. It is always useful to make a backup at least once a month on external device in addition to the recordings. See also <u>How to save your file</u>.

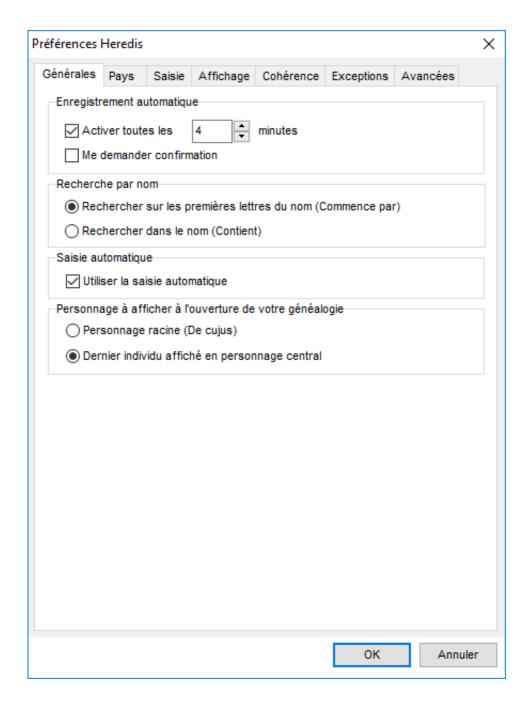
#### Manually

Click the Save button, or choose File> Save.

#### **Automatically**

For security you can program automatic recordings of your data.

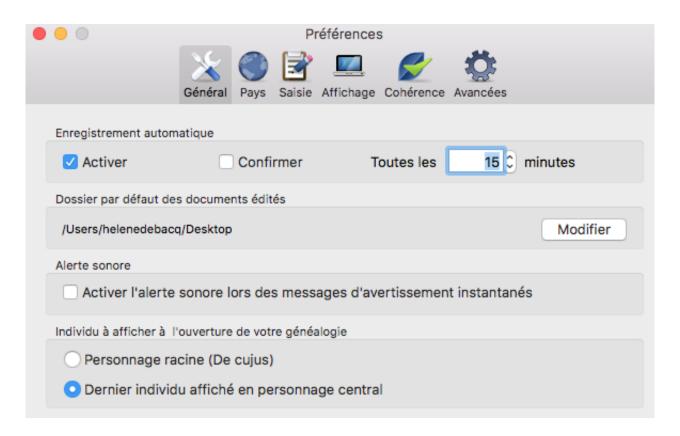
(Windows) Automatic recording



#### (Windows) 1. Select Preferences - Heredis Preferences in the Tools menu.

- 2. Click on the **General** tab and check the **Activate every...** You can specify the rate at which you want the data to be recorded.
- 3. If you check the **Confirm Saves** box, Heredis will ask for confirmation with each automatic check-in.

(Mac) Automatic recording



#### (Mac) 1. Choose Preferences from the Heredis menu.

- 2. Click the **General** tab and check the **Activate** box in the **Automatic Record** area. You can specify the rate at which you want the data to be recorded.
- 3. Check the **Confirm Saves** box so Heredis will notify you before each automatic check-in.

#### Save a file under another name

If you want to make a copy of your genealogy, to create a copy or another version, you can save the file under another name or in another location.

(Windows) Select the **File menu > Save a Copy**. Indicate the duplicate file's destination folder. Heredis creates a new .hmw folder, containing genealogical data (file .heredis) and folder containing media or a .ha file if it is a tree file. Click the **Save** button.

Heredis launches the Windows Explorer and shows you where the copy was made. You can move it, open it or close the window, depending on your needs. Your original file is still open and you can keep working.

#### (Mac) Choose File > Save as, then indicate a name and location.

The file with the new name is open on the screen. To work with the previous version, choose **File > Open Recent** and choose the previous version in the sub-menu.

See also The Heredis file and .hmw folder.

## (Mac) Back to the recorded version

Heredis gives you the opportunity to reopen your genealogy as it was the last time it was recorded. This possibility is very useful when you have made an error importing a file, for example.

Choose **File > Revert to saved ...** Heredis closes the active genealogical file without saving it and then reopens it as it was before the last changes.

**Info** - All changes made after the last record are lost.

## What is a Heredis file?

Heredis files come in the form of a .hmw folder stored at the chosen location when it was created. On Windows, they are stored by default in aDocuments/BSD Concept/Heredis/Heredis Files folder of your documents. Documents

In this folder you will find various types of files: .bak, .hmw, media folder...

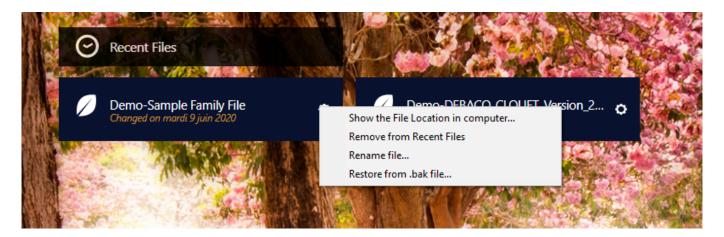
**Do NOT** change, move or delete files in this folder. Indeed, if you move, rename, modify these files, you may no longer be able to use this genealogy.

To rename your files or know where they are stored, use the indented wheel from the Heredis homepage.

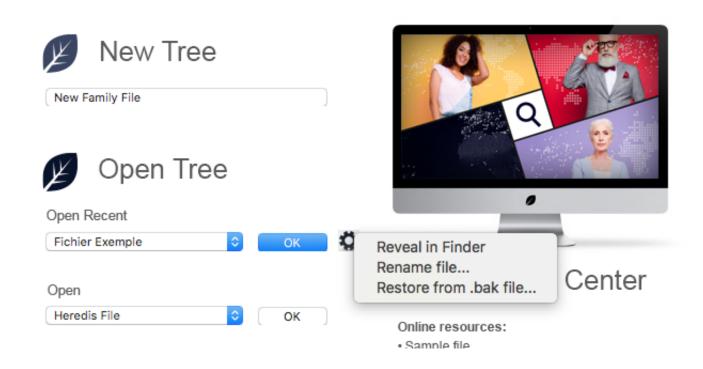
(Windows) To find out where your files are stored click Show the file location in computer.

(Mac) To find out where your files are stored click Reveal in Finder.

(Windows) Homepage indented wheel



(Mac) Homepage indented wheel



Check out the article Find a file on your computer for more details.

## The Heredis File and .hmw folder

This article is usable for Mac too, however, Mac hides the inside of the .hmw folder. So the risk of making a mistake by erasing something is low for Mac.

In Windows, your Heredis file appears as a folder with a .hmw extension. (for instance: Sample File.hmw).

**Note**: file extensions may not be shown, depending on your computer's settings. We recommend modifying these settings using Windows Explorer:

- from the « View » menu, by checking the option « File name extension », for Windows 8 operating systems and later versions;
- from the « Folder and Search Options » menu, in the « View » tab, for operating systems older than Windows 8, by unchecking the option « Hide extensions for known file types ».

#### • Important

Your genealogy file contains all the data you have entered (*Sample File.heredis* – Type: Heredis Genealogy) as well as a *Media* file in which all the media you have used have been copied. **In order for your file to work properly, make sure to neither separate nor delete the elements included in the file.** 

If you wish to move, copy, or save your genealogy to another location on your hard disk drive or on any other drive, make sure to select the entire *Sample File.hmw* folder.



#### • Essential

If you have removed the *Sample File.heredis* file from the *Sample File.hmw* folder, you'll have an error message:



Move it back to the .hmw folder so you can use it.

**CAUTION**, when naming your files, keep it simple and avoid using special characters, accents, and such (,\$)... computers hate those. Rather use \_ or – in lieu of spaces.

The Data file (*Sample File.heredis*) only contains graphic thumbnails of the media you've used. The Media file contains a copy of all original media linked to your data (photos, scans, web documents, text...). Even if you have lost or moved your original media, this folder, integrated within your genealogy, allows you to preserve, transfer, or save your genealogy media in a high resolution.

#### • Note

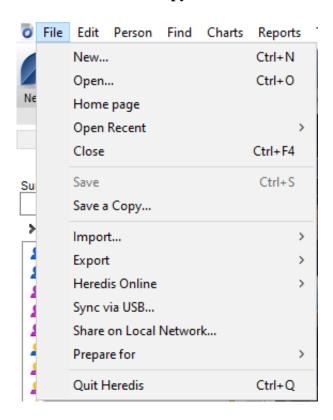
Your original media are still in the location where you had saved them. Heredis has neither moved nor modified them, they have only been duplicated. Do no modify the content of the Media folder or your genealogy will not work properly. See also <u>Media</u>.

# How to save your file

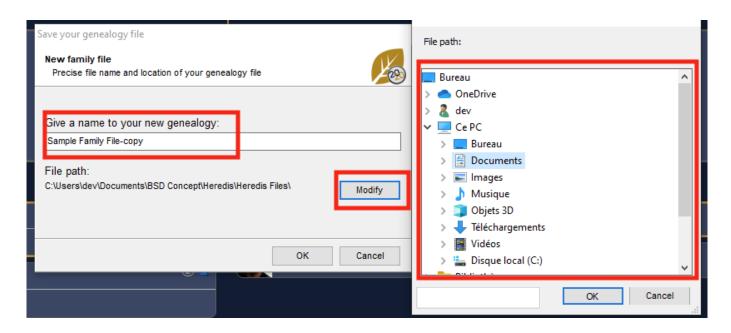
# (Windows) How to create a copy of your file

To duplicate the file open on your computer – so you can save or modify it:

• Select **Save a copy...** from the File menu.



• Give a name to this copy. Do not use names with special characters. Click on **Modify** to select a destination folder for your duplicated file. Heredis will create a new .hmw folder which will include your genealogical data (.heredis file) and a folder in which you will find the related media or a .ha file (for tree charts). It is safer to choose to store your copies on a USB key, a cloud or an external hard drive disk instead of you computer's hard drive disk.

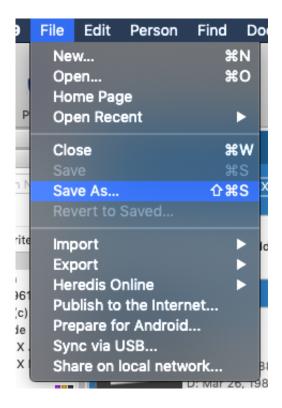


- Click on **OK** button to validate the storage place and again on **OK** to validate the copy.
- Heredis will launch Windows Explorer to show you where the copy has been saved. You are free to move or to close the window. Your original file remains open on your computer and you can keep working on it.

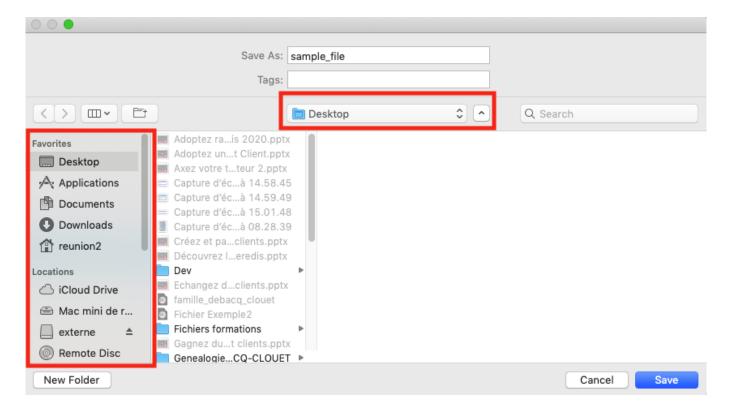
## (Mac) How to create a copy of your file

To duplicate the file open on your computer – so you can save or modify it:

• Select Save As... from the File menu.



• Give a name to this copy. Do not use names with special characters. Click on the arrow near the storage place to select a destination folder for your duplicated file. Heredis will create a new .hmw folder which will include your genealogical data (.heredis file) and a folder in which you will find the related media or a .ha file (for tree charts). It is safer to choose to store copies on a USB key, a cloud or an external hard drive disk instead of you computer's hard drive disk.



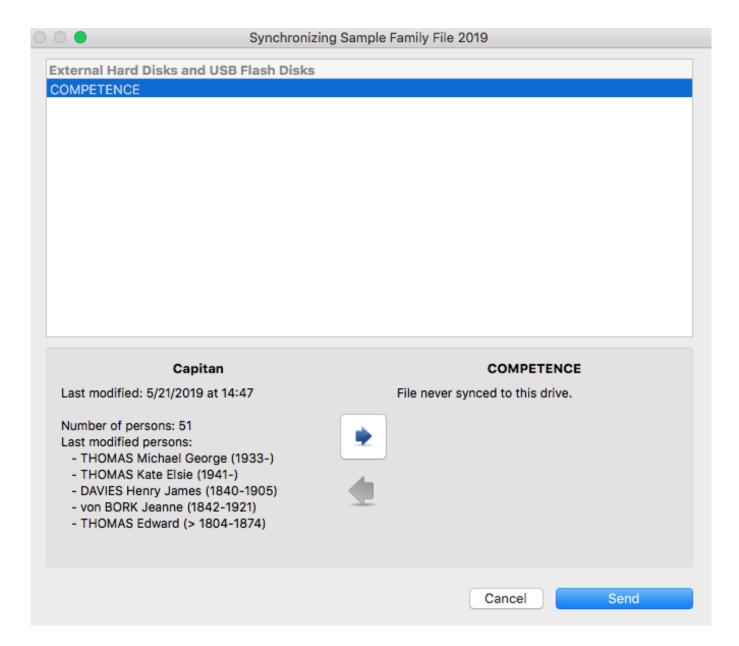
- Click on the **Save** button.
- Heredis will open the newly created file. You can close it and go back to your original file.

## How to save a copy of your file on a USB flash drive or on an external hard drive

Besides creating a backup file on your computer's hard disk drive, you can synchronize your file on a USB key or external hard drive. It is not like Save as, since it overwrites the previous version of the file.

Users without Wi-Fi or with computers kept at various locations should also sync their genealogy by connecting a removable data storage device (USB flash drive or external hard disk drive) to their computer.

Click on File menu > Sync via USB



In the synchronization window, select the external device you have connected, check the syncing direction (**Send** or **Receive**) according to your needs, then click on **Send**.

Once the syncing is completed, you are free to connect the storage device to your other computer (Mac or Windows).

Whether you are working in Heredis or launching the program, Heredis will let you know that a new genealogy file – or a more recent version of the opened genealogy file – is available on the external storage device you have just connected; you will be offered to sync this file to your computer.

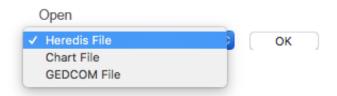
See **Synchronizing via USB** for more details.

# Open an existing Heredis file

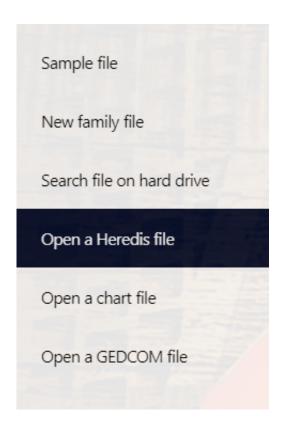
There are several different ways to open a Heredis genealogy file.

# Open a genealogy file if it is not in the recent file list

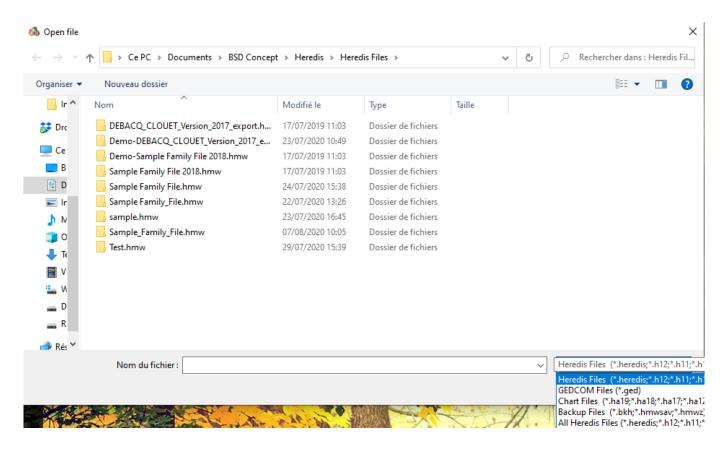
- To open a file when Heredis is already running, choose **File** menu > **Open**. Choose the genealogy file in your file directory, and then click **Open**.
- (Mac) To open a file from the **Home** page, if you already have a file launched, click the **Home** button. On the home page, select **Heredis File** in the **Open** menu. Click **OK** and then select the file.



- (Mac) To open a Heredis file from the Finder, double-click the file icon or drag it to the Heredis application icon.
  - You may open a Heredis file created with an older version of the software from the home page if they were created with a version equal to or after Heredis 2014. Prior to Heredis 2014, the Heredis format was different. Contact us, we can convert it for you for free.
- (Windows) To open a file from the Home page, click on Open a Heredis file, select the file on your hard drive disk and click on Open.



• (Windows) You can open a Heredis file created using an old version of the software, you will need to change the file type in the opened window. Indeed, before Heredis 2014, the file format had a different extension to each version. Click the Heredis Files drop-down list and choose All Heredis Files. You will see the files in the old formats.



**Info** • By default the last folder in which you saved a file will open. To select another location, select it in your file directory.

**Info Windows and Mac •** Files created after the 2017 version are identical, regardless of the platform your using: Windows, Mac, iOS, Android. You can directly exchange data without any preparation or conversion.

For more details on opening a GEDCOM file, see Open a Gedcom in a new file, Import a Gedcom into an existing file.

# Open a recently used file

To open a file you worked on recently, open Heredis' home page, (Windows) choose it on the recent files area, (Mac) select the file from the **Open Recent** menu, select the file in the drop down menu and then click **OK**.

You can also select **File** menu > **Open Recent.** Choose the file and click OK

**Mac Info** • To delete the list of recently used files, choose **File** menu > **Open Recent** > **Clear**. The file will not be deleted from your hard drive disk but won't appear in the Recent file list.

**Windows Info** • To delete a recently used file, click on the indented wheel near the name of the file you want to remove, then choose **Remove from Recent Files.** The file will not be deleted from your hard drive disk but won't appear in the Recent file list.

Important: Heredis is a desktop software, which means your files are on your computer's hard drive. You are the only one able to access it, we do not have your files. That is why you need to save your work on an external device. If the file is missing from the Recent Files list, just because it is no longer in the Recent Files list does not mean that it has been deleted! Heredis never deletes your files! It's just that the list of recent files has been cleaned.

To find your files, on Windows, they are usually stored in Documents > BSD Concept > Heredis > Heredis files. You can use the **Search on hard drive disk** function on the Home page to launch a scan of your hard drive disk.

On Mac, use your Finder to search for your files by indicating .hmw in the research bar after selected your hard drive disk in the device list.

# Open a Chart file

You have edited and saved a tree chart created with Heredis? You can reopen it to further edit it or print it. A tree chart file is a graphic file, it becomes independant of your Heredis file. It contains only the data of persons included in the tree chart. Data can not be changed in this tree chart file to modify the Heredis file.

- To open a tree chart saved when Heredis is already running, choose **File > Open**. Select the tree chart file your file directory and click **Open**.
- To open a tree chart from the **Home** page, click the **Home** button and choose (**Windows**)

  Open a Chart file; (Mac) Chart File from the Open menu. Click OK and then select it.
- To open a tree chart file when another tree is already open, click (Windows) File > Open;
   (Mac) the Open button in the tree chart toolbar. Select the file in your tree chart directory of files and click Open.

Read also (Mac) Unlimited size tree chart: ancestors, descendant and hourglass, (Mac) Save the tree chart, (Mac) Predetermined size tree charts: Single-page Chart, Designed Chart, Fan Chart, (Windows) Unlimited size tree chart: ancestors, descendant and hourglass, (Windows) Save the tree chart, (Windows) Predetermined size tree charts: Single-page Chart, Designed Chart, Fan Chart

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# Close and reopen a genealogy

# Close a genealogy file

When you have finished working with a genealogy file, you can close it without leaving Heredis.

- To close the active document, choose **File > Close**. You can also click the Close button in the upper (**Mac**) left, (**Windows**) right corner of the file.
- To close all open Heredis documents, press (**Windows**) Ctrl-Q; (**Mac**) the Option ( $\nearrow$ ) key, then click the **Close** button of the active document.

Info • If you have made changes since you last saved the file, Heredis will invite you to save it.

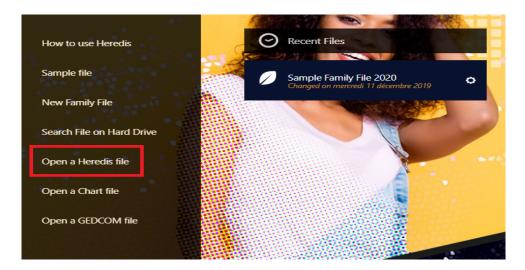
**Note**: When you close Heredis, wait a few mintues before to shut down your computer, Heredis can take some time to close properly. If you shut down too quickly your computer and Heredis didn't finish to save the modifications you made, you will damage your file. It only takes a minute so please be patient. Computers are just like genealogy, they require patience;)

## Reopen a genealogy file

Select your genealogy from the (Windows) Recent Files, (Mac) Open submenu

or (Mac) double-click the file in the Finder.

• (Windows) click on Open a Heredis file,



• (Mac) click on Heredis File on the Open section, then click on OK.



If your file is not on the recent files, it doesn't mean it has been deleted! Heredis will never delete your file!

The recent files list might have been cleaned by your operating system or by you after a spring cleaning.

You file is stored on your hard drive disk. It can easily be found. However, you should make regular backups of your file in case your computer crashes or you need to reinstall your operating system etc. Check out <u>How to save your file</u> article.

**Windows Info**: If you don't remember where to find your file on your hard drive disk, click on **Search File on Hard Drive**. Heredis will scan your hard drive searching for all Heredis and GEDCOM file format.

**Mac Info:** If you don't remember where to find your file on your hard drive disk, open your Finder and write .*hmw* in the search bar.

# Find a file on your computer

Heredis is a desktop software, which means that your files are saved on your computer.

**Note:** It is essential that your files are stored and launch from your computer's hard drive disk and not from a USB key or an external drive or a cloud. If the device is disconnected for any reason even for a second, Heredis will shut down and your file can be damage.

You are the only one who can retrieve them, as we do not have access to your files. Which is why you should always back them up either on a USB drive, a cloud, an external hard drive (just use it to store a backup not open it).

## Find your files in Windows

To find your Heredis files in Windows, look in Documents / BSD Concept / Heredis / Heredis files, as this is where they are usually stored. If not, on the Heredis home page, click on the indented wheel near the name of your recently used file. Then select **Show the File Location in computer...** 



Heredis will open Windows Explorer to show you the content of your .hmw folder. Click on the folder before the .hmw folder on the address bar.



You'll be able to copy the .hmw folder with a right click on it and click on Copy. Then Paste it on a USB key or external hard drive.

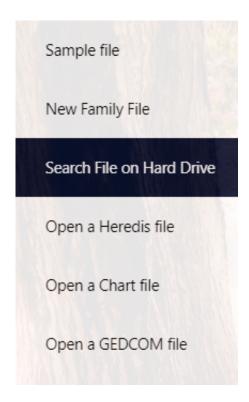
# Find files missing from your list of Recent Files

If your file is no longer showing in your recently used files, it does not necessarily mean that it has been deleted. It is simply not displayed in the list of recent ones.

Heredis will not remove genealogy files. If your files are no longer on the computer, it means they were manually deleted, e.g. during a disk cleanup or by your antivirus software.

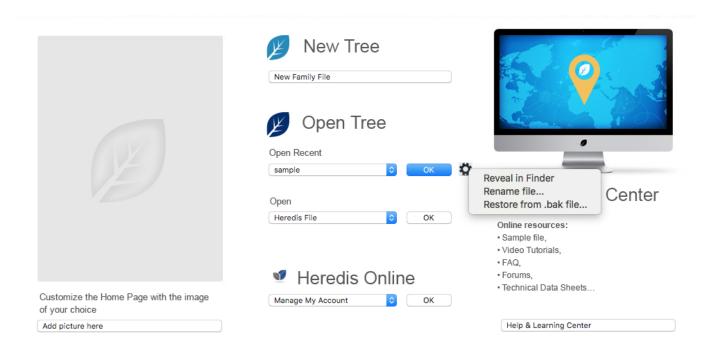
You can start a search from the Heredis home page to scan your entire computer for all potential genealogy files. It can be a lengthy process.

From the home page, click **Search File on Hard Drive** on the left side banner.



# **How to find your files on Mac**

From the Heredis home page, click on the indented wheel next to the name of your recently used file. Then select **Reveal in Finder**.



You'll be able to copy the .hmw folder with a right click on it and click on Copy. Then Paste it on a USB key or external hard drive.

# How to find files missing from your list of Recent Files

If your file is no longer showing in Recent Files, it does not necessarily mean that it has been deleted. It is simply not displayed in the list of recent ones.

Heredis will not remove genealogy files. If your files are no longer on the computer, it means they were manually deleted, e.g. during a disk cleanup or by your antivirus software or the list has been cleaned in the Mac system.

- Open Finder
- Enter .hmw into the search box
- Launch the search



## Presentation of the Heredis' interface

# **Genealogy files**

The genealogy file will open as a global screen. This screen can either occupy all available space, or occupy only a part, or be iconized.

Each input of surnames, given names, occupations, sources, places, medias generates indexes. The generated information are changeable by clicking in the menu "Tools / ... Index..." or in the concerned search panel.

### (Mac) Display several working windows

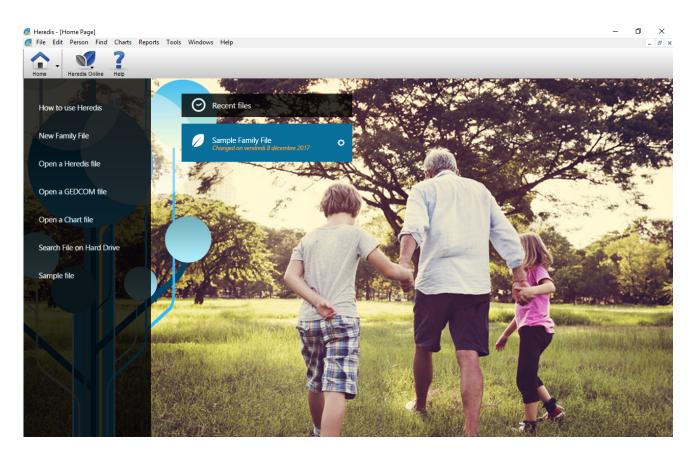
Several views of the same genealogical file may be opened simultaneously: the main navigation screen, tool screens (Indexes, Search for duplicates), tree chart screens, document screens, the Preferences screen...

#### Display several genealogies simultaneously

Several genealogies may be opened simultaneously with Heredis. Each file can display data differently: in Family, in Data, in History or in Search. The list of open files and all screens open for each file is available in the Window menu. Click the name of the file or screen you want to display in the foreground.

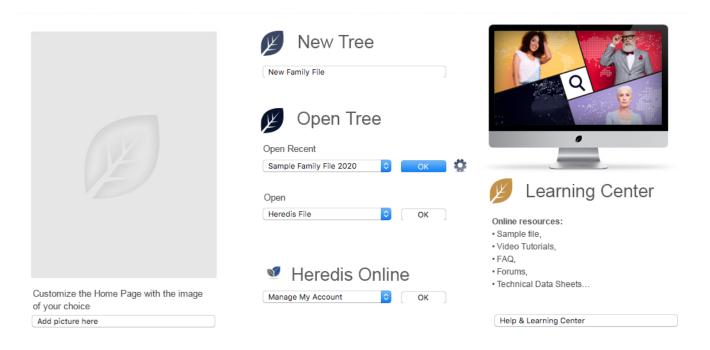
# The Home Page

Windows's Home Page



It allows you to open an existing genealogy, to create a new one, to import a genealogy from a Gedcom file or a Heredis file (**Windows**) from the black banner on the left of the screen, (**Mac**) from the pop-up menus.

## Mac's Home Page



To find again this screen when you are already in a working session, click on the **Home** icon of the

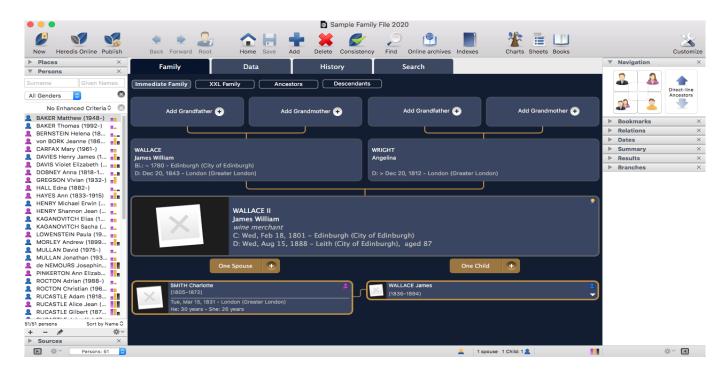
toolbar or choose File > Home Page.

## The main Screen of Heredis

Heredis' software reacts just like any other application / software. It can be resized, displayed full screen (**Windows**) or iconized in your taskbar; (**Mac**) or iconized in the dock.

The Heredis' working space is entirely flexible to be adapt to your methodology and offer all the tools within reach.

The main screen

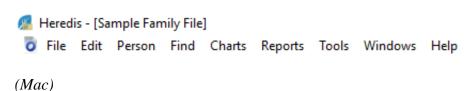


## The Menu and Toolbar

At the top, menus and buttons provide access to all functions of the software. Buttons are different depending on whetever you are managing data or building trees.

Menu

(Windows)







Some buttons allow access to more detailed choices: Add (> Unrelated Person ...), Find (> Search Number ...), Indexes (> Given Names ...). The toolbar may be modified at any time to meet your work needs: click Customize Toolbar to add, remove or rearrange buttons on this bar.

See the article **Customize Heredis** for further details.

#### The buttons

See the **Buttons** article.

#### The central part of the screen displays four tabs.

You visualize your genealogy better under the **XXL Family** view or you like to study their movements in **Migrations**. You prefer to work on **Descendants**? Click on the **Family** tab or **History** tab to select the screen of your choice.



The **Family** tab allows you to choose between different views of the immediate family of the primary person. It develops as and when you enter data, each person taking his/her place in the organization of the family.

The **Data** tab allows you to add information at any time concerning the primary person and his/her immediate family. Use the Family Group Data to save time.

The **History** tab displays the migrations of the primary person.

The **Search** tab provides a helpful research tool to assist you in reviewing your work and evolving your genealogy. The top of the screen shows the known or missing information. The bottom part of the screen allows you to send a search online on the websites of your choosing in the main existing genealogy website. You can also use the **Family Search** button to access your family search account and do a research on the primary person and find his/her ancestors and progeny.

For more details, see The different tabs.

#### **Search and Tool Panel**

On both sides of the main screen, there are removable panels which provide access to data lists or tools.

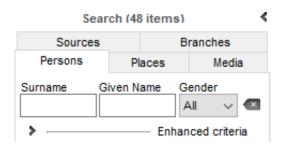
Their presentation is customizable. Open and scroll the panels, (Mac) move them to improve your personal organization, add columns to the panels, choose how they appear (one at a time or all visible at once) or hide them.

(Mac) At the bottom of the Heredis screen, you can find the management button for the panels and all the key information concerning the genealogy which is open.

#### **Search Panel**

This panel has five tabs allowing your to search inside your file: **Persons**, **Branches**, **Places**, **Media** and **Sources**. Additions, deletions or changes are possible directly from this tabs, except the **Branches** tabs. You can use them to complete your genealogy with drag and drop function. From the search panel you can also do your researches without using the **Search** menu.

Windows' Search Panel



Mac's Search Panel



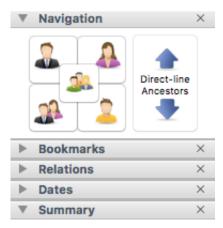
#### **Tools Panel**

Some tabs are about the primary person (**Kinship**), the others contain tools (**Dates, Bookmarks**).

Windows' Tools Panel



#### Mac's Tools Panel



For more details, see <u>Customize Heredis/Customize the panels</u>.

# **Navigating**

Explore all the family branches and display the people you want to view, edit or print documents concerning to them.

Drag any person displayed on the screen to change their position: select a child and drag to the grandfather box. If this person is indeed a grandfather, a new **Immediate family** appears. Drag any person shown in the removable panels or on any data entry tab input or from one panel to another: a bookmarked individual as the primary person, an uncle to the bookmarks, a person from any of the Indexes to the bookmarks, or as primary person etc.

Display the **Navigation panel** and use it as a compass. A simple click will navigate to the parent, the spouse, a child or sibling. For a list of spouses, children or siblings, right-click their location on the panel.

Navigate according to Ahnentafel numbering with the **Next Ancestor** - **Previous Ancestor** arrows.

Click **Root Person** on the toolbar to return to the person at the base of your genealogy.

To view any person according to his number, choose Find (> Search Number...) and navigate directly to the person.

Use the **Back** and **Forward** arrows to redisplay those already consulted. For a history of your browsing, position the mouse on the relevant arrow and a list is displayed.

(Windows) For a history of your browsing, hold down the mouse on the arrow next to the button and choose from the list displayed or select Navigation History.

[Heredis 2020 Mac EN] - 08-25-2020 [User Guide 2020 Mac EN] - https://help.heredis.com

(Mac) For a history of your browsing, position the mouse on the relevant arrow and a list is displayed.

## The different tabs

Heredis memorizes the last viewed screen and will reopen the corresponding tab when you click on **Family**, **Data**, **History** and **Search**.

## Family tabs



They are used to navigate between the different family members and to create them if necessary.

The **Immediate Family** screen displays the family members who are close to the primary person (parents, grandparents, spouses, children).

The **XXL Family** screen shows the family of the primary person, his/her parents, grandparents, spouses and children but also every relative who possibly knew him/her and you will get an XXL view! For further details see **XXL Family**.

The **Ancestors**' screen presents 4, 5 or 6 generations of ancestors of the primary person. Change the number of generations displayed with the indented wheel icon or you may start printing the ancestry as it is displayed. You can also display views of the ancestors' origins by town, county, state/province or country. For further details, see the article <u>Location tree</u>.

This screen is dynamic; click the arrows at the end of the line for the following generations. If necessary, you can create new ancestors.

The **Descendants** screen shows the number of generations of your choice. You may configure its display, with the presentation of generations and the data format. Implex highlighting allows you to easily identify consanguine marriages. The information displayed for descendants as well as for its printing are also available from the indented wheel icon. When you click on **Print**, choose the presentation you want in the 2 tabs of the displayed window and click on **OK**. Heredis will create a document that will open with your word processing software.

#### **Data tabs**



The **Personal Data** screen shows all the data entered and allows you to add or complete events for the primary person or for the couple. You access the **Personal Data** tab for any person displayed by double-

clicking on the name.

The **Family Group Data** screen provides a summary of the information entered for the primary person and allows you to add all the members of his/her immediate family (parents, spouses, children, stepchildren) without having to exit this screen. See the article <u>Input a Family Group Data</u>.

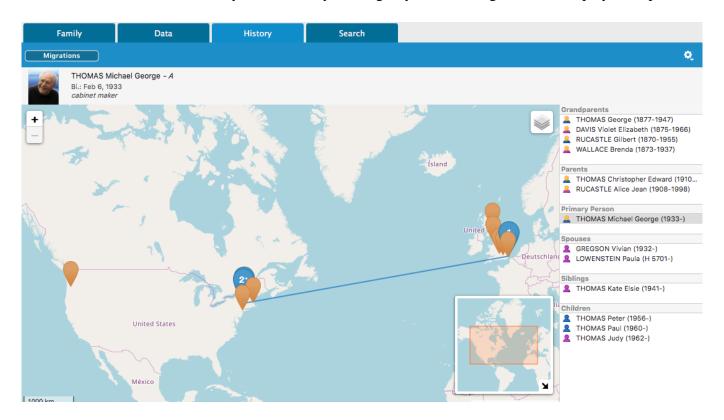
# **History tabs**



The **Migrations** screen positions on a map the places of the life of the primary person or any other family member. The markers are numbered to display the sequence of movements. Each place marker indicates the list of events which took place in this place. You can see simultaneously all the events of all members of the immediate family unit.

The navigation miniature, displayed at the bottom right in the map of Migrations tab and in Search Wizard (in Search Tab) in Map tab, allow you to easily move on the map easily.

Select the frame with left clic of your mouse, by moving it, you will navigate on the displayed map.



#### **Note:**

• blue markers are the markers attached to the selected person on the right list of the map.

- yellow markers represents events of other persons of the right list.
- the + sign in a blue marker indicates that more than one event are registered at the place and concerns the selected person.
- since Heredis 2020, you can see the subdivision pins.

# **Searches tabs**



The Searches tabs contain research tools for the primary person and your genealogy.

In **Search Wizard** sub-tab, the upper part shows the known or missing information. The lower part of the screen allows you to launch any online research with the operator of your choice. You can also restart a previous search, enter a research note, check the details of sources, media, or geographic locations for known data. You can easily manage linear research by using the **Branches** panel. Also consult <u>Search Wizard</u> article.

From this tab, you can also access **Smart Search** which allows you to find data of your genealogy by combining different search criteria such as persons, relations, families, events. See also <u>Smart Search</u> article.

You can also replace and modify data entered in a Persons, Families, or Events section via the **Find/Replace** sub-tab. For more details, see <u>Find/Replace</u> article

## The different data fields

## **Identity fields**

Some fields are not displayed by default. If you need to use them click on the indented wheel to choose the Data Entry mode adapted to your work. For further details, see <a href="Customize Heredis/Heredis/Preferences">Customize Heredis/Heredis/Preferences</a>.

#### Surname

Type the surname of the person, without worrying about upper or lower case. Heredis includes various data entry aids which allow you to save time and avoid errors. Each new surname entered is added to the **Surnames Index**, you can change the formatting for any name from the Surname index.

See Customize Heredis/Heredis' Preferences and Indexes: generalities.

#### **Prefix**

The prefix is used to specify an attribute found often in an old deed, such as «Lord», «Sir», «Reverend»..., or in more recent documents, such as «Professor», «Master», «Doctor»...

#### **Suffix**

The suffix specified is assigned only to the surname of the person being entered. You can add references such as «Senior» or «Junior» or assumed names.

#### **Given Names**

Type the different given names of the person. The list of given names known to Heredis appears and is updated as and when you type. Once you have located the given name in the list, use the down arrow to select it and then press **Enter** to select it.

If the usual given name is not the first given name, it can be highlighted. To do this, click the icon (Windows: , Mac: ) to the right of the field for entering given names, and select the usual name in the list

**Info** • The usual given name may also be highlighted by entering it with quotation marks.

#### Gender

The gender of the person is automatically filled in by Heredis, according to the given name entered. If you want to change it, or if you typed a given name unknown to Heredis or for a multiple given name, type **M** for Male, **F** for Female, or leave ? for persons whose gender is unknown. You can change the default gender for a given name by editing it in the Given Name Index. If you encounter multiple male Robin, choose by default the male sex in the Given Name Index. If you meet a woman named Robin, it will be enough to change the sex only for her.

**Info**: if a given name is unknown to Heredis and add to the given name index, it will get the chosen gender of your first entry to use by default.

#### **Nickname**

The display of a nickname will be preceded by aka.

## Occupation

Enter the occupation of the person. This item should contain the sole or main occupation he/she held. You may also enter as events any other dated and detailed occupations, for other activities. The list of recognized occupations with Heredis appears and is updated as and when you type. When you see the desired occupation in the list, use the down arrow to select it and press **Enter** to select it. In the **Occupations** field, recognized occupations are underlined. When you type a word not recognized as an occupation, you may add it to the list of occupations available.

(Mac) Select the word or phrase with your mouse and click the arrow to the right in the input field. Heredis will add the occupation to the **Occupations Index**. When you leave this field, you will find that the occupation is now recognized as it is underlined.

(**Windows**) Select the word or phrase with your mouse and click the + button to the right in the input field. Heredis will add the occupation to the **Occupations Index**. When you leave this field, you will find that the occupation is now recognized as it is underlined.

#### Title

Indicate here any title of nobility or honorary title.

#### Personal number

This number corresponds to any personal numbering system you may wish to set up (numbering by genealogical areas, identification numbers...).

#### **Signature**

Scroll down the **Signature** menu and select:

- Yes if the person knows how to sign,
- No if you have observed that the person does not know how to sign
- ? if you do not have any information.

You can choose which option is the default for each new person entered in Heredis > Preferences > Format, see <u>Customize Heredis/Heredis' Preferences</u>.

#### Child status

Scroll down the **Child Status** menu to choose the appropriate option. If your ancestor was born out of marriage of an unknown father, chose natural. Make you choice according to the data you found.

#### Flags and their use

Placed alongside the **Child Status** field, the clickable flags icons correspond to various characteristics of the person. They allow you to enter additional information relevant to your genealogy. You may change the flags assigned to a person or to a list of individuals.

Childless

Click the **Childless** icon if you know that the person had no offspring. This flag is grayed out if you input a child to the primary person.

Unmarried

Click the **Unmarried** sicon if you know that the person never married. This flag is grayed out if you input a spouse to the primary person.

Secondary Person

Click the **Secondary Person** icon to indicate that this person has only a minor role in your genealogy. Secondary individuals in your file may be excluded from printouts, exports and publications. You may, for example, declare secondary all children who died in infancy so that they are not in your tree charts.

Marked Person

Click the Marked Person

icon to highlight an individual and apply specific treatment to this person. A marked person may be ignored when you export the file, may be selected with specific research tools, may or may not be printed in a tree chart or a report.

Confidential Person

Click the **Confidential Person** icon to avoid publishing information on this person in your printouts, exports and publications.

Click again the icon to deactivate.

Use the Smart Search to change flags at once for multiple persons. For example, you want to make confidential all people born after 1920. Use the Smart Search and apply the treatment to make them all confidential at the same time. See Smart Search article for further details.

#### **Facts**

With **Facts**, enrich your genealogy with new data and attach witnesses, places, sources, medias and dates to it.

You can add as much as you wish, unlimited number, and you can organize them.

These facts are displayed in the central part of the screen **Data > Personal Data** in the **Facts** tab.

When a **Fact** is filled, the tab is marked with a blue spot.

#### **Facts**



Read also Facts article.

## **Notes**

Add specific details to your genealogy by using the available notes. You will find entry boxes for notes on persons, families, events, media, sources, surnames, given names, occupations and places. The notes are equipped with formatting tools integrated in the Heredis software. One may also paste formatted text from other applications (word processors, browsers, desktop publishing tools, etc.) though images are ignored.

For further details, see **Input notes**.

## How the Heredis data is structured

Heredis manages all types of data related to genealogical research and organizes them logically, in order to deepen your understanding of your ancestors.

#### **Persons**

Every individual mentioned in the genealogy file: ancestor, contemporary, witness, is known as a **Person**.

For each person included in the genealogy file, specify:

- Identity (surname, give names, nickname, occupation, etc.). If you wish to enter information that is not proposed by Heredis, create your own user field.
- Characteristics known as **flags**: childless, unmarried, confidential, etc.
- A free note.
- Each person is numbered automatically according to his/her position in the genealogy but you may assign a personal number based on other criteria.
- Various events in the person's life, expanding his/her personal story, and citing sources of information.
- Media (photos, videos or other documents) to illustrate the person, unions or events.
- Personal ties, apart from family ties, Heredis allows noting that people had a special bond. Include friends, tutors, mentors. Create «witness» links for those present at or quoted at an event.

Also see The different data fields and Add a person with no direct connection.

# Relationships

As you build your family genealogy, you create new persons with their appropriate relationship. Any relationship can be established retrospectively.

Relationships are of two types: the parent-child and spouse relationships.

Other family ties and the position of any person in the genealogy are determined automatically from these basic links. To create brothers and sisters, you have only to create new children for parents.

- Create direct family links: father, mother or child.
- Create a spouse link (whether the union is official or not). Specify the status of the family: the spouses are married, separated, divorced...? When a person has been married several times, Heredis will number them for easy access, as well as to the children who resulted from them.
- Assign a note, pictures and events to each family created in your genealogy.

For more details, see Add parents, Add spouses, and Add children.

#### **Events**

To record important events in the lives of your ancestors, you may note person events (christening, military service, will...), or events shared with a spouse, called family events (engagement, residence, etc.). If you cannot find events that are appropriated, create your own definition of events.

- For each event, enter all known details (date, time, place, age stated on the record...) and add a note relating to the event.
- Specify the status of the source of information (No search record, Search Record or Untraceable Record), allowing you to edit a report of all sources to be researched.
- Declare an event as private, not to be exported or published.
- Illustrate the event with various media (photos, documents).
- Assign a source to the event, to record the origin of your information.
- Assign witnesses to the event (witnesses, registrars, godparents, etc.).

A visual cue showing the status of main events (Birth or Baptism – Marriage – Death and Burial) appears in the **Persons** and **Branches** panels, as well as in the status bar and in the **Search** screen.

To define the appearance of the icon, select the criteria that you feel are relevant: **No missing**, **approximate or incomplete date - Place mentioned - Source mentioned - No 'Search Record' status** in the **Preferences** screen. According to the criteria checked by you are met or not, the bar symbolizing the event in the icon is in the top, middle or bottom.

In this icon , for example, the Birth event is partially filled, the Marriage event is not specified, the Death event is complete.

For more details, see **Input events**.

#### **Sources**

Heredis may assign any number of information sources to each event.

Each source is an independent element, which is then assigned to one or more events. Heredis allows you the flexibility to create a source and then assign it to the events in question, or at the same time to create both the source and its link to the event.

For further details, see <u>Sources</u>, <u>The different mode for Sources & Citations</u>.

# Witnesses or participant

Each person involved in the lives of your ancestors can be entered, be part of the family or not. Heredis will assign persons to events (the witnesses of a marriage, the registrar for a birth, a relative present at the ceremony for a decoration etc.).

• Creating a witness or participant assigns an individual to an event concerning another person. A witness may be assigned to one or more events, and each event can have one or more witnesses or participant.

- Anyone entered in your genealogy plays a role, regardless of its importance and the degree of kinship. When you assign a person to an event, specify the type of link (witness, godfather, declarant...), the age of the linked person at the time of the event, and enter if necessary a suitable comment on the link.
- The information entered for the witness or participant is the same as for any other individual: identity, flags, notes, media...

For more details, see Add witnesses.

#### **Linked Persons**

Sometimes we know of a relationship which existed between two people, without being able to assign it to any event. You know that Paul is the uncle of John, but you do not know if he is the brother of the father or mother of John, or the husband of an aunt. You cannot create this link as a kinship. Create a personal link (**Sundry Links**) between Paul and John until you find the information you need to create the kinship.

- Create linked persons to declare a relationship between one individual and another person. Every individual may be linked to several other persons.
- The name of the link is determined by choosing the type of relationship and meaning of the link. You can also add a comment to the link.

For more details, see Add linked persons.

#### Media

You have photos or documents; use them to complement and illustrate your family tree.

You can assign a digital image (photograph, signature, seal, etc.) sound recordings (interviews, speeches), videos or any other type of file (document prepared with a word processor or spreadsheet, PDF, HTML, etc.) to any data in your file.

- Each item of media is identified by its name, to which you can add a date and a note.
- You can make any media private if you do not want it to be broadcast.
- Media may be assigned to all types of data: person, family, event, source, name, occupation, place.
- The number of media assigned to any data is without limit and every item of media may be linked to several different data.
- All media are listed and may be managed in the **Media Index** or in the **Photo tool**.

For more details, see Media and Photo Tool.

# **Surnames – Given Names – Occupations – Places**

In your genealogy, you will have names, occupations and places that sharpen your interest. When you

know more about them (photo of a place, story of a given name etc.), Heredis allows you to keep this information by completing each item.

The surnames, given names, occupations and places that you use in your genealogical file are automatically stored in the Indexes.

Indexes are powerful tools that play several roles: retrieve data by how they are used, link different data by themselves, illustrate your genealogy by management of your documents. Thus, you enrich your genealogy and understand all the better the lives of your ancestors.

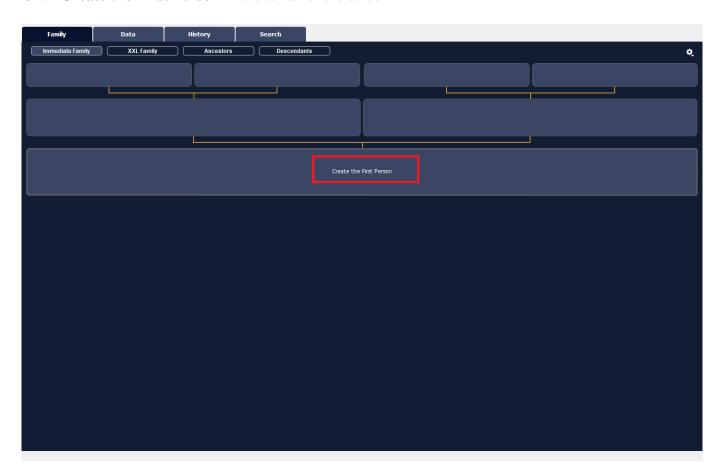
- In each Index, the surnames and given names, occupations and places may be illustrated by a note or by media.
- The Indexes can merge similar data. They allow you to declare variants within the same category of data: such spelling of a name is a variant of another name in the file, such given name is a local variant of another given name, such a name is a variant of another occupation saved in the file.

For more details see **Indexes**: generalities.

# Create the first person

You have chosen to create a new genealogy: Heredis opens an empty **Immediate Family** screen, which will fill up as and when you enter data. Now create the first person to start your new file.

Click Create the First Person in the center of the screen



or click on Add 🛨

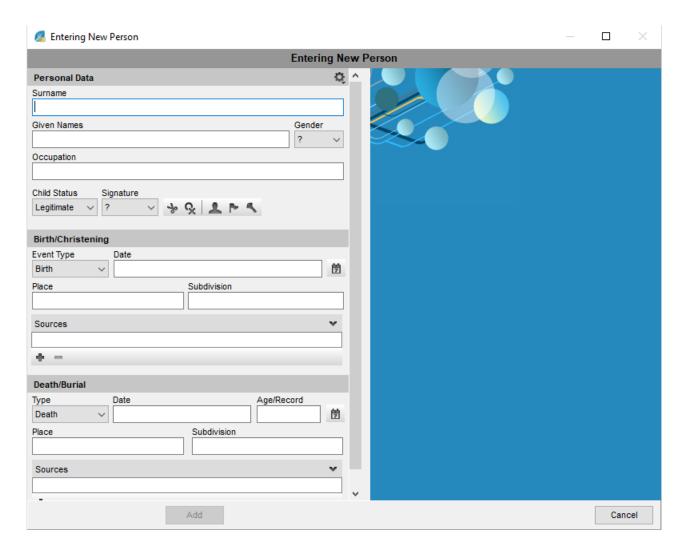
button of the toolbar > Add Unrelated Person

or choose **Person** menu > **Add** > **Unrelated Person** 

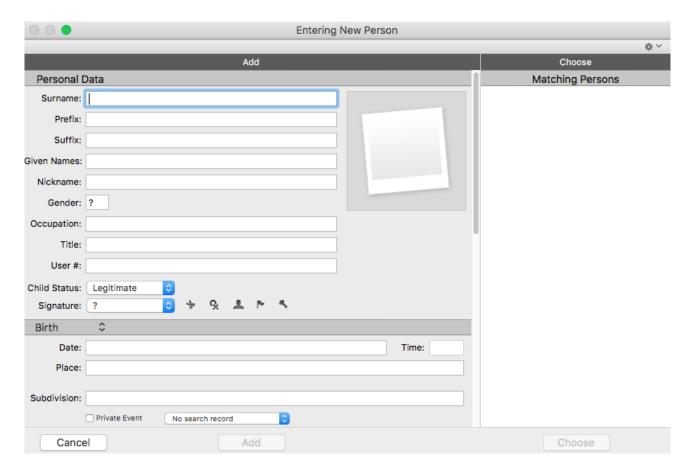
The **Entering New Person** screen opens with the data boxes to complete. To move from one box to another, press the **Tab** key or click in the next box.

Heredis includes data entry aids which will save you time and avoid errors.

Windows Entering a new person



Mac Entering a new Person



#### Surname

Type the name of the first person without worrying about upper or lower case. Each new name entered is integrated into the **Surnames Index**, making it available later for help with entering surnames.

#### Given Names

Type in the given names of the person. The list of given names known to Heredis appears and is updated as you type. Once you locate the given name in the list, use the down arrow to select it and then press the **Enter** key to select it. If the usual given name is not the first given name, it may be highlighted. To do this click the icon (Windows: (Window

#### Gender

Gender is automatically inserted by Heredis based on the given name(s). If the given name is multiple, Heredis leaves a ?.

For gender selection, click the arrow or type **M** for Male, **F** for Female. Your choice will be stored for future use of the same given name. If you want to modify it later, you can do so in the **Given Names Index**, without changing the data that you have already entered.

#### **Occupation**

Enter the occupation of the person. This section is for the sole or main occupation the person held. You may also enter **Occupation** events, dated and detailed for any other activities. The list of recognized occupations with Heredis appears and is updated as you type. When you see the desired occupation in the list, use the down arrow to select it and tap **Enter** to select it.

In the **Occupation** field, recognized occupations are underlined. If you type a word that is not recognized as an occupation and want to add it as an occupation, with the mouse select the word or group of words and click the arrow to the right in the box. Heredis will create an occupation that is added to the **Occupations Index**. As you leave the field, you will find that it is now a recognized occupation because it will be underlined.

#### Child status

Scroll down the **Child Status** menu and choose the appropriate option.

#### Signature

Scroll down the **Signature** menu and select **Yes** if the person knows how to sign, **No** if you have seen that he/she cannot sign, **?** if you are not sure of the information.

#### Flags

They can enter additional information relevant to your genealogy.

- Click the \* Childless icon if you know this person had no offspring.
- Click the **Quantitied** icon if you know this person did not have a spouse.
- Click the Secondary Person icon to indicate that this person has only a minor role in your genealogy. Secondary persons in your file may be excluded from printouts, exports and publications. For example you can declare as «secondary persons» all children who died in infancy so that they will not appear in your tree charts.
- Click the Marked Person icon to highlight the individual and apply specific treatment to him/her. A marked person may be excluded when exporting the file, or highlighted in a search, or may or may not be printed in a tree chart or a list.
- Click the **Confidential** Person icon to prevent publication of information on this person in your printouts, exports and publications.

#### Main events

Heredis distinguishes main events (Birth - Death) from minor events (Communion - Retirement - Will, etc..). The **Entering New Person** screen gives access to major events only. If necessary you can enter minor events in the **Personal Data** tab at any time.

#### Birth

- 1. Click the **Birth** event title to bring up the pop-up menu and select **Birth** or **Christening**.
- Enter the date.
- 3. To enter the **Place** field, type the name of the town of birth or **Christening**. Once you enter the first letters of the place, Heredis proposes a list of places that may match your entry. Select a place using the mouse or use the up and down arrows and confirm the location selected with the **Enter** key. If there is no place relating to your entry, select **New Place**. Complete the various boxes for the new location to be saved and confirm its creation by clicking **OK**.

#### Death

- 1. Click the **Death** event title to bring up the pop-up menu and select **Death** or **Burial**.
- 2. Proceed in the same way as for **Birth**.

#### Further information

To display further data fields, use the **Choose Data Fields** option . For further details, see Customize\Select data entry method.

#### Validate the creation of the first person

Click the **Add** button to validate the first person in your genealogy, or press the **Enter** key. The person appears in the center of the **Immediate Family** screen.

This individual is the starting point of your genealogy, the person called the <u>Root Person</u> and who will have the <u>Ahnentafel number</u> 1. Continue your genealogy by clicking on the <u>Add Father</u>, <u>Add Mother</u>, <u>Add Spouse</u> or <u>Add Child</u> links to complete the immediate family.

Later on, you can access the root person by clicking on the button or from the menu: **Find > View Root Person**. The Root Person can be changed at any time, see <u>The Root Person</u> article.

### The Root Person

The Root Person is the individual at the base of your genea¬logical research. By default, Heredis defines the first person entered in your genealogical file as the root person and assigns the Ahnentafel number 1 to this person.

### To access the root person

- Click the **Root** button in the taskbar.
- Select Find > View Root Person.

# To modify the root person

- 1. Display the new person to be at the base of the genealogy currently open in Heredis.
- 2. Select **Person > Define as Root Person**

The new root person will bear the Ahnentafel number 1 and all other Ahnentafel numbers will automatically be reassigned by Heredis based on the new root person.

# How to find a person in your navigation history

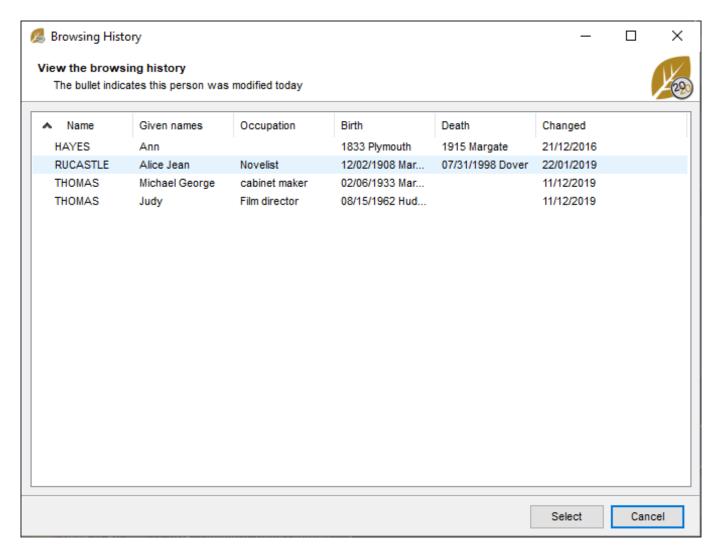
Select **Navigation History** from the drop-down list located to the right of the \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_ buttons in the toolbar.

#### **Windows Only**

This window shows, in tabular form, all the persons you have displayed as the primary person since you started your work session. Unlike in the dropdown list, each person is listed only once in the table.

Click the column header to display data in alphabetical or numerical order for the following fields: **Name** or **Given Names** or **Occupation**, **Birth**, **Death** or **Changed**. Another click in the header will reverse the displayed order. The arrow indicates the sorting order.

Any person who has already been displayed as the primary person and whose data has been modified during your work session is marked with a bullet point. This allows you to single out easily all modified persons.



[Heredis 2020 Mac EN] - 08-25-2020 [User Guide 2020 Mac EN] - https://help.heredis.com

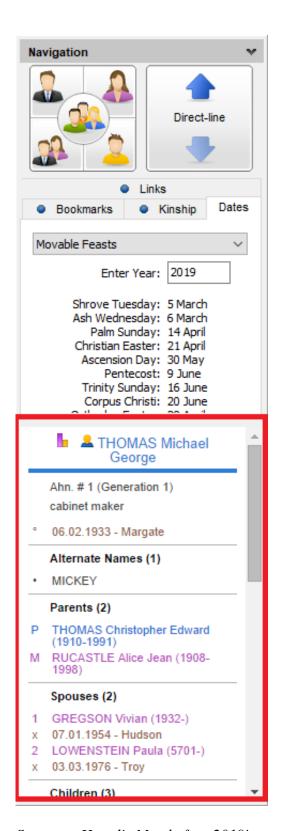
Choose a person from the list and click on the **Select** button to view him or her as the primary person again. Click **Cancel** or close the window to go back to the previous navigation screen.

# **Summaries**

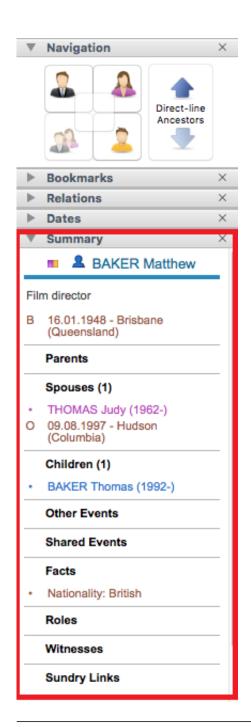
Each person, source, place... has a summary in the Tools Panel usually on the down right of the Heredis screen. You will find brief information and clickable links.

For example, click on a father's name, it will open the father's data.

Summary Heredis Windows before 2019's version



Summary Heredis Mac before 2019's version



# Since Heredis 2019, improvement of the summaries

Since Heredis 2019, each summary has a foldable panel allows you to visualize or hide data so that you can customize your display and view useful data only.

The display you have chosen for the summaries will be saved by the application and will remain unchanged until you decide to modify it.

A Person's summaries will allow you to see a vignette of the person's preferred picture as well as a list of Family Events along with other events and facts.

# New Summary



Ahn. #1 (G1)

cabinet maker

Bi. 02.06.1933 - Margate

▼ Preferred Picture



- Alternate Names (1)
- MICKEY
- Parents
- F THOMAS Christopher Edward (1910-1991)
- M RUCASTLE Alice Jean (1908-1998)
- ▼ Spouses (2)
- 1 GREGSON Vivian (1932-)
- M 01.07.1954 Hudson
- 2 LOWENSTEIN Paula (H 5701-)
- M 03.03.1976 Troy

# **Genealogy numbering**

A genealogical research can lead to the processing of thousands of people, some bearing the same name and sometimes the same given name over several generations.

In order to identify ancestors and position them with relation to other persons, various numbering systems have been developed and are commonly used by genealogists.

## **Ancestor numbering**

The method for numbering ancestors is called <u>Ahnentafel</u>. The number assigned to a person will identify the gender and position of any individual in direct descent (it does not apply to collaterals).

The three basic rules for **Ahnentafel** numbering are:

- 1. Even numbers are assigned to men and odd numbers to women.
- 2. For every couple, the woman's number is the equivalent of the number of the man + 1.
- 3. For every father, a number is assigned equal to twice that of his son or daughter.

The person whose ancestry is being researched bears the No. 1 (irrespective of gender). This is the person who is at the base of the genealogy file. He/she is called the **Root person**.

The father of the root person is No. 2 (twice the No. 1), his mother No. 3 (No. 2 + 1). His paternal grandfather is No. 4 (double the No. 2), his paternal grandmother No. 5 (4 + 1). His maternal grandfather is No. 6 (double the No. 3), his maternal grandmother No. 7 (6 + 1), etc.

Thus each ancestor is traceable from his/her number: No. 599 is a woman (odd No.) and is the wife of No. 598. She is the mother of No. 299, who is a woman, and who is the mother of No. 149, etc..

This numbering is displayed on the data entry and navigation tabs, in the panels and in the different documents and tree charts. It is automatically calculated by Heredis.

# **Identifying the Ahnentafel lineage**

You may identify persons who belong to the Ahnentafel lineage by the symbol preceding their names.

Heredis identifies each person with an icon indicating its gender (blue \$\frac{1}{2}\$ for men, purple \$\frac{1}{2}\$ for women and green for persons whose gender is unknown). If the person is a direct ancestor of the root person, the head of the icon is yellow \$\frac{1}{2}\$ or \$\frac{1}{2}\$.

The primary person's number is displayed in the status bar after the generation's number (G).

If a marriage between blood relatives in his/her ancestry has created a duplicate line (<u>implex</u>), the primary person's number is followed by the ++ signs. Click the Ahnentafel number to display the list of all the number the primary person bears.

# Navigating in the direct lineage



Use the compass to naviguate in direct line from the tools panel.

If the primary person displayed is part of the direct lineage of the root person, the **View previous direct-line ancestor** and **View next direct-line ancestor** arrow buttons allow you to move up or down the genealogy, generation by generation, without overlooking a single ancestor.

## **Descendant numbering**

Heredis uses d'Aboville or Lettered numbering to treat individuals listed in a descending genealogy.

The three basic rules for d'Aboville numbering are:

- 1. Each child bears the number of his father or his mother followed by the number of his/her order of birth.
- 2. Then one proceeds by adding the order number of birth for each generation.
- 3. A letter distinguishes the different unions.

D'Aboville numbering allows you to know the number of generations separating an individual from his/her ancestor and from which branch of the family he/she comes.

Thus you will identify the progeny of a person: the eldest is No.1, the next youngest No. 2, the very youngest No. 3, etc.. The two children of the eldest are numbered No. 1-1 and No. 1-2. The child of the first husband of the youngest bears the number No. 2-1a, those of the second husband are numbered No. 2-2b, N°.2-3b and No. 2-4b. The only child of the youngest is numbered No. 3-1.

D'Aboville numbering may be displayed on the different descendant documents and tree charts.

Lettered numbering uses the same system but with letters instead of numbers.

# **Implex (duplicate lines)**

The same person may appear several times in an ascendancy, and appear in several branches of a tree. This is due to consanguineous marriages.

The ratio between the total number of ancestors and the number of ancestors that really exist (smaller) is called the Implex rate. One person may therefore bear several Ahnentafel numbers. Imagine that Jack marries Marianne. However, Jack's father was the brother of the grandfather of Marianne. Jack and Marianne therefore have common ancestors, which will appear in two different branches of the family tree.

Heredis manages the different numbers automatically and symbolizes it with ++ symbol after the Ahnentafel number. If you click on the Ahnentafel number, you'll see all numbers corresponding to the same person.

In Descendants view (Family tab) ans in Search Tracking, the name of implex persons will appear in red.

## **Customize Heredis - Heredis Preferences**

You may adapt Heredis to your personal work methods.

### Choose your color theme

You spend many hours in front of your Heredis screen? Select the color of the environment that is best suited to your eyes and your taste.

## Click **Window**(s) Menu > **Theme**

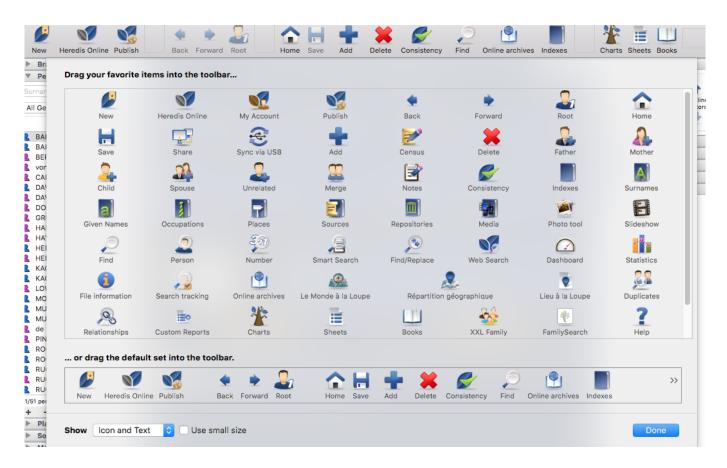
Click the **Themes** button to change the color of the main Heredis screens.

#### **Select the Toolbar**

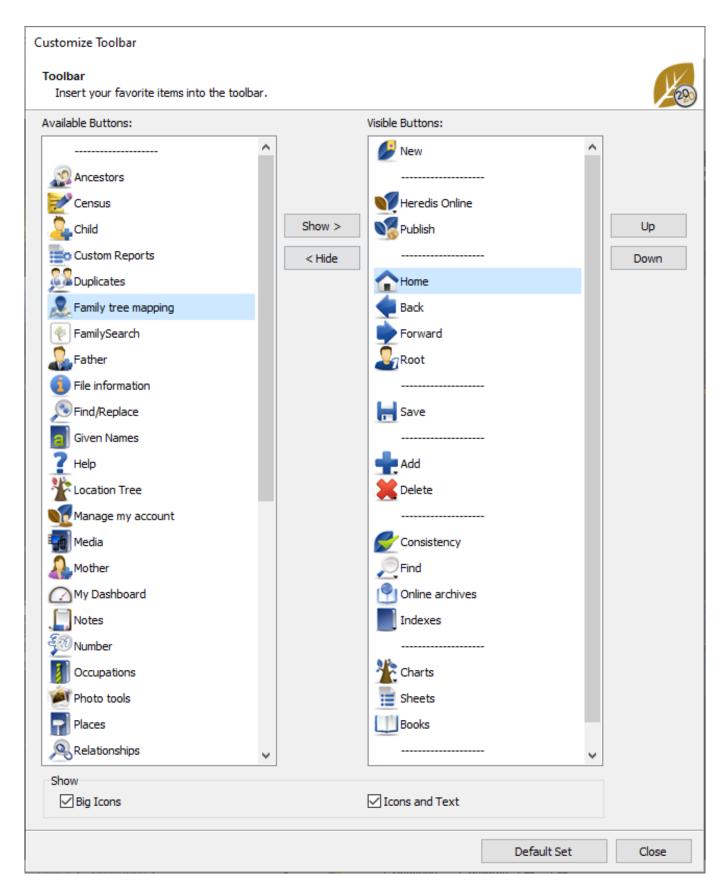
Click **Customize** button to select the tools you need. You can also choose the size of icons and to display or not the text.

- To add a button in the toolbar,
  - (Mac) Choose an icon, drag and drop it to your toolbar at the desired location.
  - (Windows) Choose an icon and either drag and drop it from left to right or click on Show to add it on your toolbar.
- To remove an icon,
  - (Mac) Drag it out of the toolbar. Click on **Done** to close the window.
  - (Windows) Either drag it from right to left or click on Hide.
- To order the icons
  - o (Mac) Drop the icons and place them in the order you want.
  - (Windows) Click on the Up and Down buttons or drag and drop on the list. Click on Close button to close the window.
- You can also add extra spaces between the buttons.
- To display the buttons as they were when Heredis was first launched,
  - click on **Default Set** button.
  - o drag the default set to the toolbar.

(Mac) Customize the toolbar



(Windows) Customize the toolbar



You need more space? Then change the display format of the icons.

(Windows) Tick or Untick Big Icons and Icons and Text.

(Mac) Select Icon only from the Show pop-up menu and click Use small size.

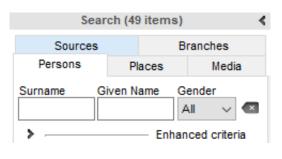
#### **Customize the panels**

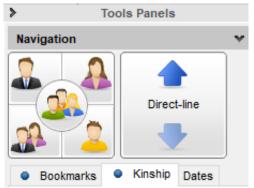
#### Display or hide the panels

Certain panels are of no use to you? Click the closure button and they will disappear from the column.

(Windows) You can hide or display the **Search** and **Tools panels** on one side or the other of the screen. Click the arrow at the top of the panels to open or close them or choose **Windows** menu > **Show/Hide Tools** Panels, or **Show/Hide Search** panels, or **One panel at a time**. You can also swap the panels. You may alter column width and height of panels if necessary.

(Windows) Available Panels





(Mac) Use the buttons at the bottom of the screen to change the display of panels. The arrow button to the right or left will display the column, you can click on the cross button to hide the panel. The indented wheel button at bottom right will give you access to any panels which have been removed. A simple click will display the panel again.

The procedure for opening the panels may be different for each column. Select **Open one panel at a time** and the panel which is open will automatically close when another panel is opened in the same column. Otherwise the panels will remain open as long as you have not clicked the disclosure triangle.

Add a column of panels if you want to have more information simultaneously displayed.

You may reposition a panel in the column or to another column by drag and drop with the mouse. Its new position is indicated by a blue line and then release the mouse to place it there.

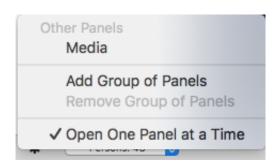
(Mac) Available Panels



(Mac) Display a hidden panel from indented wheel

×

X



#### Resize the panels

Dates

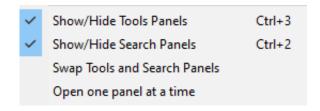
Summary

Panels are resizable in width. Click on the line between panel/navigation screen.

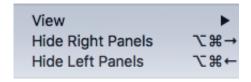
The cursor shape will change and turn into  $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{+}$ . You may increase or decrease the proportion of the screen allocated to the panels. The display area of the panel is vertically adjustable in the same way. If your cursor shape becomes  $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{+}$  or  $\stackrel{\bullet}{+}$ , you can change the size of the column or area.

#### Arrange the panels

(Windows) Panels may be positioned to the right or left of the navigation screen. You can change their position by using the Windows menu > Swap Tools and Search panels. Select Open one panel at a time in the Windows menu to save space on your screen. Heredis automatically closes the open panel when you click the arrow to display the other panel.



(Mac) Move the panels by using drag and drop. Click the top bar of the panel and drag to the desired location for the panel in any panel column. When the desired destination is highlighted by a blue line, release the mouse. Choose **Open One Panel at a Time** by using the **Options** panel button. Heredis automatically closes the displayed panel when you click the display triangle of another panel. Use Window menu to **Show** or **Hide right** or **Left Panels**.



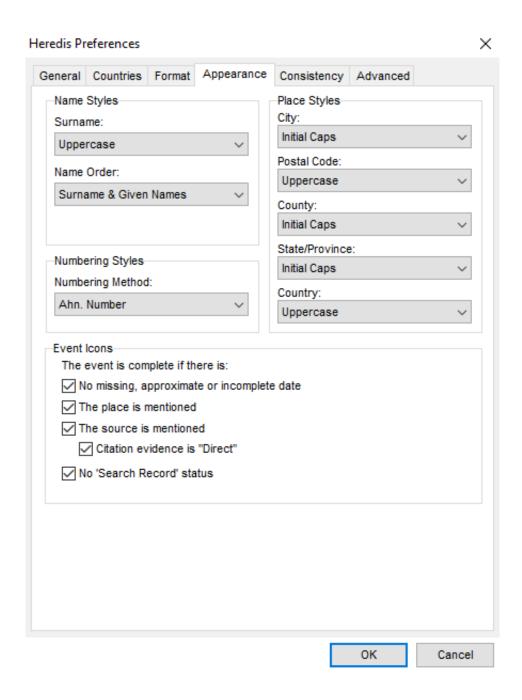
#### Heredis' Preferences

#### **Define your preferences**

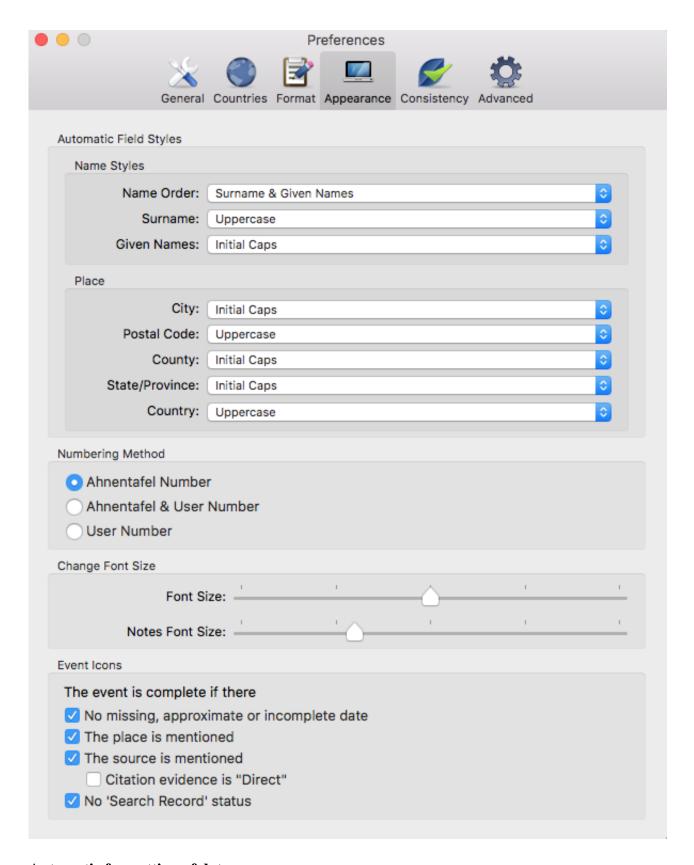
In the (Windows) Tools menu > Preferences > Heredis Preferences, (Mac) Heredis 20xx menu > Preferences, you may define the formats of all the various input fields. Choose how to display the names, places, numbers. Choose the default options for creating events and set inconsistency alerts. Choices made in Heredis Preferences will apply by default for all new inputs.

You can change them at any time.

Windows' Heredis Preferences



Mac's Heredis Preferences



#### **Automatic formatting of data**

When you enter a surname or given names, you can type them in either uppercase or lowercase. If the **Uppercase** option has been selected in **Preferences**, a surname or a given name typed in lower case

will be automatically converted to uppercase, including accented characters. If the name contains a particle it will remain in lowercase.

If you have chosen in **Preferences** the **Initial Caps** option, the surname or given name's first letter will be automatically converted to uppercase, including accented characters.

#### Choose the recognized places

Heredis integrates lists of places for most of the countries of Western Europe and North America, indicating their administrative connections (county, state, country). These headings may be different from country to country.

Because your ancestors probably lived in your home country or are from a limited number of other countries, you can limit the list of countries for which places will be suggested during the data entry.

To choose the countries for which you need input help, open Heredis' Preferences.

- 1. Choose Countries tab.
- 2. Check the different countries where you are likely to have places to enter. You can add more at any time.

Thanks to automatic entry, you have direct access to all the information for these places.

- The places proposed during data entry in the **Add** screen, **Personal Data**, **Family Group Data** or **Places Index** tabs will be limited to those countries. The locations already used in the file are displayed at the top of the list.
- Use the arrow keys on the keyboard and confirm the selected location with the Enter key or click the selected location.

Heredis will show you all the location information in the free area above the topic or in the tooltip for the **Data >Family Group Data** screen.

**Info** • The proposed geolocations relate to the whole world and are not limited to countries ticked in the **Preferences** menu.

This place database can be enriched of places you inputted. See also <u>Places index</u> and <u>Geolocating Places</u>.

#### Completeness of data

The icon indicates whether or not essential information for major life events is complete (Birth/Christening, Marriage/Union, Death/Burial).

This icon concerns the completeness of information for the primary person in the Status bar and in the **Search** tab. It appears also in the **Persons** and **Branches** panels for all individuals displayed.

It also influences Search Tracking tool. See Search Tracking tab article.

The icon display is defined in **Heredis' Preferences > Appearance**. You can choose what information is required for an event to be complete: the accuracy of the date, place, the presence of a source and the

status of the search for the event. Tick the boxes you believe are essential for you.

(Windows) Completeness setup

Γ	Event Icons
	The event is complete if there is:
	✓ No missing, approximate or incomplete date
	The place is mentioned
	The source is mentioned
	Citation evidence is "Direct"
	☑ No 'Search Record' status

#### (Mac) Completeness setup

Events Icons
The event is complete if there is:
✓ No missing, approximate or incomplete date
✓ The place is mentioned
✓ The source is mentioned
✓ Citation evidence is "Direct"
✓ No 'Search Record' status

Regardless of the information collected in Heredis, you may determine that certain individuals will not require further research. Open the **Search** tab and click the **Consider that this individual is complete button**. The icon changes color from grey to blue.

When using the **Branches** panel, choose the **Complete Persons Only** option, and the results take into account both the completeness of the events and the individuals for whom you had determined that they be considered complete.

# Select data entry method

Heredis allows you to display only the information that you commonly use. This visual selection mode in no way changes your data, which are still preserved whether or not you display them. You can change the data entry mode at any time.

Depending on whether or not you have a complete deed or just a mention on a website, you will not need the same input fields. This is why the Heredis data entry fields are modular.

There are three data entry modes (**Basic** – **Comprehensive** – **Customized**) that you may use in different ways depending on the data input screen (**Add** screen, **Personal Data** tab, **Family Group Data** tab).

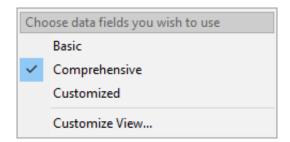
The Basic mode is displayed by default. This mode displays only the main fields. You can change the

data input mode at any time.

Choose between Basic, Comprehensive or Customized mode by clicking on the indented wheel on top right of **Add** screen, **Personal Data** tab or **Family Group Data** tab.

Prepare the data entry screen to your liking by using the **Customized** view.

Each data entry screen will then display the selected items. Every inputting screen can display a different mode. You can for example choose Basic mode for **Add** screens and Customized mode for **Personal Data** tab.



#### Check the items not displayed

If you choose the **Basic** or **Customized** display modes, it may happen that certain information entered does not appear. Heredis alerts you by displaying an alert triangle  $\triangle$  next to the indented wheel icon (Choose data fields you wish to use).

Click the alert triangle  $\triangle$ : the display is changed temporarily and all saved data items are displayed. When you navigate to another person, the data items are again hidden in accordance with the mode you have chosen.

# **Consistency Control - Error-free data entry**

In order to avoid errors, with each data entry, Heredis checks that the information entered is logical in relation to the persons and events already known. It alerts you to any anomalies which you may either correct or confirm.

Heredis notifies you when you enter an event date which is later than that of the death of such person. You may fix the date entered if you made a mistake, or confirm a post-mortem event, such as the transfer of ashes or an act concerning the deceased's estate.

**Note:** You can use and personalize a post-mortem event in order to avoid alerts like this. See also <u>Input</u> events article.

Heredis also checks for possible inconsistencies if you have created a link with a person bearing the same name as the person you are entering: it will inform you, for example, if you link a possible father, that he was 143 years old at the birth of the child, or if the wife assigned to the primary person had died before her wedding.

# **Consistency control**

#### **Permanent control for duplicates**

You will be notified if any date or time appears inconsistent.

Any input which appears inconsistent will be highlighted by a red cross in the **Consistency** button on the toolbar. Click the button to be notified of the apparent inconsistency (due to a mistake of date, or the attribution of a link which is not valid) and understand it. Consistency control is automatic and can not be turned off. When inconsistencies are detected, a message pops up to alter you at the end of the input.

Review the summary of the inconsistencies shown for the primary person. These controls are only indicative and it is your responsibility to rectify the anomalies detected or not.

To avoid the double entry of a person in your family tree, Heredis will display a list of existing name matches similar to your entry for any new persons you may enter in the **Add** menu screens. Simply select from the list and click **Choose** to choose that person instead of creating a new individual.

For further information, read (Windows) Permanent control for duplicates & Merge two persons, (Mac)Permanent control for duplicates & Merge two persons.

#### Check all persons in the file

Heredis provides a tool for detecting all inconsistent data in your genealogy file.

- Open the **Persons** panel.
- (Windows) Choose the Enhanced Criteria then Inconsistent Data.
- (Mac) Choose the Genealogical Criteria option then Inconsistent Data.
- Double-click each of the persons displayed in the results list to verify their data.

You can also launch a Smart Search to find inconsistencies. Set up as follows: **Persons > Consistent > No.** 

**Mac Info** • To do this at a later date, you may store the list obtained by marking all the people displayed. Click the **Batches** button (indented wheel icon) on the **Persons** panel toolbar. Choose the **Mark/Unmark** > **Mark All** option. You may also keep the results displayed by printing the list of incoherent persons. To do this select the **Print List** option.

#### No longer consider a person as incoherent

After checking the data of the primary person and to keep the information as it was entered, choose

**Person > Check Consistency** or press the **Consistency** button on the toolbar and select the **Mark** as **Consistent** option.

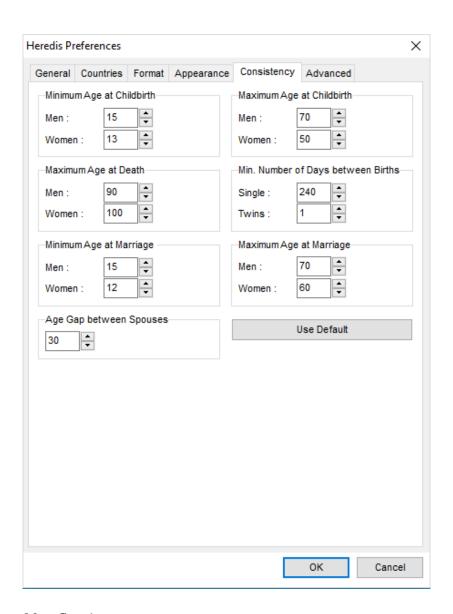
The **Consistency** button changes its appearance and displays a green tick mark . This person will no longer be displayed in the list of a search for inconsistent information.

#### Change the consistency criteria

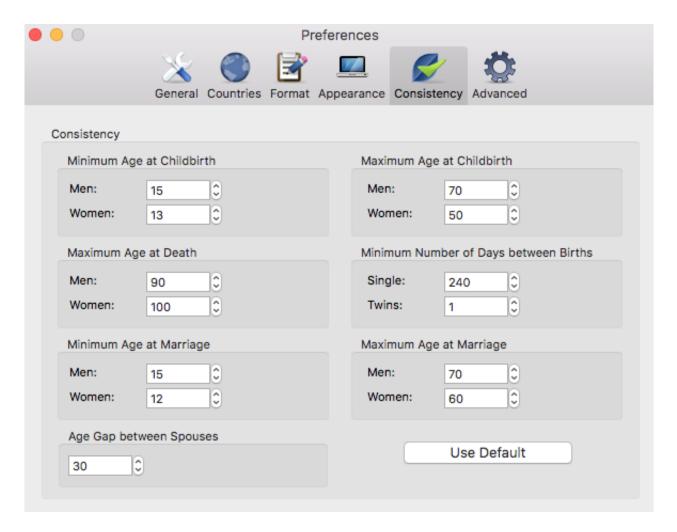
Heredis allows you to set your own criteria for checking the consistency of some data.

- (Windows) Choose Tools > Preference > Heredis Preferences
- (Mac) Choose Heredis > Preferences
- Open the **Consistency** tab.

Windows Consistency



Mac Consistency



• You may modify the limit value so Heredis will consider it consistent or not.

The controls relate to the age of spouses at marriage, age at death, parental age at birth of children, the gap between two dates for successive births, the age gap between spouses.

Indicate the minimum or maximum values (expressed in years) you wish to apply to your genealogy file. It may be interesting to change the maximum age at death to input contemporaries. It is frequent since the XXth century for men to pass away after 90.

These amendments are effective immediately for the all file.

# **Validity Control**

Heredis analyses all information and will block any erroneous data entry.

#### **Dates**

Dates should be entered properly.

See article <u>Dates</u> for possible formats.

Heredis notifies you when you enter an event date which is later than that of the death of such person.

You may fix the date entered if you made a mistake, or confirm a post-mortem event, such as the transfer of ashes or an act concerning the deceased's estate. You can use and personalize a post-mortem event in order to avoid alerts like this. See also <u>Input events</u> article.

Heredis also checks for possible inconsistencies if you have created a link with a person bearing the same name as the person you are entering: it will inform you, for example, if you link a possible father, that he was 143 years old at the birth of the child, or if the wife assigned to the primary person had died before her wedding.

#### Links

Links created between people must be consistent. Heredis prevents the entering of inconsistent links: one person cannot be entered as the son of another if he is already his grandfather. A message will indicate why the link may not be validated.

**Note:** A message will pop up if you try to marry 2 persons of the same sex. You just need to validate the message if you didn't make a mistake. There won't be any inconsistency. This message pops up only to make sure you didn't input a wrong information.

# Save time by inputting faster

#### **Data memorized**

Heredis memorizes all your previous data entries, item by item, and will suggest the appropriate data as you type. To validate a proposed entry, press **Enter** or **Return** keys. To choose among several propositions, use the arrow keys and then press **Enter** or **Return** keys.

#### Prerecorded data

The application is supplied with databases of places, given names and occupations.

Choose from the propositions as they appear. If no proposition appears or if it is not appropriate, select **New Place**.

Each new given name entered is automatically added to the **Given Names Index**.

Each new Occupation will be added to the **Occupations Index** by clicking the arrow button in this section after selecting a word or a phrase. The new elements will be proposed in subsequent data inputs.

For more details about Indexes, see **Indexes**: generalities.

#### **Preferences**

Whichever way you may have typed data, in uppercase or lowercase, Heredis will automatically format the entry according to your predefined **Preferences**.

For more details on how to personalize Heredis, see <u>Customize Heredis\Heredis\Preferences</u>.

#### **Automatisms**

The **Gender** field is filled in automatically based on the given name entered, but it may be changed. Multiple given names will be automatically entered according to your initial entry, but may be subsequently altered. Check out <u>The different data fields</u> article.

Heredis calculates for you the date of birth of people based on their age at any particular event. It gives them an approximate date which you may confirm later, when you know it. See also <u>Consistency Control</u> <u>— Error-free data entry</u> article.

# Drag and drop

To speed up your data entries, complete your data by using drag and drop.

Add links to other people by selecting them in the various panels and deposit them in the data field if it is empty. Select a man in the **Persons** panel and drop it as the grandfather in the **Immediate Family** tab. Select a woman from the (Windows) **Kinship**; (Mac)**Relations** panel and drop in **Personal Data** > **Event** > **Christening** to make this person the godmother.

In the same way, you may add information to the **Events** field. Select a source from the **Sources** panel and drop it on the event you will have selected to associate it with this event. You may do the same for a place selected from the **Places** panel.

Add media already used for other data by choosing from the **Media** panel and drop them into the appropriate entry fields. A group photo can illustrate both a family and a marriage event.

# (Mac) Correcting spelling

Anything you type in the **Notes** data entry field will be subject to a spelling alert. Typing errors are underlined in red. Right-click the underlined word so that the software may propose the correct spelling.

# **Census Grid**

Heredis created a census grid to help you input all data found in a Census at once. See our <u>Census</u> article for details.

# What is a GEDCOM file?

You want to share your genealogical data with other genealogists who don't use Heredis, or with some who uses an old version of Heredis, use the GEDCOM format.

A GEDCOM file is an exchanging format for genealogy, it was made by Mormons 25 years ago and make it compatible to most genealogy software.

The GEDCOM exchange format stands for Genealogical Data Communication. Almost all genealogy software programs recognize this universal format.

The GEDCOM file must have the extension .ged to be recognized by Heredis.

Some data are normalized as for names, major events... but some are not. So each software tags the data as it pleases them (minor events, facts...), these tags are called Owner Tags and can be very different according to the software used to create the GEDCOM file. So some software might not be able to read the data.

This is what a GEDCOM file looks like when opened without a genealogical software.

```
ADDR jules
  @732@ INDI
 NAME Charles Alexandre/DUCHAMP/
  GIVN Charles Alexandre
  SURN DUCHAMP
  SEX M
  OCCU pharmacien
  SIGN YES
   FIL LEGITIMATE_CHILD
  FAMS @703@
  BIRT
  DATE 29 APR 1817
       Annonay, 07100, Ardèche, RHÔNE-ALPES, FRANCE,
  FNA NO
  occu
  TYPE Professeur
  DATE BET 1852 AND 1855
  PLAC Lyon, 69000, Rhône, RHÔNE-ALPES, FRANCE,
 NOTE Enseigne à la faculté de Pharmacie de Lyon
1
 DEAT
  DATE 15 FEB 1878
  PLAC Satillieu,07290,Ardèche,RHÖNE-ALPES,FRANCE,
  FNA NO
  ASSO @734@
  TYPE EVEN
  RELA Informant
 NOTE son fils
  AGE 30
 NOTE Témoins :
  CONT Charles Marie DUCHAMP, son fils, 30 ans, docteur en médecine
  CONT Célestin BOYER, non parent
  @735@ INDI
  NAME Catherine Émilie/COLIGNY/
  GIVN Catherine Émilie
  SURN COLIGNY
  SEX F
1
 OCCU sans profession
  SIGN YES
   FIL LEGITIMATE_CHILD
  FAMS @706@
  BIRT
  DATE 8 SEP 1902
  TIME 0:00
  PLAC
       Saint-Rambert-l'Île-Barbe,,Rhône,RHÔNE-ALPES,FRANCE,
```

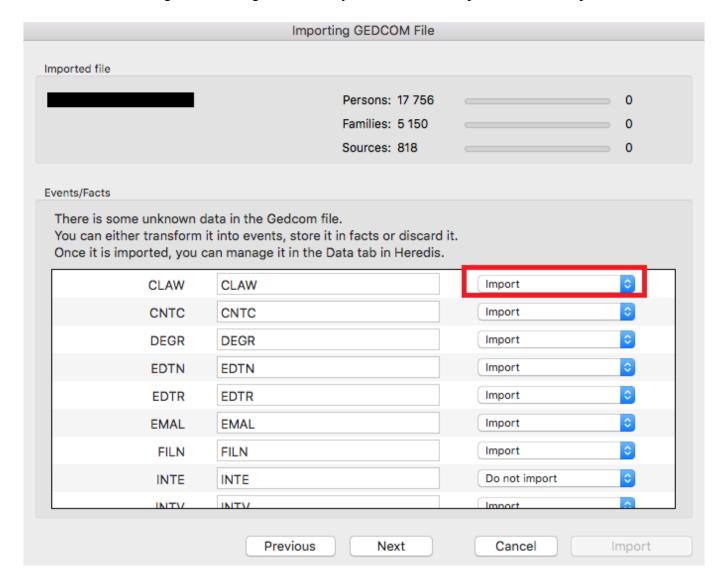
Note that a GEDCOM **do not contain media**. It only keeps the path to the original media and its name. So when you create a GEDCOM, make sure you create a folder with your media on your hard drive disk (or external drive if you wish).

If your GEDCOM contains media data, you will have to tell Heredis where to find the media. As previously said, a GEDCOM file only keeps the path to the original media. When you import the GEDCOM in Heredis, just tell Heredis the path to the original of your media on your computer. Click **Yes** to locate your media.

You can check for media in the Media index.

See <u>Media Index</u> at the "Check missing media section". If your media didn't change names, Heredis will find them.

If Heredis do not recognize some tags, it will ask you what to do: Import or Do not import.



**Note:** Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

#### Some owner tags of Heredis

Here are some owner tags you might found if you create a GEDCOM with Heredis.

- \_ARCH = Archiving the Source
- \_CLS = Person without descendants
- \_EVID = Quality of the proof
- \_FIL = Child Status
- \_FNA = Search Status of an event
- \_FSFTID = FamilySearch Identification Number
- \_INFO = Quality of the information

- \_PRIM = Defined if the media is primary
- \_QUAL = Quality of completed citations
- \_SEC = Secondary person
- \_SHAR = Link for shared events
- \_SOUR = Quality of the source
- \_SUBMAP = Geolocation of subdivisions
- \_ULS = Unmarried person
- \_UST = Union type

This is a non-exhaustive list.

## **Export a GEDCOM**

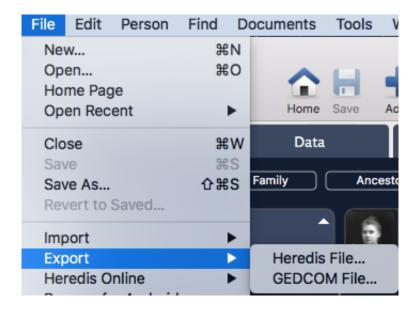
You're exporting your data to exchange them. If you wish to submit your genealogy to a correspondent who does not have Heredis, or an older version of Heredis than yours, or you wish to keep a version of your data to be used by any software, you have to export your file in a Gedcom file.

It is a text format file, it contain only text, no media. See also What is a GEDCOM file?

**Important**: If you are making limitations on persons (marked, confidentials...) and the root person (for entire file export) or the primary person (for the export of a branch) is included in the limitation, your GEDCOM file will be empty! You can't create a file of ancestors or descendants or both if the person at the base is excluded.

#### **Export all your file in GEDCOM format**

Choose **File > Export > GEDCOM File**.



- Choose to export (Windows) Entire file ou (Mac) All People.
- Choose what data to export (media, notes...). If you export notes, choose if you wish to **Preserve text format** or **No formatting text**. Some softwares can not read text formatting. To be sure to get all the data in your notes, we advice you to choose **No formatting text**.

**Info** • If you want to export media, tick the **Create a folder for media** box to accompany the GEDCOM file with a folder containing all media attached to the exported data. The paths of the media listed in the GEDCOM file match the media in this folder. If you don't create a folder, only the way to the media ans its name will be kept in the GEDCOM.

• Heredis manages different calendar as for Hebrew, French Republican or Julian calendar. Some software can't. Tick the **Use Gregorian Dates** box in order to make sure all dates will follow and be read by the other software.

- Heredis allows to share an event between many persons, this way you won't have to enter the event on everyone. This function is specific to Heredis. Tick the box **Convert shared events to individual events** so Heredis will copy the event to every person concerned.
- Complete the information concerning the sender of the file. This allows the person receiving the file to identify you and to be able to contact you if necessary.
- Choose the character set for data to be exported:
  - Mac: characters readable by all Mac software.
  - **Windows (ANSI)**: use this format if you know the recipient of the file uses Windows software.
  - **UTF-8**: use this format to preserve all special characters. This is a recent universal file format. But note, some genealogy software programs do not support this format.

**Info** • Use UTF-8 characters, which is an international language for computer encoding if the software that opens the GEDCOM is less than 6 years old.

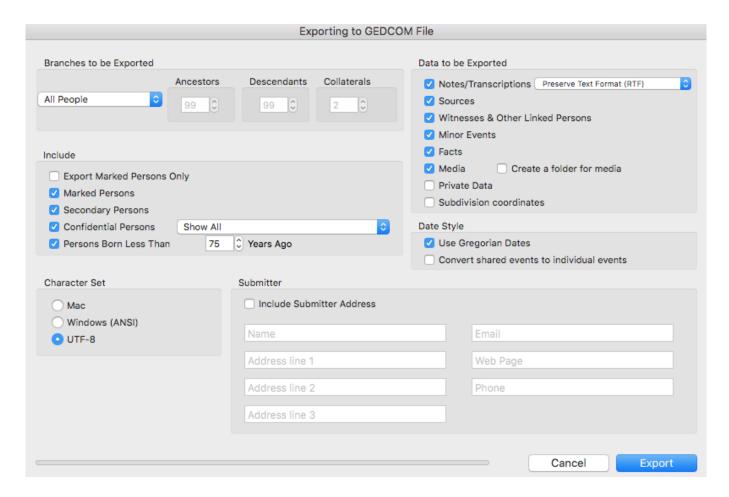
• You can add your contact information so the person who will read the GEDCOM will know where the data comes from.

#### (Mac) Select the persons to be exported

- 1. Export **All people:** export all persons contained in your file.
- 2. **Export Marked Persons Only**: only the persons with ticked in their personal data will be exported.
- 3. **Marked Persons**: if ticked, the marked persons will also be included.
- 4. **Secondary Persons**: if ticked, the persons with **L** ticked in their personal data will be exported.
- 5. **Confidential Persons:** you may export all the information of confidential persons (those with ticked in their personal data), or their surname only, or their surname and given names. You can also export all people and blur the confidential persons' data. The recipient of your file will only know that such a person in a given place in the line existed, without knowing any information about him/her.
- 6. **Persons Born Less Than ... Years Ago:** select the number of years to be considered for export of contemporaries. Type a value or use the arrows to change the proposed value. To prevent the export of **Persons Born Less Than ... Years Ago** specify the value and untick the box.

**Info** • It is possible to exclude a all branch from the exported file. Declare the person at the bottom of the branch you do not want to export and tick the in his/her personal data. You can also tag as in, in a lot of persons at once with **Smart Search**. See <u>Smart Search</u> and <u>The different data fields</u> articles.

(Mac) Export GEDCOM screen



- Click Export.
- Give a name to the new file and choose where the file should be saved.

**Note**: Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

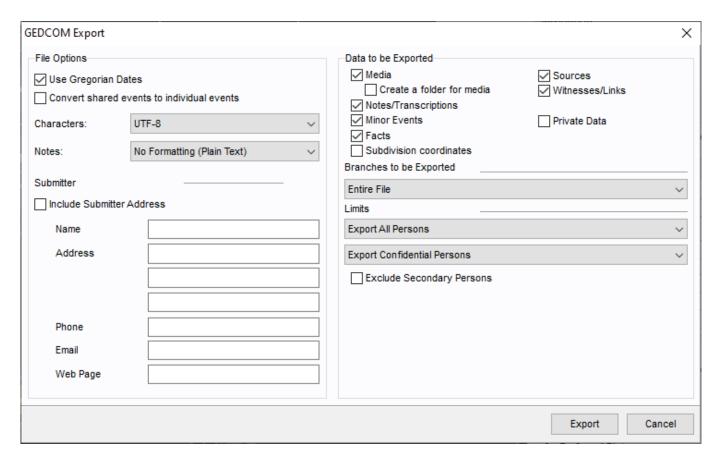
#### (Windows) Select the persons to be exported

In the Limits section, choose to:

- Export **All persons** (export all persons contained in your file) or **Export Marked Persons Only** (only the persons with ticked in their personal data will be exported) or **Exclude Marked Persons** (the marked persons won't be included).
- Export Confidential Persons (you may export all the information of confidential persons, those with sticked in their personal data), or Exclude Confidential Persons (they won't be included), or Export surname only (Confidential persons will be exported with only their surname), or Blur all data for confidential persons (all the data of confidential will be blured), or Hide all data for confidential persons (all the data of confidential persons will be hidden).
- Exclude Secondary Persons: if ticked, the persons with  $\triangle$  ticked in their personal data won't be exported.

**Info** • It is possible to exclude a all branch from the exported file. Declare the person at the bottom of the branch you do not want to export and tick the in his/her personal data. You can also tag as in, in a lot of persons at once with **Smart Search**. See **Smart Search** and **The different data fields** articles.

(Windows) Export GEDCOM screen

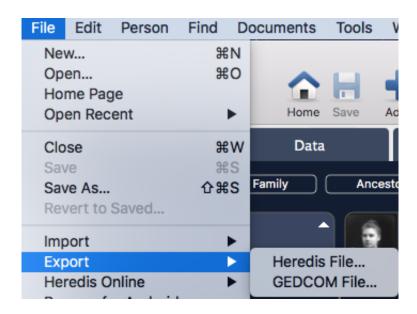


- Click Export.
- Give a name to the new file and choose where the file should be saved.

**Note**: Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

#### Export a branch of your file

As previously, choose **File > Export > GEDCOM File**.



#### **Choose the branches to process**

- Choose the person you want at the base of your GEDCOM file and put him/her as the primary person of Heredis' screen.
- Choose to include Ancestors or Descendants or Ancestors & Descendants.
- Choose the number of generations of **Ancestors**, of **Descendants**, or both.
- Specify the number of collaterals for the ancestor branches. Heredis goes back down the branch line for each direct ancestor to include them in the exported file.
  - $\circ$  0 = only direct ancestors are exported (with spouses).
  - $\circ$  1 = you export the direct ancestors with all their children and their spouses.
  - 2 = you export the direct ancestors, their children and grandchildren, along with their spouses.
  - 3 = you also add their great-grandchildren, etc.

**Info** • Remember to check who is the primary person displayed before making a branch export.

• Choose what data to export (media, notes...). If you export notes, choose if you wish to **Preserve text format** or **No formatting text**. Some softwares can not read text formatting. To be sure to get all the data in your notes, we advice you to choose **No formatting text**.

**Info** • If you want to export media, tick the **Create a folder for media** box to accompany the GEDCOM file with a folder containing all media attached to the exported data. The paths of the media listed in the GEDCOM file match the media in this folder. If you don't create a folder, only the way to the media ans its name will be kept in the GEDCOM.

- Heredis manages different calendar as for Hebrew, French Republican or Julian calendar. Some software can't. Tick the **Use Gregorian Dates** box in order to make sure all dates will follow and be read by the other software.
- Heredis allows to share an event between many persons, this way you won't have to enter the event on everyone. This function is specific to Heredis. Tick the box **Convert shared events to**

individual events so Heredis will copy the event to every person concerned.

- Complete the information concerning the sender of the file. This allows the person receiving the file to identify you and to be able to contact you if necessary.
- Choose the character set for data to be exported:
  - Mac: characters readable by all Mac software.
  - **Windows (ANSI)**: use this format if you know the recipient of the file uses Windows software.
  - **UTF-8**: use this format to preserve all special characters. This is a recent universal file format. But note, some genealogy software programs do not support this format.

**Info** • Use UTF-8 characters, which is an international language for computer encoding if the software that opens the GEDCOM is less than 6 years old.

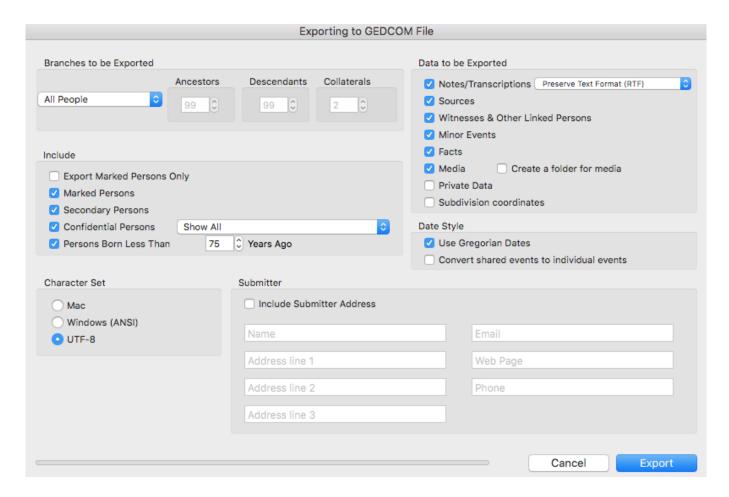
• You can add your contact information so the person who will read the GEDCOM will know where the data comes from.

#### (Mac) Select the persons to be exported

- 1. Export **All people:** export all persons contained in your file.
- 2. **Export Marked Persons Only**: only the persons with ticked in their personal data will be exported.
- 3. **Marked Persons**: if ticked, the marked persons will also be included.
- 4. **Secondary Persons**: if ticked, the persons with **L** ticked in their personal data will be exported.
- 5. **Confidential Persons:** you may export all the information of confidential persons (those with ticked in their personal data), or their surname only, or their surname and given names. You can also export all people and blur the confidential persons' data. The recipient of your file will only know that such a person in a given place in the line existed, without knowing any information about him/her.
- 6. **Persons Born Less Than ... Years Ago:** select the number of years to be considered for export of contemporaries. Type a value or use the arrows to change the proposed value. To prevent the export of **Persons Born Less Than ... Years Ago** specify the value and untick the box.

**Info** • It is possible to exclude a all branch from the exported file. Declare the person at the bottom of the branch you do not want to export and tick the in his/her personal data. You can also tag as it, it is a lot of persons at once with **Smart Search**. See <u>Smart Search</u> and <u>The different data fields</u> articles.

(Mac) Export GEDCOM screen



- Click Export.
- Give a name to the new file and choose where the file should be saved.

**Note**: Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

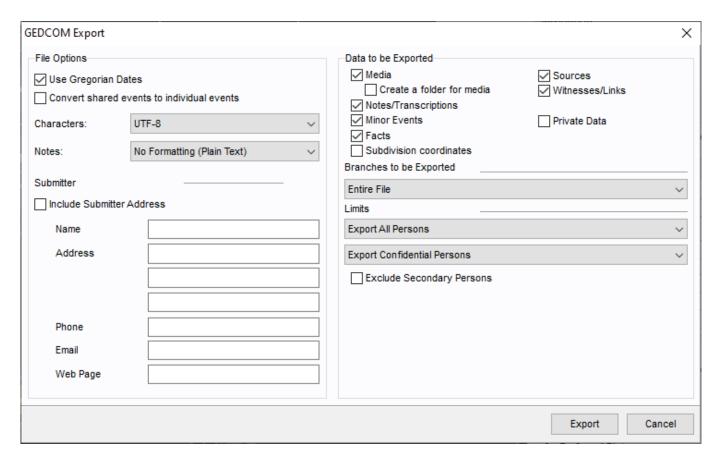
#### (Windows) Select the persons to be exported

In the Limits section, choose to:

- Export **All persons** (export all persons contained in your file) or **Export Marked Persons Only** (only the persons with ticked in their personal data will be exported) or **Exclude Marked Persons** (the marked persons won't be included).
- Export Confidential Persons (you may export all the information of confidential persons, those with sticked in their personal data), or Exclude Confidential Persons (they won't be included), or Export surname only (Confidential persons will be exported with only their surname), or Blur all data for confidential persons (all the data of confidential will be blured), or Hide all data for confidential persons (all the data of confidential persons will be hidden).
- Exclude Secondary Persons: if ticked, the persons with  $\triangle$  ticked in their personal data won't be exported.

**Info** • It is possible to exclude a all branch from the exported file. Declare the person at the bottom of the branch you do not want to export and tick the in his/her personal data. You can also tag as in, in a lot of persons at once with **Smart Search**. See **Smart Search** and **The different data fields** articles.

(Windows) Export GEDCOM screen



- Click Export.
- Give a name to the new file and choose where the file should be saved.

**Note**: Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

## Import a GEDCOM into an existing file

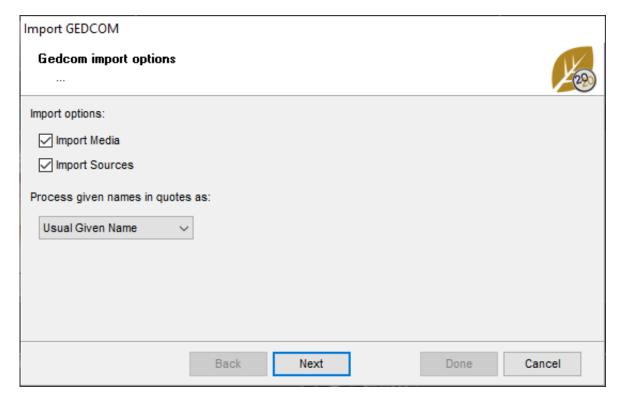
**Warning:** Any import into an existing file changes its structure. Consider before this type of operation to save a copy of your original file if necessary or back up the modified file under another name.

Importing a GEDCOM requires taking its time, don't validate too fast, you won't be able to make any changes after the import.

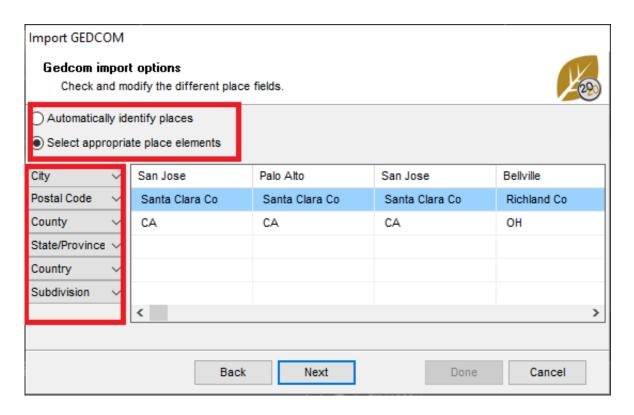
#### (Windows) Importing a GEDCOM

From the file in which you want to import the GEDCOM file.

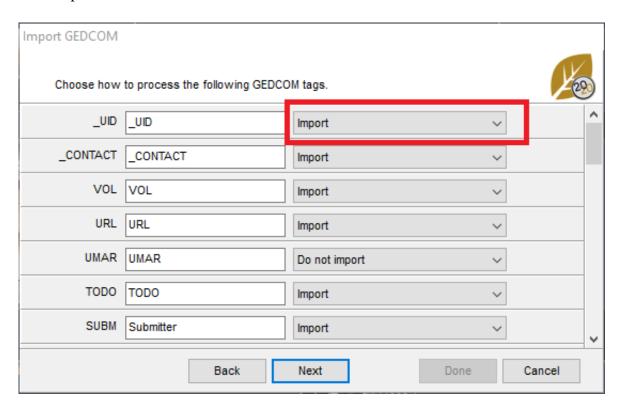
- Choose **File > Import > GEDCOM file.**
- Select the file (it must carry a .ged extension to be recognized by Heredis), then click **Open.**
- Choose whether or not to import media and sources, and how to handle quote names.
- Click Next



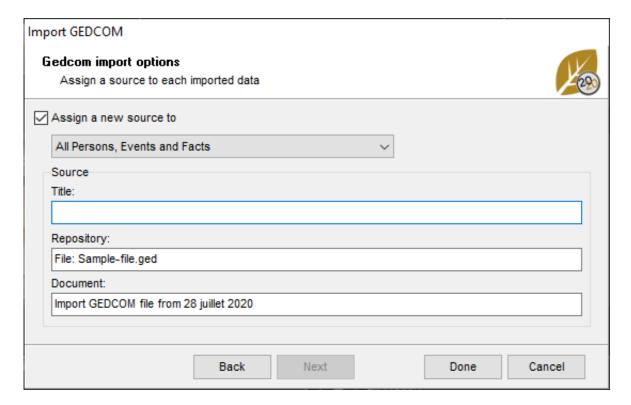
• You will probably have to check the places, not all software manages them in the same way. If you see a window like the one below, check the locations. Click **Select appropriate places elements** if the order does not match the data correctly. Click on the title of the column on the left to change the categories. (*Example: below, the line Postal Code should be County*)



Each software has its own way of managing certain data in the GEDCOM format. So there are Owner Tags that may be unknown to Heredis (see article <a href="What is a GEDCOM?">What is a GEDCOM?</a> for more details). If Heredis doesn't recognize certain tags, it will ask you what you want to do with them: <a href="Import or Do not Import">Import</a> or Do not Import. If you don't know what some owner tags mean (those prefixed by a \_), ask the publisher of the software that generated them for clarification. So choose what you want to do with the unknown Tags if the screen shows up.



• Check the **Assign a new source to** box and choose which data to add that source to you. Fill the fields out of the source if you want to assign one. By adding a common source to all the information from this GEDCOM, you'll know where you get your information from.



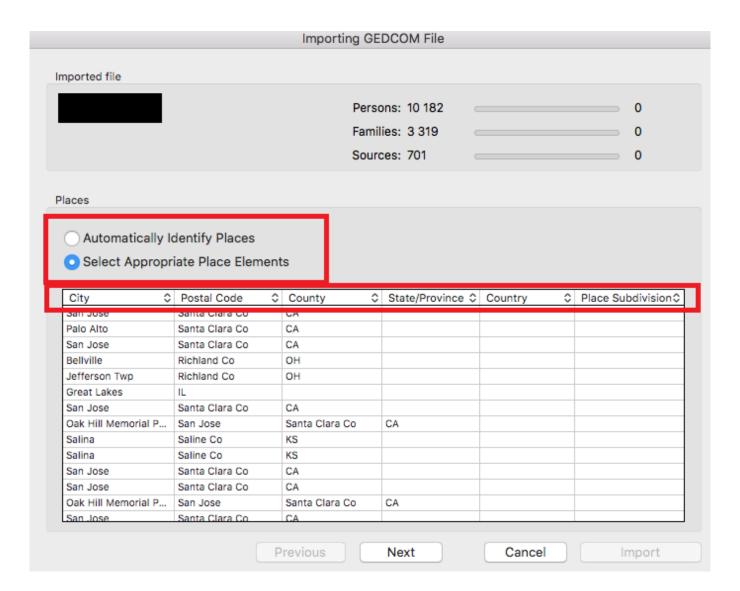
- Click **Done** to validate the import with the settings you've indicated.
- After the GEDCOM data is imported, it is necessary to create the links that will link the imported persons to those that were already present in the main file. To do this, use the **Add** features.

A GEDCOM never contains media because it is a text file format. On the other hand, the path and the name of the media are kept, so you can reintegrate them through the media index (if their name has not changed, Heredis will quickly reintegrate all of your media in a few clicks). See the article Media > Searching Media for more details.

## (Mac) Importing a GEDCOM

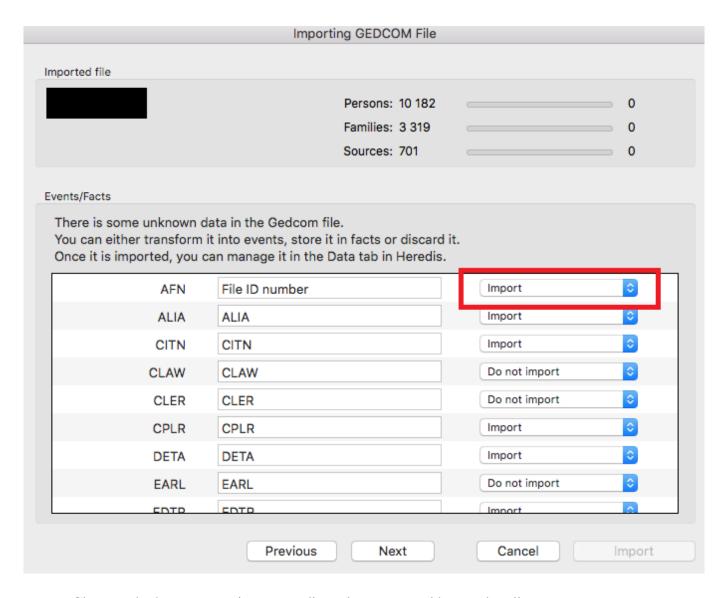
From the file in which you want to import the GEDCOM file.

- Choose **File> Import > GEDCOM**.
- Select the file (it must carry a .ged extension to be recognized by Heredis), then click **Open.**
- You will probably have to check the places, not all software manages them in the same way. Click **Select Appropriate Place Elements** if the order does not match the data correctly. Click on the header of the column to be changed to change the categories. (*Example: below, the line Postal Code should be County*)

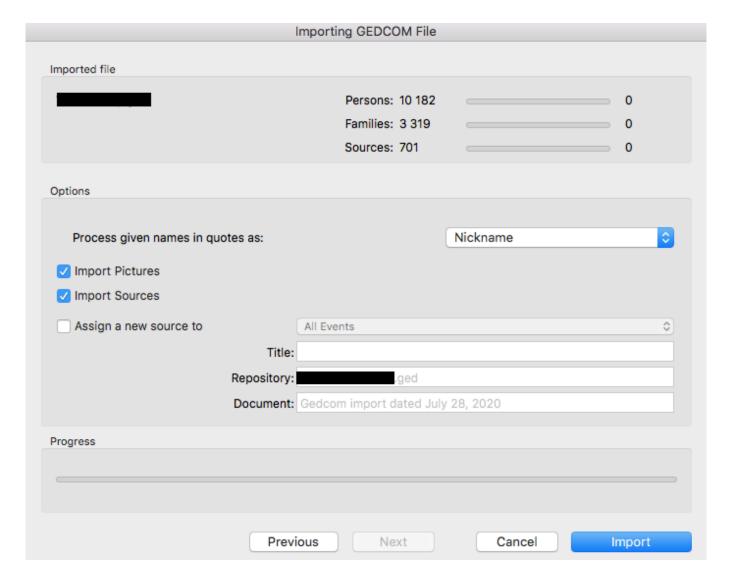


Each software has its own way of managing certain data in the GEDCOM format. So there are Owner Tags that may be unknown to Heredis (see article <a href="What is a GEDCOM?">What is a GEDCOM?</a> for more details). If Heredis doesn't recognize certain tags, it will ask you what you want to do with them: <a href="Import or Do not Import">Import</a> or Do not Import. If you don't know what some owner tags mean (those prefixed by a \_), ask the publisher of the software that generated them for clarification. So choose what you want to do with the unknown Tags if the screen shows up.

• Choose for each tag to import or ignore the data.



- Choose whether or not to import media and sources, and how to handle quote names.
- Check the **Associate a Common Source** box and choose which data to add that source to you. Fill the fields out of the source if you want to assign one. By adding a common source to all the information from this GEDCOM, you'll know where you get your information from.



- Click **Launch import** to start importing. This may take more or less time depending on the size of the file to be imported.
- After the GEDCOM data is imported, it is necessary to create the links that will link the imported persons to those that were already present in the main file. To do this, use the Add features.

A GEDCOM never contains media because it is a text file format. On the other hand, the path and the name of the media are retained, so you can reintegrate them through the media index (if their name has not changed, Heredis will quickly reintegrate all of your media in a few clicks). See the article Media > Searching Media for more details.

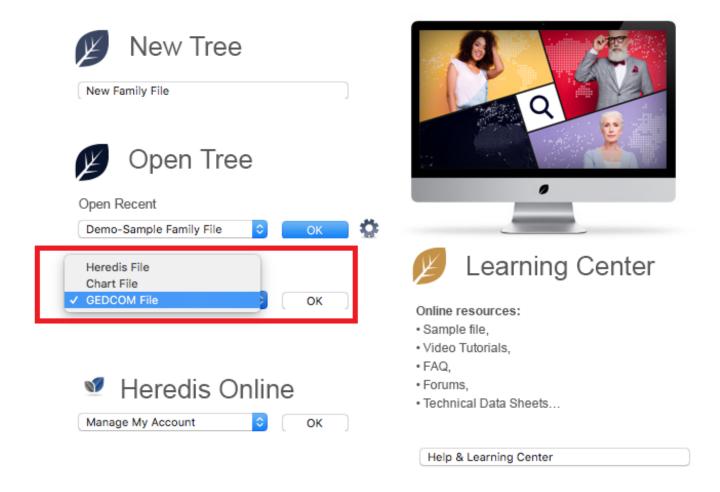
# Open a GEDCOM in a new file

You have already created a genealogy file or you have been given one created on another application? Importing a GEDCOM file, the recognized standard in the world of genealogy, is very simple.

Though, importing a GEDCOM or opening it for the first time, takes time. Do not validate too quickly, you won't be able to change the import afterwards.

#### (Mac) Import a GEDCOM in a new file.

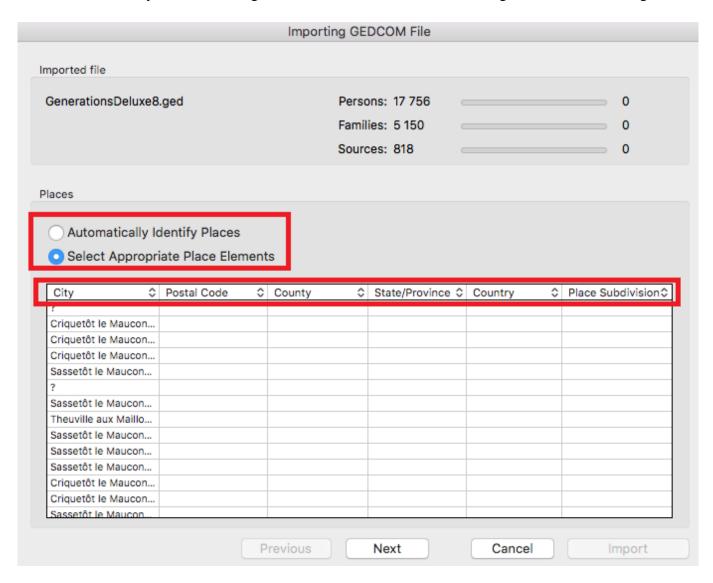
- From the Heredis **Home Page**, choose the **GEDCOM File** in the **Open** menu and click **OK**.
- The GEDCOM file must have the extension .*ged* to be recognized by Heredis. Select the file and click **Open**.



- Give it a name.
- Choose where to store it on your hard drive disk. Use the arrow on the right to access to all folders on your computer.



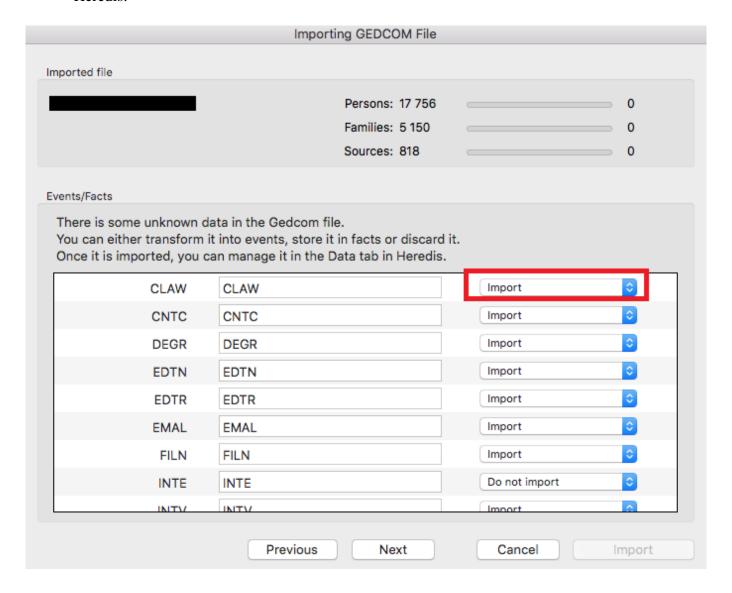
- Validate by clicking on **Save** and wait while Heredis analyzes the data.
- Check the information found in the GEDCOM file (quantity of data, structure of places). All softwares do not manage all data of places the same way. Click on **Select Appropriate Place Elements** if you need to reorganize the data and click on the headings of columns to change them.



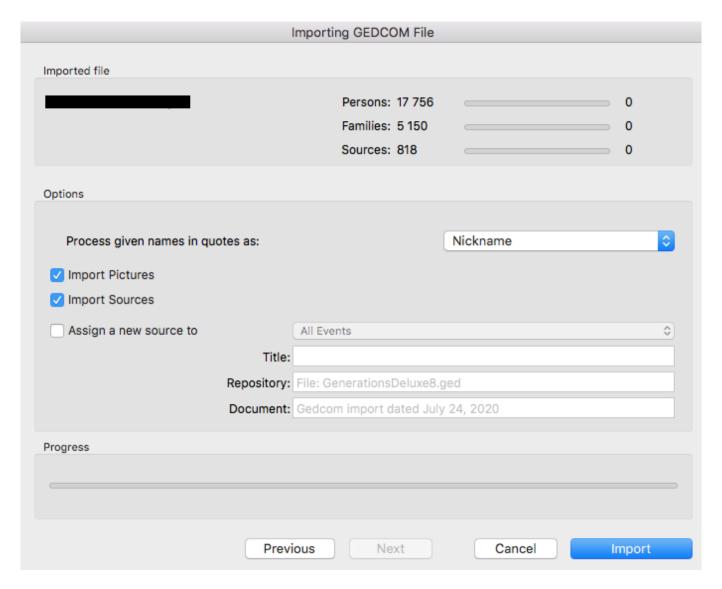
Data are identified in a GEDCOM through the Tags. Every software has its own way to manage some data in GEDCOM format, so some tags are called Owner Tags and might not be read by other softwares (see also What is a GEDCOM file?). If Heredis doesn't know a tag, it will ask you what to do with it:

**Import** or **Do Not Import**. If you do not recognize the meaning of an owner tag (those with a \_), ask the editor of the software used to create the GEDCOM. Choose what you want to do with those unknown tags in the Heredis screen.

• Choose for each tag to **Import** or **Do not import.** If you do not import, the data won't be in Heredis.



- Choose to import or not medias and sources and how to manage given names in quotes. Be aware that a GEDCOM file **never contains media**, only the name and way to the original of the media. So even if you choose to import a media, you'll import only the name and way to the original.
- You may add a source common to all data imported. In this case, tick the box **Assign a new source to** and choose the kind of data to source (events, facts...). Fill in the name, repository and type of document of the source.

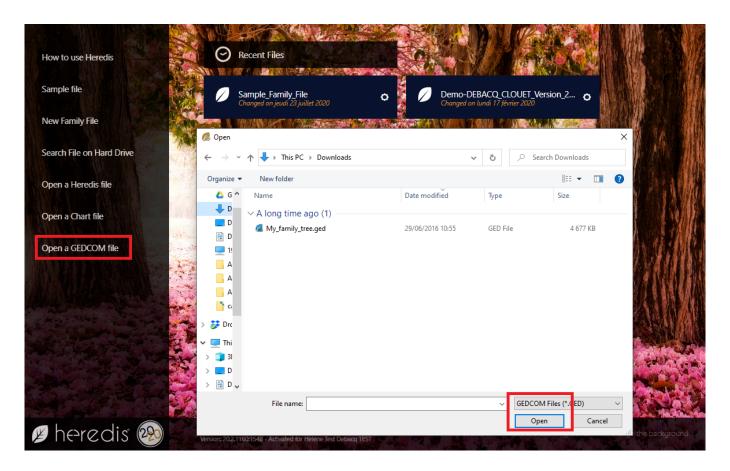


• Click on **Import** to start converting your GEDCOM into a Heredis format. This step can take some time depending on the size of the file, so be patient. Your GEDCOM file will still be available in the GEDCOM format. Heredis extract the data from the GEDCOM file and converted them into a Heredis format.

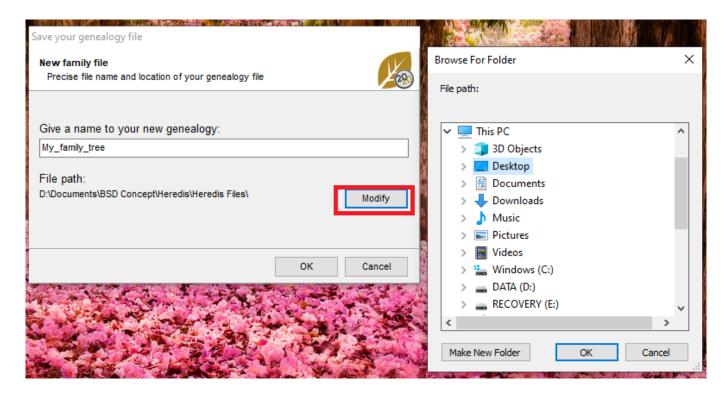
**Note**: Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

## (Windows) Import a GEDCOM in a new file.

- From the Heredis **Home Page**, click on **Open a GEDCOM file**.
- The GEDCOM file must have the extension .ged to be recognized by Heredis. Select the file and click **Open**.

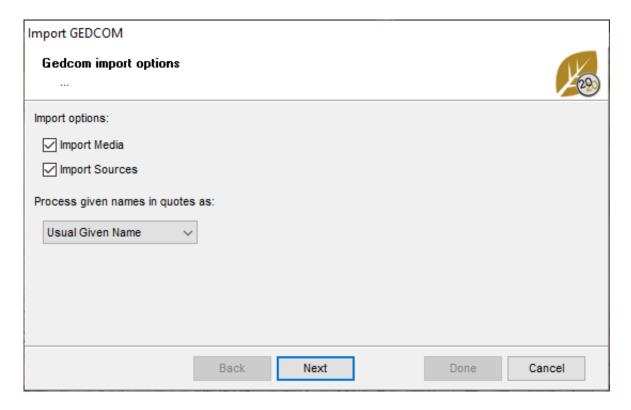


- Give it a name.
- Choose where to store it on your hard drive disk. Click on **Modify** to change where to keep your file. By default Heredis puts it in Document > BSD Concept > Heredis > Heredis files.

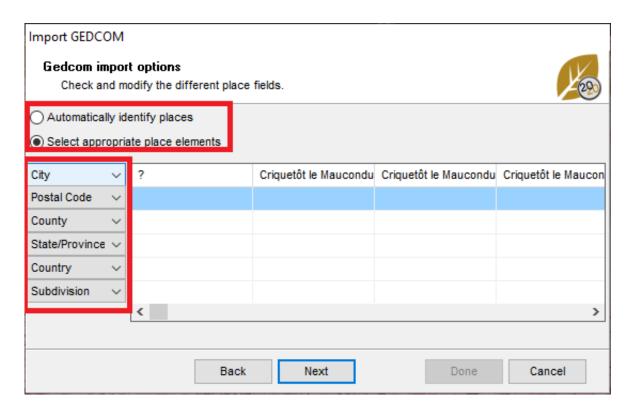


• Validate by clicking on **OK** and wait while Heredis analyzes the data.

- Choose to import or not medias and sources and how to manage given names in quotes. Be aware that a GEDCOM file **never contains media**, only the name and way to the original of the media. So even if you choose to import a media, you'll import only the name and way to the original.
- Click on Next.

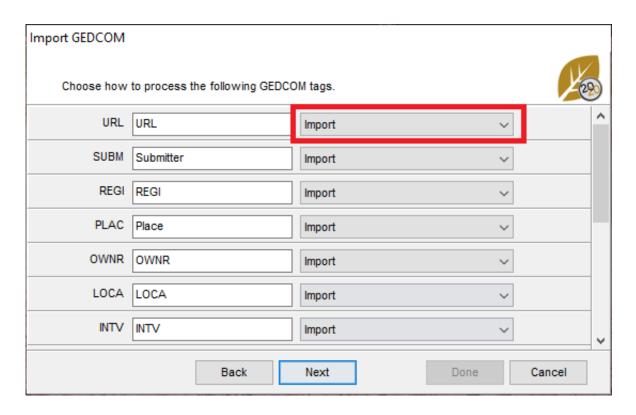


• Check the information found in the GEDCOM file (quantity of data, structure of places). All softwares do not manage all data of places the same way. Click on **Select Appropriate Place Elements** if you need to reorganize the data and click on the headings of lines to change them.

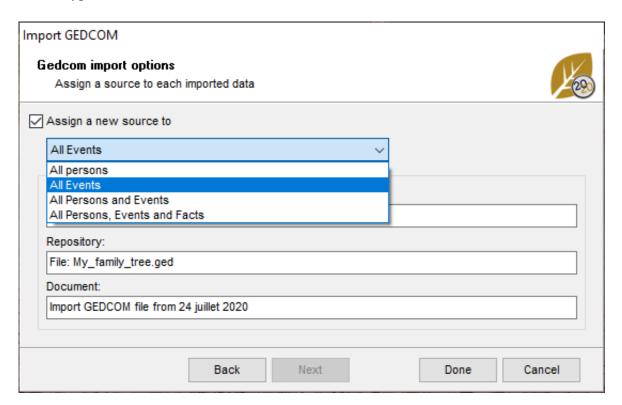


Data are identified in a GEDCOM through the Tags. Every software has its own way to manage some data in GEDCOM format, so some tags are called Owner Tags and might not be read by other softwares (see also What is a GEDCOM file?). If Heredis doesn't know a tag, it will ask you what to do with it: Import or Do Not Import. If you do not recognize the meaning of an owner tag (those with a \_), ask the editor of the software used to create the GEDCOM. Choose what you want to do with those unknown tags in the Heredis screen.

• Choose for each tag to **Import** or **Do not import.** If you do not import, the data won't be in Heredis.



• You may add a source common to all data imported. In this case, tick the box **Assign a new source to** and choose the kind of data to source (events, facts...). Fill in the name, repository and type of document of the source.



• Click on **Done** to start converting your GEDCOM into a Heredis format. This step can take some time depending on the size of the file, so be patient. Your GEDCOM file will still be available in the GEDCOM format. Heredis extract the data from the GEDCOM file and converted them into a

Heredis format.

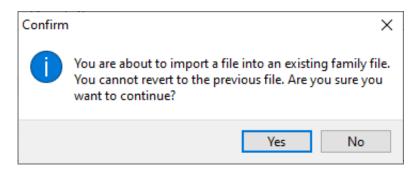
**Note**: Ahnentafel numbering is a mobile data, it can be changed at any time, so it is not a data stored in the GEDCOM format. You might have to change the root person to get the Ahnentafel numbering woshed. See <u>The Root Person</u> article.

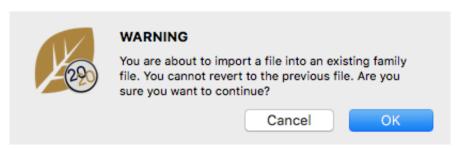
# Import a Heredis file in an existing file

Importing Heredis data to an existing file allows you to connect a new branch created in a separate file by yourself or by a family member.

1. Choose **File > Import > Heredis File**.

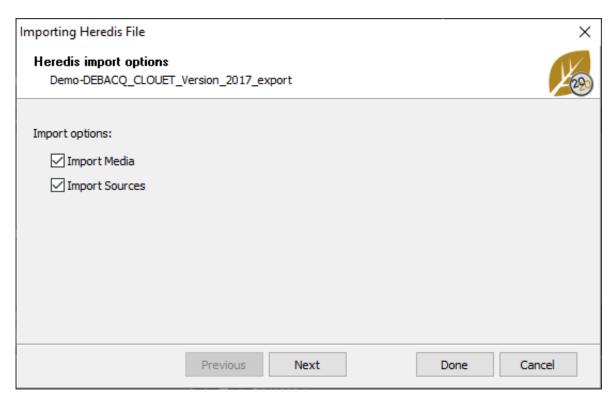
**Note:** A message will alert you that it is irreversible, so please make sure to make a copy of your file in case the result doesn't please you.

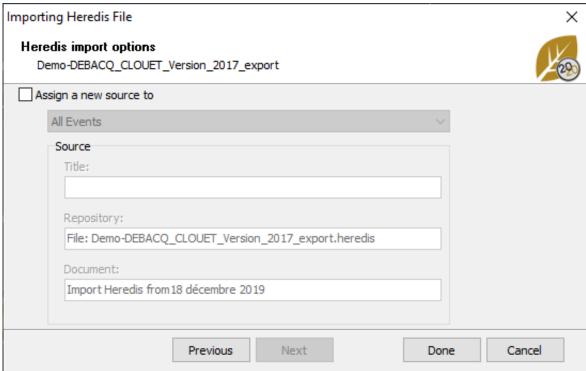




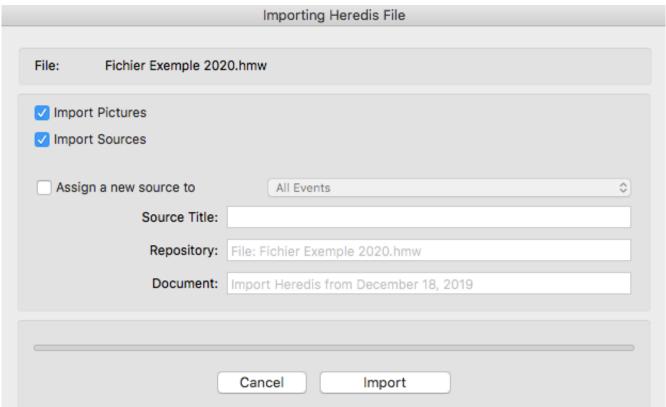
- 2. Select the Heredis file. Only files created with the same version of Heredis may be merged (Mac file or Windows folder with the extension .*hmw*).
- 3. Click **Open**. Choose if you want to import or not medias and sources. **(Windows)** Click on **Next**. **(Mac)** Click on **Import**.

(Windows) Import Options





(Mac) Import Options



4. If you desire to associate a common source of data from the import, tick the box **Assign a new source to** and select in the list where you want this source to be assigned. Fill up the fields of this new source. You will be able to modify it on your **Sources index** later. After importing the new data, you must create links that will connect the imported persons to those already present in the main file.

See also (Windows) Permanent control for duplicates and Merge two persons, (Mac) Permanent control for duplicates and Merge two persons.

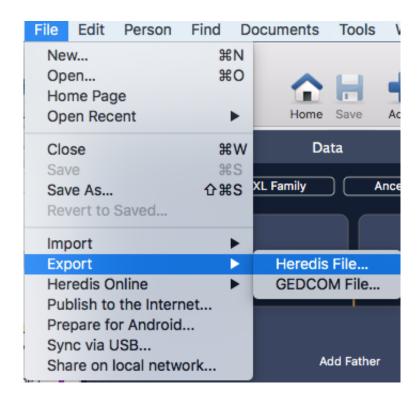
## **Export Heredis data**

You export your data to exchange them. To share with other users of Heredis or to create branch files for your own use, use the Heredis export.

If they are using an older version of Heredis, use the GEDCOM format.

In a Heredis export, you can select what data to export: exclude confidential persons, limit to a branch or exclude alive persons.

- 1. Choose **File > Export > Heredis File**.
- 2. Identify the persons and types of data to be exported.
- 3. Click Export.
- 4. Name the new file and choose where the file should be saved.



The options for the exported file in GEDCOM or Heredis format are identical. They concern the persons included in the file and the type of data considered.

#### Select the branches concerned

- 1. Select branches from the export screen: **All People Ancestors Descendants Ancestors & Descendants.**
- 2. Choose the number of generations of ancestors, of descendants, or both.
- 3. Specify the number of collaterals for the ancestor branches. Heredis goes back down the branch line for each direct ancestor to include them in the exported file.

- 0 = only direct ancestors are exported (with spouses).
- 1 = you export the direct ancestors with all their children and their spouses.
- 2 = you export the direct ancestors, their children and grandchildren, along with their spouses.
- 3 = you also add their great-grandchildren, etc.

**Info** • Remember to check who is the primary person displayed before making a branch export.

#### (Windows) Select the persons to be included in an export file

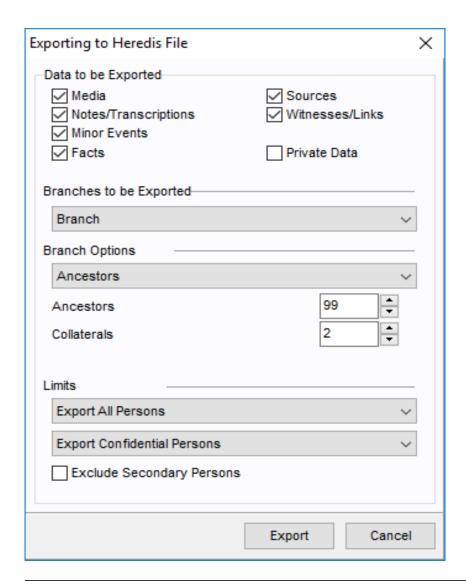
- 1. **Export All Persons:** export all persons included in your file or in the concerned branch.
- 2. **Exclude Marked Persons:** marked persons, the one with the tag ticked in their personal data, will not be included.
- 3. Export Marked Persons Only: only the persons marked will be included in your export file.
- 4. **Hide all data for confidential persons:** persons with the <sup>5</sup> tag tick in their personal data are exported with no details.
- 5. Tick the box Exclude Secondary Persons to exclude from the export the persons considered as secondary \_\_\_\_ because they do not present a big interest to your family tree (children who died in infancy, persons with no links, persons on whom you do not want to make researches).

For further details on tags confidential, marked or secondary, see our article <u>The different data fields</u>.

**Note** • It is possible, just by marking a person , to ignore a branche. Using the marked tag has multiple purposes : cut a branch, erase duplicates, delete stillborn child, not show alive persons... You can use the Smart Search to identify persons of one or more criterias and mark them, tag them as secondary or confidential. Consult our <a href="Smart Search">Smart Search</a> article for further delails.

**Careful**, if your primary person or root person is concerned by these limits (confidential, secondary, or marked), you file will be empty. It is not possible to export a file is the main person is not in it.

(Windows) Heredis export



## (Mac) Select the persons to be included in an export file

- 1. Tick all the boxes to include all persons saved in the file.
- 2. To prevent the export of certain types of people, untick the appropriate boxes. For further details on tags confidential, marked or secondary, see our article <u>The different data fields</u>.

Marked persons are the ones with the icon ticked in Personal Data of the person. It allows you rto exclude or take only the marked ones.

Secondary persons are the ones with the Laicon ticked in the Personal Data of the person. They usually are the persons on which you do not specifically want to do researches.

Confidential persons are the ones with the  $^{\$}$  icon ticked in Personal Data of the person. They usually are the alive persons.

3. To export data partially, make your selection from the export screen.

**Confidential Persons:** you may export all the information of confidential persons, or their surname only, or their surname and given names. You can also export all people by

hiding the data. The recipient of your file will only know that such a person in a given place in the line existed, without knowing any information about him/her.

**Persons Born Less Than ... Years Ago:** select the number of years to be considered for export of contemporaries. Type a value or use the arrows to change the proposed value. To prevent the export of **Persons Born Less Than ... Years Ago** specify the value and untick the box.

•

**Info** • It is possible to exclude a branch from the exported file. Declare the person at the base of this branch as **Marked**, then untick **Marked Persons** in the export screen. Using the marked tag has multiple purposes: cut a branch, erase duplicates, delete stillborn child, not show alive persons... You can use the Smart Search to identify persons of one or more criterias and mark them, tag them as secondary or confidential. Consult our **Smart Search** article for further delails.

#### (Mac) Export Heredis file



#### Select the types of data for export

- 1. Tick the boxes to include the different types of data in the exported file.
- 2. Untick the boxes to exclude a type of data.

#### Do you want to export:

- Notes/Transcriptions
- Sources/Citations
- Witnesses and linked persons (of Sundry links tab in Personal Data, see <u>Add other linked persons</u> article)
- Minor events (everything else that Birth/Baptism, Union, Death/Burial)
- Facts

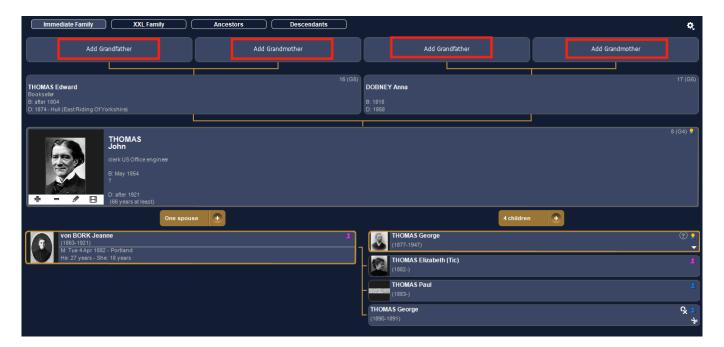
[Heredis 2020 Mac EN] - 08-25-2020 [User Guide 2020 Mac EN] - https://help.heredis.com

- Media
- Private data: they are all data you ticked the "Private" box, it can be events, facts, sources, media...

## **Add persons**

#### Add a person in general

A click in the **Immediate Family** is enough to create the father, mother, spouses, children and even grandparents.



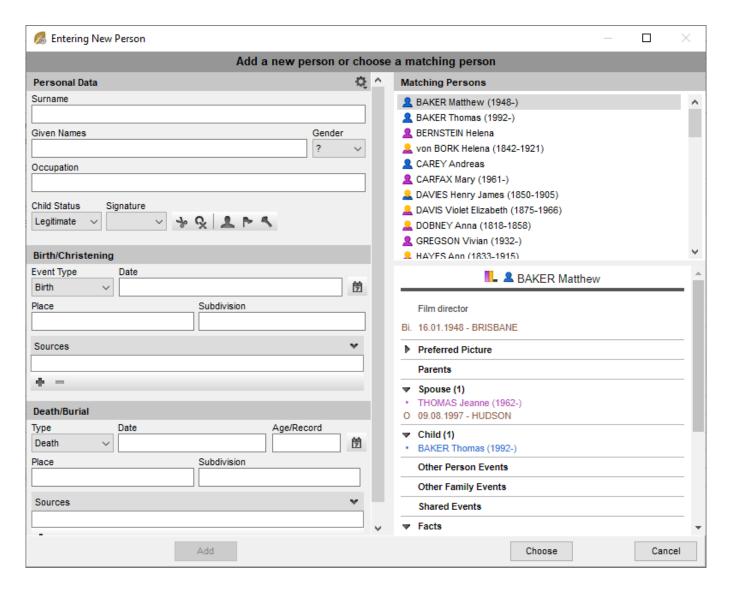
The family is simply growing.

A new person's input screen displays the most common information. Enter the name and first name to begin with. They get in shape automatically.

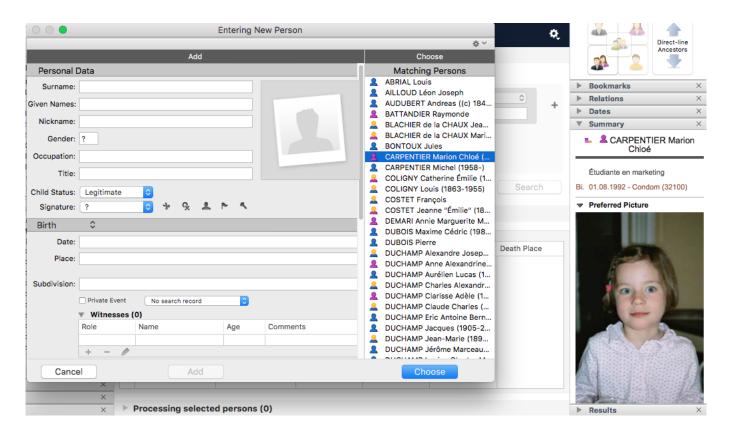
As you input, you'll see a list of persons with the same name and first name appear in the right side of the screen. Heredis does everything to prevent you from creating duplicates. If you think you've spotted the person you want to add, don't keep imputing, but select it from the list and click **Choose**.

See also Add Parents, Add Children and Add spouses.

(Windows) Enter a new person in Customized Display mode



(Mac) Enter a new person in Customized Display mode



For more information on duplicates, see (Windows) Permanent control for duplicates and merge two persons, (Mac) Permanent control for duplicates and merge two persons

If no one in the list of matching persons matches, continue filling in the fields.

Dates are displayed in full regardless of the entry format. Most locations in Western Europe or North America are proposed while inputting. Select the location with the **Enter** button or create a new location.

See also Customize Heredis/Choose the recognized places, Dates and Places Index.

When the input screen is completed, click **Add**.

If you add a spouse, take the opportunity to provide all the information about the marriage: what type of marriage, the date and place and the status of that union. See also Add spouses. Then click **OK**.

You can also work with other tabs in the method that suits you. Add parents in **Ancestors** tab,or other family members in **Family Group Data** tab and **XXL Family** tab. See also <u>Add Parents</u>. Complete or modify known information in **Personal Data** tab.

You can customize your input mode to have more or less graspable fields.

For more details see <u>Customize Heredis/Select data entry method</u>.

## Add a person with no direct connection

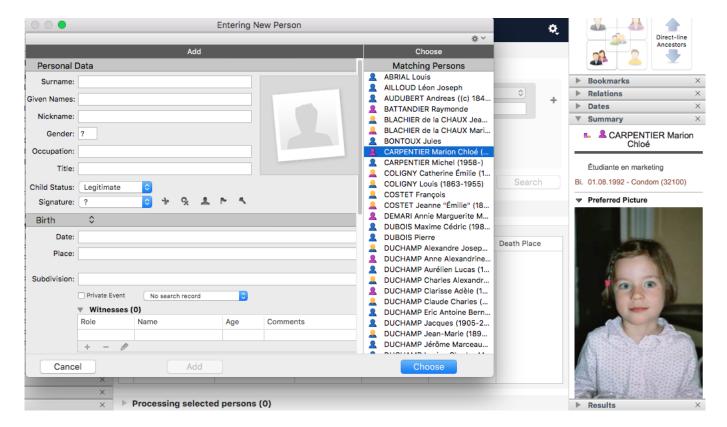
Each person in the genealogical file may be linked to other people by kinship, as a witness to an event, or as a related person in another way.

Check out Add other linked persons to find out all about Heredis' other links.

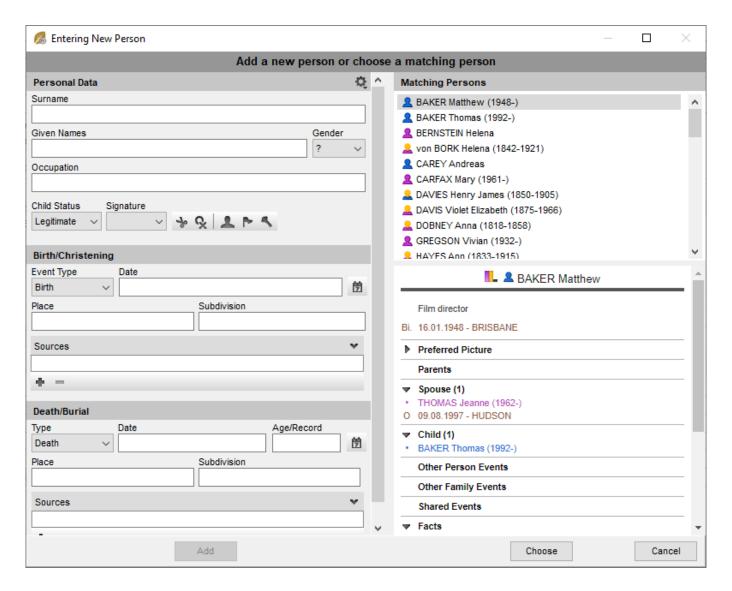
Heredis allows you to attach an existing person to the genealogical file or create a new person with their kinship.

Click on button then on . In the **Entering New Person** windows, enter the name and first name into the **Personal Data** section. You see, in the **matching persons** column, the list of persons already registered with that name and first name. As new letters are entered, the list of persons that can match becomes thiner.

## (Mac) Entering New Person



(Windows) Entering New Person



Select a person from the list and see their summary. It allows you to better compare the different persons found.

If it turns out that the individual you want to add already exists, use the person already created by clicking **Choose.** 

If you don't detect duplicates, you can then create a new person by completing the other input topics and then click **Create**.

#### **Automatic filling of fields**

Heredis provides databases of thousands of given names and occupations. On the other hand, Heredis memorizes the information you have already entered, field by field.

Type in the first letters: immediately appears the list of data already saved that may match your input. Continue with new letters, the list is becomes thiner.

Use the arrow buttons on the keyboard to select the desired value, and validate with the **Enter** button or click on the chosen proposal with the mouse.

The auto-entry tool is available in all input fields, with the exception of notes and comments.

#### **Delete an individual**

#### Heredis removes:

- either the person. In this case the person will no longer exist in your genealogical file.
- or the relationship between the person and his/her relatives or an event in which he/she took part. In this case the person still exists in your genealogical file.

**Info** - The <u>root person</u> of the file, meaning the person with the <u>Ahnentafel</u> number 1, cannot be deleted. To remove this person, you must first reallocate the number 1 to another person.

- Place the person as a primary person.
- Click the button in the tool bar or choose **Person menu > Delete > Primary person** or link to remove.

For more details, check out the articles <u>Add Parents</u>, <u>Add Children</u>, <u>Add Spouses</u>, <u>Add Witnesses and Participants</u>, <u>Sundry Links</u>.

# Add parents

### Add a new person

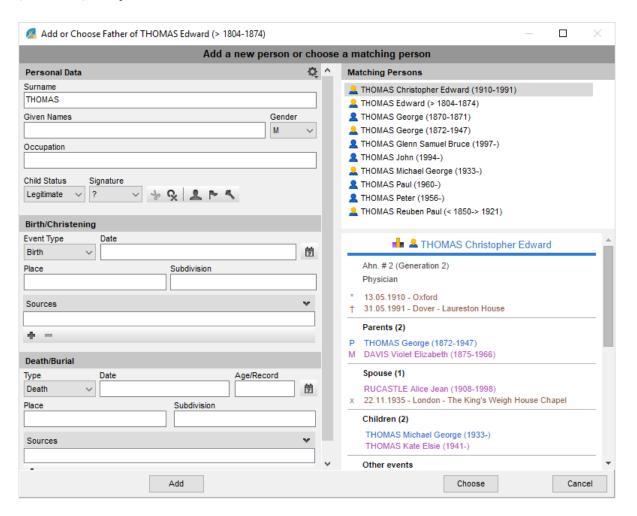
#### All tabs

- 1. Place the person for whom you want to add parents, as the primary person.
- 2. Create the link.
- Click the link in the empty boxes for the father or the mother.
- Choose **Person > Add Father** or **Add Mother**
- Click the button (Add or link persons) on the toolbar and choose **Add Father** or **Add Mother**
- 3. Enter the new person.

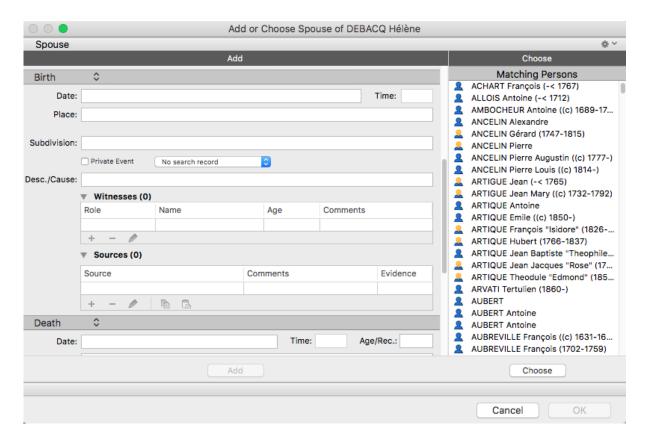
In the **Add Father** or **Add Mother** window, complete the entry fields with the information you have. Some items are prefilled such as the father's surname or gender of the father and mother.

- To change the surname, click in the field and enter another name. You can change the gender using by clicking in the Gender box and changing it.
- (Mac) To change the gender, click the Do not specify gender lock.

#### (Windows) Add father



#### (Mac) Add father



**Info** • Click the indented wheel icon at the top right of the screen to change the display mode if all desired fields are not displayed.

Before you add the parent, check the right part of the screen to make sure he/she is not already created. Click **Add**. The parent is created as well as the link with the child.

**Info** • You can link the grandfather and grandmother in the same way.

#### **Family Group Data entry**

- 1. Click the button at the bottom of the Parents entry field.
- 2. Choose **Add Father** or **Add Mother**. If this arrow opposes at the end of the line, it means Heredis detected a potential duplicate. Click on it to compare the potential duplicate.
- 3. Continue the data input with the information you have. To validate the new individual, click outside the entry field.

**Info** • For more information on adding the spouse of a child in the **Family Group Data** tab, see <u>Input a Family Group Data</u>.

# Link an existing person

### **During data entry**

- 1 Place the person for whom you want to add parents as the primary person.
- 2. Create the link.
- Choose **Person > Add Father** or **Add Mother**
- Click the button on the toolbar and choose Add Father or Add Mother.
- Click the links in the empty boxes for the father or the mother on the **Immediate Family** screen.

In the **Add Father** or **Add Mother** window, select the person to be linked from the list of **Matching Persons** to the right of the screen. To limit the list displayed, you can enter the given name in the **Personal Data** area. Click **Choose** or double-click the name in the list.

**Info** • To access this screen from the **Family Group Data** tab, click the red arrow ○ that appears on the input line.

#### Drag and drop

- 1. Place the person for whom you want to add parents as the primary person.
- 2. Drag the father or mother from one of the side panels (**Persons, Bookmarks, Relations...**), and release on the display area of the screen (Father or Mother box or Parent fields in the **Family Group Data** tab). The parent is then linked.

**Info** • Creating a link to the Father and a link to the Mother will automatically create a union between the father and mother, even if no event has been entered.

# Unlink a person and parents

When you detach a person from his/her parents, the individuals concerned will always remain in your genealogy file.

**Info** • After you have removed the parent link, you can assign a different mother or father to the primary person.

#### All tabs

- 1. Place the person as the primary person.
- 2. Remove the link with the parents.
- Choose Person > Delete > Father Link or Mother Link.
- Click the on the toolbar and choose **Unlink Father** or **Unlink Mother**.

### **Family Group Data tab**

- 1. Select the parent to be deleted in the **Parents** data entry fields.
- 2. Click the button at the bottom of the field, and choose **Unlink Father** or **Unlink Mother**.

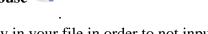
**Info** • If you select the Delete Father and All Links, or Delete Mother and All Links option, this will remove the person from your genealogy, not just the link.

# **Add spouses**

# Add a new person

## All tabs

- Place the person for whom you want to add a spouse, as the primary person.
- Create the link.
  - Click the + (xx spouse(s)) sign in the display field of the spouse on the **Family** tab.
  - Choose Person > Add Spouse
  - Click the button on the toolbar and choose **Add Spouse**



• Enter the new person. Check the list of matching persons already in your file in order to not input duplicates.

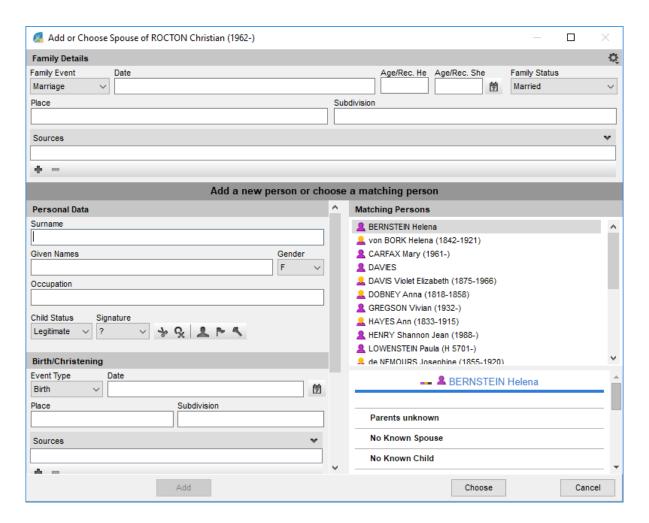
In the **Add or Choose Spouse** screen, complete the input fields with the information you have.

Gender is prefilled. To change the gender in order to indicate a same sex union for example:

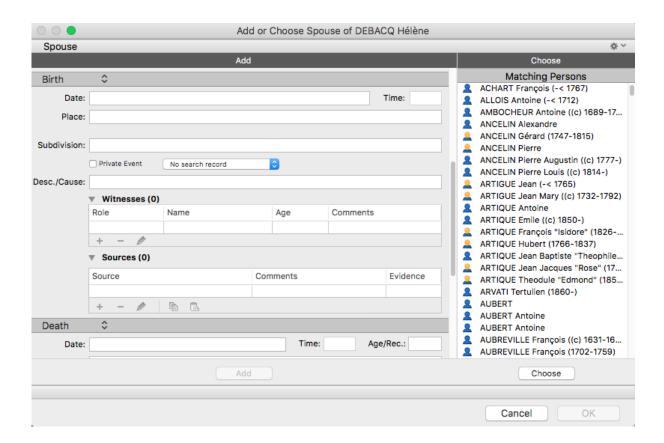
- (Mac) click the **Do not specify gender** lock, and change the gender
- (Windows) simply click in the gender box and change the gender

In case of same sex union, Heredis will alert you in order to make sure it is not a mistake. If it is not, just validate the message.

(Windows) Add a Spouse



(Mac) Add a Spouse



**Info** • Click the indented wheel or icon (depending on which screen you are, the wheel doesn't look the same) at the top right of the screen to change the display mode if all desired fields are not displayed. See also <u>Customize Heredis.</u>

#### Click Add.

(Mac) Enter information about the union.

Don't forget to enter the type of union: Marriage, Religious Marriage, Other marital link, Marriage Contract.

### Family Group data tab

- Click the button at the bottom of the **Families** entry fields.
- Choose Add Spouse.
- Continue the input with the information you have about the union. To validate the new person, click outside the entry field.

**Info** • For more information on adding the spouse of a child in the **Family Group Data** tab, see <u>Input a Family Group Data</u>.

Don't forget to enter the type of union: Marriage, Religious Marriage, Other marital link, Marriage Contract.

## Link an existing person

#### **During data entry**

- Place the person for whom you want to add a spouse, as the primary person.
- Create the link.
  - Choose **Person > Add Spouse**
  - Click the button on the toolbar and choose Add Spouse
  - Click the + (xx spouse(s)) sign in the display field of the spouse on the **Family** tab.

In the **Add or Choose Spouse** screen, enter the surname and given names in the **Personal Data** field. Select the person to be linked from the list of **Matching Persons** to the right of the screen.

Click **Choose** or double-click the name in the list.

**Info** • To access this screen from the **Family Group Data** tab, click the red arrow ○ that appears on the data line.

Enter the information you have about the union. Don't forget to enter the type of union: Marriage, Religious Marriage, Other marital link, Marriage Contract.

### Drag and drop

- Place the person for whom you want to add a spouse, as the primary person.
- Take the spouse from a side panel (**Persons, Bookmarks, Relations...**), and release on the display area of the screen (display area for spouses on the **Immediate Family** tab or the **Families** fields on the **Personal Data** and **Family Group Data** tabs).

## **Information concerning the family**

The data input screen for a marriage and the **Families** fields on the **Personal Data** or **Family Group Data** tabs show specific fields to be completed, as well as a field for family media on the **Immediate Family** tab.

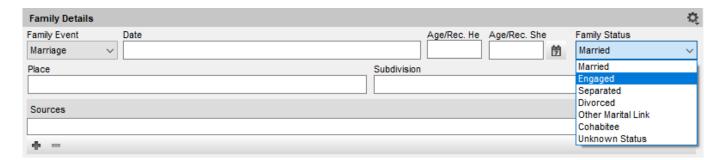
- Indicate date and place of marriage and any other information you have on the family event.
- Specify the family status in the pop-up menu.
- Click **OK**: the spouse is created as well as the link to the primary person.

#### **Family status**

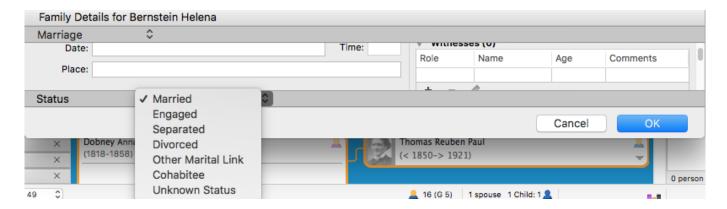
Status is additional information indicating the last known status of a union. Are the spouses still married, divorced, separated?

The family status is independent of union events. One may enter a marriage event, but not enter other events for the couple, but clarify the family status as «Separated».

#### (Windows) Family Status



### (Mac) Family Status



Specify the family status in the **Add or Choose Spouse** screen or **Families** area of the **Personal Data** tab.

#### Family number

The family number, when there are several marriages, appears in the **Family** tab. It is assigned automatically according to the dates of marriage. To change the family number, select a spouse and move him/her to the desired position.

### Families order

Heredis enters unions based on the date of the main family event.

If you know the sequence of unions without knowing the dates, or if the chronology does not seem exact to you, you can change the families order.

### Change the families order

(Windows) Click Right on one of the spouses, then choose **Order of spouses**. Use the **Before** and **After** buttons to organize and click **Close**.

(Mac) In Immediate Family, use drag and drop. Select the box or line of family to be moved, and release it at the desired location.

A blue line indicates the destination position.

#### Windows - Leave Heredis determine the order

You may cancel a manual order change of families if you have made mistakes or entered new dates. Right-click the list of families and choose **Order of spouses**, then tick the box **Leave Heredis to determine the order**.

#### Mac - To change the order again

As before, in **Immediate Family**, use drag and drop. Select the box or line of family to be moved, and release it at the desired location.

### **Delete a family**

Heredis allows you to delete:

- Either the person. In this case the person will no longer exist in your genealogy file.
- Or the family link that links two spouses. In this case both spouses remain in your genealogy file.

**Info** • If both spouses have had children together, you must first unlink the couple's children for one of the spouses. When you remove the bond of union, the events that were assigned to this family will also be deleted.

#### All tabs

- 1. Place one of the spouses as the primary person.
- 2. Choose **Person > Delete > Selected Spouse Link**, or click in the toolbar, then

#### **Personal Data tab**

- 1. Select the spouse to be unlinked in the **Families** fields.
- 2. Click (Unlink the selected spouse from the family) at the bottom of the **Families** fields.

#### **Family Group Data tab**

- 1. Select the spouse to be unlinked on the **Families** fields.
- 2. Click (Unlink the selected spouse from the family) at the bottom of the **Families** fields.
- 3. Select the **Unlink Spouse** option.

**Info** • If you select **Delete Spouse and All Links**, you will remove the person from your genealogy file.

# Add children

# Add a new person

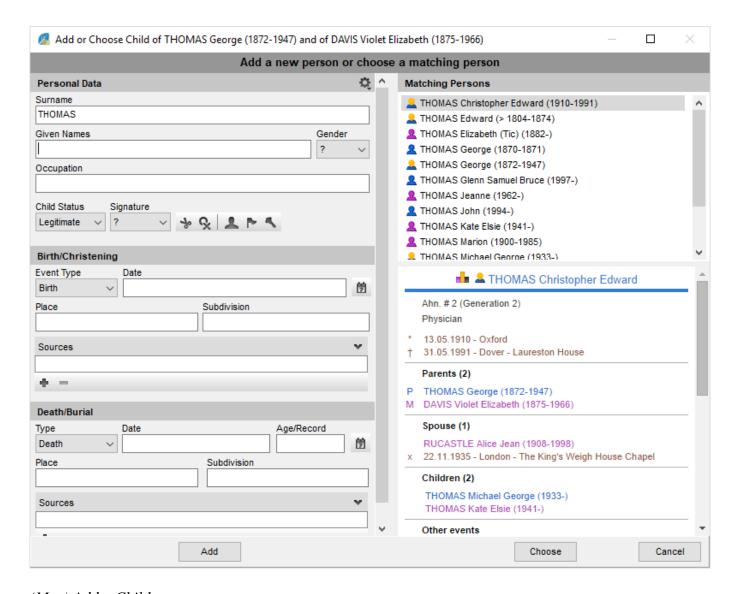
#### All tabs

- Place the person to whom you want to add a child as the primary person. Select the other parent.
- Create the link.
  - Click **Add Child** in the display screen of the primary person in the **Immediate Family**
  - Choose **Person > Add Child**.
  - Click the button on the toolbar and choose Add Child
- Enter the new person.

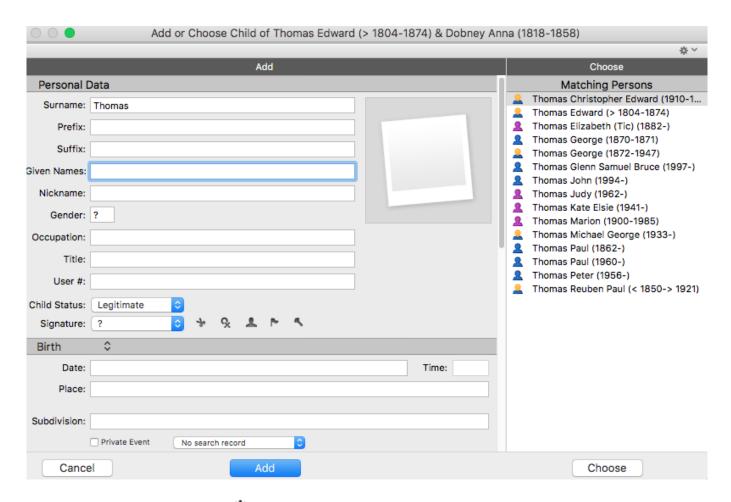
In the **Add or Choose Child** screen, complete the entry fields with the information you have. The child's surname is prefilled with the surname of the father or the mother if you did not select a spouse for the mother.

To change the name, click in the box and enter another name.

(Windows) Add a Child



(Mac) Add a Child



**Info** • Click the indented wheel icon at the top right of the screen to change the display mode if all desired items are not displayed.

Before you add the child, check the right part of the screen to make sure he/she is not already created. Click **Add**. The child is created and the links with his/her parents too.

#### **Family Group Data tab**

- Click the spouse who is the other parent of the child to select him/her in the **Families** data entry fields.
- Click the button at the bottom of the **Children** entry fields.
- Complete the entry fields with the information you have. The child's surname is prefilled with the surname of the father or the mother if you did not select a spouse for the mother.

**Info** • If you made a mistake in selecting a spouse as the other parent, simply change the Family number in the first column of the **Children** fields.

• Continue the input with the information you have. The second part of each Child line contains data fields for the spouse of the child.

For more information on adding the spouse of a child in the **Family Group Data** tab, see chapter <u>Input a Family Group</u>.

• To validate the new person, click outside the entry fields.

# Link an existing person

#### **During data entry**

- Place the person to whom you want to add a child as the primary person.
- If the primary person has several spouses, click the spouse who is the other parent of the child to select him/her.
- Create the link.
  - Choose **Person > Add Child**.
  - Click the button on the toolbar and choose Add Child
  - Click the + (xx children) button **Add Child** in the display screen of the primary person on the **Family** tab.

In the **Add or Choose Child** field, enter the given name in the **Personal Data** field. Select the individual to be linked from the list of **Matching Persons** to the right of the screen. Click **Choose** or double-click his/her name in the list.

Click Choose of double-click his/her hame in the list.

**Info** • Creating a Child link automatically creates a family with the father and mother, even if no event has been entered.

#### Drag and drop

- Place the person to whom you want to add a child as the primary person. Click the spouse who is the other parent of the child to select him/her.
- Take the child from a side panel (**Persons, Bookmarks, Relations...**), and release on the display fields of the screen (children display area on the **Immediate Family** tab or **Children** on **Family Group Data** tab). The child is then linked to both parents (the primary person and the selected spouse).

#### Order of children

Heredis places children according to their date of birth.

If you know the order of the children without knowing their dates of birth, or if the chronology does not seem exact to you, you may change their order of display.

### Change the order of children

(Windows) Make a right-click on one of the children and select Order of Children.

(**Mac**) Use drag and drop. Select the line of the person to be moved, and release it at the desired location. A blue line indicates the destination location.

#### Windows - Let Heredis determine the order

You may cancel a manual order change of children if you have made mistakes or entered new dates. To do this, right-click the list of children and choose **Order of Children**, then tick the box **Leave Heredis to determine the order/ Let Heredis determine the order.** 

#### Mac - To change the order again

As before, in **Immediate Family**, use drag and drop. Select the box or line of the children to be moved, and release it at the desired location.

# Unlink a child and his/her parents

#### All tabs

- Place the child or one of the parents as the primary person.
- Delete the parent-child link.
  - If the primary person is a parent, select the child to be unlinked from the list of primary person's children. Choose **Person > Delete > Selected Child Link** or click the button in the toolbar and choose **Unlink Selected Child**.
  - If the primary person is a child, choose Person > Delete > Father Link or Mother
     Link, or click the button on the toolbar and choose Unlink Father or Unlink Mother.

# **Family Group Data tab**

- Select the child to be unlinked from the **Children** fields.
- Click the button at the bottom of the field, and choose **Unlink Child**.

**Info** • If you select the **Delete Child and All Links** option, you will remove the person from your genealogy file, not just the link.

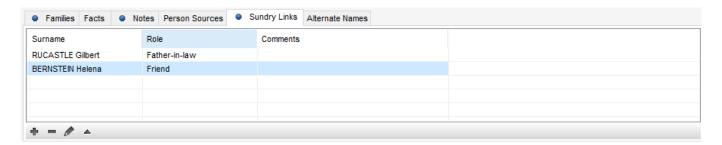
# Add other linked persons

The concept of a linked person allows you to specify a link between two persons when:

- The kinship is uncertain. You know that Paul is the uncle of John, but you do not know if he is the paternal or maternal uncle, or the husband of an aunt. Create a personal link between the two individuals until the exact kinship may be determined.
- There are no events to link the two persons. You know that Jane was a friend of Maria. Create a personal link *Friend* between these two persons.

Linked persons are displayed on the **Personal Data** tab. Click the **Sundry Links** tab to add, edit or delete them with •• • • . When at least one person is linked, a visual indicator (blue spot) is displayed on the **Sundry Links** tab. The personal link appears in the **Personal Data** tab of both related persons.

(Windows) Linked Persons



#### (Mac) Linked Persons



#### Add a new person

Put the person you want to add a related person as the primary person.

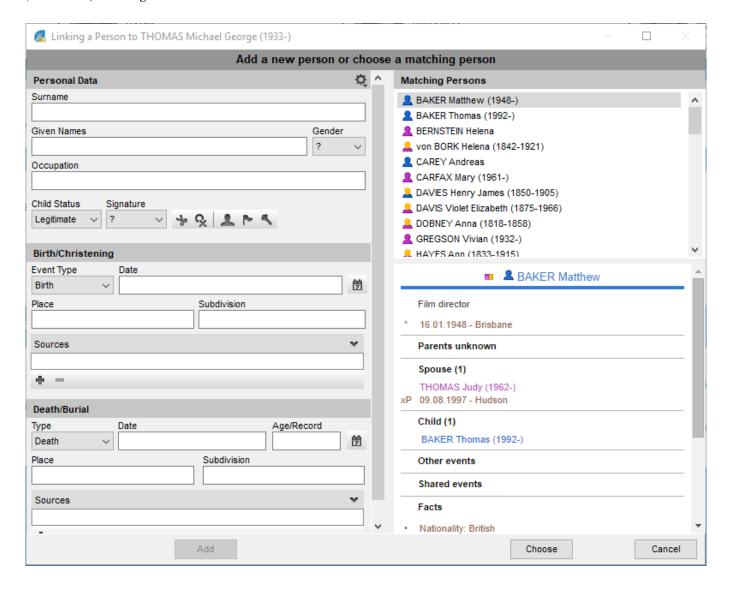
Click on the **Sundry Link** tab in the **Personal Data** screen. In the button bar of this tab, click the button (link a person to the primary person).

or (Windows only) Click the + Add / Add Link

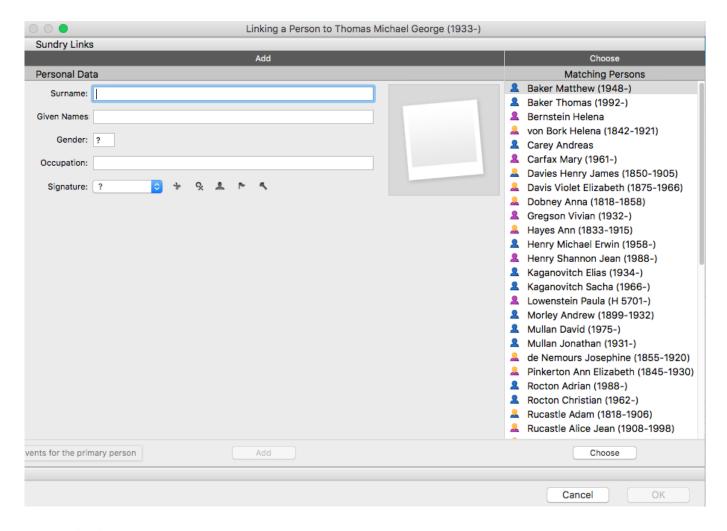
The windows **Linking a person** opens. Enter the information you know about the person. Make sure the person doesn't already exist in the matching persons list (in the list on the right). Click on **Add** or select the matching person and click on **Choose** if the person is already in your file. You may access the

detailed data of that person later if you wish to expand on the information about the person.

### (Windows) Linking a Person



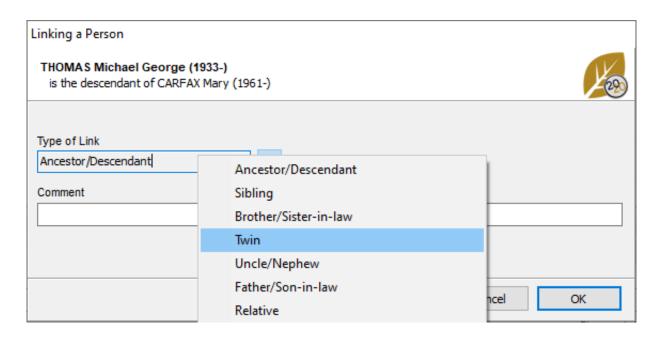
(Mac) Linking a Person



#### In the **Linking a person** window,

- Precise the link by unrolling the **Type of Link** menu and select friend, heir, cousin, etc.
- Complete with a possible **Comment** of the link to indicate the nature or origin of the bond that unites these two people as for example "maternal side".
- Check the wording of the link at the top of the window and, if necessary, reverse the terms of the link with the \*\* ?button. The related person then appears in the **Sundry Link** tab in the **Personal Data** tab. Its link will depend on its gender, if you choose Uncle for example for a woman, then the bond will be Aunt.
- Click **OK** to validate the creation.

(Windows) Creation of the link



(Mac) Creation of the link area at the bottom of the Person information section window



## Personal links with an existing person

#### **Personal Data tab**

- 1. Click the **Sundry Links** tab.
- 2. On the button bar at the bottom, click (Add a link to the primary person).
- 3. The **Linking a Person to...** screen opens. Enter the surname and given name in the **Personal Data** fields and select the individual from the list of **Matching Persons** to the right of the screen. Click the **Choose** button or double-click the name in the list.
- 4. Complete the information fields for the link and press **OK**.

#### Drag and drop

- 1. Click the **Sundry Links** tab.
- 2. Take the person to be linked from one of the side panels (**Persons, Bookmarks, Relations...**), and release on the **Sundry Links** tab.
- 3. Complete the information fields on the link and press **OK**.

# Change a personal link

Every person in the genealogy file may be linked to one or more individuals by a personal link. Indicate

the information known about the nature of the link in the input fields.

Change or supplement the information in the **Personal Data** tab.

#### Windows' Links



#### Mac's Sundry Links



- 1. Click the **Sundry Links** tab.
- 2. Select the link to edit and click **Edit and modify the selected link** , Mac: or double-click the line.
- 3. Edit the information concerning the link.

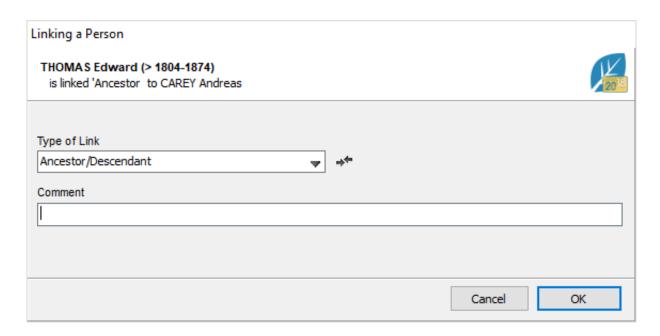
### Type of link

Choose the type of link between the two persons from the pop-up menu.

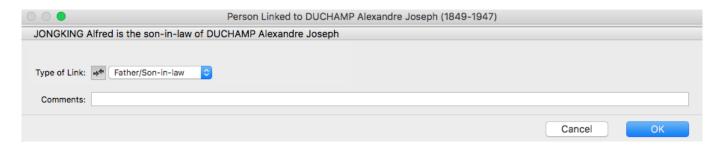
**Info** • The position of the two persons may be meaningful (Mark is the heir of Peter therefore Peter is the testator of Mark), or non-differentiating (Maya and Brenda are friends).

### Meaning of the link

(Windows) Meaning of the link



### (Mac) Meaning of the link



Check the link in the window title (Is Mark really said to be the heir of Peter, or the testator?). To change the link, click the **Swap the link** icon \*\*.

#### **Comment**

Type a comment justifying the link between these two people.

Once you have validated the entry or modification of the linked person, the comment will appears in the list of linked persons.

The appropriate type of link is specified in the **Sundry Links** tab for each of the two persons and the comment of the link is identical.

## Unlink a person

- 1. On the **Personal Data** tab, open the **Sundry Links** tab.
- 2. On the button bar at the bottom, click (Unlink the selected person).
- 3. Validate with **OK** and the personal link between these two people no longer exists, but both persons remain available in your genealogy file.

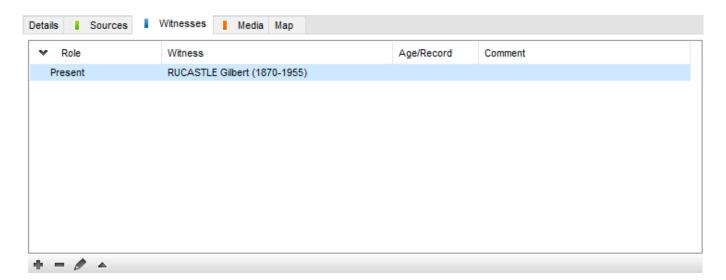
# Add witnesses and participants

Based on the act or document that you possess, indicate who are the persons who attended the event, or who are cited (witnesses, those present, registrar, etc..).

Witnesses and participants are displayed on the Personal Data tab. For each selected event, you may access them by clicking the Witnesses or Participants tab. If at least one person was linked to the event, a visual indicator (blue bar) is displayed on the tab, in the list of events.

# Add a new person

#### Add a witness



- 1. Click the **Witnesses** or **Participants** tab in the event information fields. The **Witnesses** tab becomes **Participants** if the event is shared.
- 2. On the button bar at the bottom, click (Link a witness or participant to the event).
- 3. The **Assign a Witness or Participant to...** screen opens. Enter the information you know about the person.
- 4. Click **Add**. The person is now available in the existing persons list of your file.

## Link an existing person

#### During data entry for an event

- 1. Click the **Witnesses** or **Participants** tab in event information fields.
- 2. On the button bar at the bottom, click (Link a witness or participant to the event).
- 3. The **Assign a Witness or Participant to...** screen opens. Enter the surname or first name in the **Personal Data** field and select the person to be linked from the list of **Matching Persons** to the right of the screen. Click the **Choose** button or double-click the name in the list.
- 4. Complete the information field on the link and press **OK**.

### Drag and drop

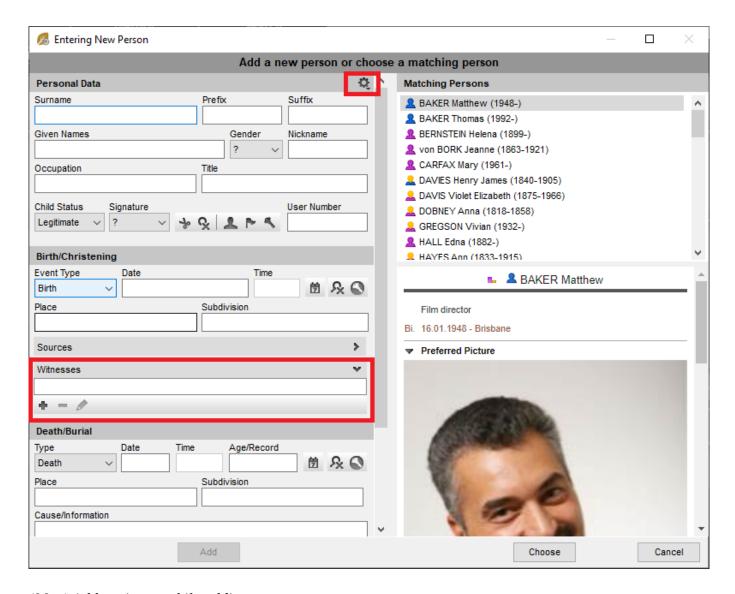
- 1. Select the event concerned on the **Personal Data** tab.
- 2. Take the person to be linked from a side panel (**Persons, Bookmarks, Relations...**), and release him/her on the information fields of the event.
- 3. Complete the link information fields and press **OK**.

# Add a new person with his/her witnesses

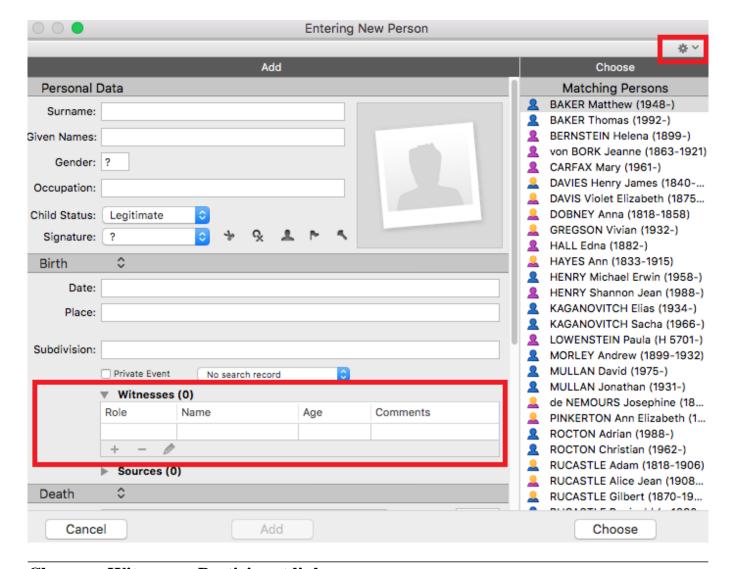
To add witnesses to an event during the data entry for a new person, use the **Comprehensive** or **Customized** display mode by clicking the indented wheel icon at the top right of the **Add or Choose...** screen. See also <u>Customize Heredis – Heredis Preferences</u> article.

- 1. Add the person you want (see also Add persons)
- 2. Disclose the **Witnesses** field (click the disclosure triangle if it is folded).
- 3. In the button bar at the bottom of the **Witnesses** field, click the + button.
- 4. The **Assign a Witness to...** screen opens. Enter the information you know about the witness and click **Add**. Or select an existing person and click **Choose**.
- 5. Provide information on the link with the witness and press **OK**. The witness is added to the **Witnesses** fields of the input screen.
- 6. Enter another witness or continue typing the data for the primary person.

(Windows) Add a witness while adding a new person



(Mac) Add a witness while adding a new person



# Change a Witness or Participant link

Every person in the genealogy file may be assigned to one or more events. Enter the information known about his/her role in the event.

Change or supplement this information on the **Personal Data** tab.

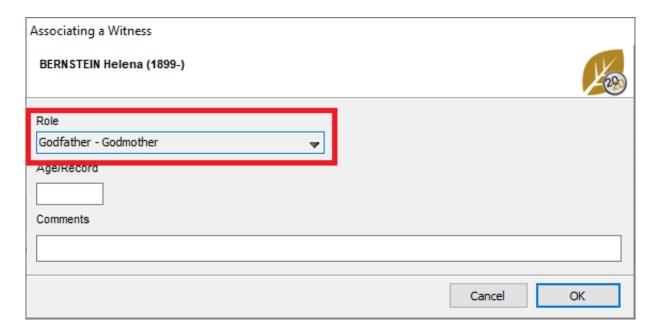
- 1. Select the event and click the **Witnesses** or **Participants** tab.
- 2. Select the Witness link to be changed and click the **Edit and modify the link with the selected witness or participant** button, or double-click the line.
- 3. Edit the information of the link.

#### Role

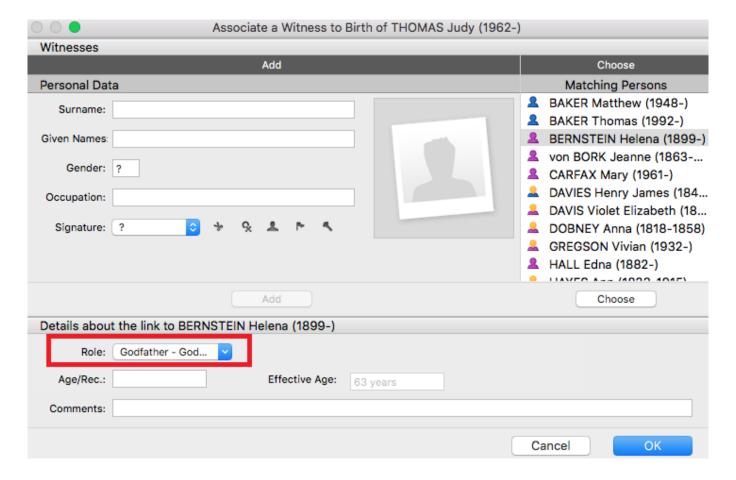
Specify the role of the person in the selected event: it may be a participant in the event (witness, religious officiant, godfather, etc..) or be quoted as not having participated (deceased relative, lawyer who has registered a contract, etc..).

Choose the role to assign from the pop-up menu.

#### (Windows) Witness role



### (Mac) Witness role



#### Age

• Age on record: many deeds indicate the age of the witness on the day of the event. Fill in the field

#### Age/Record.

• Effective Age: to help you verify the choice of an existing person as a witness, Heredis calculates and displays their actual age on the day of the event. If it is very different from the age on the record, you have probably selected a homonym. Cancel the link and select another person or check the dates which may be incorrect.

If the witness or paticipant has no known date of birth, the age on the record allows Heredis to calculate the date of birth automatically.

#### **Comments**

Type a comment on the link between the person and the event. In most cases, you will use here references to occupation, residence and kinship as shown on the acts.

Once you have validated the entry or modification of the witness or participant, the comment appears in the list of witnesses or participants.

# Unlink a witness or participant and an event

- 1. On the **Personal Data** tab, select the event and click the **Witnesses** or **Participants** tab.
- 2. On the bar at the bottom of the event, click (Unlink the selected witness or participant from the event).
- 3. Press **OK** to validate.

The person is detached from the event but remains available in your genealogy file.

# Add an unrelated person

When you want to create a new person without it being attached to the family displayed:

Select the Person menu- Add - Unrelated Person.



or click the button  $\frac{1}{2}$  and then the button in the  $\frac{1}{2}$  toolbar.



Type in his surname and given names.

Make sure the new person to be created doesn't already exist in your file by looking at the list of matching persons in your file and the summary of any homonym. You can click on a person in the list of matching persons to see the information about him/her in the Summary.

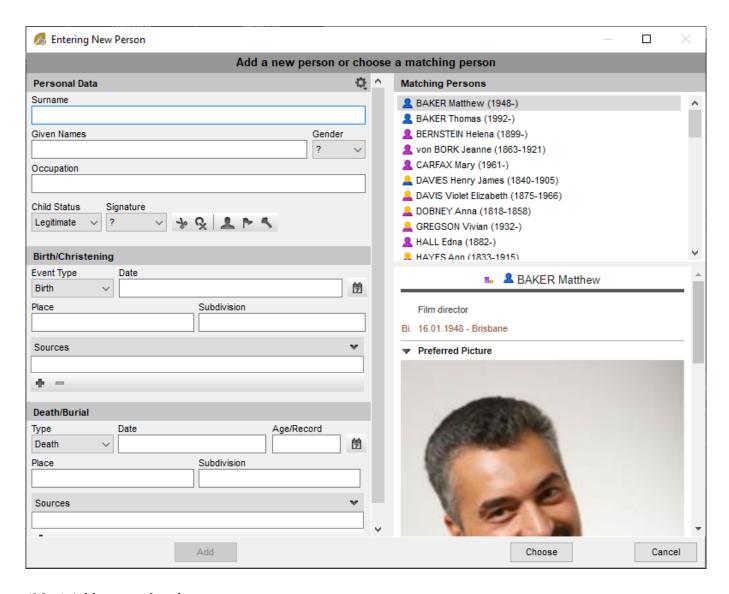
Once the person has been identified, select him/her with a simple click and then click the **Choose** or double-click on his/her name in the list displayed.

He/She then appears as the primary person of a new Family screen.

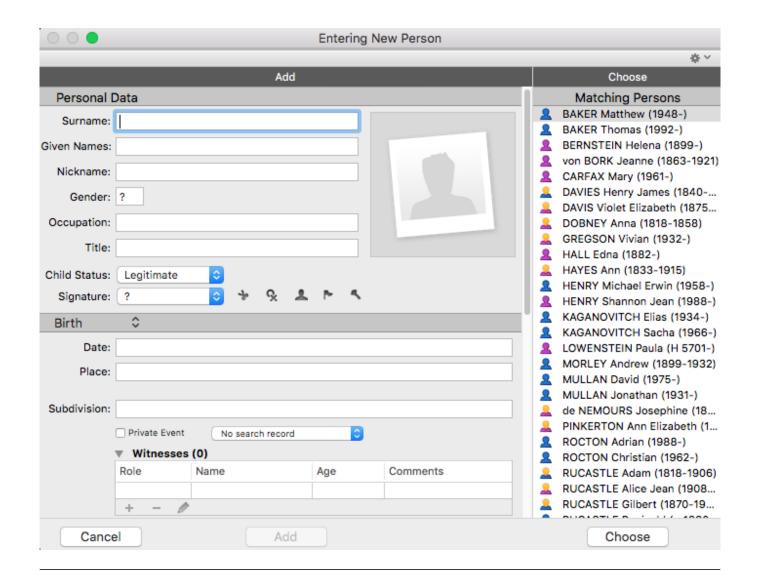
If the new person is not on the list of matching persons, continue to fill the entry window with the information you have and click the **Add** button.

If you want more input fields, click on the indented wheel to change the view mode.

(Windows) Add an unrelated person



(Mac) Add an unrelated person



# **Input a Family Group Data**

The **Data** tab > **Family Group Data** tab is designed to add easily to expanded family groups and is particularly suited for the entry of descendants.

#### Family Group Data



Each generation has an adapted data entry field: parents, spouses and children and their spouses may be entered one after another.

Click on the • button to add parents, a spouse or a child.

Enter the surname and given name. Then type the date and place of the required events (Birth, Death or Marriage).

To avoid duplicates, Heredis will indicate with a red arrow , any existing person who may match the person you are entering. Click the red arrow to see the list of potential duplicates. If you think you have identified the person you wish to add, stop typing and select the person from the list and then click **Choose**.

#### Family Group Data



If no person displayed in the list corresponds to your individual, continue filling out the data fields.

Each data input is validated as soon as you click outside the line. Thus, without displaying any other screen, individuals are simply added generation after generation.

Each field of the **Family Group Data** tab is equipped with the same tools as the other input screens

(modular input modes, drag and drop input, automatic formatting, real-time duplicate control).

To delete a person from the family data group, simply select it and click on the button.

To modify it use the button in the selected line.

To add a spouse to a child, use the rings icon .

To display the selected person, click on the \*button.

Note: As usual in Heredis, you can display more or less fields by using the indented wheel and change the entering mode.

See also Add children, Add parents, Add spouses.

## How to delete?

## Delete a link or a person

Sometimes you need to fumble about, make mistakes, and be able to fix them. The toolbar has a **Delete** 



button and offers a list of persons to be "deleted".

This feature actually allows you to unlink a person from the primary person without deleting it. The primary person is the only one who can be (completely) deleted this way.

If the "father" is not the right person, you can unlink him from the primary person by selecting **Unlink father**. You may still link him as a father to another primary person at a later time. The same thing is true for any other person in your genealogy.

In the same manner, you may delete a family link such as a spouse or a child.

## Delete an item from an index

- Open the index you are interested in and select the item to be deleted.
- Click the button (Delete). Confirm you want it removed from the index by clicking **OK**.

**Info** • Surnames, given names, and places cannot be deleted if they are in use.

## Delete unused items from an index

You may choose to remove, in one simple process, all unused items in your genealogy file. As a precaution, start with displaying a list of all unused items by checking the **Unused** [...] box next to the Search field.

- (Mac) Click the Options button in the toolbar of the index then select Remove all unused [...]
- (Windows) Click the Tools button of the index then select Remove all unused [...]
- Confirm their removal by clicking **OK**.

## The – button to delete

Generally speaking, when you see this button , it means you will be able to delete data.

## Delete a Heredis file

Your genealogy file is stored on your computer hard drive. Heredis needs it to be on the hard drive to be able to work properly, you should not launch the file from a removable drive (USB drive or external hard drive).

You can delete a genealogy by placing the file in the recycle bin of your computer.

Heredis is a desktop software, which means that your files are saved on your computer. Only you can access it, we do not have your files. This is why it is always necessary to make backups on USB drive or cloud or external hard drive.

To find your files, see the article Find a file on your computer.

## Media

Whenever you see this display area you may add an illustration: the photo of your great-grandfather, the photo of your baptism, the scanned image of a death certificate from 1715... These are not only images that you can attach to your data files but also sounds, videos, PDF documents, files created with your word processor.

Nothing is easier than to associate media: select it from your hard drive (**Mac**) or in iPhoto and drag to the display area.

Assign to your data any type of media to illustrate your genealogy.

# What media for your genealogy?

Besides the usual media (images, sounds and videos), Heredis can assign files that can be opened directly from your genealogy software by launching the application that was used to create the media.

- Assign a text file created with (Windows) any word processor; (Mac) Pages and Heredis opens your word processor to read it.
- Assign a numbers document and either Excel or another spreadsheet program on your hard drive will open it to read it.
- Integrate PDF files and Adobe Acrobat will open as soon as you double-click the media.
- A Heredis tree chart effectively illustrating a branch? Assign the tree chart file to your ancestor. This tree chart may be opened from the **Media** tab of the person displayed.

**Note**: files that are not image formats (.jpg, .jpeg, .png, etc.) will not be taken over when creating a document (Book, Sheets, etc.)

## What data can be illustrated?

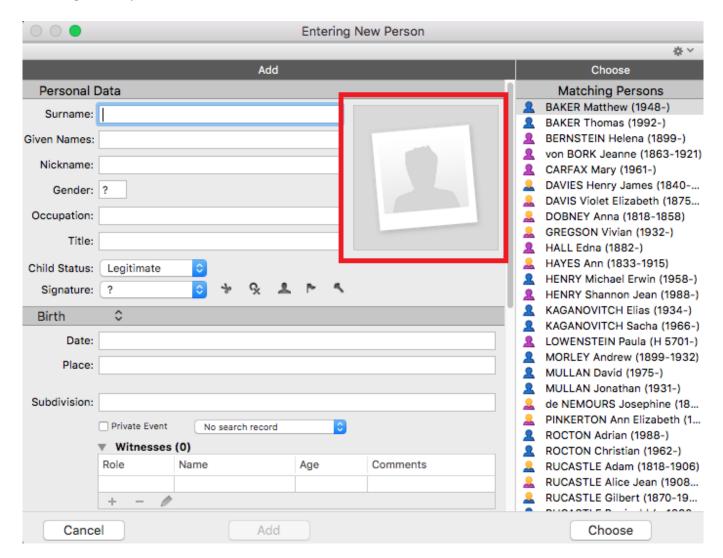
- A person: in the media display field of the primary person in the **Immediate Family**, **XXL Family**, **Personal Data** or **Family Group Data** tabs. You may also add media to the **Personal Data** field of **Create or choose...** screen.
- A couple: in the **Families** field of the **Personal Data** tab.
- An event: on the **Personal Data** tab, click the **Media** tab after selecting an event.
- A surname: in the **Surnames Index**, either in the display field of the selected surname or directly in the **Entering Surname** screen.
- A given name: in the **Given Names Index**, either in the display field of the selected given name or directly in the **Entering Given Name** screen.
- An occupation: either in the **Occupations Index**, either in the display field of the selected occupation or directly in the **Entering Occupation** screen.
- A place: in the **Places Index**, either in the display field of the selected place or in the **Entering Place** screen.
- A source: in the **Sources Index**, either in the display field of the selected source or in the

## Entering Source screen.

The profile media of a person once added will be visible in several screens.

For example:

*In the input data file* 



## In the Immediate Family screen



#### In the Personal Data screen



The quantity of media assigned to each item of data is unlimited. If you add multiple photos at different ages, for example, you can define which one should be the main image. This main image will be the one displayed in the summary, in the trees, in the documents... To choose your main media of the individual, double-click the image to open the photo tool. You will then see all the photos attached to this individual. Select the photo you want to put as the main photo and click on the star at the bottom of the list.

Each media may be assigned to several items of data.

When media have been assigned in your genealogy file, they are visible in the **Media** panel and in the **Media Index**.

A date and/or a note may be added to the media if you edit it by double-clicking on it.

**Info** • All media assigned to your genealogy are integrated into your file. You may synchronize your file with your mobile phone or another computer without worrying about the media. They will be automatically transferred.

# Import media to your file

You can add one or more media simultaneously to your genealogy file.

Adding media to the file is done either from the media display field for each selected data, or directly into the **Media Index** or the **Media** panel. In this case the media are integrated into the file but not yet assigned to data. They are classified as **Unused Media**.

## (Mac) Drag and drop

- 1. Locate the media or several selected media to be imported on your hard drive or from the application that manages your photos (iPhoto, Aperture, etc.).
- 2. Drag the file to import and drop on the media display field of the data or on the **Media Index** or **Media** panel.

#### With the Media field buttons

In the Media display field for each data item:

- 1. Click the (Add to media) button.
- 2. Select the media to be assigned:
  - Select (Mac) **Drag from the Media Index** / (Windows) **Choose from media index** if the media has already been assigned to your data.
  - Select Choose on Disk if the media to be imported has never been assign to your data.
  - Select **Past from Clipboard** if you previously copied the media in the clipboard.
- 3. Select the media with the (Windows) Windows Explorer; (Mac) Finder tools and click Open.

**Info** • To display the toolbar for media management, move the mouse over the display field of the media. Right-clicking on the display field of the media also gives you access to the **Add New Media** option.

In the **Media** panel or in the **Media Index**:

- 1. Click the (Add New Media) button.
- 2. Select the media to be imported with the (Windows) Windows Explorer / (Mac) Finder and then click Open.

### Information on the media

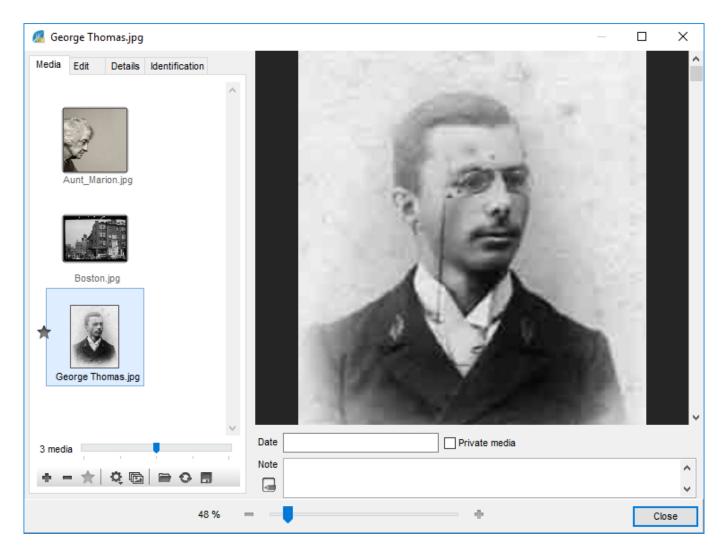
#### Link between media and data

At any moment, you may assign new media to an item of data, or unlink media assigned by error. Heredis lets you also replace one media with another.

#### Media details

For each illustrated data in your genealogy file, double-click the media displayed and view the multimedia screen to manage all assigned media. In the **Media Index** or the **Media** panel, double-click the media to display the **Photo tool** screen.

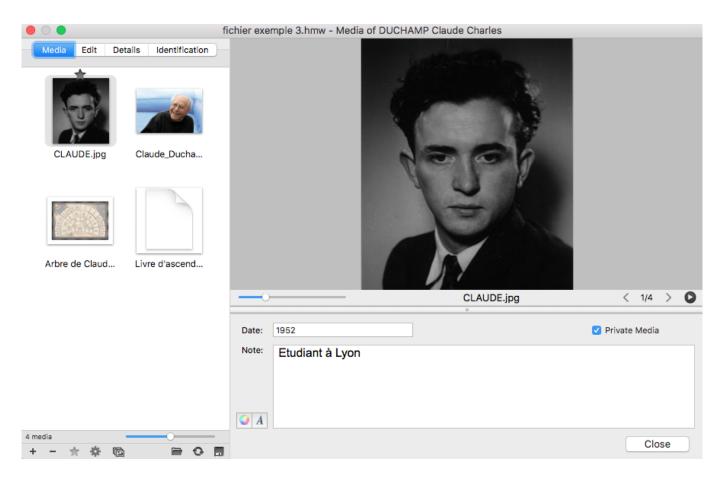
Photo Tool for Windows



**Date**: The date of the media is a useful guide to illustrate the lives of ancestors, and allows the classification by date of the various media assigned to a person.

**Note**: Enter your comments in the notes field. The note may be formatted with tools for text editing. **Private Media**: Tick the **Private Media** box to exclude it from export of a file or printing of a document. **Preferred Picture**: Among all media assigned to the data, select the image that is displayed in the navigation screens and that illustrates the tree charts and printed documents. Tick the **Preferred Picture** box if your choice is not of the first image you have assigned to the data.

Photo Tool for Mac



**Mac Info** • You may change the **Preferred Picture** in the display field of any given media. Move over the area with the mouse to display the toolbar for media management. With the **Previous Media** – **Next Media** arrows, display the image you want to set as the **Preferred Picture**. Click the **Preferred Picture** button (shown as a star \*).

**Info** • Find in this display field of the selected media its name, its size and original location of the media.

**Info** • Media are copied to the genealogical file. Their original location is given as an indication, there is no longer any connection between the media at the original location and media in your genealogy file. You can, however, request an update of the media file from the original media.

#### Display order of media

Heredis automatically classifies media according to the order in which you have assigned to the data. To change this order, file them by date or name, or manually move the media in the order you want.

### From the **Photo Tool** or the **Media Index**.

- 1. Open the multimedia screen of the data.
  - Double-click the media field.
  - (Mac) Click the pencil-shaped bar in the media buttons.
- 2. Arrange the media.
  - Click the **Sort** ( icon) and select **Sort by date** or **Sort by name**.

• (Mac) Drag the media with the mouse to position in the desired display order. A blue line indicates where the media will be dropped.

For further details see Photo Tool.

# Searching for missing media

### Check missing media

You have imported a file from an earlier version of Heredis or GEDCOM? If the original location of the media was changed at the time of import, or if a folder containing the media did not accompany the GEDCOM file, the media may be missing. A GEDCOM file only contain the name of the media and way to access the original.

They are displayed differently if Heredis had the thumbnails or not.

- For a Heredis file where there was a displayed thumbnail, the words "original not found" follows the media name in the media edit window, but you still see its representation.
- For a file where there was no displayed thumbnail, the icon of the media not found is displayed instead of the media.

## Find a group of media

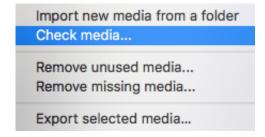
Open the Media Index.

- 1. Click the (Windows) Tools / (Mac) Options button (indented wheel icon) on the toolbar of the Index.
- 2. Select Check media...

Windows Check Media

Export displayed media...
Remove All Unused Media...
Check media...

Mac Check Media



Heredis reviews all the media in your genealogy and detects, if any:

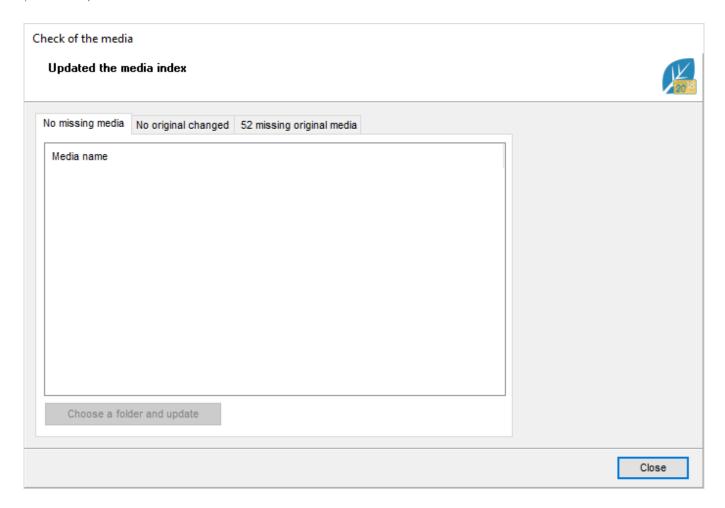
- media not found following deletion from the Media folder managed by Heredis
- media of which the original has been modified by third party software other than Heredis
- and finally, media for which the original has changed location and is no longer present on your computer.

In the **Media check** window, you can:

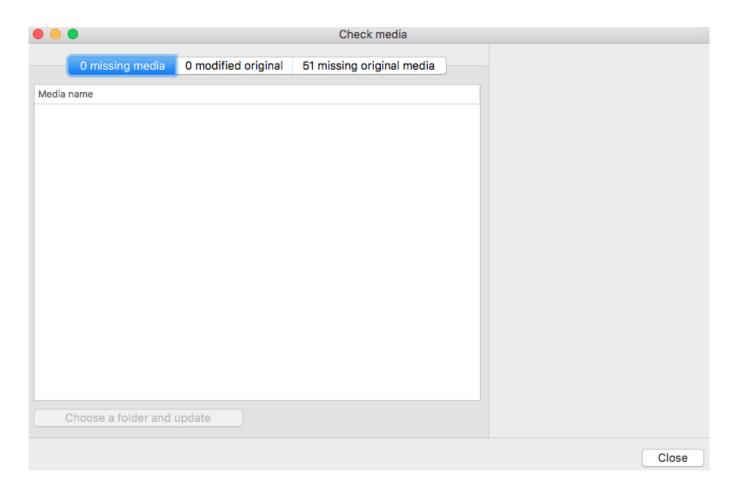
- in the **Missing Media** tab, designate a folder to search and update these media. Click on **Choose folder and update**. Indicate the location of the media on your computer.
- in the **Original changed** tab, select all or part of the media managed by Heredis to update them from the originals. Click on **Update the selection**.
- in the **Missing Original Media** tab, specify the folder where your original is located. Click on **Choose a folder**.

**Note**: If your media are stored in multiple folders, you will have to do as many times the manipulation to indicate which folder you have folders.

(Windows) Media check window



(Mac) Media check window



If your originals have changed their names, Heredis will not be able to reinstate them automatically. Indeed, the software cannot know that you have changed the name of a media. In this case, see the paragraph below.

# Unlinking, replacing or deleting media

### Unlink media

In all the display fields for media, (Mac) right-click the media concerned and choose Unlink Media, or (Windows) click the button on the toolbar for media management.

On the screen displaying all media assigned to a person or data:

- (Windows) Select the media in the left column, or click the (Remove Selected Media) button at the bottom of this column.
- (Mac) Click the media in the left column and then, in the display field of the media, right-click and choose the Unlink Media from... option.

The media is unlinked from the person or data but remains available in the **Media Index** and may be assigned to other.

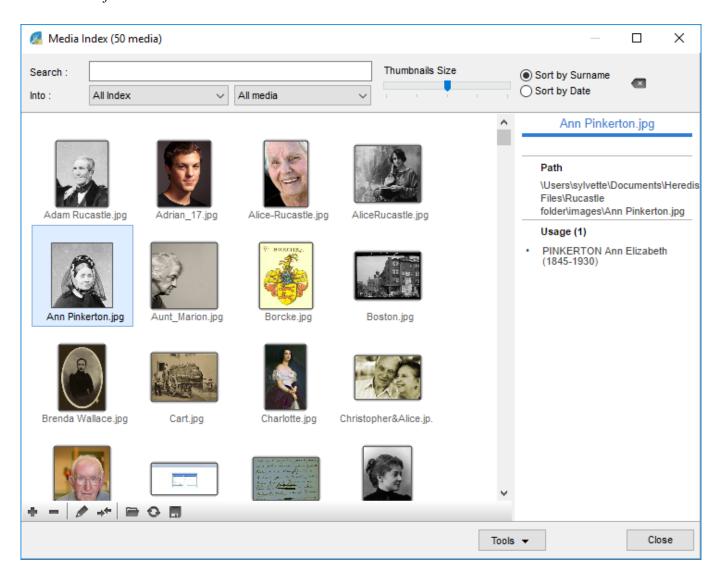
### Replace media with other media

You may have assigned two different media but they were the same (an image of a source saved with two

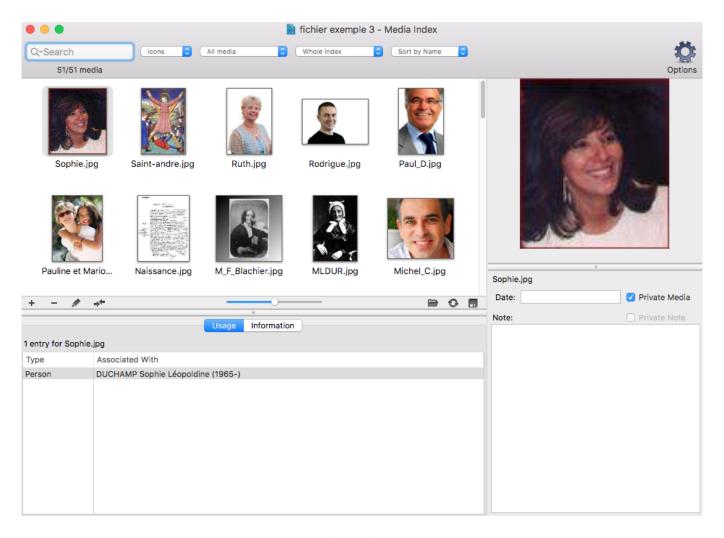
different names, the same image on the selected hard drive and in iPhoto ...). You may only keep one assigned media but use it several times.

1. Open the Media Index and select the media to be replaced.

Media Index for Windows



Media Index for Mac



- 2. Click **Replace with another Media from...** or on the button bar of the display field and choose the duplicate image in the index or the replacement image in its folder on your hard drive.
- 3. Select the media to be kept and click the **Choose** button. The initial media has been replaced by the second for all its uses.

#### Delete media

Display the Media panel, or open the Media Index.

- Select the media to delete
- Click the

(Remove the selected media) button on the toolbar for media management.

- (Mac) Right-click the media and choose Remove...
- Confirm the deletion of the media with **OK**.

This will delete the media from your genealogy file. If it had been used, it will no longer appear in the illustrations of data or persons to whom it was assigned.

# **Sharing media**

### Export a file containing media

Media are integrated in your genealogy file. When you export a part of your file by creating a new Heredis file, the media assigned to the exported data are integrated into the new file, unless you had unticked the **Media** box of the Heredis export screen.

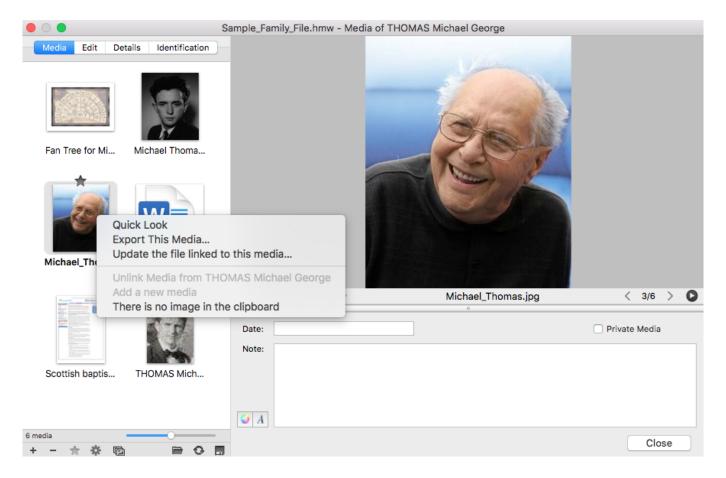
When you synchronize your genealogy file with your cellphone or with another computer, they are also integrated in the data.

## **Export media files**

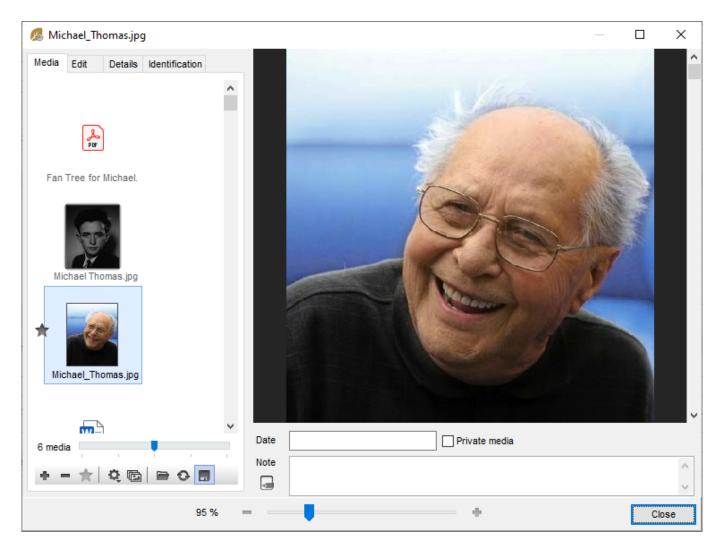
You can extract one or more media from your genealogical file for transmission to other people or for another use on your own computer.

- Double-click on the media to access the edition screen of the media,
- 1. (Mac) Choose Export This Media... in the right-click menu on the media, or (Mac & Windows) click on the Export selected media button.

(Mac) Export selected media

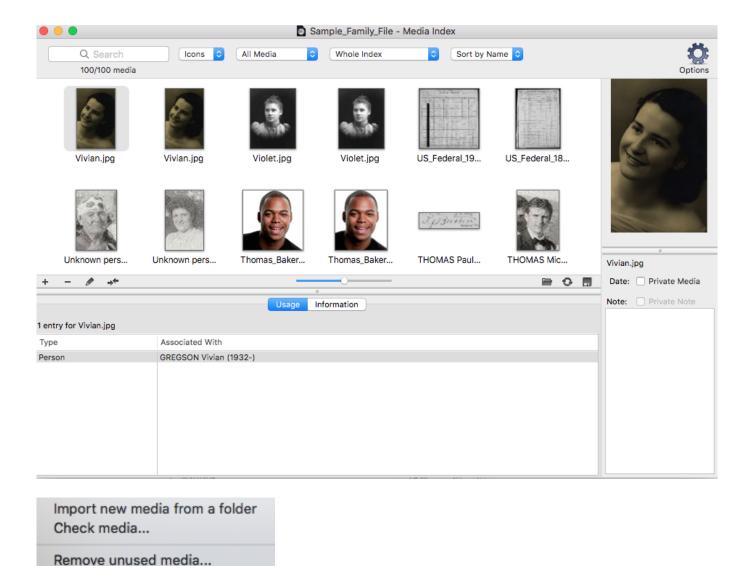


(Windows) Export selected media



- 2. Keep the same name or change it and choose the destination location for the exported media.
  - In the Media Index,
- 1. Make a selection of media using the display filters for different types of media or uses. Display for example images used for sources in the submenus.
- 2. Click the (Windows) **Tools** / (Mac) **Options** button on the toolbar of the index and choose **Export Displayed Media....**

(Mac) Export media from Media index

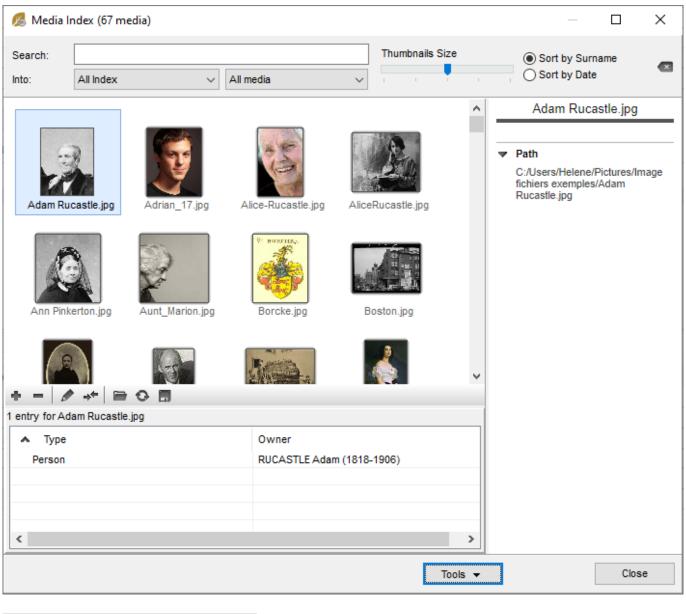


Remove missing media...

Export selected media...

Export Sciented Inicala...

(Windows) Export media from Media index



Export displayed media...
Remove All Unused Media...
Check media...

3. Select the destination folder for the exported media.

For further details, see Media Index.

# **Photo Tool**

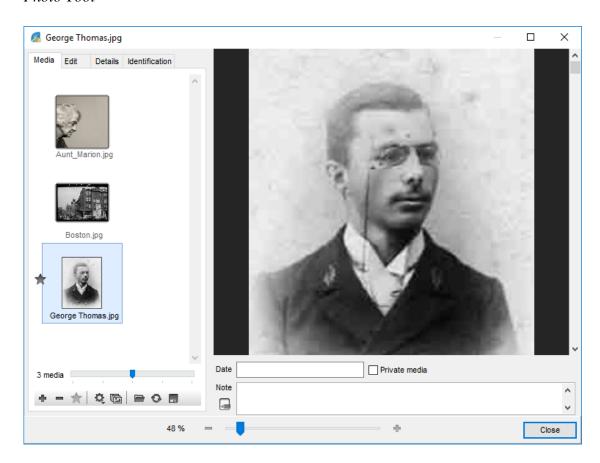
Heredis offers an ideal tool for enriching your Genealogy. Very simple to use, it allows for example, for all genealogists to identify persons in a group photo or in an act and capture faces or signatures.

If the pictures or captures of acts are not perfect, you may correct them with the photo editing tool.

The photo tool is available in your software from the **Immediate Family, XXL Family, Personal Data** and **Family Group Data** tabs but also from the **Media research** panel and from the various indexes.

- Select for example the **Immediate Family** in the **Family** tab and double-click on the media of the primary person
- or click the button if it is in your toolbar
- or click on the **Tools** Menu > **Photo Tool**

#### Photo Tool



This tool consists of four tabs, **Media**, **Edit**, **Details** and **Identification**, a display area for the image and input fields to complete media information.

You have information concerning a photo: enter in the input fields the date and notes to clarify the context and thus complement your genealogical data.

If necessary, indicate that this is a private media. Thus, you can avoid transmitting it when exporting or publishing your file: tick the **Private Media** box.

## The Media tab

A list of media appears in this tab in the form of photo thumbnails. This list will depend on the context of launching of the photo tool.

For example, if you run the tool from the thumbnail of the Primary Person in the **Immediate Family**, the media displayed will be those of the Primary Person.

If you run the tool from a picture of the union in the **Personal Data** tab, Heredis will only list the media for that union.

A zoom slider at the bottom of the tab to the right of media counter allows you to adjust the size of the thumbnail displayed.

You have a series of buttons to act on the media displayed:

- Button •: You can add a media from the hard disk, the index or the clipboard.
- Button : press this button to detach the media of the Primary Person without removing it from the Media index.
- **Info** • and buttons are not displayed if you launch the photo tool from the Media index.
  - Button \*: the star symbol identifies the photo you have selected as a favorite. It is this photo which will illustrate the person in question in all documents. Select a thumbnail from the list and click this button to place it as the favorite.
  - Show all media linked to primary person button: this button will display all the media concerning the person and you will see the wedding picture or pictures of the Primary Person, as well as those associated with his or her name...

**Info** • the Star and All Media buttons only appear when you display the media of the Primary Person.

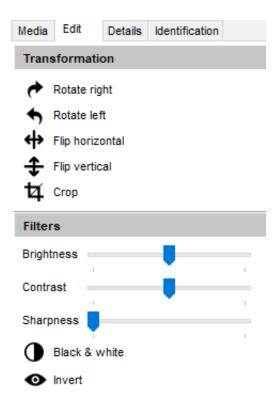
- Q button: to find a media more easily in the displayed miniatures, you can sort them by name or date.
- button: if you have made a mistake in adding a media, click this button to replace it with another media on your computer.
- button: you have made changes to a photo which do not suit you and you want to go back to the original version of this photo: click the Reload button. Heredis will automatically reload the original picture saved on the computer.
- 🖩 button: You can save a copy of the displayed picture to the **Photo tool** on your computer.

## The Edit tab

Editing is possible for images media: . jpg, . jpeg, .png... It is not possible to touch up a PDF or a .docx. It is therefore preferable to put image-type media even for your deeds rather than PDFs.

If your photo is not perfect, you can easily modify it.

For example, crop the image to remove unwanted parts with the **Crop** button. When you click the button, a selection box appears on your capture. Adjust the dimension with your mouse cursor by stretching or narrowing one of the 4 corners of the selection area. The cursor changes shape when you position it on the dotted lines of the selection area: hold down the left click and drag the window to move it. When the selection area is adjusted, click **Crop**. Your image is now well framed.



If you want to orientate your photo in any other way, rotate the image in the right direction by using the orientation buttons **Rotate Left** Button, **Rotate Right** button. You may flip the image horizontally with the **Horizontal Flip** button but also vertically with the **Vertical Flip** button.

With Heredis, you do not need any other software to embellish your photos. You can adjust **brightness**, **contrast**, or **definition to sharpen** an image to its true value.

You can also change a color photo to black and white by clicking the button but also reverse the colors of the photo by clicking on the button.

Do not hesitate to try different changes, because you can always return to the original photo with the **Cancel** button.

Once your image is satisfactory, you may confirm the changes by clicking the **Apply** button.

#### The Details tab

With this tab, Heredis informs you of the different uses of the image displayed and shows you where the original is located on your computer. If you click on the displayed path, (**Windows**) Windows Explorer / (**Mac**) Finder will open.

See also Media Index and Media articles.

## The Identification tab

From this tab, you can identify persons in a group photo or persons named in an act by cutting out their photos or signatures. If you then navigate through your software, you will see that the cut portraits or signatures illustrate persons with whom they are associated.

Using your mouse, enclose the people on the picture in the display area.

Position the mouse cursor over a person, hold down the left mouse button and draw a cut-out frame around the person. When you release the left click, Heredis instantly offers to search the index of persons of your genealogy for the person in question.

If you know this person, type in the given name or surname or both. Immediately Heredis displays the list of persons with this name and forename or variations in your file. Select the person from the list and click (Windows) Choose; (Mac) OK.

## Identification



If you know this person, but he is not present in your genealogy, click the **L** Create Person button to create the person directly from this screen.

If you do not recognize this person, click the **Punknown Person** button to indicate that this person is an unknown person. Should you publish this group photo at a later date, an internet user may identify this person and communicate the information to you. Check out the <u>Heredis Online</u> article to learn how to create and set up an album.

A frame appears around the person. You can always adjust this frame at any moment.

When you place the mouse pointer on the contours of the frame, it changes its appearance. By holding

down your mouse, you can move the frame. By touching the corners of the frame, you can enlarge it or reduce its size to make it fit perfectly.

To the left of the photo, the list of numbered frames appears progressively as you identify the different persons in the photo.

An indented wheel \*\* appears when you move your mouse over the media in the list. If you click this button, you have access to the following functions:

- **Remove the Frame**: you have made a mistake, select this menu to simply remove it. Note that all the frames are automatically renumbered.
- **Rename the framed picture**: Heredis automatically assigns a name to the media which you have just created and if the name does not suit you, you can change it.
- **Re-Identify**: if you have identified a person as unknown or you have made a mistake concerning the person, you can always assign to this frame the right person in your genealogy file.
- Export the framed image: You can save the newly created image managed by Heredis to your computer.

All images are stored directly in the Media Index. They are also assigned automatically to the media of the identified person.



Click the Show all picture frames button at the bottom of this tab to display only the frames numbers in the display area of the image.

You can print the picture as displayed in the image display area by clicking the **Print** button. Specify the print options and click **OK**. The document opens in your usual word processor.

Take this printed document along with you during visits to your family: the people around you will enjoy your work and perhaps identify unknown persons in the group photo.

Once you have identified all persons in a group photo, share it in your online photo album on Heredis Online through the **Publish** button.

**Info** • When you browse and launch the photo tool for a person with whom you have associated a signature for example, Heredis indicates above the display area of the image that the media selected has been cut from another picture. If you click the **Display the Original** link, it will be displayed in the image display area. If you want to hide it, click the **Hide Original** link.

# [Heredis 2020 Mac EN] - 08-25-2020

[User Guide 2020 Mac EN] - https://help.heredis.com

You cannot recut a picture that has already been cut out.

Some editing functions are not available for a group photo if you have already identified persons in this picture.

If you close your genealogy file without saving, all edits, cut-out photos and signatures... will be lost.

## **Slideshow**

With Heredis, the slideshow scrolls through the life of your ancestors in images. This tool presents your photos in a family album, composed of different chapters resuming life of the primary person and his/her immediate family.

In this function, Heredis displays the media of the primary person and his family and more specifically the media:

- of the primary person
- of his/her spouses
- of his/her children
- of his/her brothers and sisters
- of his/her parents
- of his/her grandparents

For all, Heredis shows the person's media, union media, individual events, union and shared events, media of names, forst names, occupations, places. If they have already been displayed for the primary person, they won't appear again.

### **Launch Slideshow**

To launch it, place the wanted person as the primary person:

- click the **Slideshow** button under the screen of the primary person from the immediate family tab, or the person's data entry tab.
- click on **Reports** menu > **Slideshow**

Let the pages of the photo album scroll through and enjoy your work.

- Click the **Pause** button on the top right of the screen to stop on a picture and read the comments on the photo, for example.
- Click the **Chapters** menu to display all the chapters of your album. By clicking on one of the chapters, you navigate directly to the selected chapter and you can then restart the slideshow by clicking the **Play** button at the top right.

Slideshow



# **Change Slideshow Theme**

By default, the slideshow appears with the **Retro** theme but you can change it according to your tastes. Click the **Themes** menu and choose another theme from the selection.

Each theme has an associated music. It is not editable.

At the bottom of the screen, you have an audio player for playing music. As you watch this family slideshow, the photos parade with the music. Click the **Sound** icon to cut the sound.

# Filter the images of the slideshow

By default, all media of the primary person and his/her close family are displayed.

Click on the indented wheel and choose the images you want to see for the primary person, his/her children, his/her spouse and unions, the other persons (brothers, sisters...) etc.

Filter images of Slideshow

# Slideshow photos

	All	Preferred	None	
Primary Person	•	•	0	
Children/Spouses	•	•	0	
Other persons	•	•	0	
Other photos	•	•	0	
Exclude private photos				
Cancel			OK	

**Note**: other photos are those attached to places, surnames, given names, occupations, sources, and linked to the primary person.

A box to tick allows you to exclude from this slideshow all private images of your genealogy.

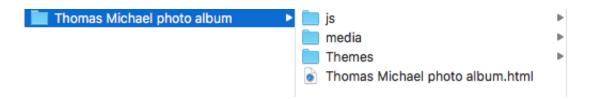
# **Export the slideshow**

Now you wish to share this sideshow, click on the **Export** button. Heredis creates, in the location of your choice, a folder with the photo album of the primary person, the way you set it. Share this folder with your relatives: they can play it by simply clicking the HTML page created in **The photo album of** [...].html and even if they do not have the Heredis software.

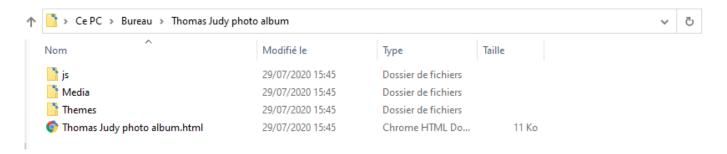
You can also copy the folder to a USB key or an external hard-drive and plug it to your TV, computer or any other USB outlet... to visualize the slideshow with your family.

**Important**: You need to copy the entire folder if you want the Slideshow to work.

(Mac) Slideshow's folder in Finder



(Windows) Slideshow's folder in Windows Explorer



To exit the slideshow, simply click the **Exit** button at the top right.

# (Mac) Permanent control for duplicates & Merge two persons

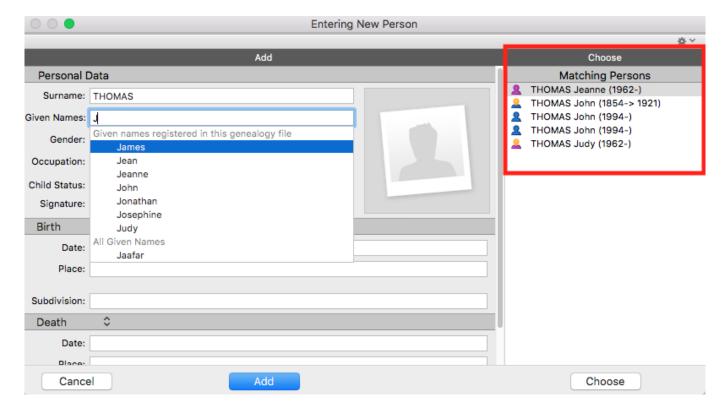
# **Permanent control for duplicates**

When adding a new person to your genealogy, you may risk creating a duplicate, that is to say, create two distinct persons for the same ancestor. Heredis provides a tool, available in all entry fields for individuals, to avoid creating a person already saved in your file.

To avoid duplicate entries in your genealogy, Heredis displays a list of existing people that match your entry in the new person creation screens. Simply select it from the list and click **Choose** to link that person instead of creating a new one.

## In the Add or Choose... screen

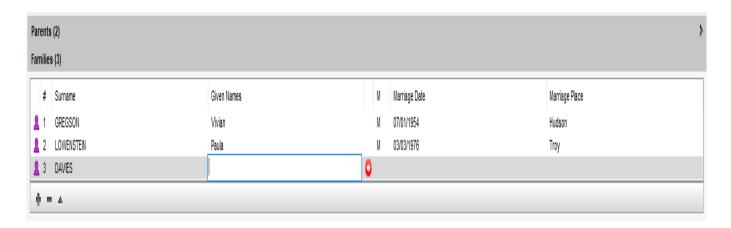
With the first letters typed in the **Surname** or **Given Names** fields, you see, in the **Matching Persons** column, the list of individuals already entered who may match the person. Step by step, as you enter new letters, the list of duplicates is updated.



# In the Family Group Data tab

When you type in one of the fields of this screen, the full name of a person already entered, the **Enter New Data** icon (gray arrow) turns red . Click this icon to see a list of individuals who may correspond to the person.

Family Group Data



Select the person from the **Matching Persons** list or check in the **Summary** panel. Here you have more information for more effective comparison.

If it appears that the person you wish to create already exists, select him/her from the **Matching Persons** list and click the **Choose** button. This will cancel the creation of a new person, and thus avoids a duplicate in your genealogy.

If you do not find a duplicate, continue.

# Search for duplicates in the file

Heredis will control for duplicates at all times during the entry of data; but the importing of data from other genealogists, or a moment of inattention may create duplicates.

This powerful tool is essential for maintaining an impeccable genealogy file.

Research and verification is carried out in one click. The results are clearly displayed and indicate the probability of duplication.

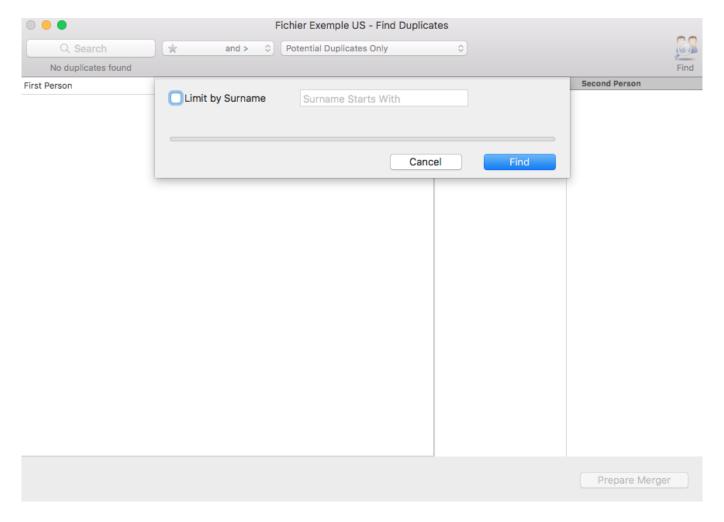
Heredis detects a potential duplicate? Check it with the summary of the people concerned or easily go back to your genealogy to have all the information. If it is a duplicate, merge the two persons by selecting the best information. If these two persons are distinct, Heredis gives you the opportunity to report them so that they no longer appear as potential duplicates in a future search.

**Info** • For even more pertinence, Heredis includes in the list of potential duplicates, those persons already entered bearing a variant of the name you typed.

- 1. Choose **Find** menu > **Find Duplicates**... or click **Duplicates** on the toolbar.
- 2. Enter a full or partial name or just the first letter, to limit the search for duplicates to only a part of the

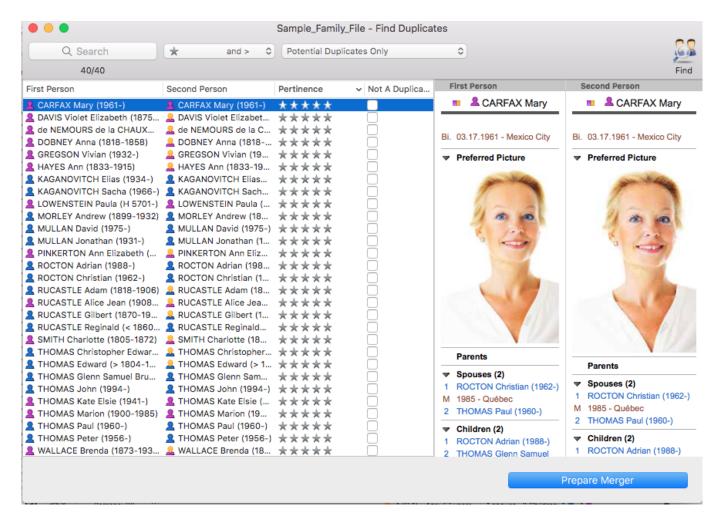
persons in your genealogy and shorten the search time. Or launch a full search on all your file without limiting by surname.

Search for duplicates



3. Click **Find.** The list of all potential duplicates identified in your genealogy is displayed. A person may appear several times in the list if there are several possible duplicates.

Results of a research for duplicates



- Click the headers of the **First Person** or **Second Person** columns to sort out their names.
- Click the header of the **Pertinence** column to sort duplicates in ascending/descending order.
- Click the header of the **Not a Duplicate** column to group proposals you have rejected.

### Refine the search result.

Use the filters offered to narrow the list of potential duplicates displayed by relevance or by type. Check the number of results displayed in the toolbar after filtering.

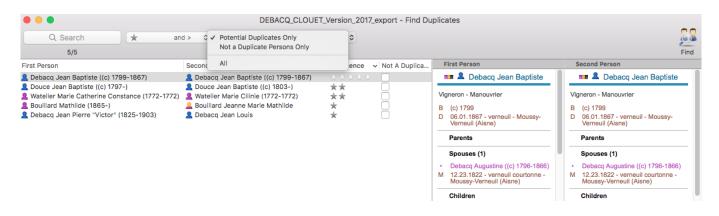
To locate a person in the list: enter the surname or given name, in whole or in part, in the search field. Heredis will display all relevant persons, either in column **A** or column **B**.

To view the results by pertinence: Choose the number of stars assigned to the results from the pop-up menu. To display all the persons, select **1\* and** +; to show only results with a high probability, select **4\* and** +.



To redisplay the results already treated: You have already begun to search for duplicates detected by Heredis? If you ticked a couple of persons as not being duplicates, you can redisplay them if you change your mind.

Select **Not a Duplicate Persons Only** in the menu, or select **All** and click the header of the **Not A Duplicate** column.



# Merge two persons

If you find a duplicate in the genealogy file (the same individual entered twice), merge the two persons to get a single person with all the information recorded.

**Note**: the merge is irreversible, make a backup of your file before merging. Moreover, the merger should be used <u>sparingly</u>. If you merge too many people behind each other, you may damage your file or simply not pay attention to what you are doing. Merging requires your full attention so limit yourself to 3 - 4 merges. Pause, close the file (to fully save your changes) and continue. By doing so, you will make less error and most of all your file will be preserved.

### Merge the primary person with another person

1. Display one of two supposed duplicates as the primary person.

2. Choose **Person** menu > **Merge with Another Person...** or click the **Merge** 



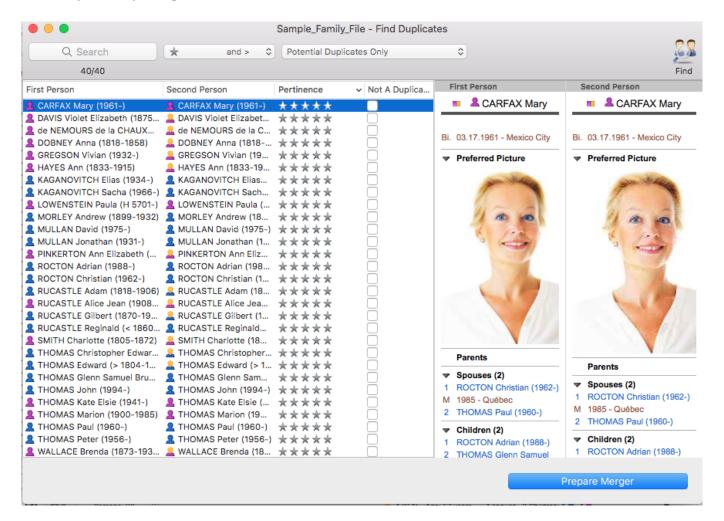
button on the toolbar.

- 3. Select one of the potential duplicates proposed by Heredis. If there are no duplicates proposed by the software,
  - pull down the menu and select All Persons
  - enter a surname and/or a given name to search for corresponding persons throughout your genealogy file.
- 4. Click Prepare Merger.

### Merge as a result of a search for duplicates

- 1. Start a search for all duplicates in the file. (see <u>above</u>)
- 2. Select the pair of individuals that are obvious duplicates in the list of potential duplicates.

Results of search for duplicates



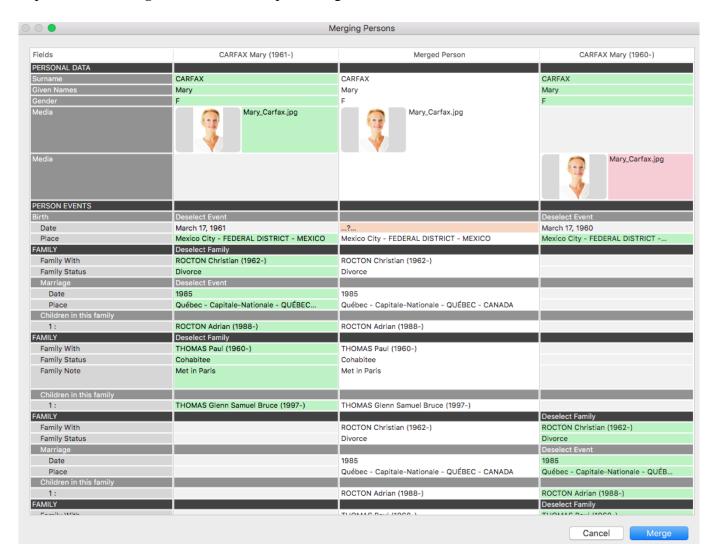
3. Click Prepare Merger.

# Select the data to be merged

Review carefully all the data in the merge screen to retain all relevant information.

## **Organize the Merging Persons screen**

The **Merging Persons** screen contains four columns: the **Fields Column**, one column for each of the two duplicates, the **Merged Person** column presenting the data to be stored.



Move the columns by clicking on the headers and dragging with the mouse to the desired location.

#### Select the data to be retained

Review carefully the **Merged Person** column.

The orange fields require your arbitration. To indicate what data should be saved, click the item to keep.

Heredis automatically transfers to the merged individual the identical data or data that is contained in one only of two individuals. This data is displayed in green.

When data is not to be saved, it is displayed in red. You can click again on the heading to select it for transfer to the merged person.

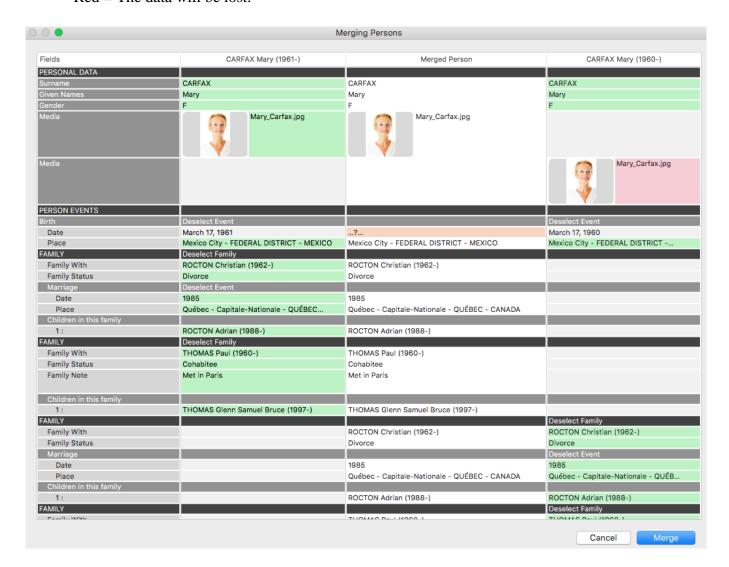
Some fields allow you to retain both the data of person A and person B, such as given names, occupation or notes. To remove any merged data, click the item to be deselected.

Certain other items cannot be added, such as signature or family status. To change the data retained for the merged person, click the data stored to deselect it or click the data not to be retained to replace it with the other data.

Events and families may be selected or deselected in their entirety. Click the header of the event or the family to change its status. The color of the data changes.

**Info** • Remember to allow color codes to help you.

- Orange = Heredis was unable to arbitrate, click one of the two persons to specify what data to keep.
- Green = The data will be stored in the merged person.
- Red = The data will be lost.



Select or deselect events or unions in their entirety. Click the Event or Union header to change its status.

The color of the data contained changes.

When you are sure of your selection, and the **Merged Person** column no longer contains orange fields, click **Merge**.

**Note:** Heredis compares major events but not minor events. Consider unchecking minor events that appear in Individual A or B to keep only one. Otherwise this event will be duplicated and you will have to manually delete it in the **Personal Data** tab of the merged person. Unions may appear in duplicate if the spouse is also in duplicate. Indeed, Heredis does not merge them itself, it could be homonyms in which case you would lose the information. Consider deselecting one of the duplicate spouses.

# Check the merged person

Heredis open the **Immediate Family** tab of the merged person. If you were still in the **Search for duplicates screen**, you can continue the fusion of new duplicates.

- 1. In the **Immediate Family** tab, check that the merged person has the right persons as parents, spouses and children.
- 2. Click the **Data** > **Personal Data** tab to check all the information retrieved. Remember to click each event to check notes, sources, witnesses, media.
- 3. Click to verify the different families, and the identity of the spouses.

**Info** • If you are unsure and want to undo the merger, choose **File** menu > **Revert to Saved**. However, this only works if no recording has taken place in the meantime.

# **Input events**

In the **Personal Data** tab, Heredis proposes a full list of events commonly encountered in genealogy: individual events and shared events which may apply to the couple formed by the primary person and the selected spouse.

Add events with the buttons at the bottom of the screen. Major events have their buttons for direct entry. For any other event to be created, click • Add an event button to select it from the list of events.

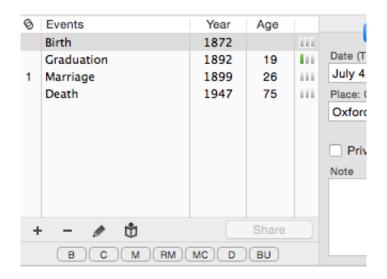
To facilitate your entry, Heredis will first display all the events already in use in your genealogy.

When an event is added, you may rename it by double-clicking on its name or select it and use the button. Transform a Diploma event by entering Master's. The event will be available later as Master's in a submenu of the Diploma event.

#### Add an event

#### Add a person event

Add a person event



- 1. Click on the button on the bar below the list of events. To facilitate the selection of the event, Heredis displays at the top of the list, the events already in use in your genealogy file, and finally the events not yet used in the **Others** group.
- 2. Select the desired event, for example, Will. Will is added to the list of events of the person.

**Info** • You can also add major events by clicking the **B**, **C**, **D** or **BU** buttons (**Birth** - **Christening** - **Death** - **Burial**) placed below the events list. If these buttons are not visible, change the input mode of the screen.

### Add a family event

- 1. Select the spouse of the event from the list of families.
- 2. Click the button on the bar below the list of events.

Info • You may also add the main events of the family by clicking the M, RM, MC buttons (Marriage - Religious Marriage - Marriage Contract) below the events list. If these buttons are not visible, check the display mode of the screen.

3. Select the desired event, such as Engagement. Engagement is added to the list of events of the person.

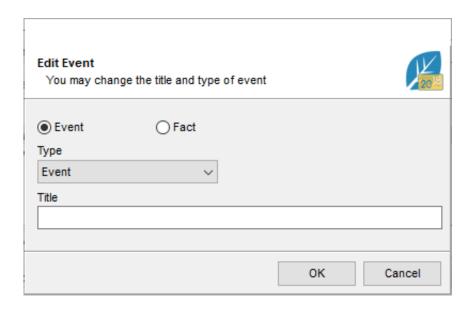
**Info** • The family events also appear in the input and navigation screens of the spouse.

# Create events not proposed by Heredis

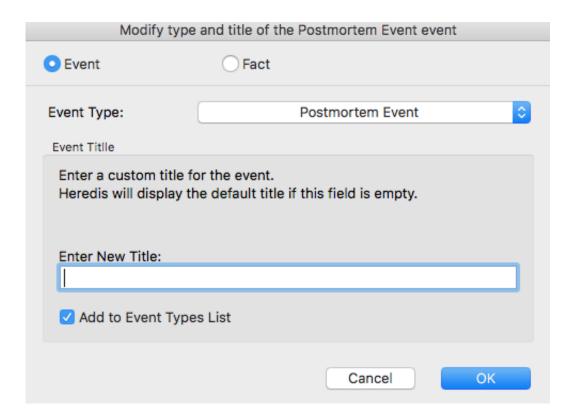
You may add events that are not mentioned in the list of events proposed by Heredis.

- 1. Click the button on the bar bellow the list of events.
- 2. Choose **Others**, then the neutral event called **Event**.
- 3. Double-click on the name **Event** that has appeared in the list of events. A window opens where you can rename the event.

Windows Customize event



Mac Customize event



#### 4. Enter the new name of the event.

Now this new type of event will automatically appear in the list of events to create. You may choose not to display it by clicking on Customize and unchecking the events you do not want to see, or you may select it later by managing the list of events. See the part bellow.

**Info** • If the nature of the event to create already exists, modify an existing type of event in the same way. For example, you can create an Estate event by renaming a Will event. You will find this event in a submenu of the original event. By selecting Will, you can choose between Will and Estate.

## Share a person event

Heredis allows you to share a minor person event with other persons in your genealogy. This event and all information relating to it will be automatically available to all participants in the event.

Select a person event in the list of events displayed in the **Personal Data** screen > **Person event** and then click the **Share** button below this list. The **Witnesses** tab is replaced by the **Participants** tab and allows you to add the other persons sharing this event.

It is possible no longer to share an event. With this operation, the event no longer to be shared remains associated with the primary person on the screen. Other participants become mere witnesses and the "unshared" event no longer appears in their list of events.

In the list of events for a person, the letter **S**, displayed in front of an event, indicates that this event is shared.

**Info** • the major person events Birth, Baptism, Death and Burial are not shareable. The Domicile couple event is also shareable.

# Customize the display of events

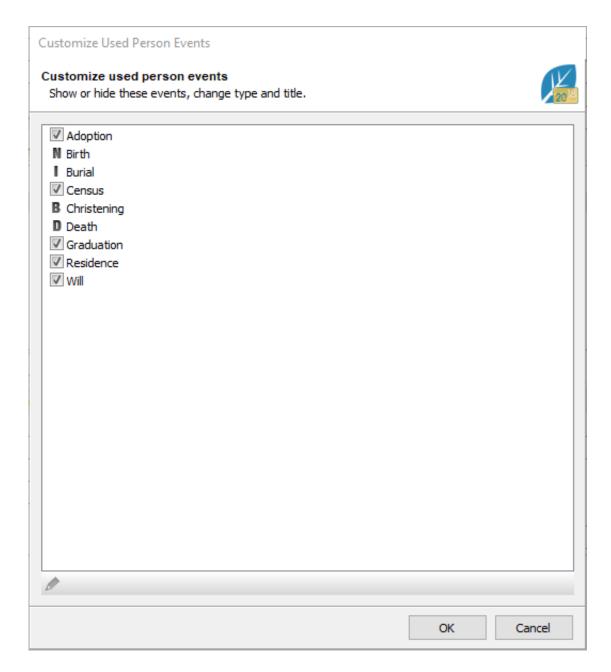
Heredis can present the list of available events according on your work habits. Thus, you will have easy access to the events that you create most often.

The customization affects only the list of events to create and there is no risk to your data, events already created remaining always displayed.

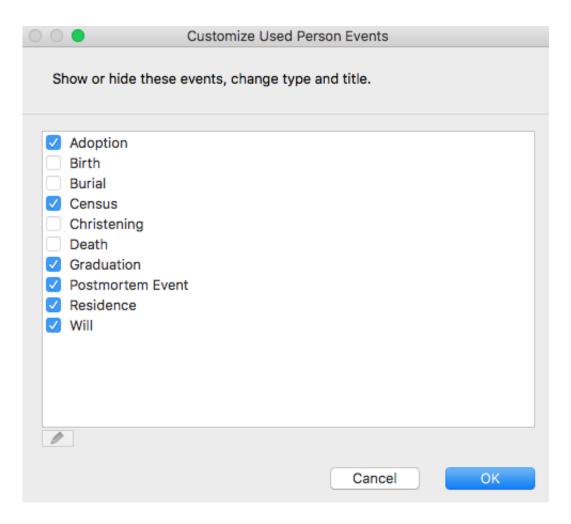
Modify the list of events displayed

- 1. Click the button on the **Personal Data** tab, in the events list.
- 2. Choose **Others** > **Customize**...
- 3. Untick rare events, those which you rarely use, to lighten the list when creating a new event.

Windows Customize Event



Mac Customize Event



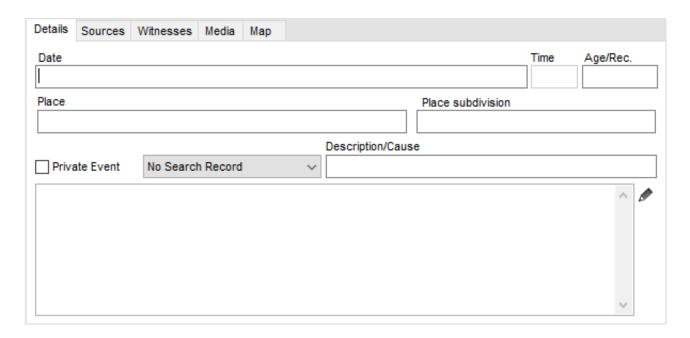
Heredis always shows events which you have already used at the top of the list, and events that you have not yet used at the bottom of the list. You see now that the other used events part no longer contains the items you have unticked.

You may always tick any new hidden events to make them reappear.

## Information on the event

The detail of each selected event is available on the **Personal Data** tab. If you do not see all the events, change the display mode of the **Personal Data** tab by clicking on the indented wheel. See the article <u>Customize Heredis</u> for more details.

Information of the event



#### **Date**

To enter the date, numerous input options are available, whatever the period concerned, in four different types of calendars: Gregorian, Julian, Hebrew or French Republican.

#### Time

Time may be specified as 05:30 or 5:30. To separate hours and minutes, you can type either : or **H** or **h**, with no spaces.

#### Age on record

Enter the age stated on the deed or record, if it is mentioned. You may specify the age with the words: years, months or days (or y, m, d). No other word will be accepted. An age with numbers only will be considered as years.

If the birth date of the primary person is known, you may compare the age on the deed with the actual age shown in the list of events.

If the date of birth is unknown, Heredis will automatically complete the field with an approximate date calculated from the age on record that you entered.

#### **Place**

Indicate the location where the event took place.

## Entering a new place

- 1. Type the name of the city in the **Place** field, not bothering about upper or lower case. With the first letters, Heredis proposes a list of places that may match your entry.
- 2. Select a place using the mouse, or use the up and down arrow keys and confirm the location selected by pressing **Enter**.

- 3. If no proposed location matches, (**Windows**) fill in the case and click on the tab key to add this new place to the index; (**Mac**) select **New Place** in the list.
- 4. Complete the information on the new place to be recorded, and press **OK**. The new location will be added to the **Places Index**. You may geolocate this place. See the article <u>Geolocating places</u>.

Assigning a place already in use in your genealogy

- 1. Unfold the **Places** panel.
- 2. Drag the place of the event and drop on the event being entered.

**Info** • Be sure to visit the place of your ancestor's life by clicking the **Map** tab of the event.

#### **Place Subdivision**

The **Place Subdivision** field is to specify a more precise location than the city: the hamlet, parish, district or borough of a large city. Since Heredis 2020, you can geolocate the subdivision, see the details on <u>Geolocating Place Subdivisions</u>.

#### Cause/Information

The **Cause/Information** field allows you to specify the cause of the event (as for Death, Divorce, Professional transfer events) or any useful precision.

#### **Event Note**

Enter your comments about the event directly into the note field. To embellish the entered text, click the pencil icon. Heredis opens the note in a separate screen containing all the formatting tools. Tick the **Private Note** box to exclude the event note from exports or printed documents.

#### Other elements linked to the event

The Details tab of events displays a **Private Event** box. When this box is ticked, all data in the event may be excluded from exports or hidden in printouts.

To monitor your research, mark the event with its corresponding status of research. Choose **No Search Record**, **Search Record**, or **Untraceable Record**. You may choose the default option for each new event in **Heredis > Preferences > Format**.

Each event may be completed with witnesses, sources, media and an interactive map showing where the event took place. Each of these elements is available in a tab on the Event screen.

## Delete an event

Simply select the event to erase and click on the button at the bottom of the event list.

## Census

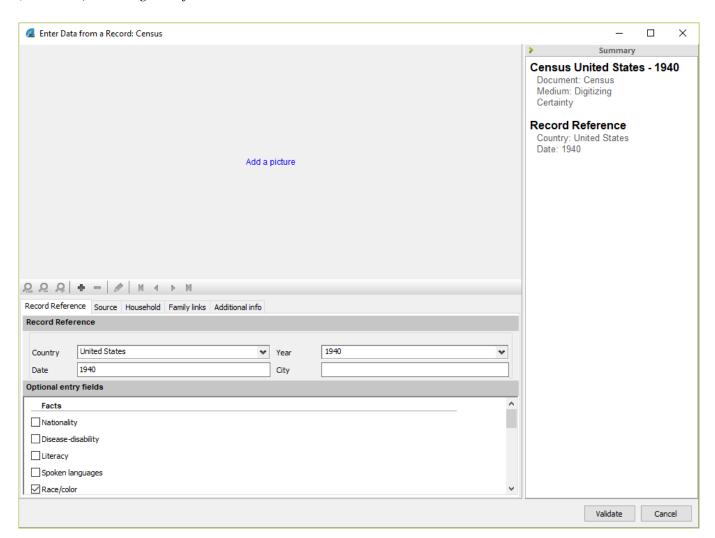
# **Entering Data from a Census**

During your searches, you may need to consult census records. As a matter of fact, such documents can help you narrow down the range of a search period. Imagine you are missing the death date for one of your ancestors. If he/she appears on the records of the 1830 census but is no longer listed on the 1840 one, then you can hypothetically presume that he/she passed away between 1830 and 1840. Moreover, the census will provide data on the household composition, occupations, place of dwelling...

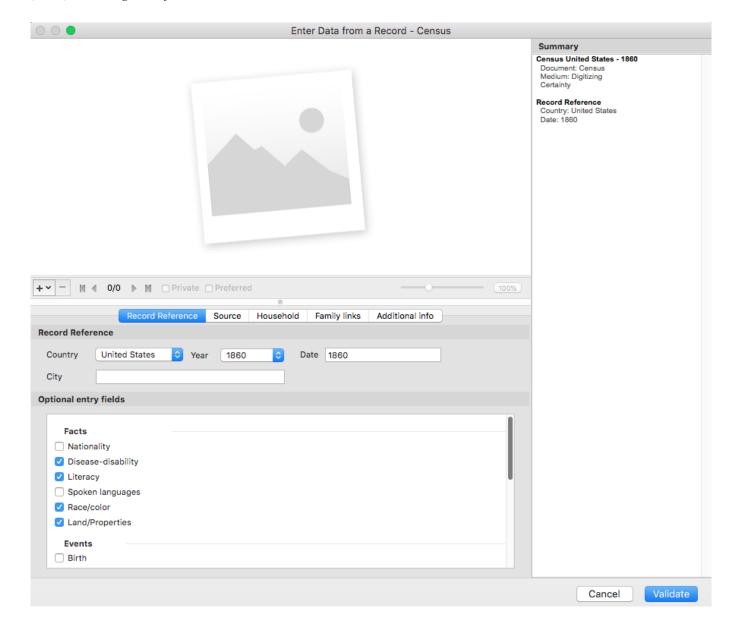
To easily enter data from census records, click on the shortcut **Census** of your toolbar or from the menu **Person** > **Census**.

A window opens up so you can easily enter the data found on this type of documents. An area is available for you to add a media. Click the + button to add the media from your hard-drive disk, from the media index, or from the clipboard.

(Windows) Entering data from a census



### (Mac) Entering data from a census



The usual Heredis tools are available so you can **zoom in** and **out**, **add**, **delete**, or **edit** a media.

In the lower area, several tabs are available for you to easily enter data from the census.

## The Record Reference tab

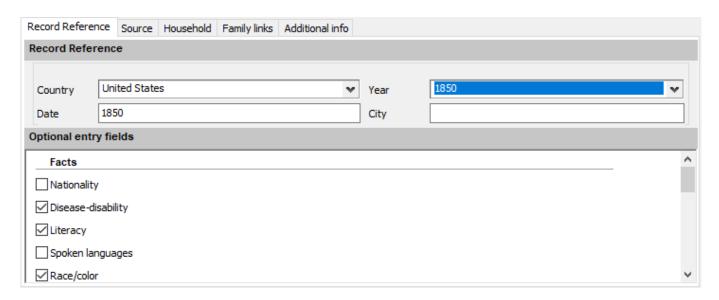
First, start with the **Record Reference** tab. Select the desired **Country**. If the country is not listed, select **Other** in the scroll-down menu. In the same way, you can modify the year in the **Date** field.

Enter the **City**.

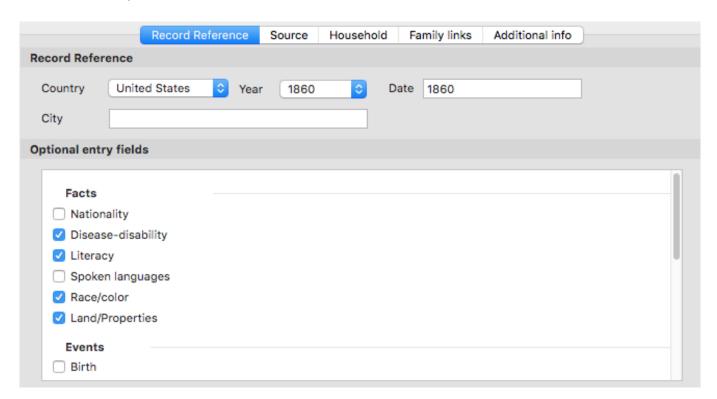
You will probably notice that **Optional entry fields** will vary according to the year and country selected. Indeed, Heredis has prerecorded for you the most frequent entry fields for each census, year after year, in

the US and in some other countries. You are given the possibility to modify them by selecting or unselecting each entry field according to your needs. Optional entry fields are listed according to the place where the data you enter will be stored. As an example, you will be able to later find the data on Nationality in Facts section.

### (Windows) Record Reference Tab



### (Mac) Record Reference Tab

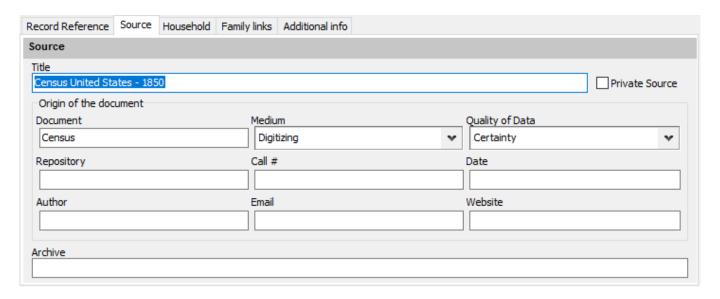


You may then enter the data related to the **Source**. As you will see, fields are partially filled out. You can modify them as you please.

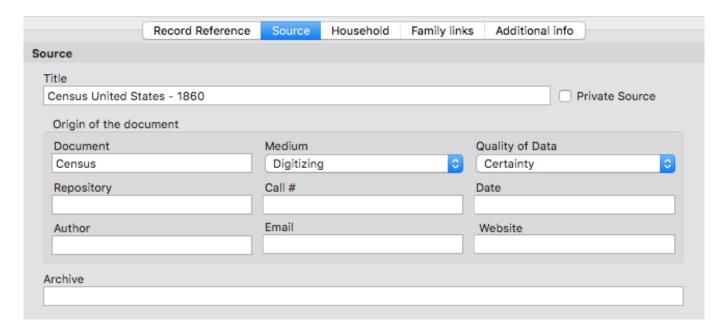
### **Source Tab**

You are given the option to enter source details for your census. Some data are already filled based on what you previously entered in Record References. You may change it if you wish.

(Windows) Source Tab



## (Mac) Source Tab



Then, go to **Household** tab.

## Household Tab

Under the **Household** tab, enter the **Address** then the household **Composition** - in other words, the number of persons living together under the same roof.

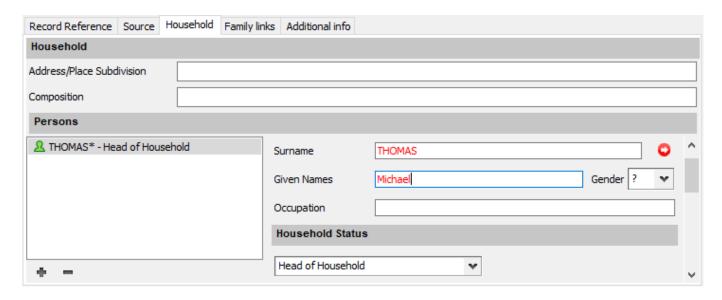
In the **Persons** area, click the + button to add a person; by default, the first person you enter will be considered the Head of Household.

Specify his/her **Surname** and **Given Names**. Just like every time a person is entered in Heredis, the magnifying glass will turn into a red arrow when the person is possibly already in the file. If you know he/she is in your file but his/her name is written in a different way, click on the magnifying glass to select him/her. If you don't and keep entering you'll create a duplicate.

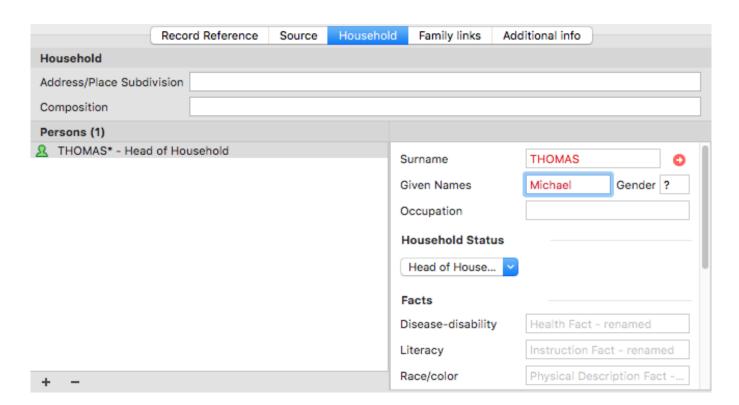
## Specify Occupation.

Select this person's **Household Status** by clicking on the pull-down list. Continue entering data according to the fields available for your census.

### (Windows) Household Tab



(Mac) Household Tab



Note: If necessary, entry fields can be added at any time by going back to the **Optional Entry Fields**.

Add the other persons. For each one of them, specify his/her **Household Status** in relation to the Head of Household.

**Note:** The persons who are not already part of your genealogy file are marked with an asterisk and will be created after the census record is validated.

**Mac only:** You can drag and drop from the **Persons** panel in order to add a person to a household.

Make sure to check **Family Links** or to create them if needed.

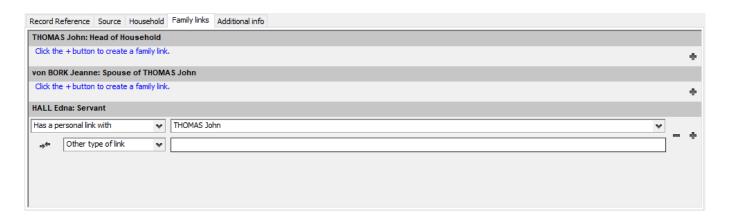
## **Family Links tab**

Under the **Family Links** tab, double check the links between each person and the head of household. When entering data from a census, Heredis will assist you in creating persons and the links between them.

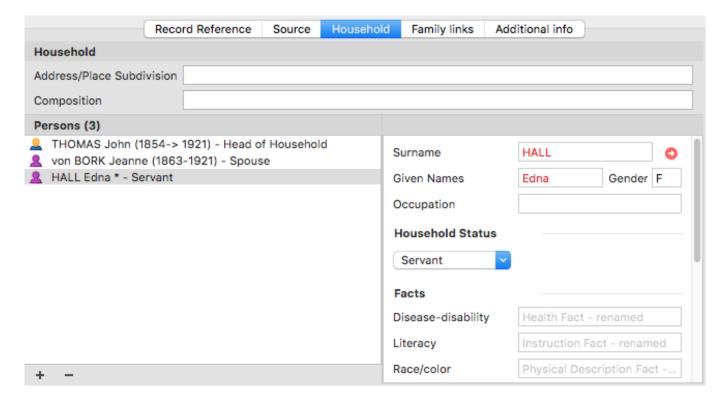
If you do not find the appropriate link, select **Other** and specify, under the **Family Links** tab, the relationship between the two persons.

Heredis allows you to specify the links between two persons, even if they are not blood related. Therefore, no data is lost and you will be able to find them again under **Sundry Links** in the **Personal Data** tab.

(Windows) Family Links Tab



## (Mac) Family Links Tab



**Note:** Pre-existing spouses/parents/children links in your file will not be modified – if necessary, an alert will notify you of a conflict.

The non-existing links will be created for you automatically.

### Additional Info tab

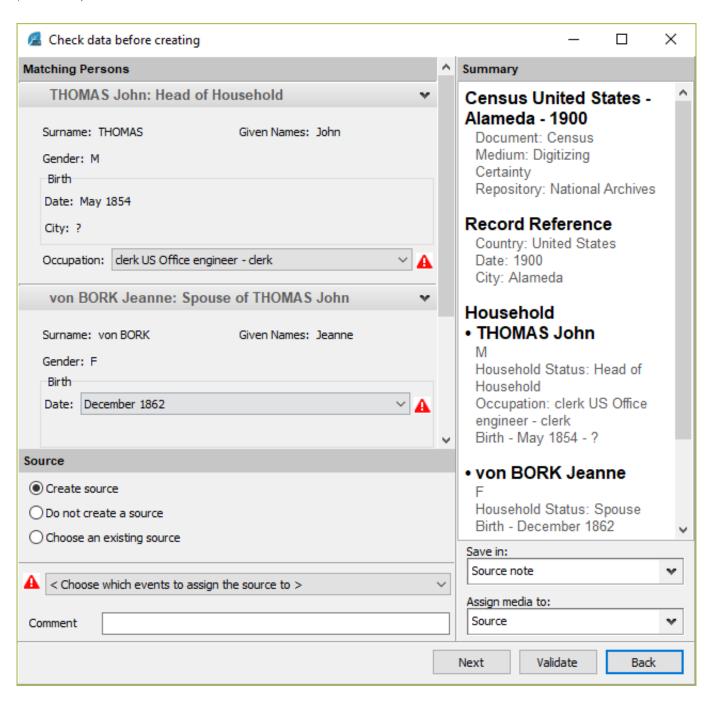
Add any extra data you may have under the **Additional Info** tab.

## Window Validation

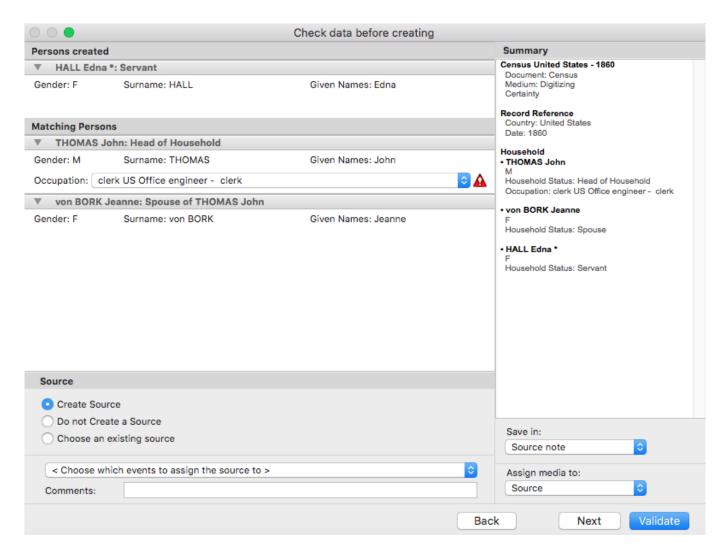
When you are done entering data, click on **Validate**. Double check the data entered under the **Persons** area. If a A red triangle appears, it means there is a conflict between the new data you have just entered

and what was previously recorded in Heredis: choose what suits you best by clicking on the list of suggestions.

(Windows) Validation Window



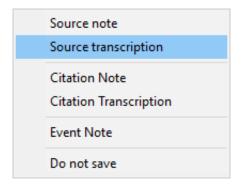
(Mac) Validation Window



You are free to **create a new source**, to **choose an existing source**, or even **not to create a source**. Remember to assign the source either to the census or to the events and facts related to the census.

On the right-hand side, you will see the summary of your recent data entry, which you can:

- Save in the source note,
- Save in the source transcription,
- Save in the note or citation transcription if you work in Comprehensive Mode (see the <u>The different mode for Sources & Citations</u> article),
- Decide not to save.



You are also given the option to choose where the media should be saved: in the source, in the citation, or in the event.



Then click on Validate once you are certain you are done.

**Note:** if you have several entries to make from a single census, all you need to do is click on the **Next** button.

Check out our online video on Census on our Youtube channel for more explanations.

## **Dates**

## **Recognized calendars**

Heredis treats dates entered in 4 different calendars: Gregorian, Julian, Hebrew and French Republican. The dates must be between the year 4712 BC to the year 3454 AD of the Gregorian calendar.

The Gregorian calendar used today in most countries of the world, was promulgated in 1582 and applied at widely varying dates in different countries (from the fourteenth to the twentieth century). Dates prior to the promulgation of the Gregorian calendar are considered as being expressed in the Julian calendar.

The Julian calendar was abandoned in favor of the Gregorian calendar. Certain countries retained it until the twentieth century.

The Hebrew calendar is used in documents of the families of Jewish faith, regardless of the country where they live.

The French Republican calendar was used only in France and covers the period from September 22, 1792 to January 1, 1806.

# **Entry of dates**

Heredis handles dates expressed in numbers (using the separators . or /, or spaces), or the dates expressed with the month in letters (entered in full or abbreviated).

A date may be entered in the Gregorian, Julian, Hebrew or Republican calendars. If there is no month name which is characteristic of a Hebrew or French Republican calendar, Heredis considers that the date entered is expressed in the Gregorian calendar. To enter an incomplete date in the Hebrew calendar, precede it with the letter H (1987).

To enter a date expressed in Julian after December 10, 1582, precede it with the letter J (J June 23, 1654).

To enter a date expressed in the French Republican calendar, enter the year in numbers, Roman or Arabic, preceded or not by the word «An». Enter comp for additional days (for example, «6 comp An III» for the sixth complementary day of the year III of the Republic).

### **Recognized formats**

For Heredis to decode the date according to your desired entry order, choose **Windows: Tools > Preferences > Heredis Preferences > Format**; **Mac**: **Heredis > Preferences > Format** and select the order of elements of the date you want Day/Month/Year or Month/Day/Year).

The date of «2 February, 1794» may be entered in the following way, if you have determined the order day/month/year.

## Gregorian calendar

- 2 February 1794
- 2 Feb 1794
- 02/02/1794
- 02.02.1794

#### Julian calendar

- 22 January 1794
- J 22 Jan 1794
- J 22/1/1794
- J 22.01.1794

### Hebrew calendar

• 2 AdarI 5554

#### French Republican calendar

- 14 Pluviôse an 2
- 14 pluv an II
- 14 pluv 2
- 14 pluviôse II

**Info** • For every printed document and for each exported file, tick the **Use Gregorian Dates** option. Some other genealogy programs do not deal with the different calendars in their GEDCOM imports; it will thereby be compatible with all programs.

#### Interval of dates and approximate dates

Heredis manages the chronology of events according to the dates entered, exact or approximate. Use keywords to express intervals of dates or approximate dates.

## **Before**

Type the word **before** or the symbol < followed by a space or the symbol / with no space and then type the full date or not, in numbers or in words.

- before 23 August, 1845
- < 23/8/1845
- /23.08, 1845

## After

Type the word **after** or the symbol > followed by a space, then type the full date or not, in numbers or in words. Or type the symbol / with no space after the date.

- after 6 June. 1774
- after 6/6/1774
- 6.6.1774/

#### About

Type the word **about** or the word **circa** or the abbreviation **ca** or the symbol ~ followed by a space, then

type the full date or not, in numbers or in words.

- about February 1811
- circa 2/1811
- ca 2.1811
- ~2.1811

#### Between / and

Type the words **between** and then **and** or the symbols <> and & and then type the full date or not, in numbers or in words or type the symbol // between the two dates with no spaces.

- between 11 October 1914 and April 1917
- between 11/10/1914 and 4/1917
- <> 10 November 1914 & 04 1917
- 11.10.1914//4.1917

#### From to

Type the word **from** followed by a space and then type the full date or not followed by a space and then type the word **to** after the full date or not.

- from 1845 to 1846
- from 8/1845 to 9/1845
- October to September 1845
- from 23/8/1845 to 31/8/1845

Before any date, complete or incomplete, you may add the following keywords:

- **Estimated** or **est** to indicate that a date is a mere guess. In this case it is displayed preceded by the estimated or **(est)**. It is taken into account in chronology screening (eg. order of families, order of the children...) but it is excluded from printouts.
- Calculated or cal to indicate that a date has been obtained by calculation. For example if you do not know the birth date of a person but you have found the age at death on the death certificate, the software automatically displays a calculated date of birth. The user may also enter a date named calculated, being the result of deduction. The calculated dates are displayed and printed preceded by the words calculated or (c).

**Info** • The dates entered in a valid format may be followed by any comment that may facilitate your work, provided it is entered in brackets. You can specify 1875 (early summer) or June 1674 (TBC).

### Automatic calculation of birth dates

Heredis automatically calculates the date of birth of persons whose age is known at any given event. The age of the father, mentioned in a birth certificate, allows you to create or complete the father indicating the probable year of birth. This will make it easier to find the birth certificate of the father, thus advancing your genealogy.

## For the person living the event

1. Create an event and specify the date.

2. Add the witnesses (witness, declarant, etc.), and specify their age in the **Age/Record** field of the input screen for the link.

**Info** • Remember to choose the **Customized** or **Comprehensive** input mode to display this field by clicking on the indented wheel .

#### Witnesses to an event

- 1. Create an event and specify the date.
- 2. Add the witnesses (witness, declarant, etc.), and specify their age in the **Age/Record** field of the input screen for the link.

If the date of the start of their life (birth or christening) already exists, your data remains of course unchanged. If the date of the start of their life is unknown, Heredis adds a calculated date of birth.

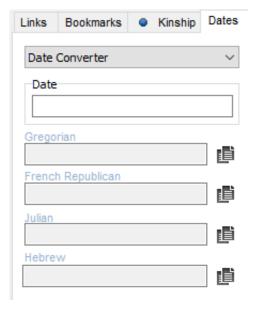
*Info* • The dates calculated are shown in italics preceded by a (c) in the list of events on the **Personal Data** tab.

### **Conversion tool for dates**

To get the equivalent of a date expressed in a calendar which you are not used to, use the **Dates** panel.

1. Click the **Converter** tab of the **Dates** panel.

#### Date Converter



- 2. Enter the date as you found it, regardless of the calendar in which it is expressed. Heredis displays the equivalents in the other calendars.
- 3. To use one of the dates displayed, click the **Copy Date** button to the right of the date you want.
- 4. To insert this version of the date in a data entry screen or in a note, click the insertion point and choose **Edit > Paste**.

### The dates of movable feasts

Who has not found the words «Easter Day» or «two days after Pentecost» in an old document? Heredis facilitates your genealogical research by indicating the dates of these moveable feasts for all the years between 325 AD and the year 2500.

- 1. Click the **Movable Feasts** tab of the **Dates** panel.
- 2. Indicate the year for which you are looking for this feast day. Heredis displays the dates of Christian, Jewish and Orthodox movable feasts for this year.

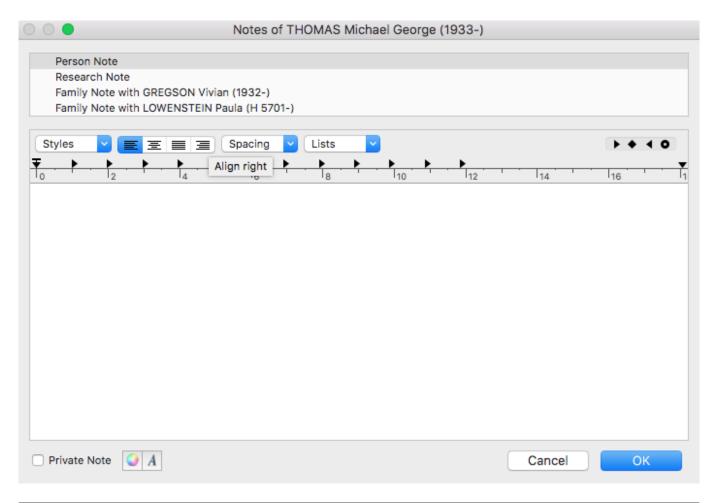
# **Input notes**

Add specific details to your genealogy by using the available notes. You will find entry boxes for notes on persons, families, events, media, sources, surnames, given names, occupations and places. The notes are equipped with formatting tools integrated in the Heredis software. One may also paste formatted text from other applications (word processors, browsers, desktop publishing tools, etc.) though images are ignored. A note is a text block, it is not made to integrate images.

### (Windows) Input Notes



## (Mac) Input Notes



# Individual, family and research notes

- 1. Display the notes:
  - (Mac) Choose Person menu > Edit Person Note or Edit Family Note.
  - (Windows) Choose Person menu > Edit Notes
  - or Click the ou Notes button in the toolbar if it is displayed.
  - Click directly in the Note field when displayed on the navigation or data input screens (input tabs, indexes, media, etc..).
  - In the **Data** screens, click on the pencil to access the note.
- 2. Enter the text of the note or paste the contents of the clipboard.
- 3. Use the formatting tools in the text editor.
- 4. Tick the **Private Note** box if you wish to keep this note excluded from export of the file, printing or publishing on the Internet.

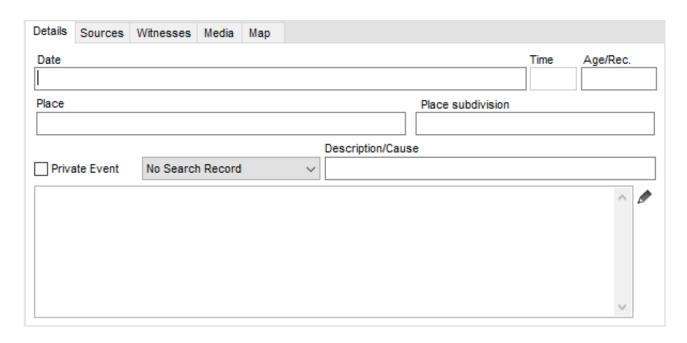
**Windows Info** • When a note is filled in, the **Notes** tab is preceded by a blue bullet and the button displayed in the toolbar changes its appearance to  $\blacksquare$ .

**Mac Info** • When a note is filled in, the **Notes** tab is preceded by an icon and the button displayed in the toolbar changes its appearance to.

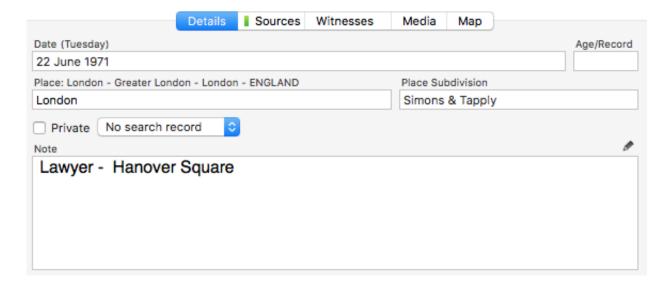
**Info** • If the note is not visible on the data input tabs, change the data display mode. See <u>Customize</u> <u>Heredis > Select data entry method</u> for further details.

## Note of an event

(Windows) Note of an event



## (Mac) Note of an event



- Type directly your comment in the text box of **Details** tab
- or Click on the pencil for to open the text box in a new window. You can write and modify the format of your note.

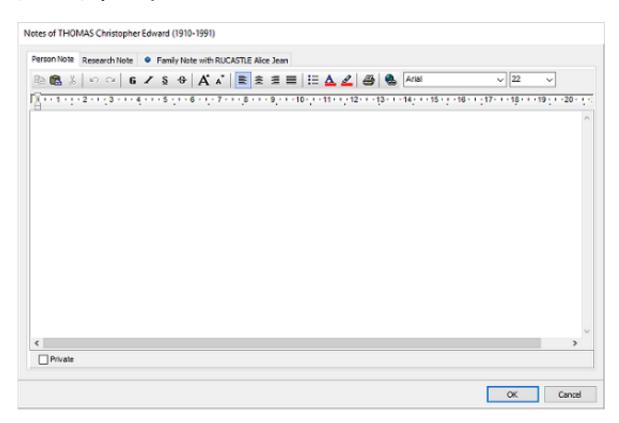
They can be formatted with the usual word processing tools.

**Info** • If the note is not visible on the data input tabs, change the data display mode. See <u>Customize</u> <u>Heredis > Select data entry method</u> for further details.

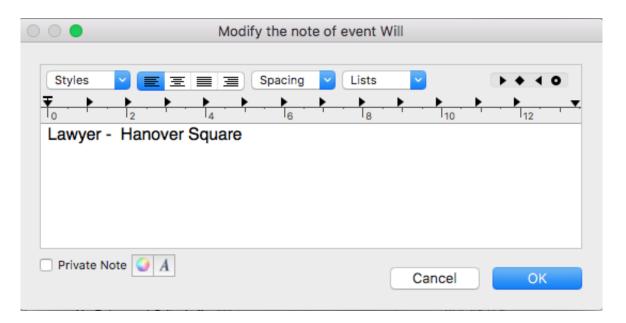
# **Options of notes**

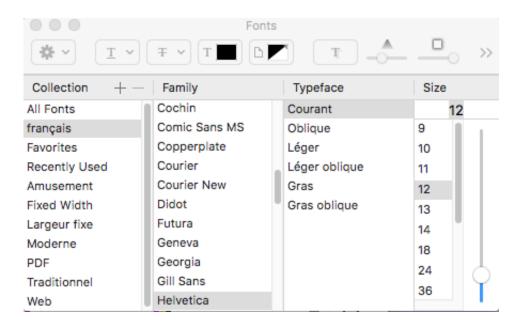
For each notes, you can add a specific format with the text editor:

## (Windows) Options of notes



## (Mac) Options of notes





- Typeface: Bold Italic Underline
- Alignment: Align Center Left Right Justify
- Choose the font style and size
- Manage the hypertext link
- Cut Copy Paste Print

You can make your note private by ticking the **Private** note box so it won't be published.

### **Facts**

With **Facts**, enrich your genealogy with new data and attach witnesses, places, sources, medias and dates to it.

You can add as much as you wish, unlimited number, and you can organize them.

These facts are displayed in the central part of the screen **Data** > **Personal Data** in the **Facts** tab.

When a **Fact** is filled, the tab is marked with a blue spot.

#### **Facts**



- To add a **Facts**, click on the button and select the fact to add then write directly in the **Description** area.
- If you wish to complete this fact with other information, a date, a place, a source, a media... click on the pencil button displayed in the tab.
- To delete a **Fact**, select it and click on the **b**utton.

Note: If you confirm a delete, all information linked to this fact will be lost.

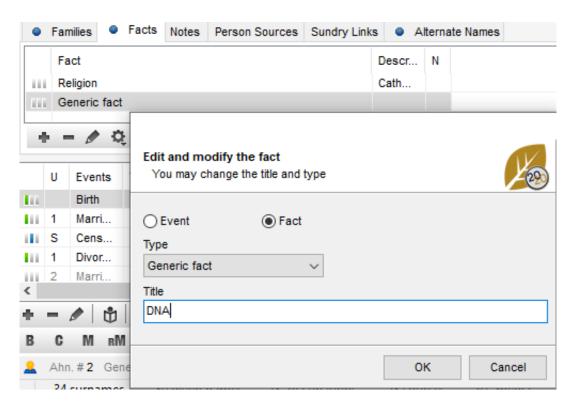
• To organize the display of the facts of your genealogy, click on the indented wheel . Select the facts then click on the **Before** and **After** to change the order of this field.

### **Create customized facts**

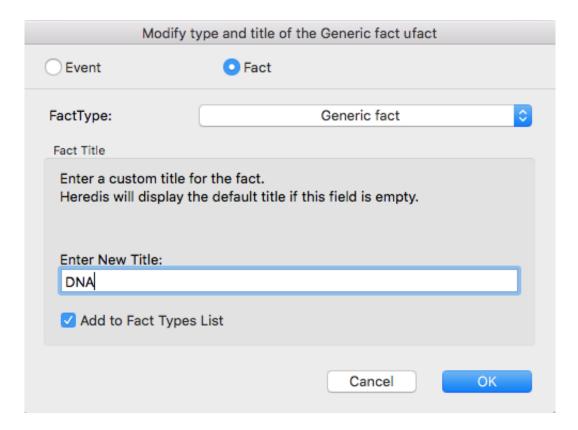
You can add facts that are not already in the list proposed by Heredis.

- 1. Click on button.
- 2. Choose **Other** and select **Generic fact** or an other fact you wish to add a subcategory to. (for example, Health to add Surgical intervention)
- 3. Double-click on the name of the new fact in order to customize it. A window opens to edit and rename the fact.

(Windows) Customize facts



(Mac) Customize facts



#### 4. Enter a new title.

Now this new type of fact will automatically appear in the list of fact to be created. You will now be able to use this fact anytime you need it.

## Alternate names

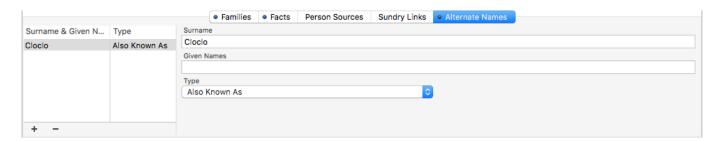
You can make a person's data even more complete by adding alternate names (birth name, maiden name...) in your genealogy.

This type of data is displayed in the center of the **Data>Personal Data** screen, in the **Alternate Names** tab.

#### (Windows) Alternate names



#### (Mac) Alternate names



Once an other name has been entered, a blue symbol appears in the **Alternate Names** tab.

To add an alternate name, click on the • button.

Enter all the data you possess such as prefix, suffix, given names, nickname and select the corresponding type of name in the pop-up menu.

**Note**: if none of the existing types corresponds to the data you are entering, choose **Others** to create your own type of data. You can also choose to rename the existing types of names predefined in Heredis.

To delete an alternate name, select it in the list and click on the button.

**Note**: in the Surnames and Given Names indexes, you will not be able to delete these alternate surnames and given names as long as they are used by a person in your genealogy.

Alternate names associated with individuals in your genealogy are automatically processed when you import and export data in GEDCOM or Heredis formats as well as during merges.

## **Sources**

The information gathered about your ancestors will be more or less reliable depending on their origin. Assign one or more sources to each event, fact, or person in order to justify the information recorded.

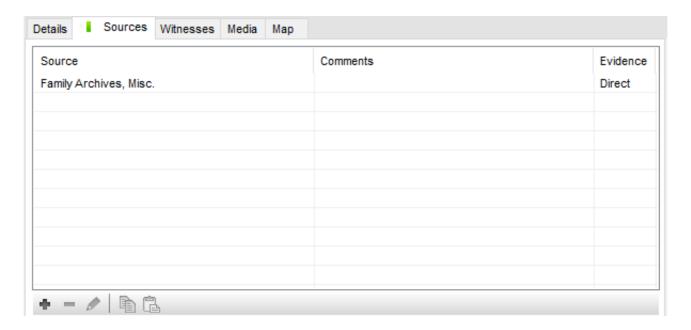
Each source (an act, a website, a historical work...) may be detailed and illustrated at the time of its creation or later.

- For each source, specify in the proposed boxes, the title, reference, author, quality of data.... A free text box allows you to enter a note or record the transcript of an act.
- You can mark a source as private in order not to export it when exchanging files, nor to publish it.
- Each source may be illustrated with media.

Once a source has been created, you may assign it to one or more events. Each event can have one or more related sources. When you assign a source to an event, add a comment indicating the link between the event and the source.

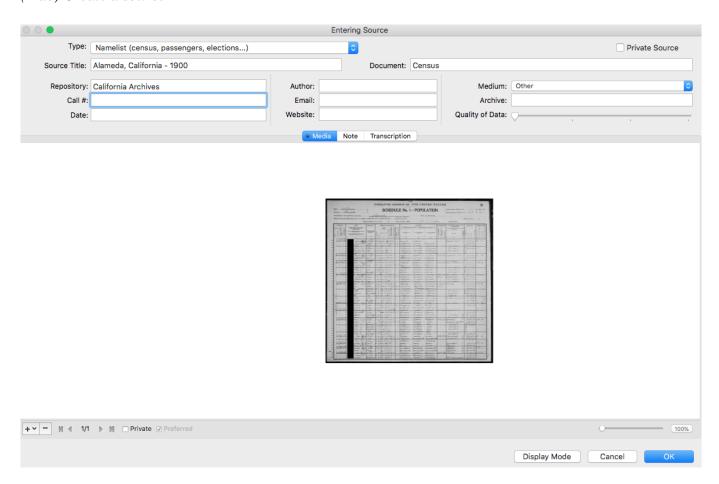
# Create a new source and assign it to an event

Source tab

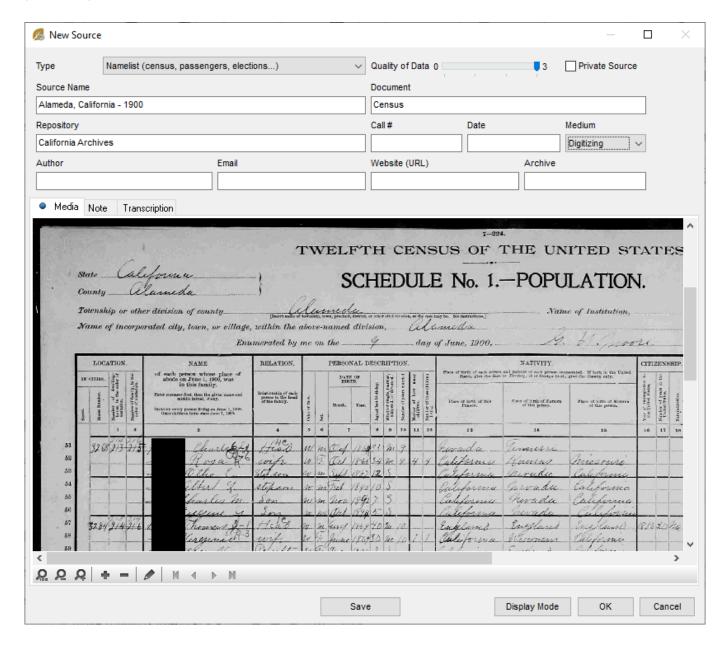


- 1. Select the event from the **Personal Data** tab.
- 2. Click the **Sources** tab.
- 3. Click the button.
- 4. Click the (Mac) **New Source** button or (Windows) the button in the **Source index** screen.
- 5. Enter the information for the source and press **OK**. The new source is assigned to the event.

## (Mac) Create a source



## (Windows) Create a source



At least enter: Source type, Title, Call#, Repository and Certainty.

Add media, note, transcription, make the source private by ticking the Private Source box.

### Create a source from the source index to attach it later

Open the Source index, click the (Mac) **New Source** button or (Windows) the button in the **Source** index screen.

**Note**: To save time, you can duplicate a source. Select the source you want to duplicate and click the source with to edit the fields you want to edit. So if you have the same source but just a reference that is different, you can duplicate the source and only change the reference. This is very useful when you

create a source for a complete registry. See also <u>The different modes for Sources & Citations</u> or see below.

## Assign an existing source by drag and drop

- 1. Select the event from the **Personal Data** tab.
- 2. Drag the source in the **Sources** panel and drop it in the display field of the event. The source is then assigned.

### Assign an existing source from the Sources tab of the event

- 1. Click the (Link a source) on the button bar to open the **Entering source...** screen.
- 2. Select the source from the list then validate by clicking **OK**. The source is assigned to the event.

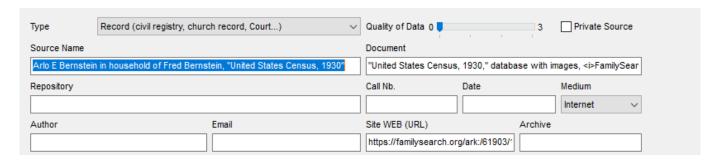
#### **Create Person Sources**

You can link sources directly to a person, click on the **Person Sources** tab in the middle of the screen **Data > Personal Data**.

The association of a person source works exactly as the association of a source for an event.

## Information for the source

The input/modify screen for a source is composed of fields to be completed, a Note field that can be used for full or partial transcription of the document and a display field for the media assigned to the source.



- **Type:** Specify the type of information that allows you to advance in your genealogy. Is it a deed? A family document? A historical work? Etc.
- **Source Name:** Type a pertinent title for recognizing the document. The title of the source appears in the *Sources* panel and in the *Sources* tab of events, as well as in the genealogy documents you may print.
- **Document:** Specify the type of deed (death certificate, marriage contract, etc.) or what document, official or private, which contains the information (census, invitation, family book, etc.).

- **Repository:** Indicate where the original source is archived or the body where you found the information.
- Call Number: If the document is from an archive or library and is listed, enter this here. Specify the volume and page number if it is a published book.
- Date: Enter the date of the document that allowed you to find the information. Indicate the date of publication for a book, the date of dispatch for correspondence.

*Info* • Remember to specify the date of the source if it differs from the date of the event to which it relates (date of birth certificate issued 20 years after the event).

- Author: Enter the author of the document that allowed you to find information. The author of the source can be very different depending on the source. Quote a journalist for an article in a magazine, an amateur genealogist for a GEDCOM file, a ministry department or local authority for an administrative document, a parent who took a photo...
- **Email:** Note the email of the person or organization that holds the information.
- URL: Specify the address (URL) of the Internet website where you found the information.
- Medium: Select the medium where you store information or where you saw it. Do you have the original family book? Do you have a copy of the original or do you have a scanned image of the deed? Have you seen the information by consulting a microfilm? Have you found the information in an online genealogy?
- Archive: This section concerns only you and allows you to specify where the document is in your personal archives: in a specific file, in a specific folder of your hard disk, etc.
- Quality of Data: To qualify the validity of the information, set the certainty of the source by using the cursor, from 0 (not sure) to 3 (completely certain).
- Note: In the Note and transcription field, enter the information on the source: the details of the genealogist who gave you the information, the circumstances when you collected it by interviewing an old aunt, etc. You can type in the partial or complete transcript of the act. You have available the text editing tools for formatting.
- Tick the *Private Note* box to exclude the note from exports or from printed documents.

# Transcript your sources

Heredis understands the difficulty of your work in deciphering the acts and proposes a **Display mode** get the best possible display of the media and of the note. Click on Display mode button of a source or citation to view the media next to the transcription text block.

Click the Horizontal Display button to visualize the entire width of the scanned document, even if you have zoomed the image. You may enter text below the displayed lines.

Click the Vertical Display button to visualize the document as a whole, including marginal notes. You may enter text to the right of the displayed image.

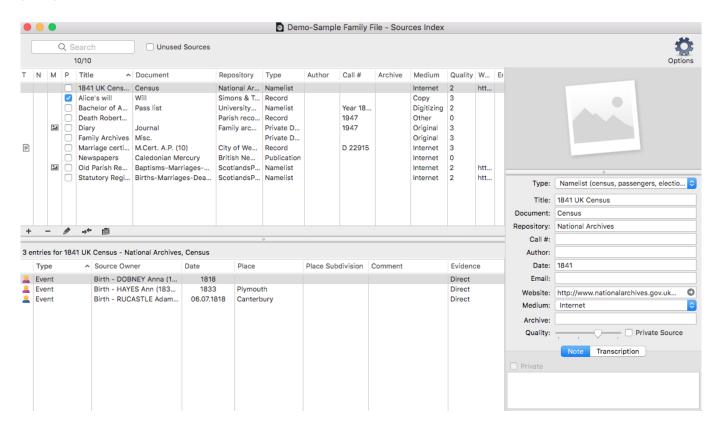
### Generalities

All sources entered are managed by the Sources Index

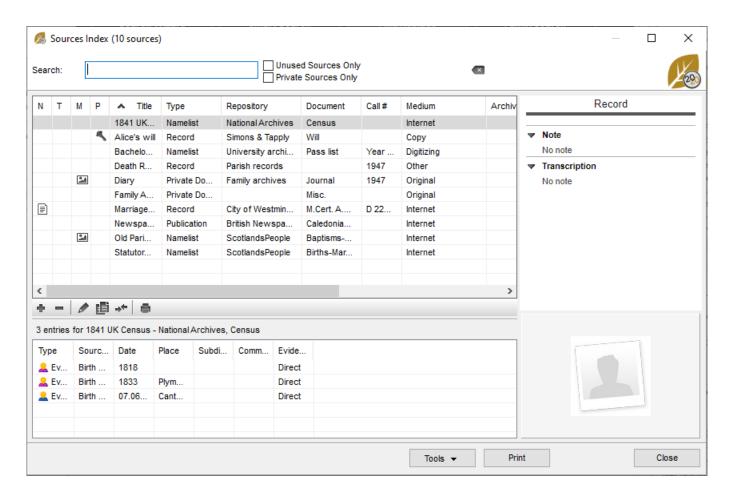


Warning: Any modification in a source will be applied to all its uses.

(Mac) Source index



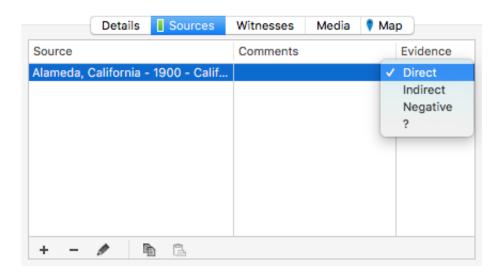
(Windows) Source index



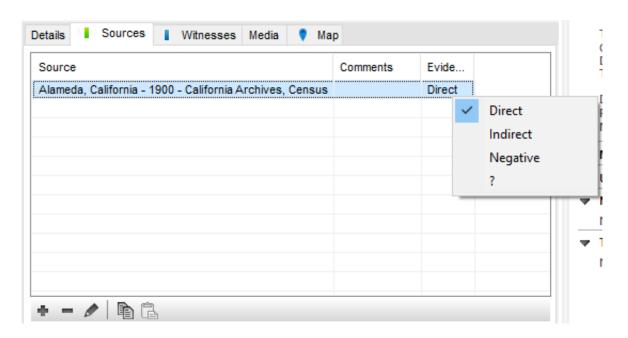
When you attach a source, add a comment to indicate the connection between the event, the facts or person and the source.

You can also register the quality of the proof you have, click on the displayed list in Evidence column and select the appropriate value according to the detained certificates.

### (Mac) Source tab



(Windows) Source tab



**Direct**: the source responds to the searched question by itself.

**Indirect**: the source is relevant but needs more information.

Negative: the source is relevant by the lack of information it should contained.

**Note**: When you add a source to an event, the proof is automatically fixed to direct. You can change this setting in Format tab of Heredis's preferences. (Mac) **Heredis** menu > **Preference** > **Format tab** > **Evidence**, (Windows) **Tools** menu > **Preferences** > **Heredis Preferences** > **Evidence**, choose the option that matches best to your work.

Report to Source index and Indexes: Generalities for more details.

## Managing citations in comprehensive mode

Heredis allows you to enrich the note associated to the sources in order to make it a full citation.

To switch in comprehensive mode,

- (Mac) click **Heredis** menu > **Preference** > **Format tab**,
- (Windows) Tools menu > Preferences > Heredis Preferences,
- Tick the **Comprehensive mode** box and check the "**Comprehensive mode**" alternative in the Default source citation options.

New options appear allowing you to register the quality of the source and the information.

**Original**: the source is in its original form.

**Derivative**: the source is extracted, transcribed, translated or derived from the original.

**Primary**: the source comes from a person who did have direct knowledge of the event or person.

**Secondary**: the source comes from a person who did not have a direct knowledge of the event or person (local history, tradition, family history...).

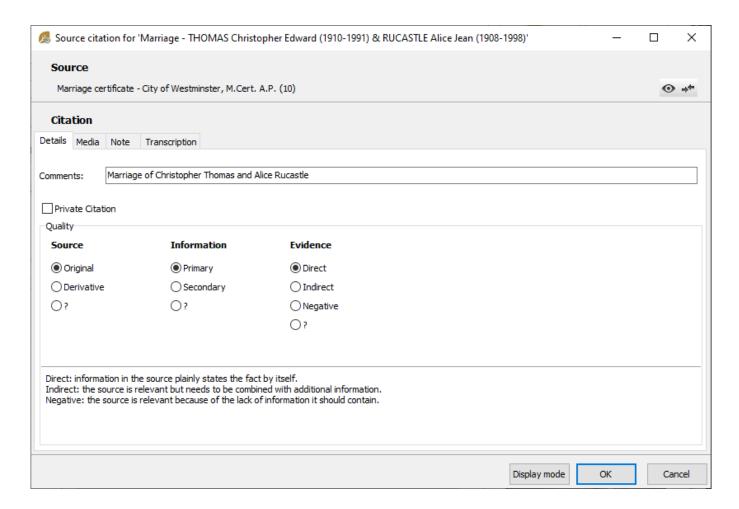
### Source's Preferences

Quality		
Source	Information	Evidence
<ul><li>Original</li></ul>	Primary	Direct
OPerivative	Secondary	○ Indirect
○?	○?	○ Negative
		○?
Original: the source is in		slated or derived from the original.
Derivative, the source	is extracted, transcribed, trans	stated of derived from the original.

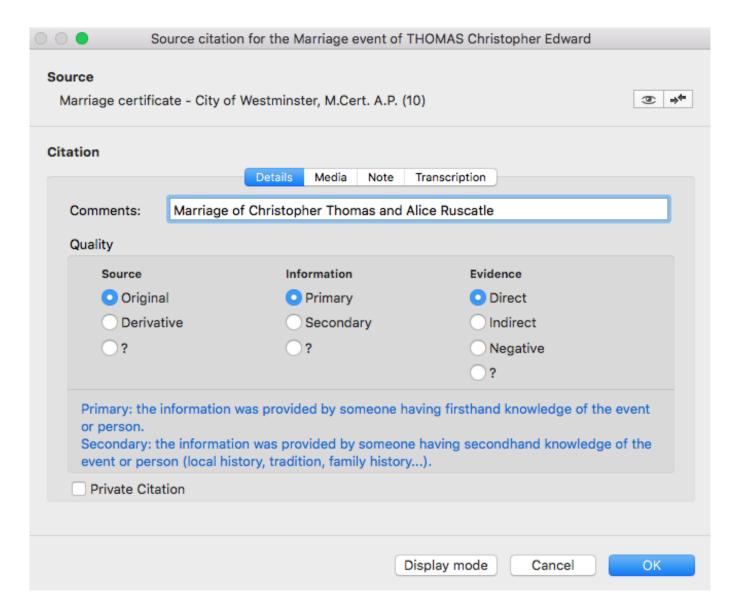
In comprehensive mode, when you want to associate a source to an event, Heredis display a citation windows allowing you to:

- link the citation to a generic source, a specific record for example
- qualify and eventually declare as private citation
- add the certificate that you detain as media of the citation
- transcribe this certificate and add a note

(Windows) Source Citation

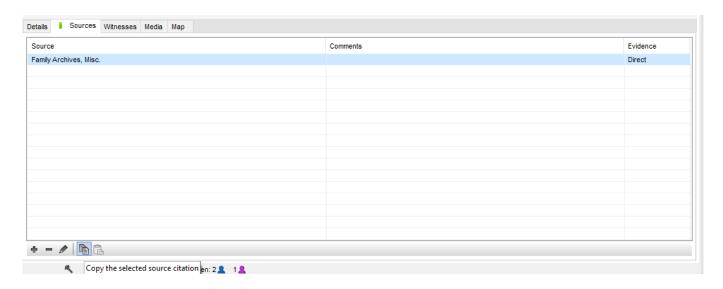


(Mac) Source Citation



## Duplicate a citation of a source

If you want to duplicate the citation and all the elements which compose it in another event, use the copy & paste buttons.



## **Summary of the source**

In the **Data** screen > **Personal Data**, next to the list of **Events**, click once on any source under the **Sources** tab: a summary of the source – or of the source citation if you have selected the **Comprehensive** mode under the Default Source Citation Options – will be displayed in the **Summary** panel.

### Source Citation



For further details, see The different mode for Sources & Citations

## The different mode for Sources & Citations

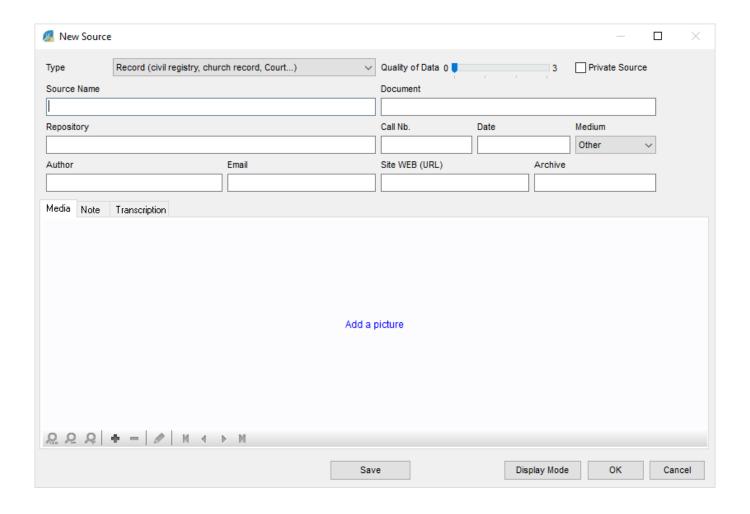
The information gathered about your ancestors will be more or less reliable depending on their origin. Assign one or more sources to each event in order to justify the information recorded.

## **Basic Mode**

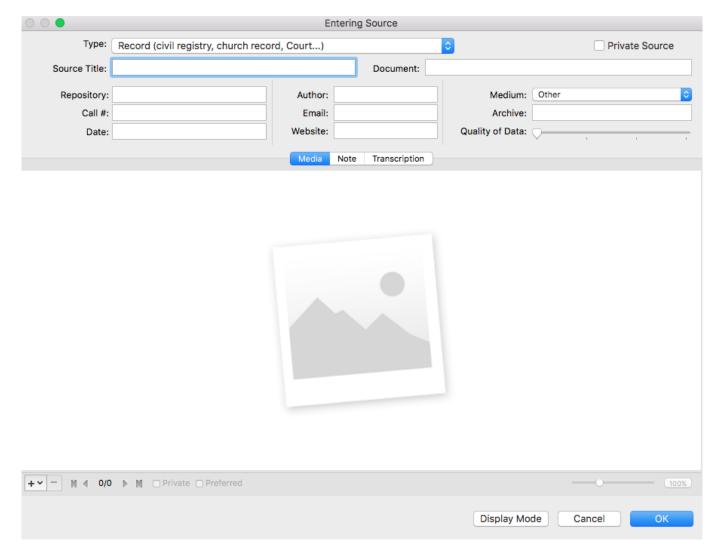
This source management mode is set by default in Heredis. It corresponds to 1 source = 1 deed. The source can then be used for the information resulting from this deed.

Add a source to an event by clicking • button on Sources tab. See also Sources.

(Windows) Source's Basic Mode



### (Mac) Source's Basic Mode



Each source (an act, a website, a historical work...) may be detailed and illustrated at the time of its creation or later.

- For each source, specify in the proposed boxes, the title, reference, author, quality of data.... A free text box allows you to enter a note or record the transcript of an act.
- You can mark a source as private in order not to export it when exchanging files, nor to publish it.
- Each source may be illustrated with media.

## **Comprehensive Mode**

To switch in comprehensive mode,

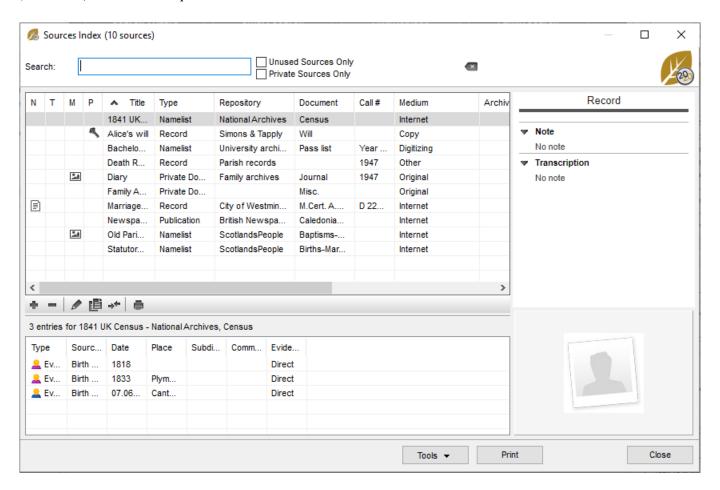
- (Mac) click **Heredis** menu > **Preference** > **Format tab**,
- (Windows) **Tools** menu > **Preferences** > **Heredis Preferences**,

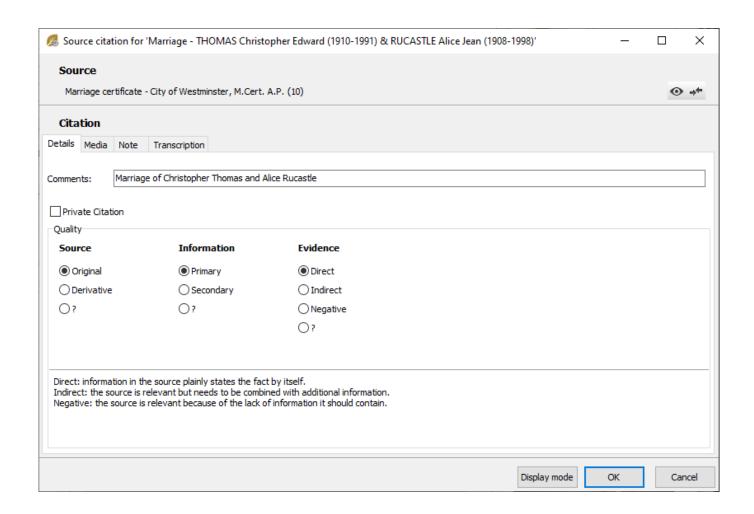
• tick the **Comprehensive mode** box and check the "**Comprehensive mode**" alternative in the Default source citation options.

The comprehensive mode allows to have a generic source associated with a citation for several uses, 1 source = several deed. For example a source created for a registry and a citation per deed inside of this registry.

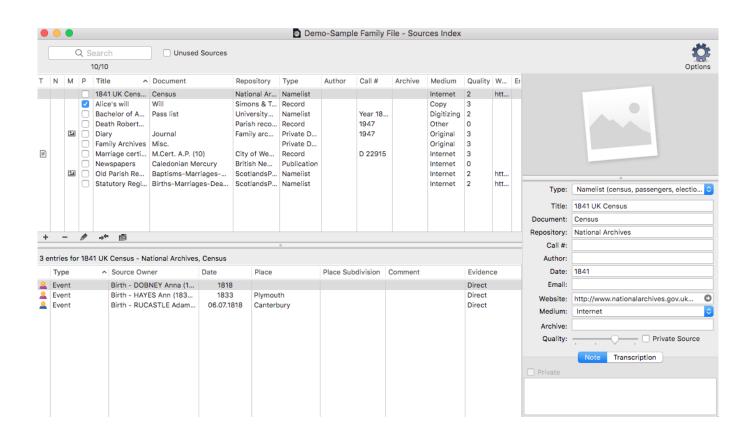
In comprehensive mode, when you click • on Sources tab of an event, you can associate a source already in your Source Index or create a New source if not already created.

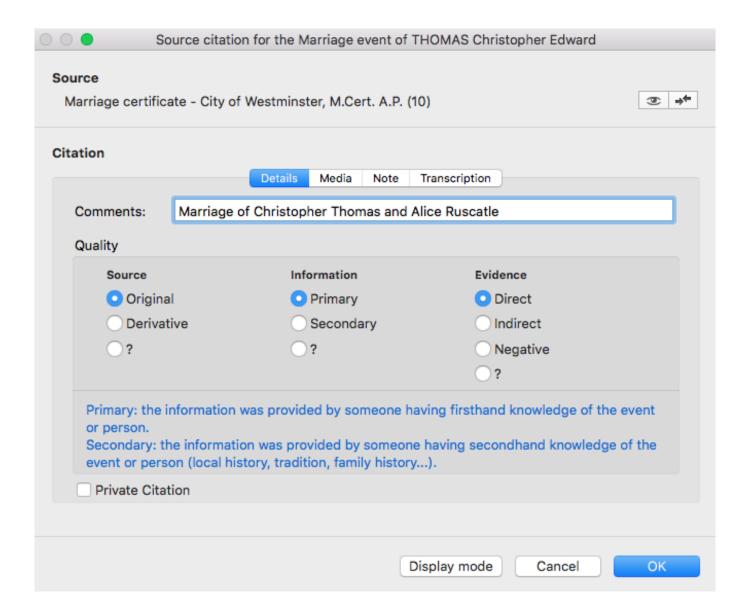
(Windows) Source's Comprehensive Mode





(Mac) Source's Comprehensive Mode





New options appear allowing you to register the quality of the source and the information.

**Original**: the source is in its original form.

**Derivative**: the source is extracted, transcribed, translated or derived from the original.

**Primary**: the source comes from a person who did have direct knowledge of the event or person.

**Secondary**: the source comes from a person who did not have a direct knowledge of the event or person (local history, tradition, family history...).

Source's Preferences

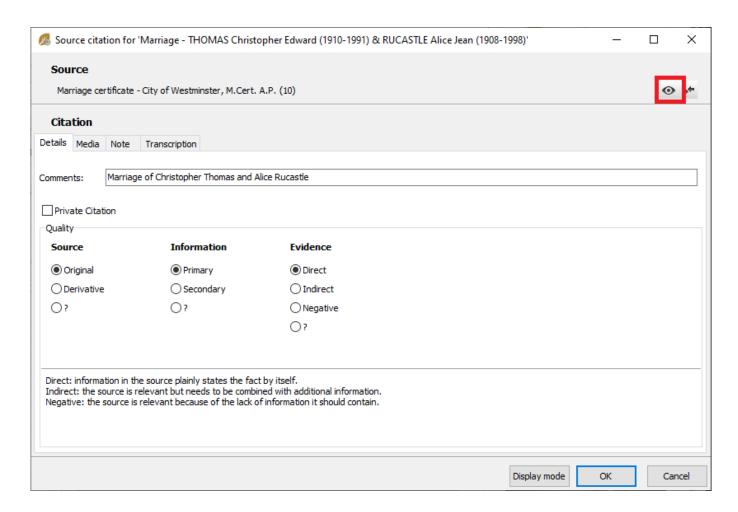
Quality		
Source	Information	Evidence
<ul><li>Original</li></ul>	Primary	<ul><li>Direct</li></ul>
Operivative	Secondary	◯ Indirect
<b>?</b>	○?	○ Negative
		○?
Original: the source is in		slated or derived from the original.
Derivative, the source	is extracted, traffscribed, traffs	siated of derived from the original.

In comprehensive mode, when you want to associate a source to an event, Heredis display a citation windows allowing you to:

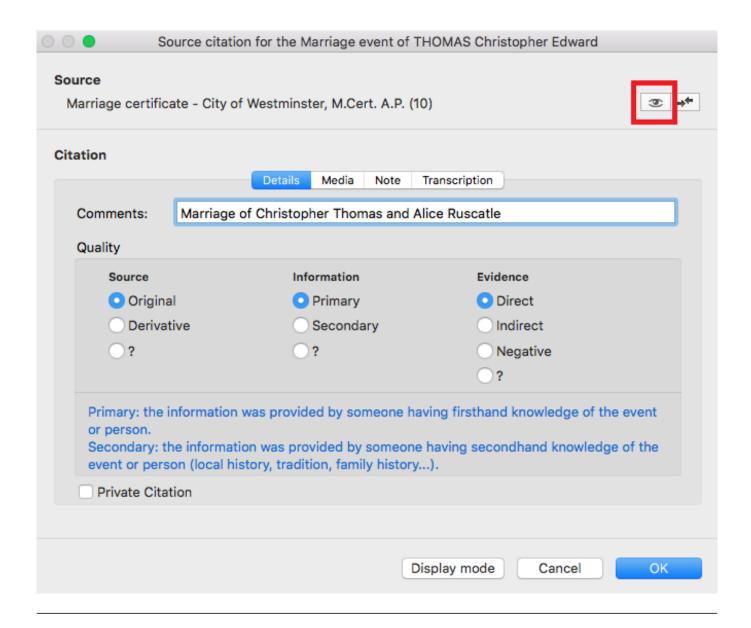
- link the citation to a generic source, a specific record for example
- qualify and eventually declare as private citation
- add the certificate that you detain as media of the citation
- transcribe this certificate and add a note

You can modify the Source by clicking on the eye button. Be aware that if you do modify it, it will be changed for all the utilisation of this source.

(Windows) Source's Comprehensive Mode



(Mac) Source's Comprehensive Mode



## **Indexes:** generalities

As you input data, Heredis groups the data by type and creates the corresponding indexes: surnames – given names – occupations – places – sources – media – repositories.

Each Index groups all data entries of the same type, and provides tools to illustrate, edit or delete data throughout the genealogy file.

Below are the general information for all indexes. Consult the articles <u>Sources Index</u>, <u>Media Index</u>, <u>Places Index</u>, <u>Repositories Index</u> for specifics related to these indexes.

## **Accessing Indexes**

Indexes are permanently available.

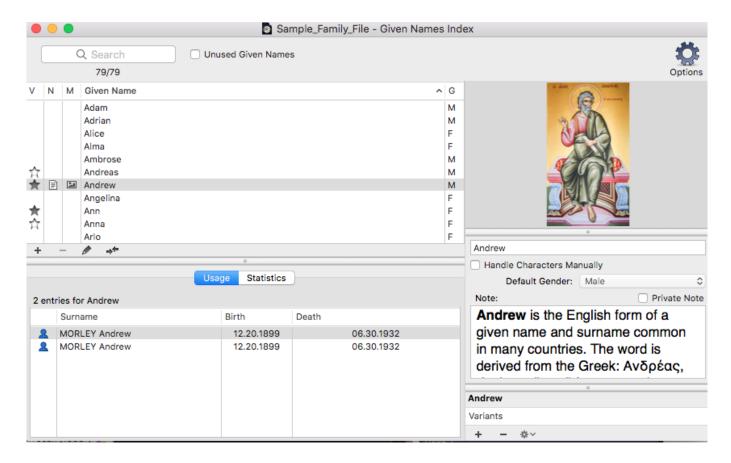
- From the toolbar, click on the **Indexes** button then select the one you want to open.
- From the **Tools** menu then choose the index you want to open.
- Click on the corresponding panel of the **Search panel**. You can access **Places**, **Sources**, or **Media Index**.

## **Exploring the Indexes**

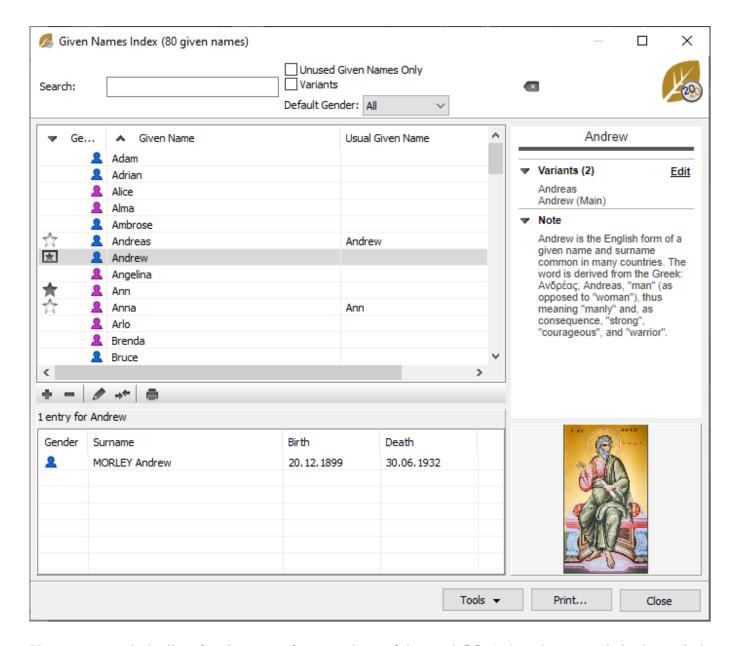
You may use the indexes for finding any data, modify or complete them, and simply navigate throughout your genealogy. Each Index gives you an overview of your data, indicates where they are used and permits you to edit them throughout your genealogy file.

As you enter all data, Heredis will record the details to the right place in the appropriate Indexes: names, occupations, places, sources, media.

(Mac) Given names Index



(Windows) Given names Index



You may consult the list of assignments for every item of data and (Mac) the relevant statistics by period.

Edit by double-clicking or selecting and clicking on the pencil , comment in notes, illustrate your data in the Index for transmitting throughout your genealogy.

Change the spelling of «SHELITO» to «SHILLITO» so that it applies to all holders of this surname. Change the default gender assigned to all new «Lindsey» given names which you may enter. Consult the list of all the «Master builders» and navigate throughout their families. Show photos of the places where your ancestors lived and refine their geolocation. Enter a transcript of an old deed, which you may then consult in each event where the source is assigned. Import folders of photos to the **Media Index** so that you have them to hand for associating by a simple drag and drop.

Indexes allow you to apply overall treatment for any data of the same type: spelling, specific formatting, associating of variants, notes, illustrations, replacement by another given item of data.

#### Search and sort

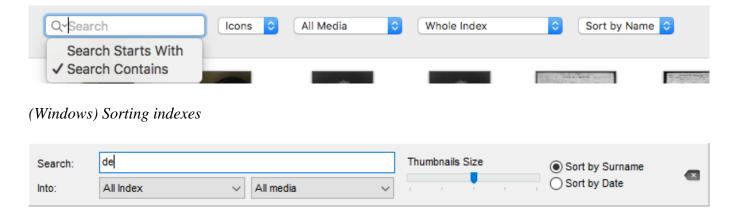
#### Search for an element in an index

Each Index has a search field at the top left of the screen. Enter the word or phrase to be searched. The search is performed in real time and the displayed list is updated.

(Mac) Click the Search icon to select the Search mode: «Search Contains» the word, or «Search Starts With» the entered letters.

You also have display filters to refine your search. You can display items that are not used in your genealogy by ticking the **Unused...** box and then delete them from (Windows) **Tools** button; (Mac) **Option** Button.

### (Mac) Sorting indexes



In the **Media Index**, choose from the pop-up menu to display media type (Image - Video - Missing...) and use (Sources - Persons...).

Only results that match your search criteria are displayed.

The counter (Mac) below the search box, (Windows) in the title of the index window, indicates the number of results compared with the total number of elements in the Index.

### Manage the displayed results

You can sort the list of elements in the Index according to the type of information.

Click the column header to rank sites by county, to classify sources by type, classify occupations according to the presence of a note, classify media according to their private character...

The Media Index may be displayed sorted either by file name or by date. Click the buttons on the toolbar of the list.

## Display all the elements of an index

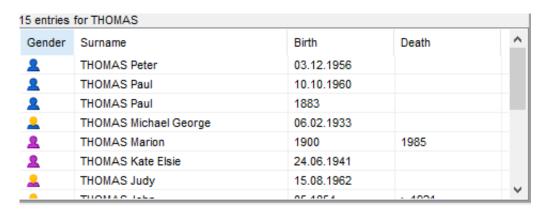
To see the complete list of all items in an index, make sure you have no active search criteria or filters. To cancel a search, click the **Delete** icon to the right of the search field.

To cancel the filter, uncheck the options. In the **Media Index** choose **All Media** and **Whole Index in the pop-up menus**.

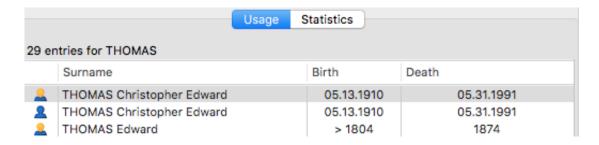
## **Consulting usage**

You can easily visualize the various occurrences of a specific item in your genealogy and conveniently navigate from the indexes.

- Open the index you are interested in.
- Select the line corresponding to the item you want to research.
- (Windows) In the bottom part, the number of occurrences (Usage) will be displayed either directly or under a tab, depending on the index you are using. In the right end column or at the bottom, depending on the index, you will see the variants, attached media and/or notes



• (Mac) Click on the Usage tab in the lower part of the window.

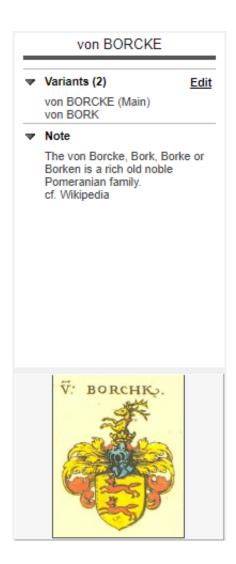


- Double-click on the person's name to display the person's data.
- In some indexes, you can view variants, media path, or other information in the right column.

(Mac) Surnames index



(Windows) Surnames index



• All indexes allow you to see where the information is attached. For example: If you want to know who of your family was a doctor, you click on doctor in the occupation index and you will see who had this occupation.

Each item of the index is analyzed so you can improve your knowledge of your genealogy.

(Mac) Click on the **Statistics** tab to consult usage stats on the item you selected. Heredis will display a graph showing the number of occurrences over a time period.

(Mac) The index window will remain open until you close it. You can go back to it at any time to switch to another usage or to do another search.

## Modifying data throughout the file

You have mistakenly added the occupation «Lawyer» instead of «Solicitor»? You want the given name of «LaToya» to be written with a capital T? You realize that you have entered two different sources for the same document?

No need to spend time editing each person in your genealogy. By using the Indexes, you manage globally

Surnames, Given Names, Occupations, Places, Sources and Media, and any change is automatically applied wherever the element is used in your file.

- 1. Select the item to be modified. If necessary run a search or sort to find it easily.
- 2. Edit the item:
  - (Mac) by entering directly on the right of the Index screen,
  - by double-clicking on the line,
  - by clicking the **Edit and modify...** button on the toolbar of the list to open the editing screen.

### Modify upper or lower case

Most data managed in the indexes are automatically formatted when entered. The automatic formatting is defined in

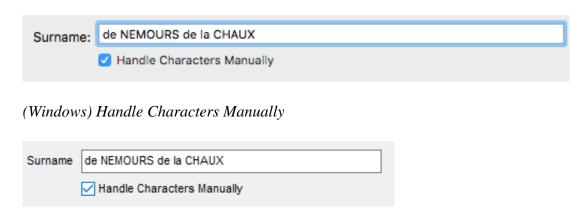
- (Windows) **Tools** menu > **Preferences** > **Appearance**;
- (Mac) **Heredis** menu > **Preferences**.

You can choose to display the surnames, given names and places in uppercase, or with only the first letter in capitals. However Heredis allows you to change the formatting for a single item and then apply the changes to all uses of this element.

You want to make an exception for a surname, a given name or a place where the spelling is unusual.

- 1. Open the index and find the item in question to be changed.
- 2. Open the editing screen and tick Handle Characters Manually.
- 3. Edit the item. You may type upper and lower case wherever you want for the word. The automatic formatting will not apply to this element that will keep the format that you have chosen.

(Mac) Handle Characters Manually



### Replace an element with another

After many data entries, you may have created duplicates: this source is identical to another, such an occupation was spelled in two different ways. Tidy up in the index in question by using the **Replace...** function.

- 1. Open the index and find the item in question to be replaced.
- 2. Click the **Replace...** on the toolbar of the list.
- 3. Select the replacement item in the list. Click **Choose** to confirm the replacement.

The element is replaced in the Index, and therefore wherever it has been used in your genealogy. The Index now contains one element less than before.

**Info**: An element with variants can't be replaced. You first have to unlink the variants.

## **Manage variants**

The notion of a variant allows you to assign several elements to an Index entry. You can define variants of Surnames, Given Names, Occupations and Places.

Place names have sometimes changed over the centuries. As part of your genealogical research, you may find a number of variants for the same place. «New Amsterdam» was renamed «New York» in 1665, «Philipstown (Leinster)» became «Daingean» in 1929. Similarly, you may encounter a name spelled differently depending on the date of the certificate found: the «Taylor» family is sometimes noted with the spelling «Taylour» or «Tayler».

### **Specify the variants**

- Open the index in question.
- Select the surname, given name, occupation or place you choose as the standard version.

In the **variants** field at the bottom right of the screen, click the • (Link a variant...).

• (Mac) click on the • button in Variants area.



• (Windows) click on the link Edit, then on • button in Variants area.



• Select the item to be the variant and press the **Choose** button.

You can repeat this as necessary to add several variations to the main element.

#### Choose the main variant

You can choose the main variant for a surname, given name, or occupation. Select the variant you wish to see as the main and click on the button. The main variant appears with a grey star and its variants with a white one.

#### **Unlink variants**

To unlink a variant, select **Variants** in the screen and click the (Unlink the selected variant) button. To remove all variants of a group: click the indented wheel icon in the **Variants** field, and choose **Remove this group of variants**.

To remove all variants from your genealogy file, click the **Options** button on the toolbar and choose **Unlink All Variants...** 

**Info** • Deleting a variant does not remove the item from the index. Only the link of the element in the index is deleted.

### **Delete unused data from an Index**

You can delete at one go all the elements that are not used in your genealogy file.

As a precaution, review first the list of unused data by ticking the **Unused...** box in the search field.

- 1. Click the (Windows) Tools / (Mac) Options button on the toolbar of the Index and select **Remove All Unused...**
- 2. Confirm the deletion by clicking **OK**.

## The Sources Index

The **Sources Index** includes all sources associated with events entered into the genealogical file.

To manage the sources stored in the genealogical file, select the **Tools** menu > **Sources Index**.

New sources can also be entered using the button in **Sources tab** of an event, or directly in the **Sources Index.** Read the <u>Sources</u> article for more details on creating a source.

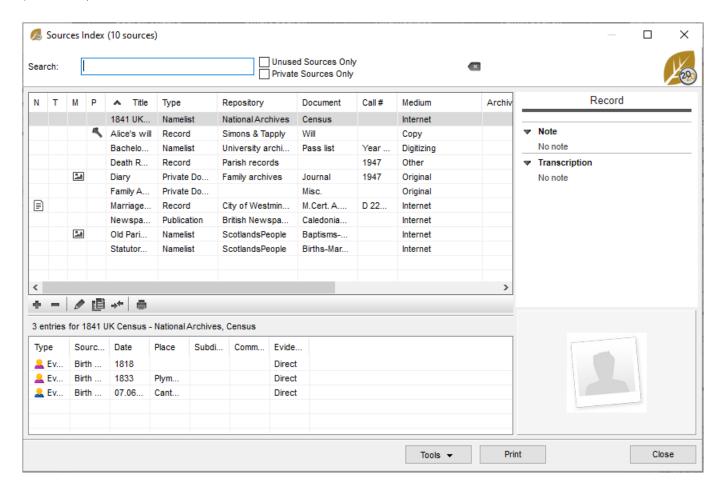
Check out the article **Indexes**: Generalities for the tools available in all indexes.

## Open the sources index

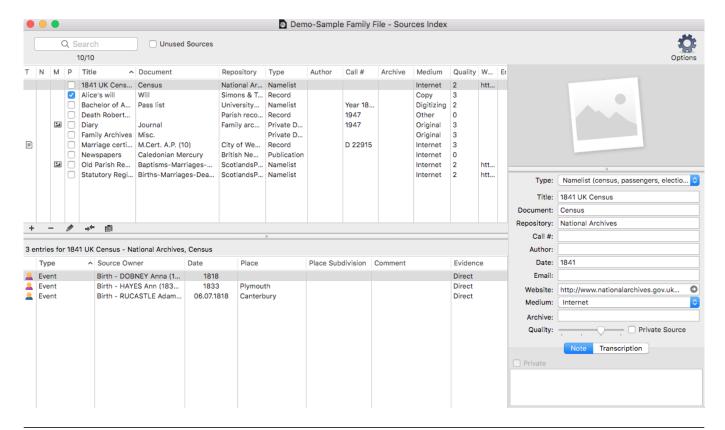
### Open the **Sources Index**:

- from the **Tools** menu,
- via the toolbar by clicking on **Indexes** button then on **Sources Index** button in the toolbar,
- (Mac) by clicking on in the Sources panel.

### (Windows) Sources Index



#### (Mac) Sources Index



## **Duplicate a source**

Save time and duplicate a source when you only have the reference to change for example.

- Select the source to duplicate.
- Click the button at the bottom of the source list.
- Edit the duplicate source, it has no use.
- Change the data to get a new source.

### Search the sources

In the search area, type a word contained in any input topic of the search source.

The number of items found that match your search is displayed under the search area.

(Mac) Click on the Magnifying glass icon to choose the search mode: the search "contains" the entered word, or the search "starts with" the letters entered.

To undo a search on a word, click the erase icon ( Windows, Mac) to the right of the search area.

See the list of events in which this source is used in the lower part of the window.

To find a source registered in the **Sources Index:** 

- Click directly on the source in the list displayed.
- or Tap the arrow keys of your keyboard to access them.
- or Enter the first letters of one of the items from the searched source in the **Search** area. You can search for a source by name, origin, rating, etc.

You can refine the list of sources displayed:

- To limit the list to unused sources, check the corresponding box.
- (Windows) To view only private sources, check the corresponding box.
- Click in the column header to see the sources recorded in alphabetical or numerical order of the Title or Repository or Document or Call #, etc. A new click in the header reverses the order displayed. An arrow appears in the column on which sorting is performed. Columns N, T, M, P allow you to sort sources with a Note, Transcript, Media or the Private ones. Click on the header of these columns to see the sources sort as you see fit.

When you select a source from the list, the detail of that source appears on the right (title, name of repository, document, private source, ...).

(Mac) You can change the fields of the selected source directly from the detail on the right.

Uses of this source are displayed under the source list.

(Windows) Uses of a source

7 entries for Statutory Registers - Scotland - ScotlandsPeople, Births-Marriages-Deaths Registers										
Туре	Source owner	Date	Place	Subdi	Comm	Evide	^			
🚨 Event	Birth - de NEMOURS Josephine (1855-1	24.01.1855	Dunfermline (Fife)			Direct				
🚨 Event	Birth - WALLACE Brenda (1873-1937)	14.10.1873	Edinburgh (City Of Edinb			Direct				
🚨 Event	Death - SMITH Charlotte (1805-1872)	25.03.1872	Leith (City Of Edinburgh)			Direct				
🚨 Event	Death - WALLACE James William (1801	15.08.1888	Leith (City Of Edinburgh)			Direct				
🚨 Event	Marriage - RUCASTLE Gilbert (1870-19	11.09.1900	Edinburgh (City Of Edinb			Direct	_			

#### (Mac) Uses of a source



Double-click on one of the uses to navigate directly to the event or the person concerned. This source is selected and can be deleted or modified. If you modify it, the changes will be made for all the uses of this source.

### Merge two sources

You may have recorded several sources in the **Sources Index** that corresponds to the same reference: for example, you created a source with the digitized certificate and created another with the transcript of the certificate.

You can create a single source that will replace the two sources currently in the index.

- Select source A to be eliminated.
- Click the \*\* button.
- Select source B to keep.
- Click the **Choose** button.

Heredis indicates the number of changes that will be made.

• Confirm the replacement of source A with source B by clicking the **Yes** button. All events to which source A was attached will be changed.

## **Delete a source**

Select the source from the source list.

Click the button.
 Heredis warns you when the source is being used. If you confirm the deletion, the source will no longer appear in the list of sources of events to which it was assigned.

## **Delete unused sources**

To remove all unused sources in the genealogical file, select **Remove All Unused Sources** in the drop-down menu (**Windows**) **Tools**, (**Mac**) **Options**.

#### **Multi-selection**

To process multiple sources in a single operation:

- (Windows) Press the Ctrl or Maj button and, while keeping that key pressed, click on the different sources you want to select.
- (Mac) Press the Command or Maj button and, while keeping that key pressed, click on the different sources you want to select.
- Then choose the appropriate action, deletion, replacement or printing of the list (from Print button on Windows, from Options button on Mac).

## Swap two columns

This feature allows you to easily exchange the values of 2 headings from a source.

- Select one or more sources, via multi-selection
- (Windows) Click the Tools button > Swap, then choose the 2 topics to trade.

• (Mac) Click the Options button > Swap, then choose the 2 topics to trade.

## Change the value

To change the value contained in one topic by another possible value for this topic:

- Select one or more sources, via multi-selection,
- (Windows) Click the Tools button > Change the Value > select the section > choose the new value for this topic.
- (Mac) Click the Options button > Change Value > select the section > choose the new value for this topic.

**Note:** Before applying the changes, Heredis displays a confirmation message telling you how many sources are impacted by the desired change. Click the Yes or No button to apply the changes or not.

## (Windows) Print buttons

#### Print the source sheet

To print the listing for the selected source in the index, click the button in the index toolbar. You'll find all the topics of the source, its uses, and the transcripts you've entered if you wish.

#### Print the index

The **Print** button allows you to edit all the sources stored in the file as they are displayed. If you have done a search, only the results of this search will be printed. Also, Heredis will keep the sorting order you have chosen by clicking on the columns corresponding to the different topics of the sources.

You can also launch a list of all the sources stored in the file from the **Reports** menu > **Custom reports** > **Sources Reports**.

If you no longer need to refer to the index, return to the viewing screen by clicking the **Close** button.

### **Print Lists of Sources**

(Mac) Click the **Options** button > **Print** and choose the type of list you want to print.

(Windows) Click the Tools button > Print and choose the type of list you want to print.

Check out the articles <u>Custom Reports</u>, <u>(Mac) Create and Edit a Report</u>, <u>.(Windows) Create and Edit Reports</u>.

# **Repositories Index**

A repository corresponds to who holds the original document. It may be your aunt who keeps the family documents or the State Archives which keep the originals of the registers of civil status.

Every new entry is inserted in the **Repository Index**. Heredis verify every data in the repository section.

To manage all repositories registered in your genealogy file

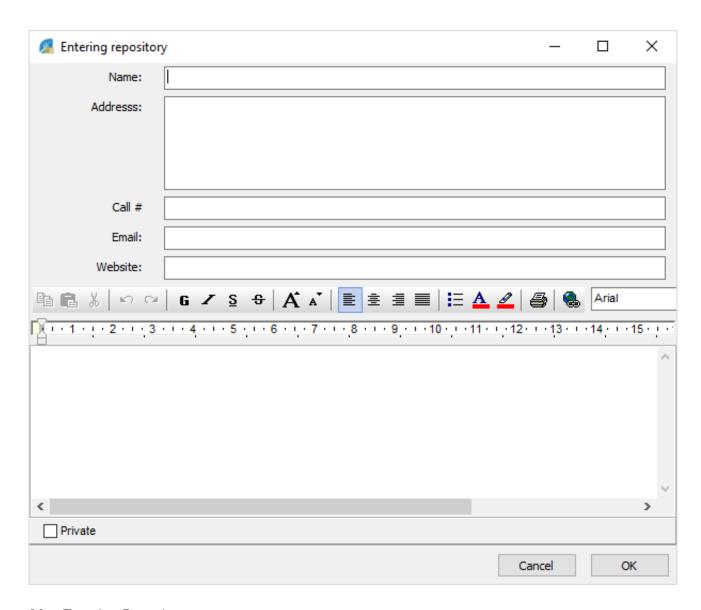
- select the **Tools** Menu > **Repositories Index**
- or directly from the **Sources index**,
- click on (Windows) Tools button / (Mac) Option (indented wheel) button then select Repositories Index;
- or from the toolbar click on the button in the Index button

See also Indexes: generalities.

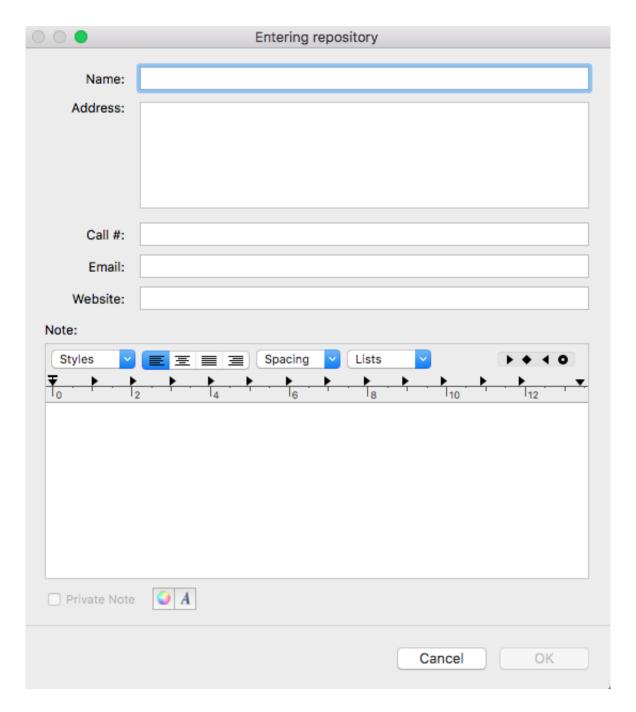
## Create a new repository

When entering a new source, the **Entering repository** screen automatically opens if the repository doesn't already exist in your file.

Windows Entering Repository



Mac Entering Repository



To add a new repository from **Repository Index**:

- Click on the button to enter a new repository.
- Write all the data you dispose of on the new repository in the sections: name, address, call #, email, website.

You can also add a note: write directly in the word pressing, and use the toolbar if you wish to edit. Check the **Private Note** box to exclude this note from file exports and publishing.

## Access to a repository

Click directly in the Repository index in the displayed list.

or Press the arrow touch of your keyboard to access it.

or Enter the first letters of the repository in the search bar. You can reduce the repository list by ticking the box "**unused repositories**" to see only the unused repositories and eventually delete them.

When you select a repository in the list, find directly to the right the entered information: name, address, call #, email, website and note.

The sources using the repository are displayed under the repositories index.

Double-click on one of the use to display directly the detail of the concerned source.

## Modify a repository

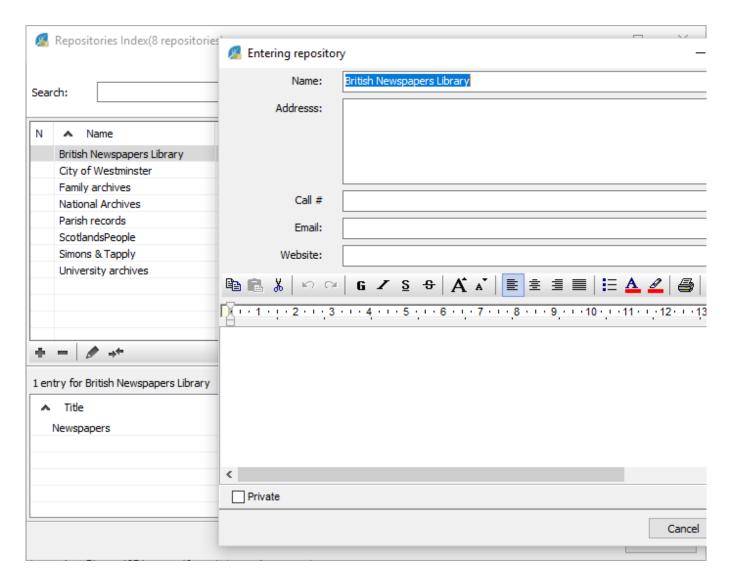
Heredis allows you to modify a repository at any time.

Select the repository to modify then click on the pencil button.

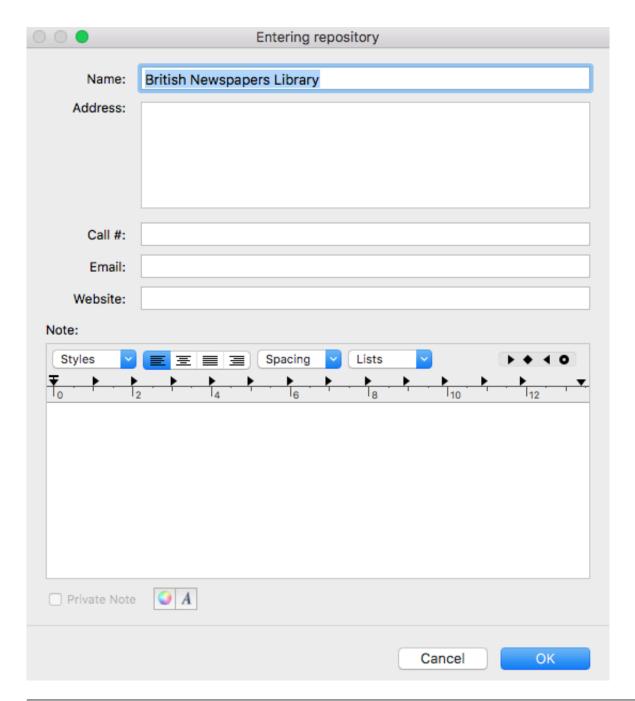
Or double click on the displayed repository in the list.

Modify directly the sections you want. If you change the name of the repository, Heredis will impact this modification on every source linked to this repository.

Windows Modify a repository



Mac Modify a repository

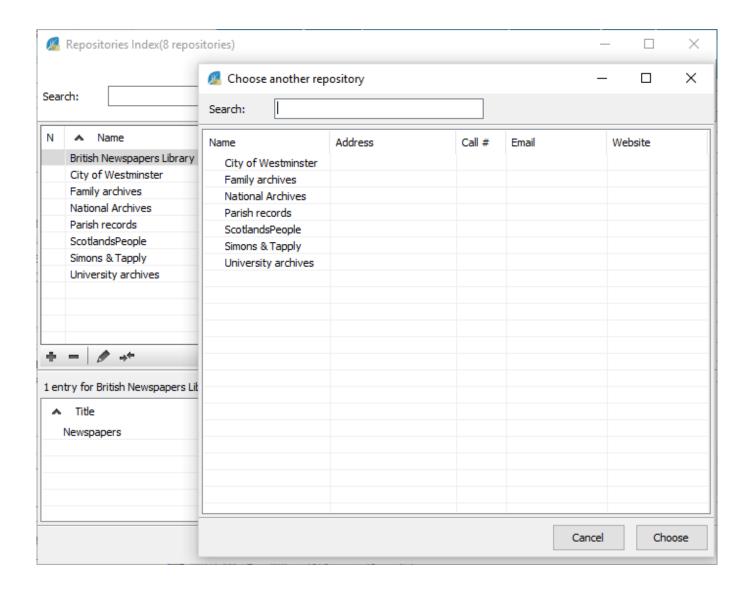


# Merge 2 repositories

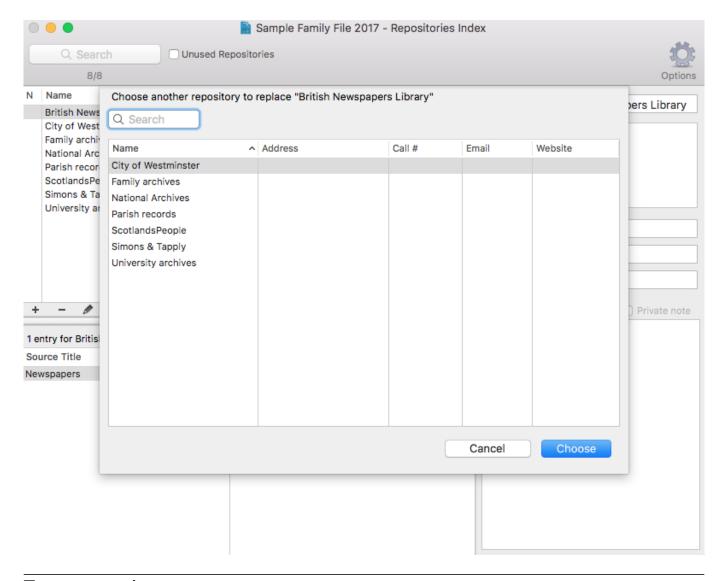
You may have save duplicates in the **Repositories Index**, merge them to keep only one in the **Index**.

- Select at first the repository to erase
- Click on the \*\* button
- Select then the repository to keep
- Click on the **Choose** button

Windows Merge 2 repositories



Mac Merge 2 repositories



# Erase a repository

- Select the repository to delete
- Click on the button. If you erase a used repository, it will also be erased from the linked source.

### **Multi-Selection**

To treat multiple repositories at the same time:

- Press the (Windows) Ctrl or Maj / (Mac) Cmd or Maj key and, while holding this key down, click on the different repositories you wish to select.
- Then choose the appropriate action, erasing or replacement.

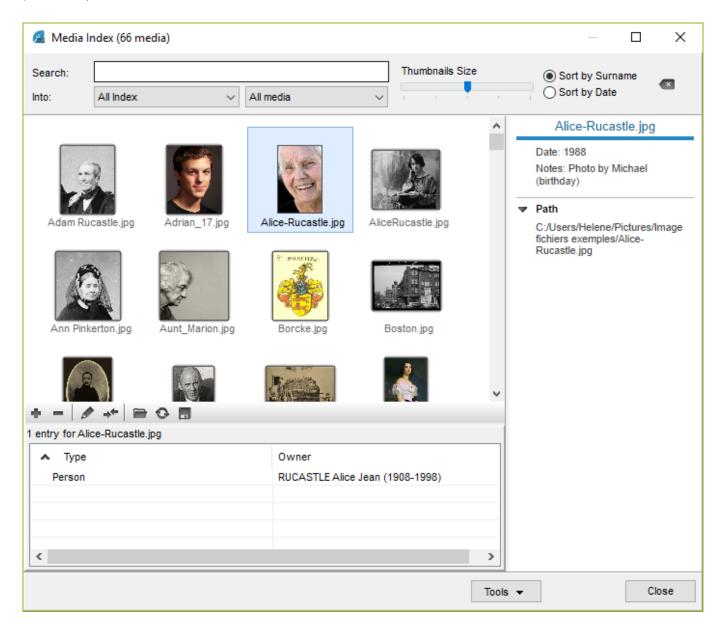
### **Media Index**

Read also the article **Indexes**: generalities for tools available on all indexes.

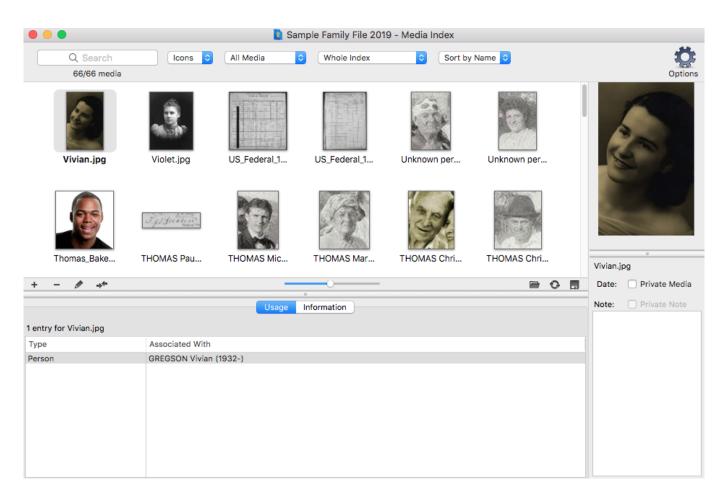
Open the **Media Index** from the **Tools** menu, from the toolbar , (Mac) or by clicking the Index button in the **Media** panel toolbar.

• In the **Search** section, type in the name (or part of the name) of the media you are looking for. The number of items matching your search is displayed right underneath the **Search** section.

(Windows) Media Index



(Mac) Media Index



(Mac) Click the Magnifying Glass icon to select the search mode: "Search Starts With" or "Search Contains" the letters typed in.

In order to delete or replace the searched word, click on the (**Windows**)  $ext{ } ext{or } ext{ } ext{or } ext{(Mac)} ext{ } ext{ } ext{or } ext{(Mac)} ext{(Mac)}$ 

- The search can be limited to a single type of media by selecting it from the first pull-down menu: Image files, Audio files, Video files, Other types, Missing Media, Private.
- Filter your search according to the type of data the media is assigned to by selecting in the second pull-down menu: **Persons, Families, Sources, Events, Surnames, Given Names, Places, Unused Media,** etc.

To better identify the selected media:

- Sort the list or icons according to the name of the media or to the date you have entered.
- Change the media display mode List or Icons by clicking on the related buttons. You can also enlarge the icons using the zoom cursor.

**Info** • The results displayed as a list can be sorted according to the presence of a Note (N), of a Private media (P), or according to their name, by simply clicking on the column header.

If a media is selected on the list, you can consult the data it is related to by clicking the Usage tab. Double-click the data you are interested in and it will be displayed in a new window.

For more details, please consult the Media article.

## Searching for missing media

### Check missing media

You have imported a file from an earlier version of Heredis or GEDCOM? If the original location of the media was changed at the time of import, or if a folder containing the media did not accompany the GEDCOM file, the media may be missing. A GEDCOM file only contain the name of the media and way to access the original.

They are displayed differently if Heredis had the thumbnails or not.

- For a Heredis file where there was a displayed thumbnail, the words "original not found" follows the media name in the media edit window, but you still see its representation.
- For a file where there was no displayed thumbnail, the icon of the media not found is displayed instead of the media.

#### Find a group of media

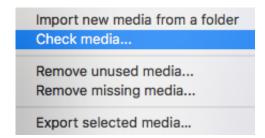
Open the Media Index.

- 1. Click the (Windows) Tools / (Mac) Options button (indented wheel icon) on the toolbar of the Index.
- 2. Select Check media...

Windows Check Media

Export displayed media...
Remove All Unused Media...
Check media...

Mac Check Media



Heredis reviews all the media in your genealogy and detects, if any:

- media not found following deletion from the Media folder managed by Heredis
- media of which the original has been modified by third party software other than Heredis
- and finally, media for which the original has changed location and is no longer present on your

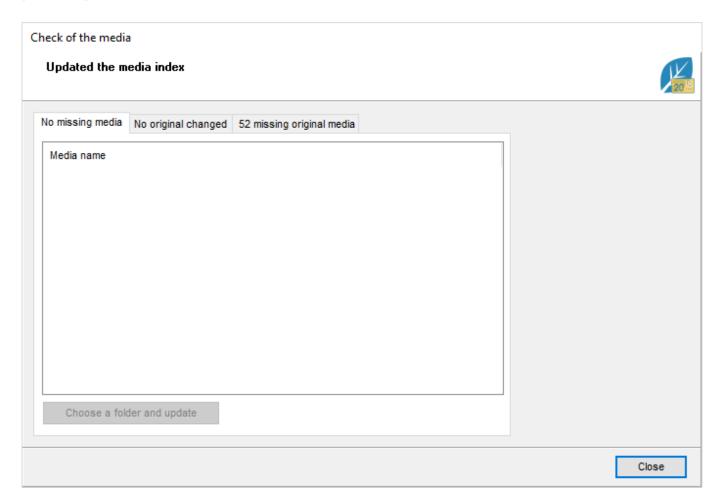
computer.

In the **Media check** window, you can:

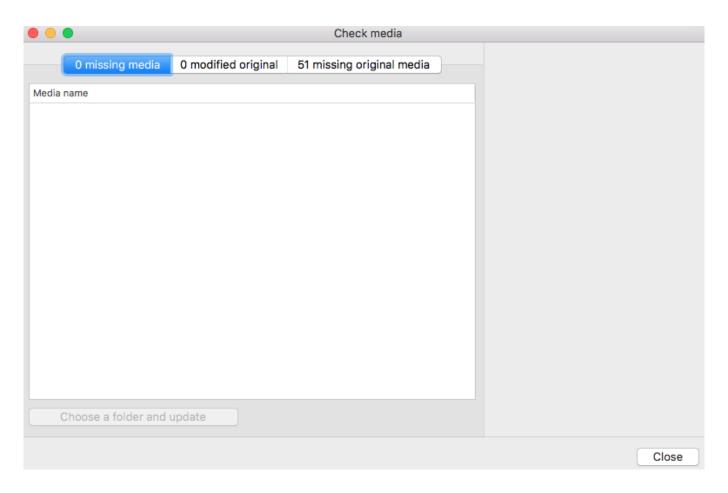
- in the **Missing Media** tab, designate a folder to search and update these media. Click on **Choose folder and update**. Indicate the location of the media on your computer.
- in the **Original changed** tab, select all or part of the media managed by Heredis to update them from the originals. Click on **Update the selection**.
- in the **Missing Original Media** tab, specify the folder where your original is located. Click on **Choose a folder**.

**Note**: If your media are stored in multiple folders, you will have to do as many times the manipulation to indicate which folder you have folders.

(Windows) Media check window



(Mac) Media check window



If your originals have changed their names, Heredis will not be able to reinstate them automatically. Indeed, the software cannot know that you have changed the name of a media. In this case, see the paragraph below.

# Replacing or deleting media

### Replace media with other media

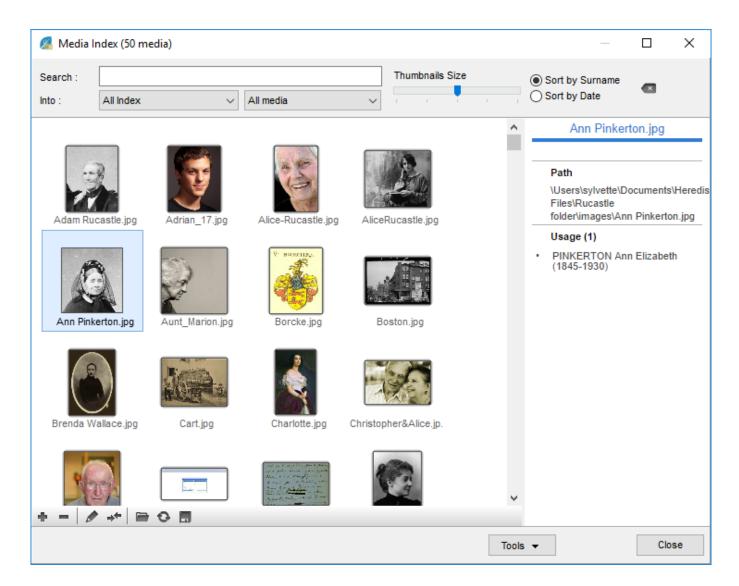
You may have assigned two different media but they were the same (an image of a source saved with two different names, the same image on the selected hard drive and in iPhoto ...). You may only keep one assigned media but use it several times.

1. Open the **Media Index** 

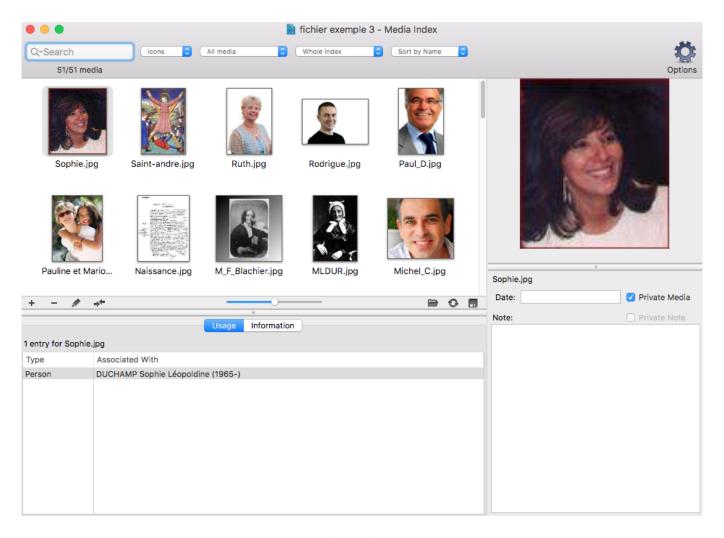


and select the media to be replaced.

Media Index for Windows



Media Index for Mac



- 2. Click **Replace with another Media from...** or on the button bar of the display field and choose the duplicate image in the index or the replacement image in its folder on your hard drive.
- 3. Select the media to be kept and click the **Choose** button. The initial media has been replaced by the second for all its uses.

#### Delete media

Display the Media panel, or open the Media Index.

- Select the media to remove
- Click the

(Remove the selected media) button on the toolbar for media management.

- (Mac) Right-click the media and choose Remove...
- Confirm the deletion of the media with **OK**.

This will delete the media from your genealogy file. If it had been used, it will no longer appear in the illustrations of data or persons to whom it was assigned.

### **Places Index**

Heredis attaches considerable importance to the places where your ancestors lived. By its structured data entry, it identifies places in many countries and views them on an inter-active map. You get closer to the lives of your ancestors by discovering their geographical environment. Did they live in a forest, near a river, in a large city or small village?

**Info** • You were using a software that did not have a defined structure for places? Heredis studies your GEDCOM file and identifies the largest possible number of locations, offering you this essential feature for effective knowledge of your past.

Places assigned to events are displayed in the **Personal Data** screen by selecting each event. You can consult the list of all places in your genealogy in the **Places** panel or in the **Places Index**. Places referring to immediate family members appear in the **History** > **Migrations** tab as well as in the **Search** tab.

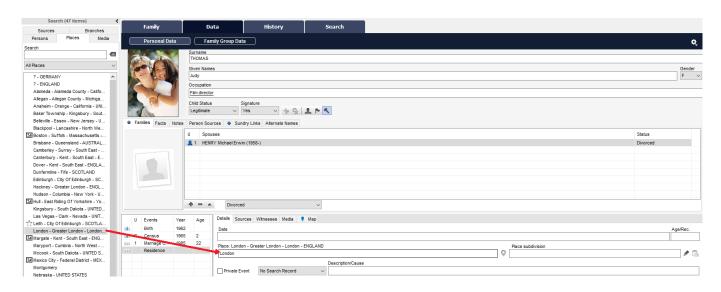
See also Indexes: generalities article to know more about tools available for all indexes.

### Assign an existing place to an event

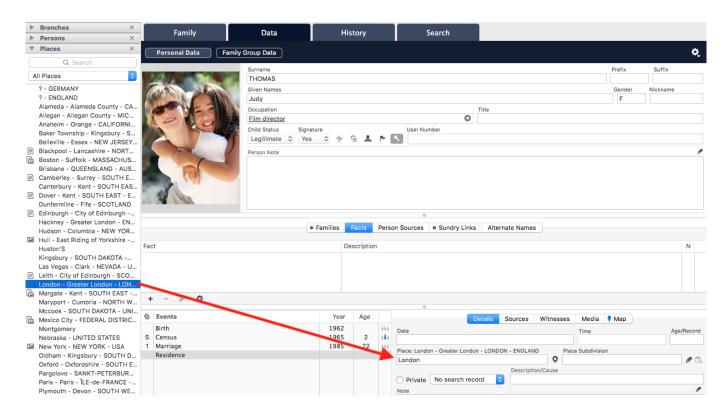
#### Drag and drop

- 1. Select the event from the **Personal Data** tab.
- 2. Drag the place from the **Places** panel and drop it on the display area of the event. The place is displayed in the **Place** field. Other details of the location are displayed above the **Place** field.

(Windows) Drag a place from Places panel > drop in the event



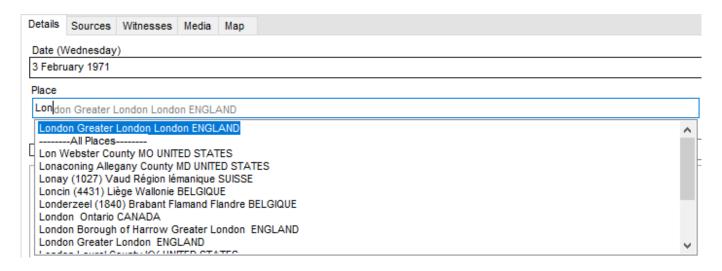
(Mac) Drag a place from Places panel > drop in the event



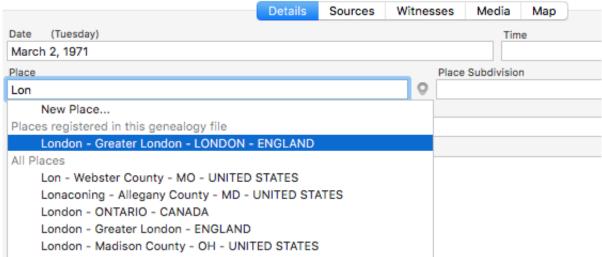
#### In the Details fields of the event

1. Type the name of the place in the **Place** field, without bothering about upper or lower case. With the first letters, Heredis displays a list of places that may match your entry. The displayed list offers in the upper part, places already registered in this genealogy, and below the places recognized by Heredis.

(Windows) Input a place in Details tab of an event



(Mac) Input a place in Details tab of an event



2. Select a place using the mouse or use the up and down arrow keys and confirm the place selected with the Enter.

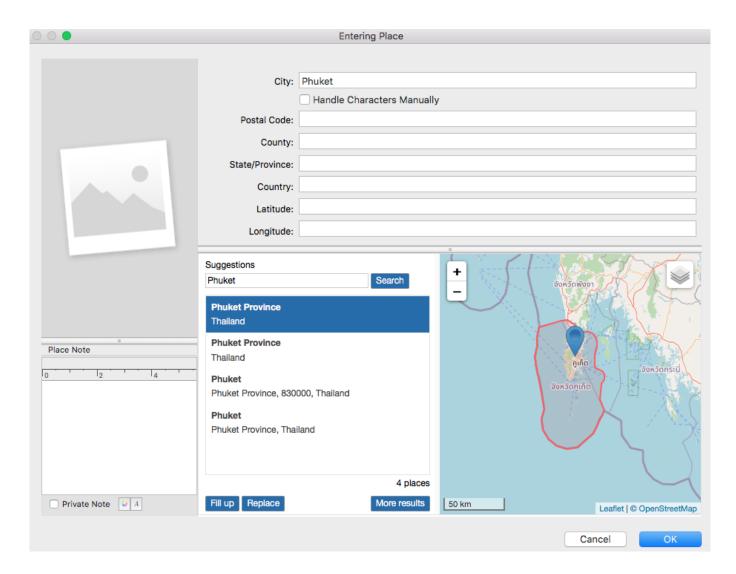
### Create a new place and assign it to an event

If no proposed place matches the place you want to enter,

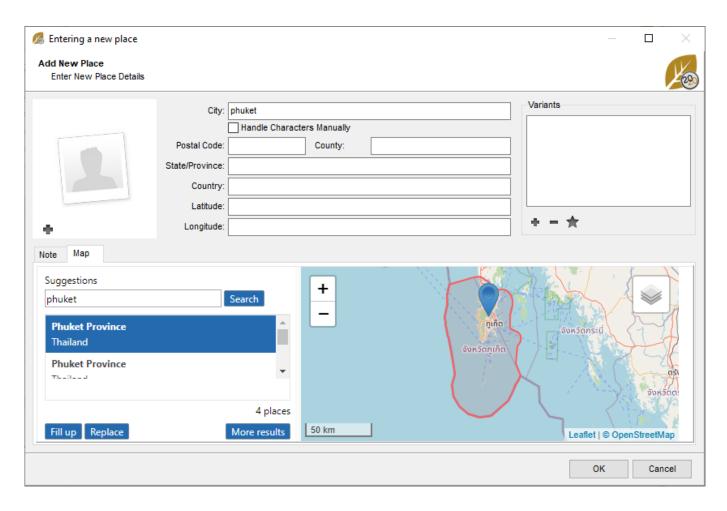
- (Windows) fill in the case and click on the tab key to add this new place to the index
- (Mac) select New Place at the top of the list.

A window opens, complete the various administrative details of the new place, use the automatic research (available in Map tab on Windows) to locate the place. Once the data completed and press **OK**. The new place will be added to the **Places Index**.

(Mac) New Place window



(Windows) New Place window



**Note**: Sometimes cities have changed their names or disappeared. Enter the old name and then in the New Place window, enter the current name of the city in the suggestions area. Launch the search and choose the one that suits you. You can click **Fill up** to keep the old name.

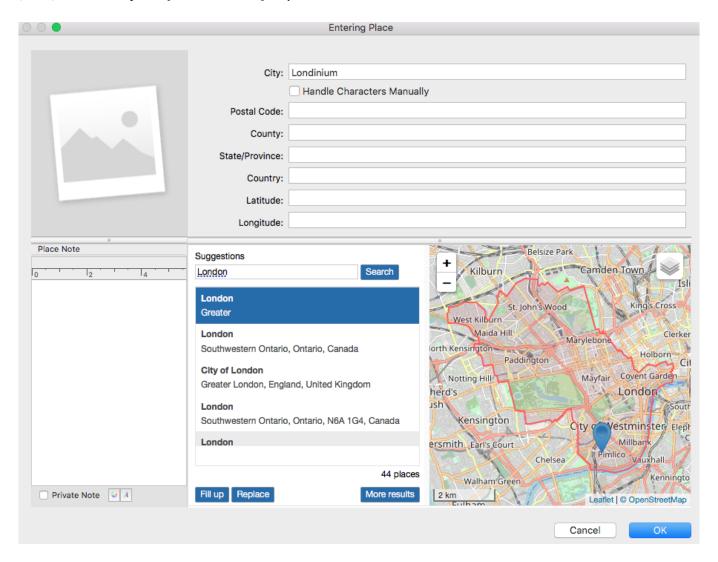
# Create a new place to be assigned later

- 1. Display the **Places** panel or open the **Places Index**.
- 2. Click (Add New Place).
- 3. Enter the name of the place. With the first letters, Heredis proposes a list of known places which may match your entry. By choosing one of these known places, the different administrative fields and geolocation of the place will be filled in automatically.
- 4. Click on **Fill up** to complete the fields or on **Replace** to replace all fields.
- 5. If no place corresponds to the place you want to enter, complete the input field with the various

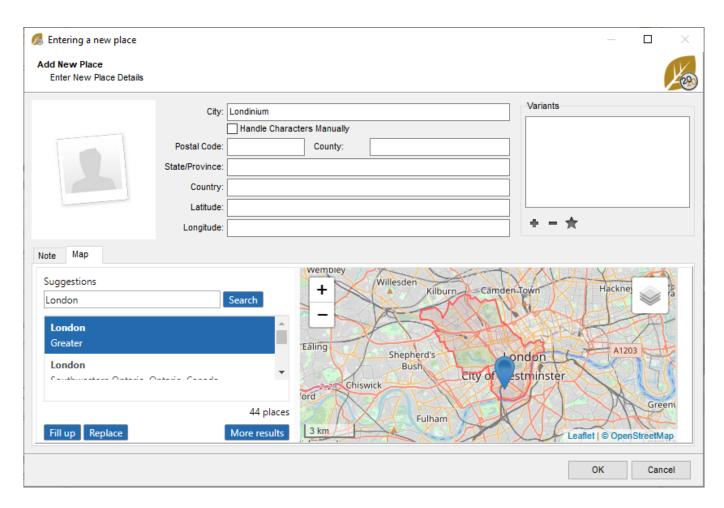
administrative levels of the new place and press **OK**.

A new place has been created but it is not yet assigned to an event. This place will now be proposed in the list of existing places when you type in the **Places** field of an event. It will also be in the **Places index** and **Place panel**.

(Mac) Enter new place for old name of city

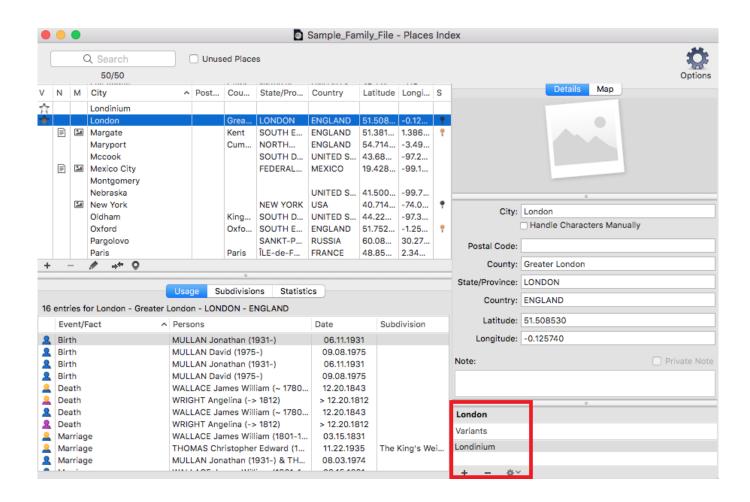


(Windows) Enter new place for old name of city

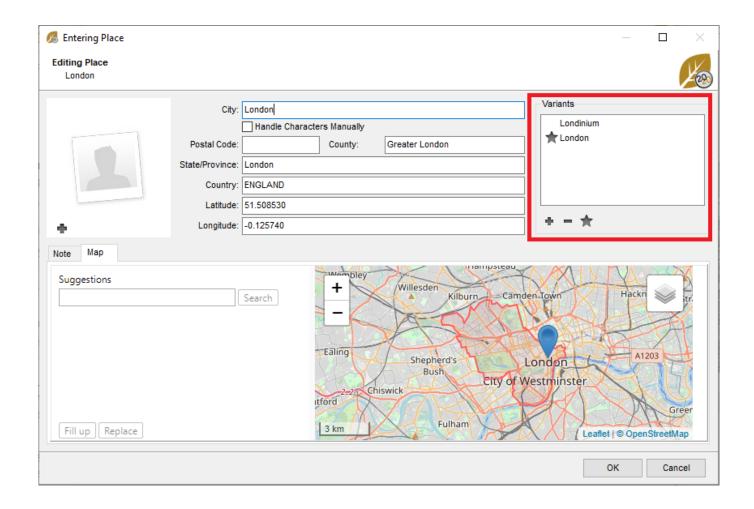


**Note:** You can create the old cities that have been merged with other cities. Geolocate the current location and click on **Fill up** to indicate the coordinates only. Add to your index the current place and add to it in variants the old city's name. (**Windows**) Edit the place in **Place index**, (**Mac**) Select the place in **Place index**, click on the + to add and select the common variant. This is also how you can indicate the old spellings of a place.

(Mac) Add a variant



(Windows) Add a variant



# Information for the place

The input and modify screen of the place contains items to be filled in, a Notes field, an assigned media field, a display field for a map, and a field reserved for geolocation if it is not known.

### Input fields for the place

Each administrative item has a separate input field. This organization method allows you to edit documents by town, region, country and facilitates the geolocation of the place where your ancestors lived.

Complete the fields City – Postal Code – County – State/Province – Country.

If you know them, you may also complete the **Latitude** and **Longitude** fields. However they will be filled automatically when the geolocation of the town will be done.

(Mac) Administrative item

City:	
	Handle Characters Manually
Postal Code:	
County:	
State/Province:	
Country:	
Latitude:	
Longitude:	

(Windows) Administrative item

City:	
	Handle Characters Manually
Postal Code:	County:
State/Province:	
Country:	
Latitude:	
Longitude:	

Tick **Handle Characters Manually** box if you don't want the default Heredis Preferences to apply for formatting the place.

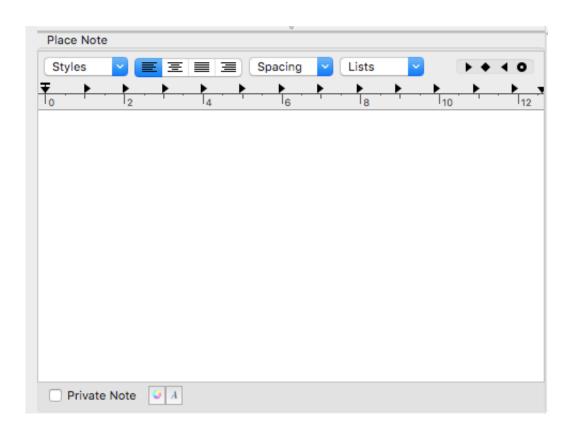
For further details on automatic filling of places, see <u>Heredis' Preferences\Choose the recognized places</u>.

### **Place Note**

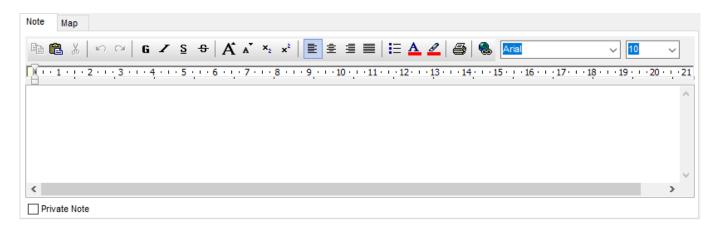
Enter information about the place in the **Note** field, for example the history of this place. You have available the text editing tools to format the note.

Tick the **Private Note** box to exclude exports of the note or printed documents.

(Mac) Place's Note



### (Windows) Place's Note



### Media assigned to the place

To assign one or more media to a place:

- Click the (Add a Media) button in the display field of the media.
- (Mac) Drag and release the media selected from Media panel or from the Finder.

(Mac) In Place index, area to add a media



(Windows) In Place index, area to add a media

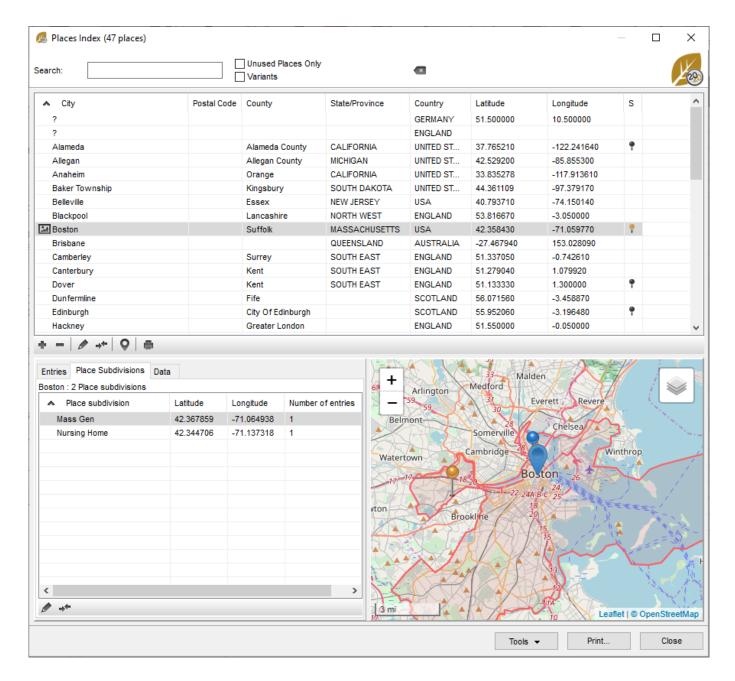


**Mac Info •** The right-click menu in the display field of the media provides access to the **Add New Media** option.

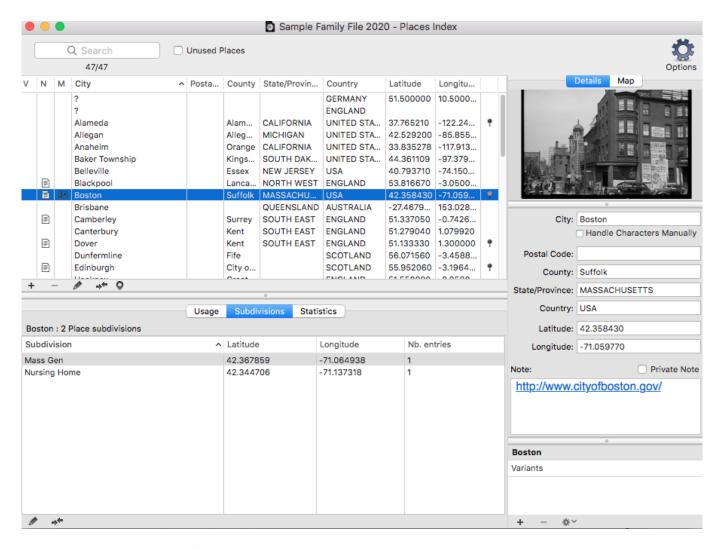
# **Subdivisions**

Subdivisions tab inform you of subdivision attached to the selected place.

(Windows) Places index



(Mac) Places index



By clicking on the pencil button, you can geolocate the selected subdivision.

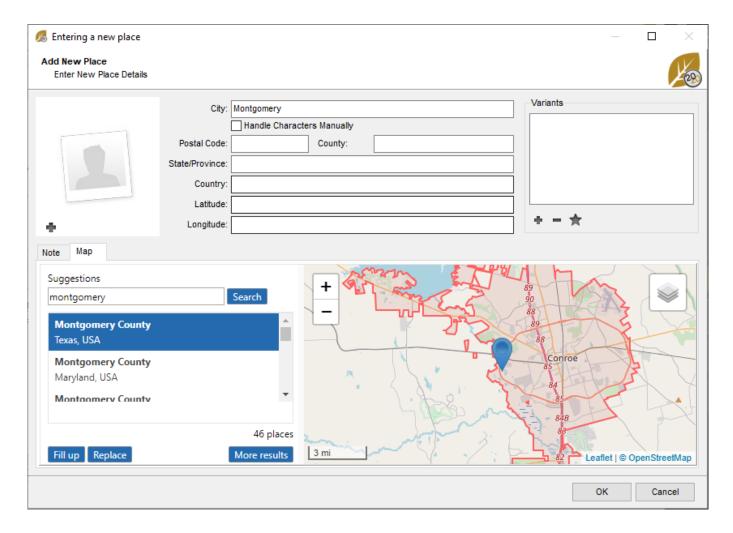
The button → allows you to replace a subdivision by an other one, if for example, you entered "main street" and "Main Street".

Also check Geolocating place subdivisions.

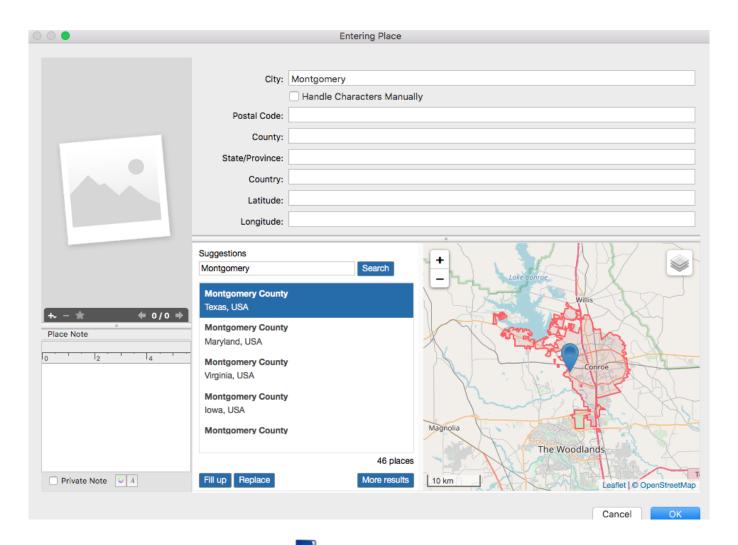
# Geolocate a place

When the place is recognized by Heredis, it is geolocated. In this case, the latitude and longitude are inserted automatically and the map of the location may be displayed.

(Windows) Entering a new place



(Mac) Entering a new place



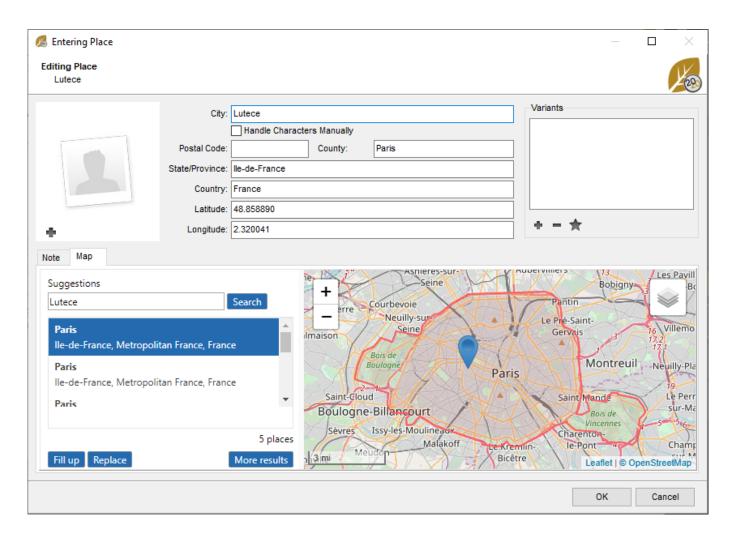
**Info** • View places not geolocated in the **Places Index** by clicking on the **Latitude** or **Longitude** fields. If these fields are empty, you will have to create the geolocation manually.

- 1. Double-click the place in the **Places Index** or click the pencil icon (Edit and modify the selected place) to open the enter/modify screen of the selected place.
- 2. Click the **Search** button in the geolocation field. Heredis will consult various databases of global importance to find the place you entered.

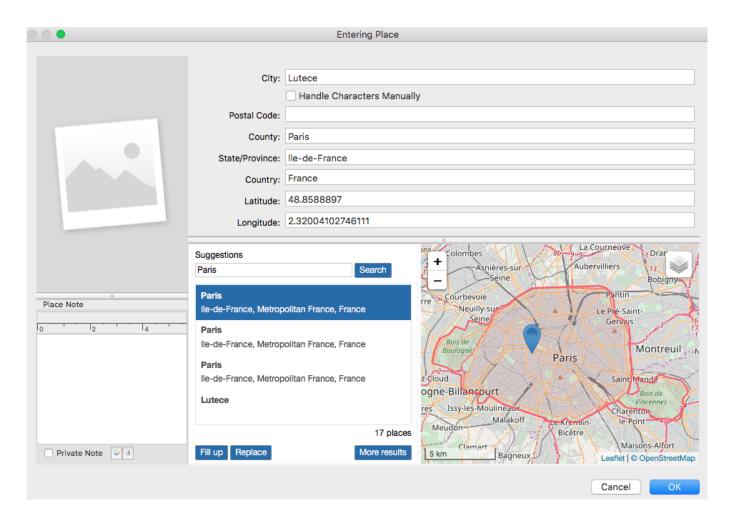
**Info** • This function is only available if you are connected to the Internet.

- 3. Click each of the proposals and observe the map that is displayed to clearly define which corresponds to the place you entered.
- 4. Edit your entry.
- Click **Fill up** to geolocate the place with the appropriate proposal while retaining the elements that you had already entered.

(Windows) Fill up Places index data



(Mac) Fill up Places index data

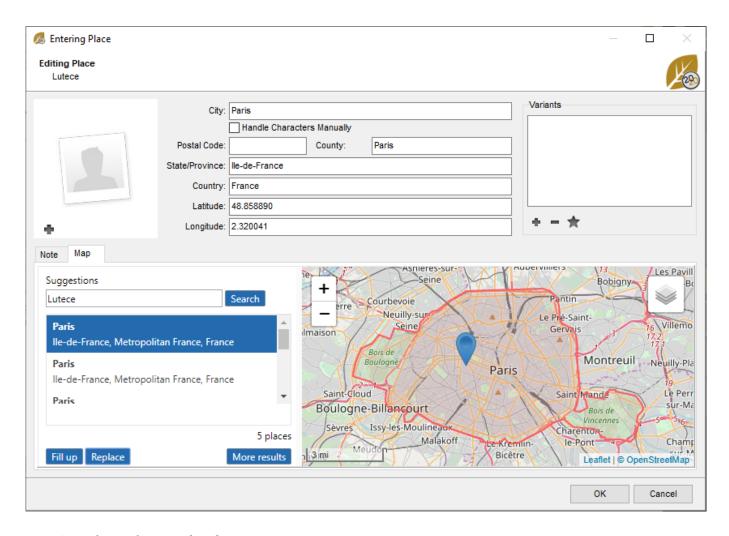


**Info** • This will retain your original entry for the old name of a province or administrative division that has been changed.

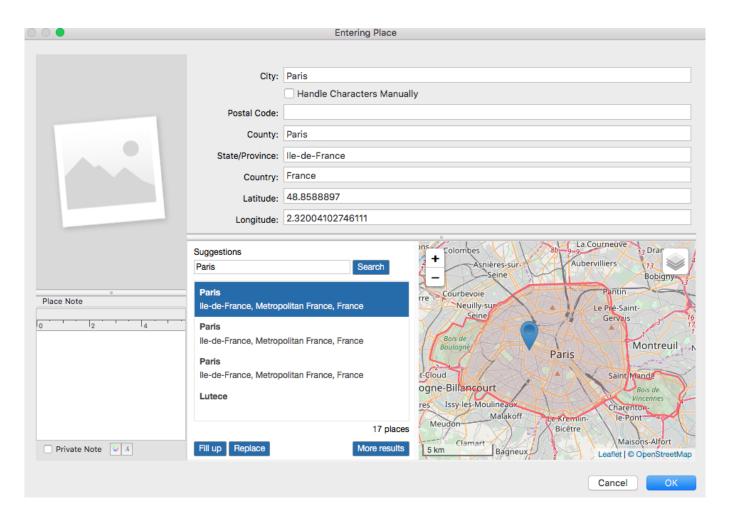
• Click **Replace** should you have entered incorrect data for this place. Heredis replaces the contents of input fields with the information found online.

Validate the input/modify screen by clicking **OK** to complete the changes to the geolocation of the place.

(Windows) Replace Places index data



(Mac) Replace Places index data



For further details see **Geolocating Places**.

# Delete a place

- Select the place to delete
- Click on the **b**utton

Heredis checks if the place is used, if so you won't be able to erase.

### **Variants**

As for surname, given names and occupation, you can add variants to a place. Just double-click on the place you want to add a variant then use the button in the variant area to choose a variant. Don't forget to choose the main variant by clicking on the button. To delete a variant click on the button.

# **Geolocating Places**

# **Consulting Places maps**

Heredis does everything for you to visualize the places where your ancestors lived.

The **Places Index** will display an interactive map for the selected place. If Heredis has been unable to identify the place, you can yourself indicate where it is by using the geolocation tool.

### Visualize the map

• Display the Map of selected place from the **Map** tab in each event or in the **Places index**.



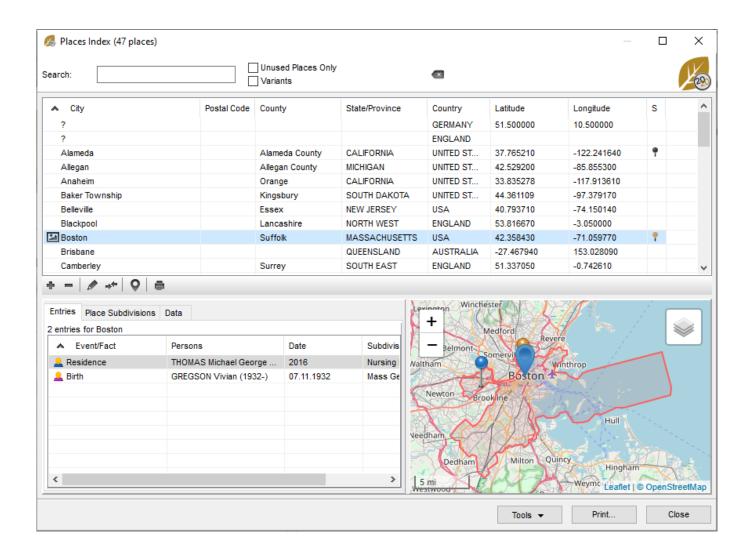
Places index.

(Windows) The map is displayed on the bottom right of the index when you have selected a place.

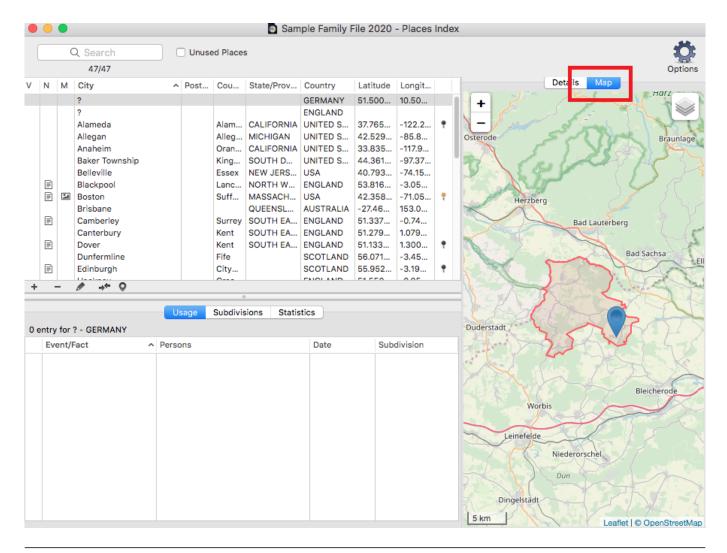
(Mac) Click on the Map tab on the right part of the screen when you have selected a place.

• Browse the map using the navigation tools. Zoom or reduce to get a better understanding of the geography of the place.

(Windows) Map



(Mac) Map



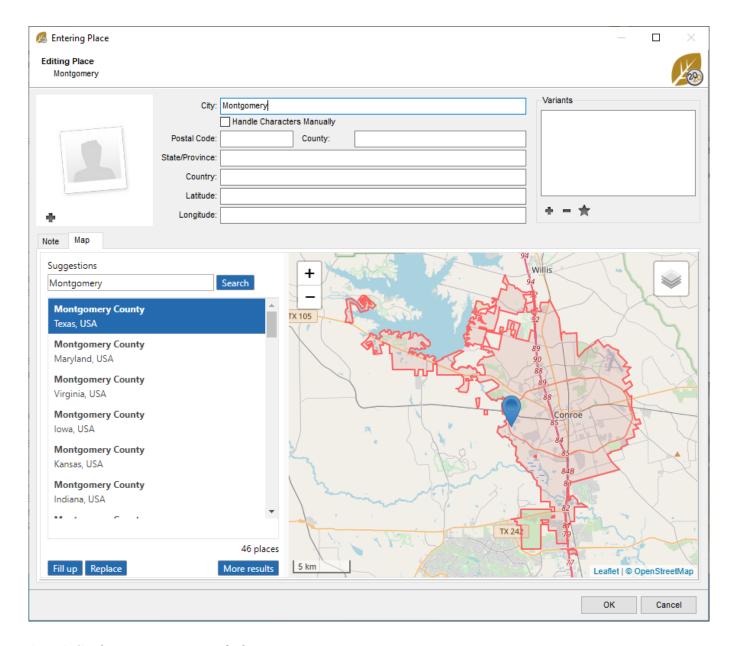
## Geolocate unrecognized places

Edit the place by double-clicking on it or by using the pencil button after selecteing the place to edit.

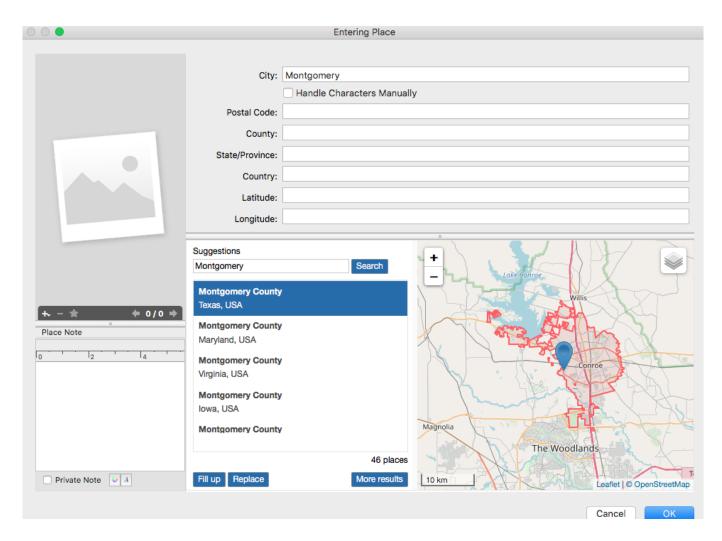
If no map appears on the **Map**, you must specify the coordinates of the place. If no latitude and longitude are available, Heredis will not be able to localize this place. For example, you can enter the old name of a city in the city field and search the **Suggestions** field with the current name. Heredis launches a search in OpenStreetMap and will geolocate the current location.

Click on **Fill up** to complete the missing data or click on **Replace** to modify the fields entered by the OpenStreetMap indications.

(Windows) Geolocate unrecognized places

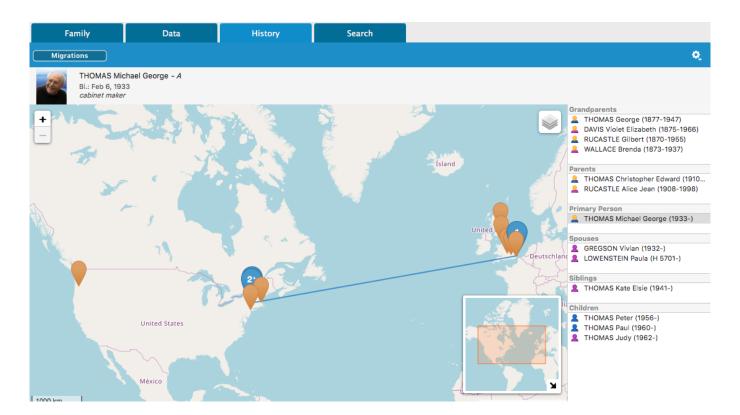


(Mac) Geolocate unrecognized places



See also Places index article.

**Info** • You may also access the map of the place in the **History** > **Migrations** tab, in the **Search** > **Search Wizard** > **Map** tab and in the **Data** > **Personal Data** tab. Click the **Map** tab for each event provided that a place has been entered.



See also Geolocating Places subdivisions, Zoom in on the World - Family Tree Mapping.

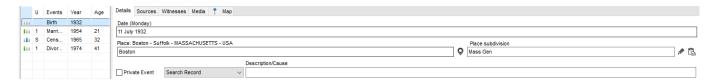
# **Geolocating Place subdivisions**

Place subdivisions can now be geolocated. The **Place Subdivision** field is intended for specific details on a place, such as an exact address, a hamlet, or any other place name.

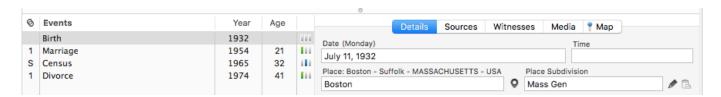
#### **Edit**

To access this feature, select an event under the **Personal Data** tab. Click on the **Details** tab then on the pencil button displayed to the right of the **Place subdivision** field.

(Windows) Details tab for an Event

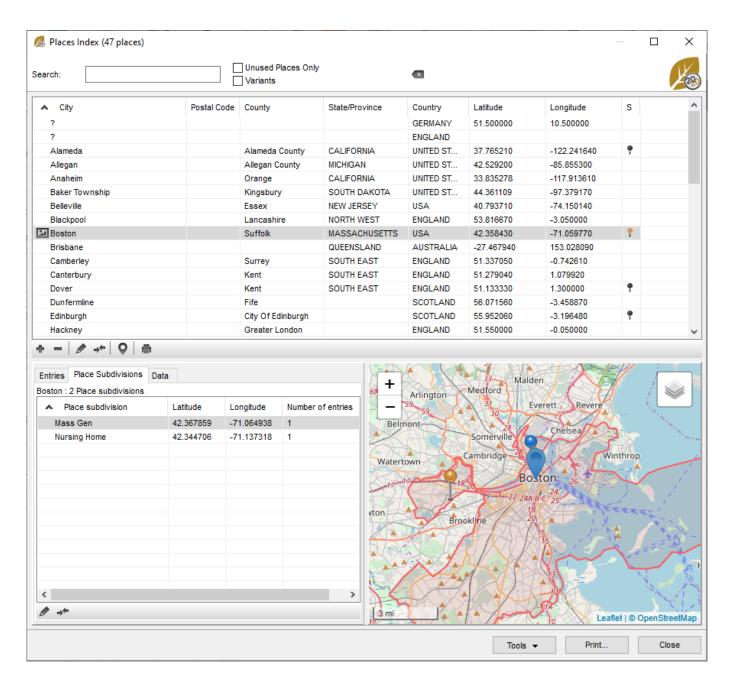


#### (Mac) Details tab for an Event

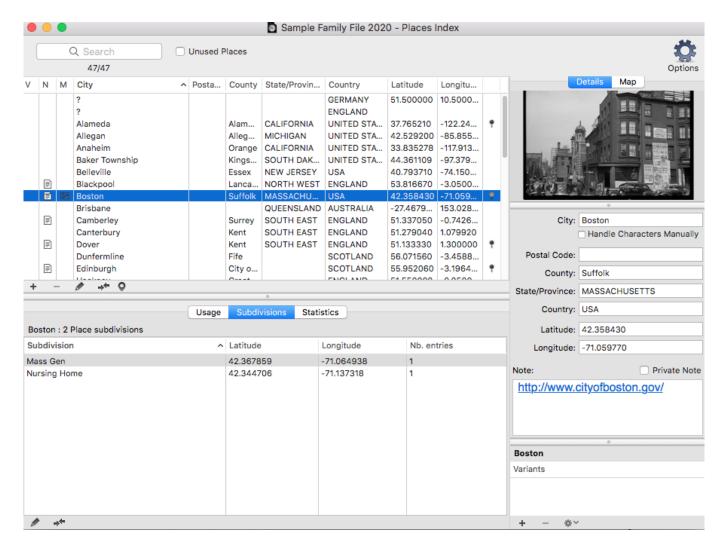


You may also access it from **Places Index > Subdivision** then click on the pencil button.

(Windows) Places Index



(Mac) Places Index



You can enter the name and coordinates manually or paste a place's data (in its entirety or only the coordinates) by clicking on the button.

See the article entitled Zoom in on a Place for more details.

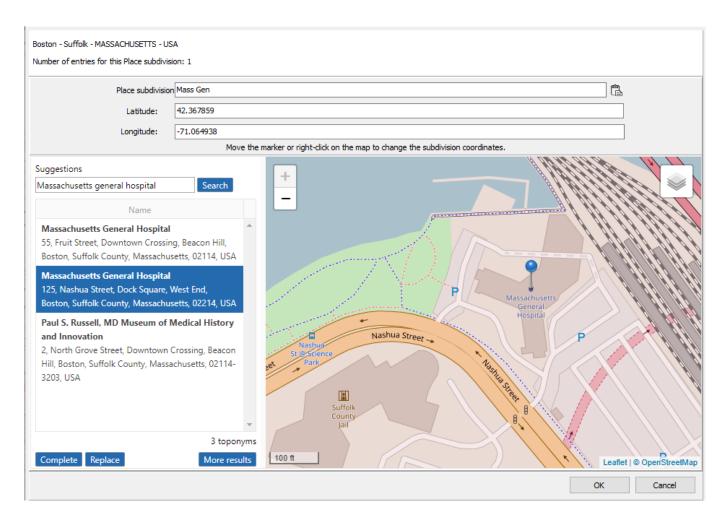
#### Search

If the subdivision name is precise enough, Heredis will perform an automated pre-search. Browse through the list of propositions.

If your subdivision cannot be located – for instance « at her grandma's house » - Heredis will not be able to offer any potential geolocation. You should therefore modify the field content under **Suggestions** then click on **Search** to launch the search again.

**Note**: Avoid using commas and unnecessary spaces at the end of the text in the Subdivision field to ensure that the automated search will be able to find the designated places.

Edit a non-geolocated subdivision



In the same way you search for a place's geolocation (please refer to Geolocation), click on:

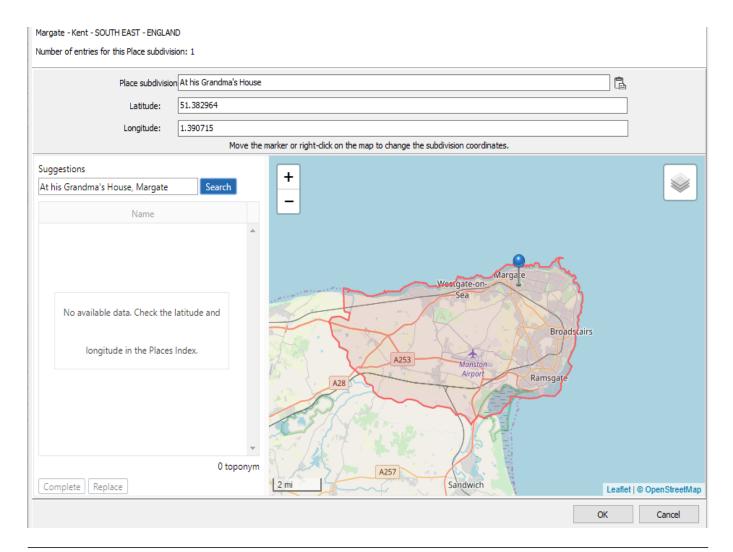
- Fill up to keep the subdivision name and add coordinates,
- **Replace** to replace all data previously entered for the subdivision.

Click **OK** to validate.

If you know where the person's grandmother used to live and prefer to leave « at her grandma's house », then drag and drop the marker or right-click on **Position the marker here**.

Coordinates (latitude and longitude) will then be displayed.

(Windows) Edit an unrecognized subdivision

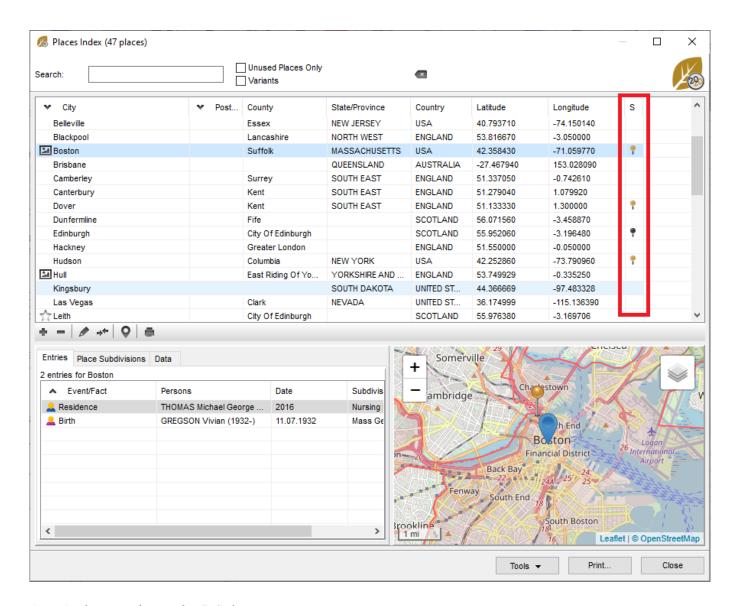


## **Display**

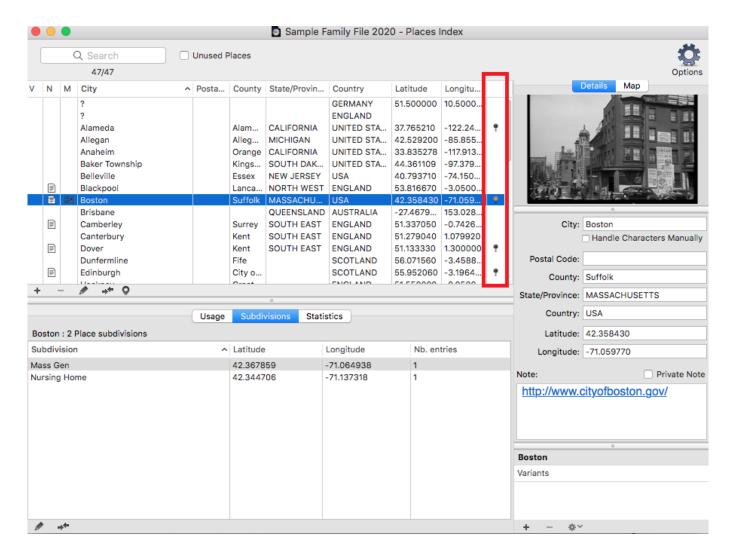
### From the Places Index

In the list of places, the S column will display markers to indicate whether there is one subdivision or more. When they are not geolocated, the marker is black . When at least one subdivision has been geolocated, the marker is yellow .

(Windows) Places Index – The S Column



(Mac) Places Index – The S Column



#### From maps

Subdivisions are visible thanks to yellow markers on the **Events** maps, **Zoom in on a Place** maps, as well as on **Migrations** maps (under the **History** tab).

You can right-click on any of the Heredis maps and **Copy the coordinates**. You will then be able to click on the **Paste** 

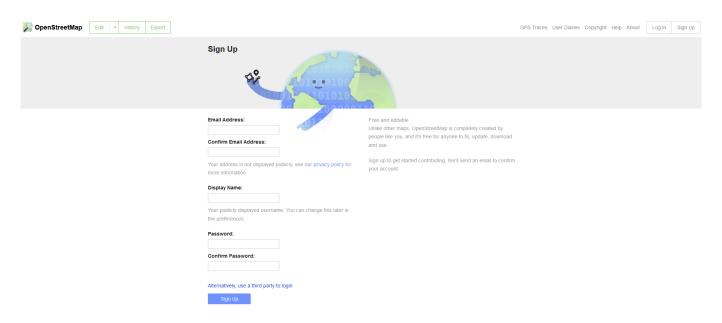
button in the **Place subdivision** field under **Events**. However, to be able to do so, make sure a name has been entered in the subdivision field – otherwise the button will not be activated.

# Contribute to OpenStreetMap

Internet Data in Zoom in on the World are coming from OpenStreetMap.

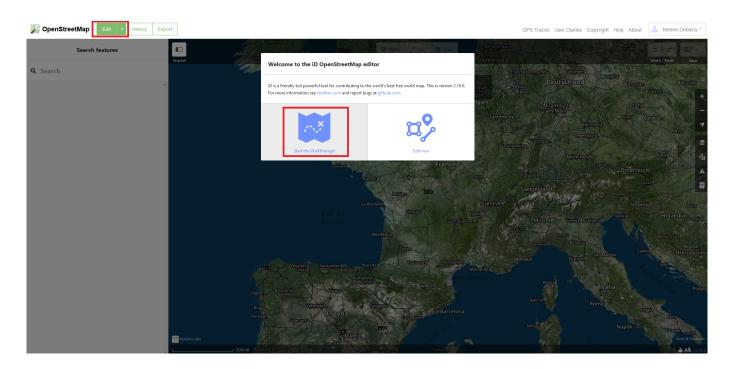
OpenStreetMap is a community database. Should you notice any missing data, e.g. some toponyms, feel free to add them yourself.

To be able to contribute, you need to create an free account on <u>openstreetmap.org</u>. Do not worry it is without commitment.

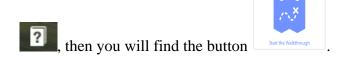


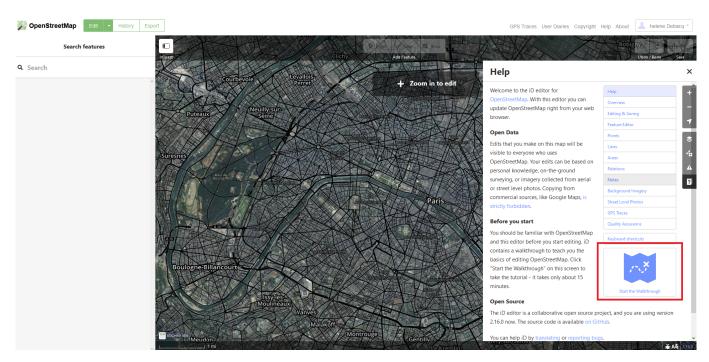
Connect to your account.

Click the **Edit** button. Then, if you need assistance on your first contribution, click on Start the Walthrough. Follow every steps to contribute.



If you need to get the tutorail again in the future, click on **Edit** button, on the right column, click on





Heredis frequently updates its data from OpenStreetMap's. Data reported by worldwide users will then be integrated.

### Zoom in on the World – Zoom in on a Place

Zoom in on the World provides several tools that will assist you in locating your ancestors.

Heredis will help you get a better understanding of your ancestors' environment by offering an array of miscellaneous information related to places.

To access **Zoom in on a Place**, all you need to do is either click:

- on the **Q** button, from **Data** > **Personal Data** > **Events** > **Details** tab,
- on the **Q** button, from **Family Tree Mapping** > **Places** tab,
- from the Tools menu > Zoom in on the World > Zoom in on a Place.
- on the **Zoom in on a Place** button in the toolbar,
- from the **Places Index** or the **Places** panel, on the **Q** button.

In the upper part of the side panel, under Heredis Data, you will find the information for the location currently displayed in Heredis. You can tick or untick the box entitled Display place subdivisions to show or hide the subdivisions of your genealogy file that are linked to this place on the map.

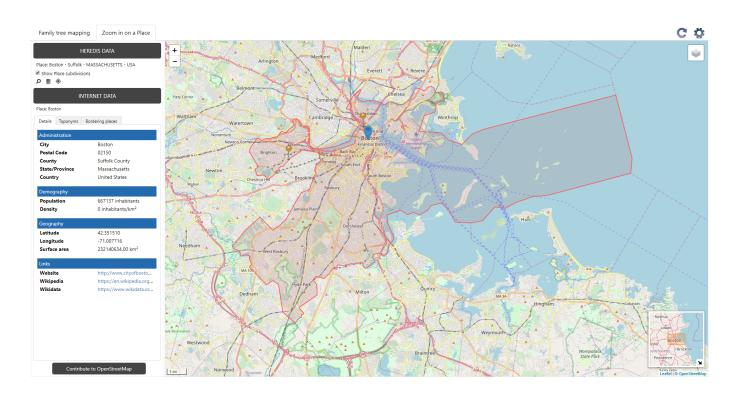
Change places by clicking on the magnifying glass  $\mathcal{P}$ . Open the **Places Index** by clicking on the button  $\mathbb{P}$ . The button  $\mathbb{P}$  allows you to zoom back on the place indicated under Heredis Data if you have been navigating on the map of a bordering place.

Please see the paragraph entitled **Bordering Places**.

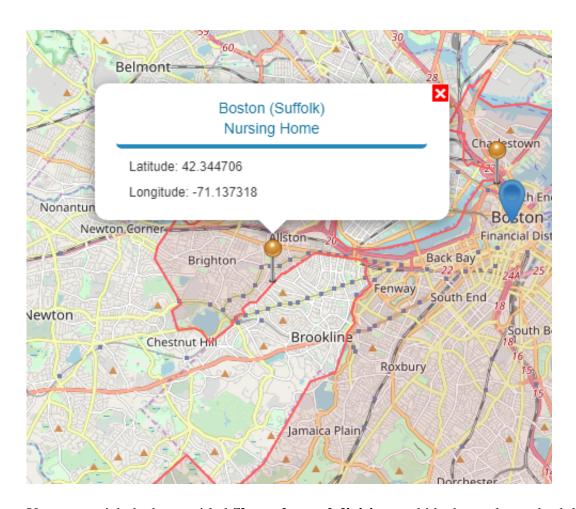
#### **Details tab**

Under this tab, Heredis will display the information on this place found on the internet in OpenStreetMap's and Wikidata's databases, as well as a map zoomed in on this place. Administrative levels such as city, county, state/province, or country are clickable links that will allow you to modify the zoom level on the map.

335 / 567



Heredis is also defaulted to display on this map every subdivision already geolocated in the current genealogy and linked to this place. Yellow markers indicate their position on the map. With just one click on a marker, the data related to this subdivision will be displayed.



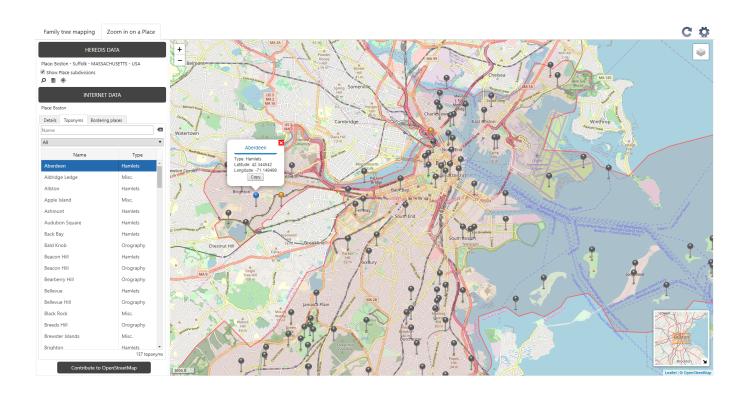
You can untick the box entitled **Show place subdivisions** to hide the geolocated subdivisions markers.

## Toponyms tab

Under this tab, you will find every toponym available in the OpenStreetMap database. The color of the marker, grey or blue , indicates whether the toponym has been selected in the list of toponyms. Click on a toponym's marker to visualize its data and to copy it, if you wish to, by clicking on the **Copy** button. Such data will allow you, for instance, to precisely locate an event in your genealogy.

Click on a toponym to copy and paste its name and coordinates into **Personal Data > Events > Details**, by clicking on a next to the Place subdivision field (all data or coordinates only).

For more information on geolocating subdivisions, please consult the article entitled <u>Family Tree</u> <u>Mapping</u> subdivisions.



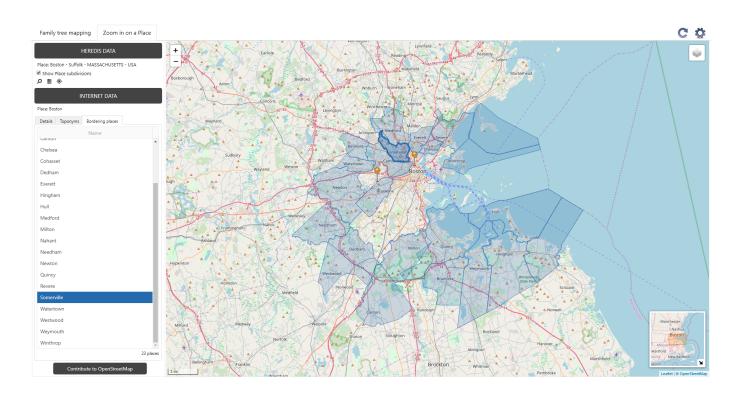
**Note:** yellow markers

indicate subdivisions that have already been located in your current genealogy.

# **Bordering Places tab**

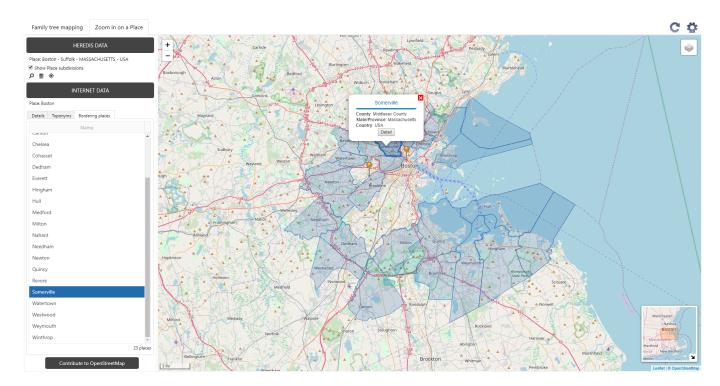
Heredis will display the places bordering a city. You might be able to finally locate the impossible-to-find death certificate of your ancestor in one of these bordering places. Indeed, it is quite common to hit a wall when desperately looking for an event in the place where your ancestors' family resided while sometimes all it takes is to search in a neighboring village.

Click on **Bordering Places**. On the map, Heredis will display all registered cities that are on the same administrative level and directly surrounding your ancestors' place.



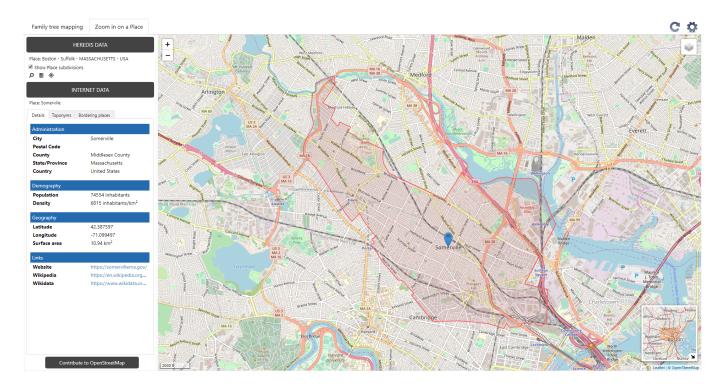
**Note:** Heredis can only display bordering places that are on the same administrative level as the place you have selected. Other bordering places may be on a different administrative level and therefore will not be highlighted.

When you select a city on the list, its city limits will be outlined. Click on the city displayed on the map and some concise data will pop up.



You can click on the **Detail** button to obtain more detailed information on this place. Heredis navigates

on the Details tab in Zoom in on a Place and zooms in on this place on the map. You can access the various toponyms for this place under the **Toponyms** tab.



Click on the button • under Heredis Data to zoom back on the place you had selected in your Heredis file.

Right-clicking on the map of bordering places enables you to **Copy coordinates** and paste them in the **Place subdivisions** field of an event by clicking on (all data or coordinates only).

For more information on geolocating subdivisions, please consult the article entitled <u>Geolocating Place</u> subdivisions.

## Updating your data and options available in Zoom in on the World

You can leave **Zoom in on the World** open and simultaneously work on your genealogy. For your latest data entries to be accounted for, click on the button C.

The button allows you to access various options and create a customized display:

- choose where you want the side bar and its various tabs to be located you can either display it on the left- or right-hand side.
- decide whether you want to display boundaries at the various administrative levels (Borders), if such data is available in the OpenStreetMap database.

# Contribute to OpenStreetMap

OpenStreetMap is a community database. Should you notice any missing data, e.g. some toponyms, feel free to add them yourself.

Click the **Contribute to OpenStreetMap** button and follow the instructions in the article entitled <u>Contribute to OpenStreetMap</u>. Heredis frequently updates its data from OpenStreetMap's. Data reported by worldwide users will then be integrated.

# **Zoom in on the World – Family Tree Mapping**

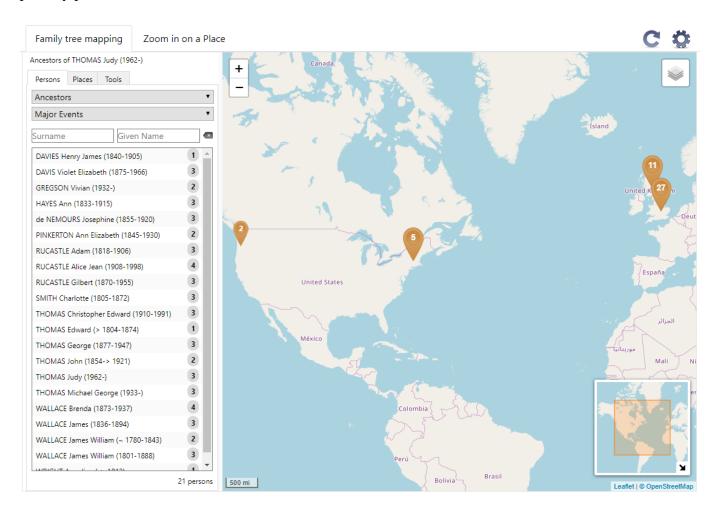
Zoom in on the World provides several tools that will assist you in locating your ancestors.

Heredis will help you get a better understanding of your ancestors' lives, geographical implantations, and migrations.

Select the **Tools** menu > **Zoom in on the World** > **Family Tree Mapping** or click on the button in the toolbar for the various events of the persons in your genealogy to be displayed on interactive maps.

You can zoom in and out on the maps and play them in a slideshow to view the geographic mobility of the persons in your genealogy through time and generations.

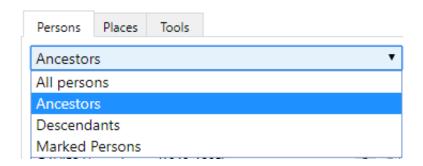
When you first open **Family Tree Mapping**, Heredis is defaulted to display the main events of the primary person's ancestors.



You can simultaneously work on your file and leave this tool open.

## Filters and display options

At any time, you are free to modify the filters in the window's side bar and choose to display every person in your file, or the primary person's ancestors or descendants only, or the persons you have marked beforehand in your genealogy.

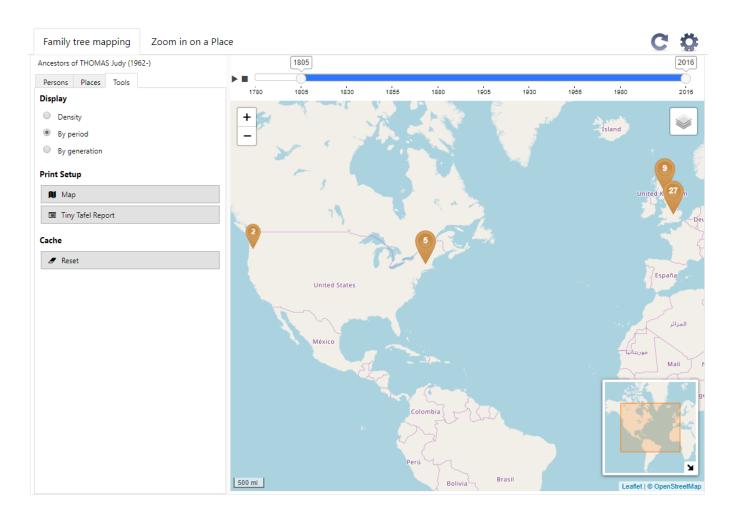


If you have just entered new events or new persons in your genealogy, click on the button to retrieve this data in **Family Tree Mapping**.

Heredis is defaulted to preselect the **Density** representation mode when displaying your data. If you wish to get a preview of the mobility of the persons in your genealogy, select the **By period** representation mode under the **Tools** tab in **Family Tree Mapping**. A timeline will be displayed above the map, with intervals starting and ending at the most extreme dates in your file. Click on the **Play** 

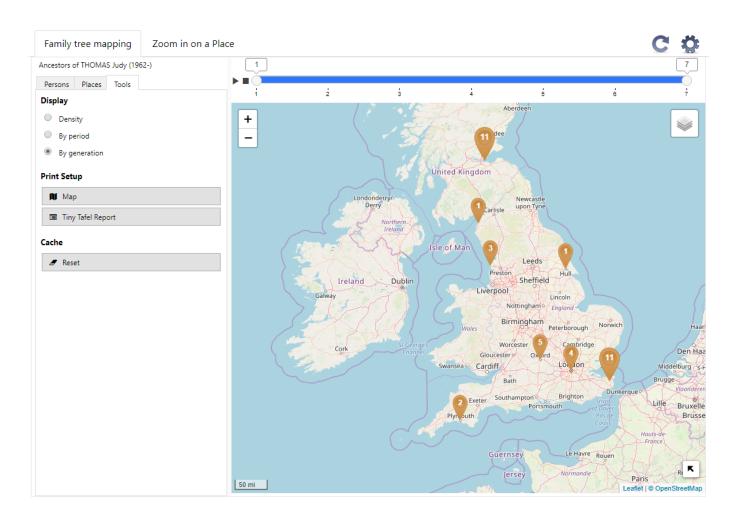
button and watch

the events appear on the map through each time period. Before to press play, make sure to zoom out so you can see all the markers displayed on the map. Press the **Pause** button to be able to zoom in and zoom out as you please and study the mapping.



**Note**: the display and reading pace of the timeline are automatically calculated based on the most extreme dates in your file. If you prefer to study a specific time period, move the sliders at each end of the timeline to select the desired intervals. The map will then only display the events on the time period you have selected.

Heredis also offers a representation mode **By generation** which is operated the same way as the **By period** mode. You only need to select ancestors or descandants of the primary person in the **Persons** tab to use it. The dates intervals above the map are simply replaced by the number of generations.



### Map display

Several types of maps are available for you to display your data. Select the theme that will best highlight your data on a map by clicking on .

To easily zoom in and out on the map, simply click on the + and - buttons or use the scroll wheel on your computer mouse. It will allow you to get a closeup on a specific geographical area or, on the contrary, to go back to a wider view of the map by zooming out.

To move around on the map, hold down the left mouse button (or the mouse wheel) and drag the mouse in the desired direction in order to center the map on another area.

Right-clicking on the map will let you **Copy coordinates** so you can paste them into the **Place subdivision** of an event. Please refer to the article entitled <u>Geolocating Place subdivisions</u> for more information.

You may notice markers of various colors and sizes displayed on the map. The size of the marker is directly linked to the number of places it is indicating.

Smaller size markers or indicate events located in one single place. If you click on this type of markers, a popup window will open to show the exact place and the list of persons with events in this one place.

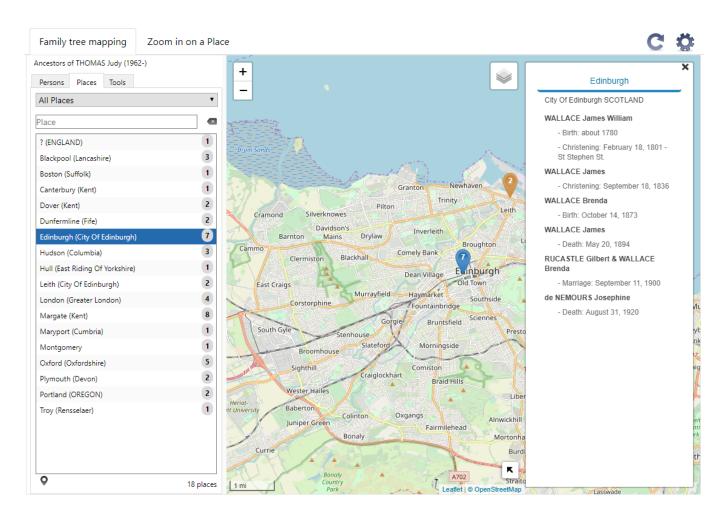


Larger size markers or indicate events located in a grouping of places. If you click on this type of markers, Heredis will automatically zoom in to show you a more detailed map.

The number of events held in a place or in a grouping of places is indicated on each marker.

### **Search lists**

Search lists displayed in the vertical side panel allow you to do searches on places or persons. In these lists, to the right of the place's or person's name, Heredis specifies the number of events that were found.



Select the **Places** or **Persons** tab and enter a name in the search field to obtain a selective list of the matching places or persons. The list displayed below is automatically updated as you enter the name.

### **Navigating from the Persons or Places tabs**

Places and persons displayed in the floating panel or in the popup windows are clickable links that will allow you to access directly, with just one click, the Places Index or a person's family tree, without closing **Family Tree Mapping.** 

It will, for instance, enable you to correct or complete a person's data, modify or geolocate a place (for more details on how to geolocate a place, please consult the article entitled <u>Geolocating Places</u> and <u>Geolocating Place subdivisions</u>) and then to display this updated data in the **Family Tree Mapping** window by clicking on the button .

### Legend





Geolocated place

Grouping of geolocated places

#### Legend



**Note:** the color blue indicates that at least one place has been selected under the **Places** tab in **Family Tree Mapping** or in the floating panel of a person (by clicking on the button ①). The number displayed on the marker indicates the number of events linked to a place or to a grouping of places.

#### Persons tab

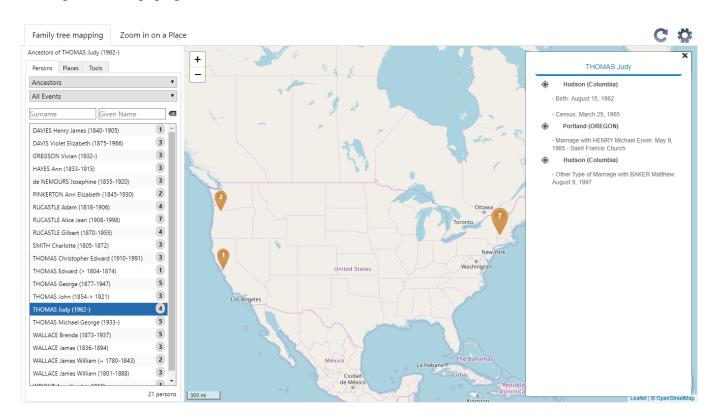
Under this tab, if you click on one of the names on the list, Heredis will display a floating panel listing every event that has been geolocated for this person. Click on the button • in this floating panel to zoom

in on the location of the selected event on the map. The marker will turn from yellow



Feel free to use the proposed filters to display every person in your file, or the primary person's ancestors or descendants only, or the persons you have marked beforehand in your genealogy.

Click on any person on the list to display markers for related places. A list of all places and events linked to this person will pop up.



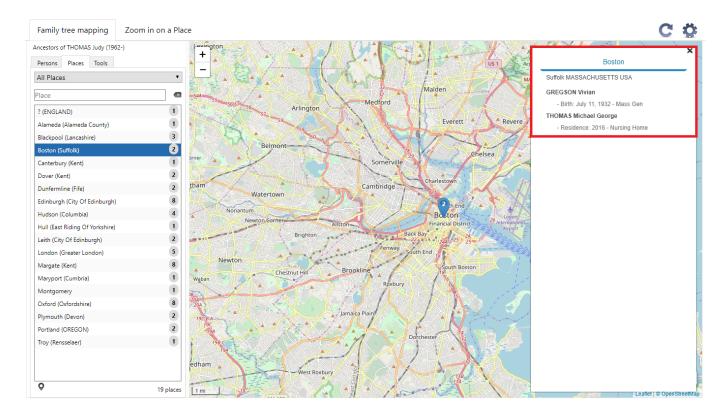
The numbers displayed on the markers indicate the number of events from the persons' list that are located in this place.

Clicking on the marker will open a popup window listing every event that took place in this location. Click on the name of a person or on one of the events listed in this popup window in order to navigate onto this person or event in Heredis.



#### Places tab

Under this tab, if you click on one of the names on the list, Heredis will zoom in on this place on the map; every event linked to this place will be listed in the floating panel anchored on the map.



Search filters are available. Heredis is defaulted to preselect the **All places** filter. You can switch to another filter by using the dropdown list at your disposal and choosing from:

- **Most represented places**: places are listed from the highest to the lowest number of events found for each place
- Geolocated places
- **Non-geolocated places**: places displayed on this list have no geolocation coordinates and therefore cannot be mapped. To complete the data for these places, click on the place name in the floating panel
- **Visible places**: this list only shows places that can be seen on the map currently displayed on the screen.

**Note**: If you double-click on a place under the **Places** tab or if you select it and click on the button at the bottom of the panel  $\bigcirc$ , the place will be displayed under the **Zoom in on a Place** (for more details on this feature, please consult the article entitled **Zoom in on a Place**).

### Updating your data and options available in Zoom in on the World

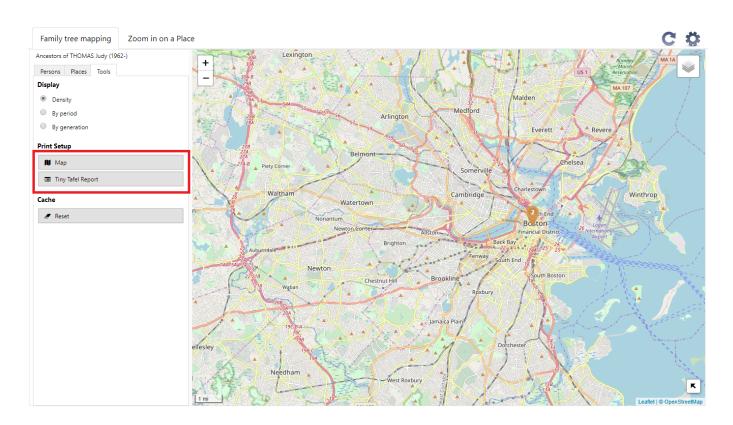
You can leave **Zoom in on the World** open and simultaneously work on your genealogy. For your latest data entries to be accounted for, click on the button C.

The button allows you to access various options and create a customized display:

- choose where you want the side panel and its various tabs to be located you can either display it on the left- or right-hand side.
- decide whether you want to display boundaries at the various administrative levels (**Borders**), if such data is available in the <a href="mailto:OpenStreetMap">OpenStreetMap</a> database.

# **Printing Map and create Tiny Tafel Report**

You can edit and print the map you are seeing on your screen by clicking on the **Map** button in the **Tools** tabs.



(Mac) Click on **PDF** button at the bottom of the printing windows or click on **Print** to launch your printer.

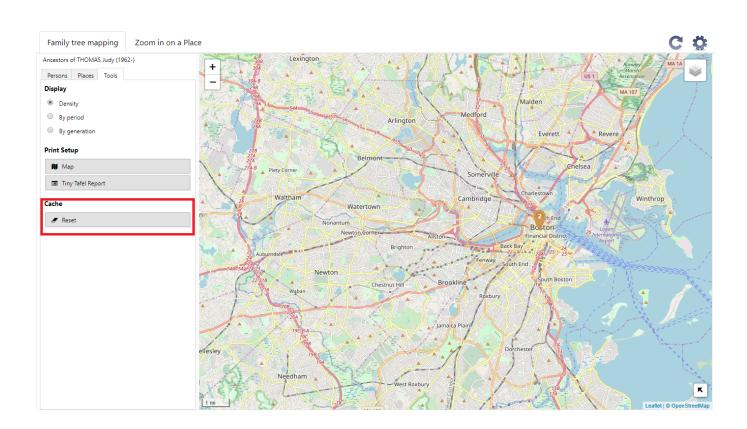
(Windows) Setup the parameters of the PDF export (size of the page, orientation) then click on  $\mathbf{OK}$  button. A PDF will open so you can print it.

Create a Tiny Tafel Report by clicking the button **Tiny Tafel Report.** Setup the Tiny Tafel parameters.

See (Windows) Create and Edit a Report or (Mac) Create and Edit a Report for further details.

### What to do in case of a slowdown or malfunction issue?

If your data is not displaying correctly, click on the **Tools** tab then on the **Reset** button.



# **Migrations**

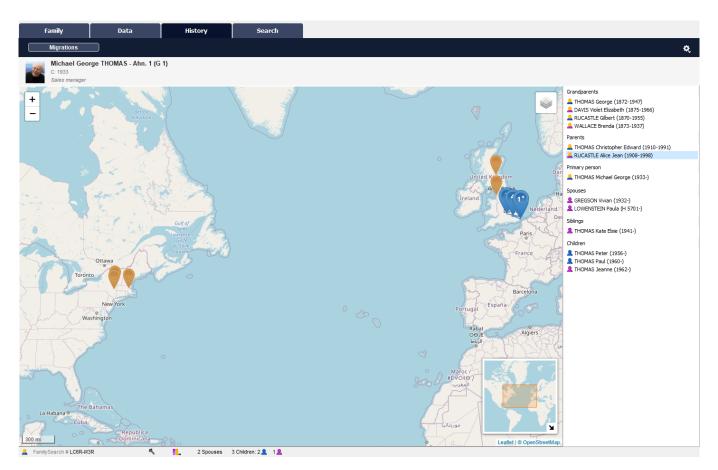
**Migrations** place the living places of the primary character or another family member on a map. The markers are numbered to know the chronology of movements. Each location marker shows the list of events listed in that location. You can see the movements of all members of the immediate family at the same time.

The number of events displayed is now dynamically managed.

The navigation thumbnail, displayed at the bottom right in the **Migrations** tab map and in the **Search Wizard** of the **Search tab, allows**you to easily move around.

Select the frame with the left click of the mouse, by moving it, you navigate through the viewed map.

Use the indented wheel to choose whether or not to display the events of immediate family and/or, from Heredis 2020, the subdivisions you have geolocated.



#### Note:

Blue markers are those associated with the person selected from the list displayed to the right of the map orange markers correspond to the events of other persons on this list

the star displayed next to a blue marker indicates that several events have been recorded at a location that concern the selected person.

# **Search Tracking Tab**

### **Search Tracking Tab**

Heredis displays, by generation, indicators of progress concerning the persons found and the level of completion of their major events, birth, union and death.

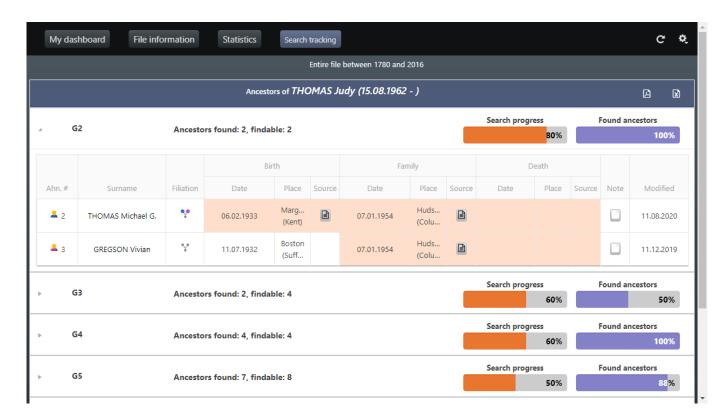
To display the **Search Tracking**, from the dashboard, click on the **Search Tracking** page, or select **Tools** menu > **Search Tracking**, or from Heredis' toolbar click on the button.

Search Tracking Tab



Click on the indented wheel on top right corner to change the scope of search tracking.

If you selected «**Entire file**» or «**Direct line ancestors**», in the general options of the Dashboard, Heredis lists the ancestry by generation of the root person of your file if not then the ancestry of the primary person if you selected «**Ancestors**».



Each generation has a synthetic view and a more detailed one. You can switch from one to the other by clicking on the arrow on the left.

The search tracking function can stay open while you continue to work in Heredis.

Remember to refresh the information of this page by clicking the button, so the changes you just made are included.

## Synthetic view



On each generation, the following information is displayed:

- the number of the generation, G2 for generation number 2 for example
- the number of ancestors you found

- the number of ancestors that can be found. You found only half of the findable ancestors in generation 4, ie 4 ancestors out of the theoretical 8; therefore, you will be able to find only the parents of these 4 ancestors: either 8 potentially findable ancestors instead of the 16 theoretical. If, during your research, you find additional ancestors at generation 4, Heredis will automatically update your calculation.
- the duplicate lines (implex) of the generation, if there are any. Heredis shows here the number of persons appearing several times in the generation (shown with a ++ before the anhentafel number in the detailed view).
- the progression in the search for major events of persons. The orange progress bar, **Search progress**, allows you to see the progress of your research by making a report of the information you hold about the major events of found ancestors in all of the information you should collect on these found ancestors for them to be considered complete. Heredis takes into account your preferences. Set up what you think is important to consider a complete event in Heredis Preferences. (**Windows**) **Tool** menu > **Preferences** > **Heredis Preferences** > **Apprearance**; (**Mac**) **Heredis** menu > **Preferences** > **Appearance**.

Event Icons
The event is complete if there is:
✓ No missing, approximate or incomplete date
✓ The place is mentioned
✓ The source is mentioned
✓ Citation evidence is "Direct"
✓ No 'Search Record' status

• the percentage of ancestors found. A purple progress bar **Found Ancestors** indicates the percentage of ancestors found in relation to findable ancestors.

#### **Detailled view**

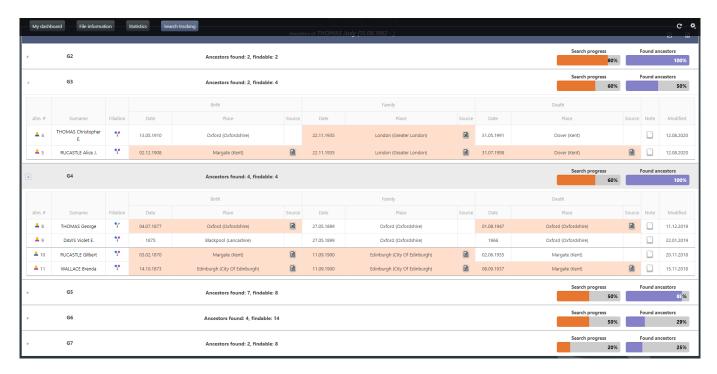
At a given generation, if you notice that the number of found ancestors is less than the number of findable ancestors, unfold the previous generation and locate the gray filiations icons. They tell you about individuals with no parents, who are therefore not found and which will not figure in the next generation.

When you click on a generation to display its **detailed view**, Heredis lists all ancestors ordered by Ahnentafel number. If you selected «Ancestors» as the scope in the dashboard options, this number may not be entered.

Other information displayed in detailed mode are:

- The surname and given name of the person. In the case of a duplicate line, they are displayed in red.
- The filiation icon indicating the presence or not of the parents of the person. Blue indicate the presence of the father, violet of the mother.
- Dates, places and sources for major birth, union and death events

- The note icon which indicates the presence or absence of a search note. By clicking on this icon you can view, edit or add a search note.
- The date of the last modification of the person. Click on the header of this column for it to be sorted in descending order, you will thereby know on which individual you worked recently.



**Note**: Remember to refresh the information of this page by clicking the button, so the changes you just made are included.

Heredis helps you to visualize distinctly and quickly the events considered as complete from those incomplete, based on the preferences you defined on the sofware. Heredis colors automatically the events boxes so called complete.

**Note**: You know you will never find the information you need on a person and you declared it complete (**Search Tab> Search Help> Button**), it will appear visually as complete in the search tracking with this button displayed in front of the name of the person to report that you have forced his status to complete. This person will also be counted in the percentage of completion.

A Common-Law Union is considered by Heredis as a complete union event.

The last column indicates the last time you updated that person. This information is useful to know what was the latest ancestor you worked on. You can sort out the column by decreasing date to have the latest date first.

Heredis proposes by default in the preferences a maximum age at death fixed at 90 years for men and 100 years for women. If one of your male ancestors is still alive after 90 years, it will not be considered complete. Your **Search Tracking** will indicate that it is missing the date of death. Simply change this in «**Preferences - Consistency**» to increase maximum age at death for your entire file.

# **Export Search Tracking**

The table «  $\mathbf{Search\ Tracking}$ » can be exported

• in Excel format: click on the button



Of course, the data in this Excel table or PDF will not automatically update.

This function has a simplified view in the **My Dashboard** page, where you can display a progress graph of search progress and ancestors found limited to the first 15 generations. Click the button to export this chart to PDF or PNG.

# My dashboard

The Heredis dashboard is a tool that allows you to control your family tree on a daily basis. The different available indicators, whether quantitative or qualitative, give you a global vision of your genealogical data and also inform you about the progress of your work.

The dashboard can be accessed from the **Tools > My Dashboard** menu. You can also add the button to your toolbar if customized. (See <u>Customize Heredis\Select the toolbar</u>)

It consists of four tabs: **My Dashboard**, **File Info**, **Statistics** and **Search Tracking** in which Heredis displays indicators, also called widgets, presenting the current state of your family tree.

### My Dashboard Tab

When you access the dashboard, it opens directly on the My Dashboard tab.

This tab is customizable, you can add widgets of your choice, delete those that do not interest you or reorganize them.

To add one or more widgets:

- Click the button.
- Click on the widget you're interested in
- Click add

My dashboard



The widgets are added after those already on your **dashboard**.

To remove a widget, click the button in the title of the widget. A notification informs you instantly that you have removed the widget from the tab. To see it again, just click the button to display the widget.

**Note**: You can also add or remove a widget from the other tabs of the dashboard. You can choose your favorite widget. Click on the grey star to add the widget. The star is now yellow, if you click again, it will be removed.

To rearrange the widgets to suit you, click on the widget banner and without releasing the mouse, drag it to the desired location and then release the mouse.

Heredis automatically reorganize your dashboard space even if you resize the window. If you wish to, you can display all widgets in the **Dashboard** tab.

The information displayed in the dashboard is by default your entire file, such as the title at the top of the

page, as well as the data added today (see example, in the PERSONS widget, the indication «Recently Added»).

- Filters showing recent additions: Today / Less than a week ago / There is less than one Month / Less than a year ago.
- Filters on persons: Entire file / Direct line ancestors/ Ancestry.

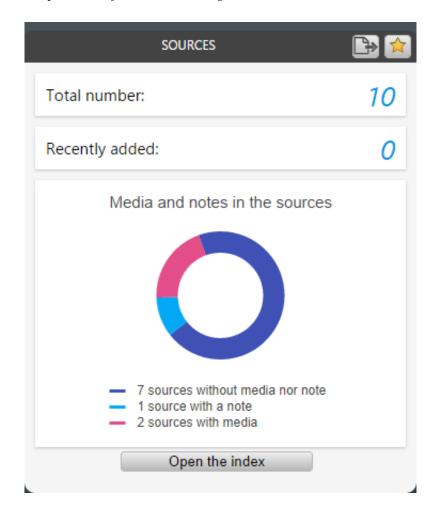
Then click on the **Validate** button, all widgets in the dashboard are updated based on the options you have chosen.

The widgets have a simple view and a detailed view. From the simple view, click the **Detail** button at the top left to display the detail view. From the detail view, to return to the simple mode, click the **Back** button on the top left.

Some widgets like NAMES or SOURCES do not have a detailed view. However, you can directly access their respective indexes by clicking the **Open the index** button. This allows you to easily find additional information.

# Simple widgets

Simple view of the Source widget

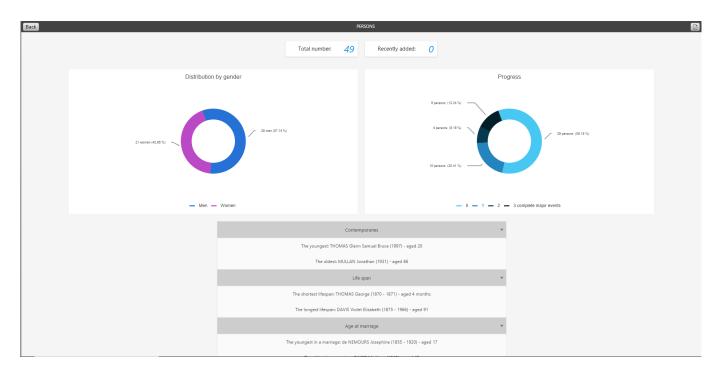


Widgets in simple view display a limited amount of information. Their size is variable based on what you display. They feature a button to export the contents of the widget displayed in PDF or PNG format.

Info • Note that as you hover over certain widgets, you have more accurate information. For the widget NAMES for example, when you pass the mouse over a surname, it immediately displays the number of times it has been used in your family tree.

#### **Detailed widgets**

Detailed view of the Person's widget



The detailed version of a widget displays additional information about the current status of your family tree.

Each detailed version widget can be exported to PDF through the PDF button . You can then print or transmit it very easily.

If you are working with a large screen or with two screens, you can keep the dashboard open constantly in order to control the progress of your family tree in real time.

When you add a data, click the refresh button to update your dashboard and have the latest information entered in your file.

#### **File Information Tab**

From this tab, you have an overview of persons, events, sources, places, surnames, given names, occupations, media of your file as well as your Heredis Online data. This general view allows you to know how far you are in your work.

To access this page from the dashboard, click the **File Information** button or select the menu **Documents** 

> File Information or, if you personalized your toolbar, click directly on the File Info button .



#### **HEREDIS ONLINE Widget**

To view the content of this widget, you must be logged in to your account. If you already have an account, click on **Sign in** button and enter your username and password otherwise, create one. (see the article "Heredis Online")

Once connected to your account, this widget displays the date of the last publication of your file. You can access it directly by clicking the link "Visit Website".

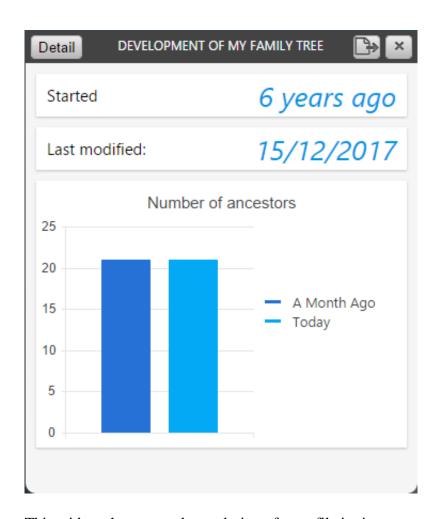
You can see it has been a while since the last publication? You can publish at any time from the dashboard by clicking the **Publish** button.

The detailed view shows you some new information. The first section shows you what you have recently be done on the open file: the last time you published it, the number of persons, of unions, of sources it contains.

All sections are foldable, just click on the title banner of the section to hide or display it. If you work on multiple genealogies, the next section lists the other publications and the online photo albums with a preview of published pictures.

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF MY FAMILY TREE widget**

Simple view of Development of my family tree



This widget shows you the evolution of your file in time:

- The date when you started your work, referring to the first person you created or imported in Heredis.
- The date of the last modification
- The number of ancestors (direct line) and persons found.

In the detailed view, a first chart shows the evolution of the number of ancestors and persons on a fixed time scale. The second chart shows the same data but on a variable time scale based on the date of the establishment of the persons in your file.

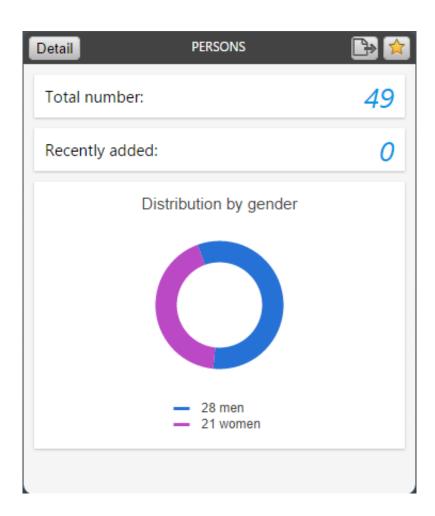
You can also check in this view 2 lists of persons, the list of the 10 last persons you added, and the one of the 10 last persons modified.

By clicking on these persons, you navigate on them in the Immediate Family.

# **PERSONS** widget

This widget shows the total number of persons in your file and those added recently. In the simple display, a graph shows the distribution of persons by gender.

Simple view of the Persons' widget



By entering the detailed mode, you can access:

- The «**Progress**» chart, which informs you about the quality of your family tree and in particular on the percentage of complete persons.
  - "3" is for the persons with the 3 main events completed, meaning you found the birth, marriage and death dates.
  - "2" is for persons with only 2 main events completed
  - "1" is for the persons for whom you completed 1 main event
  - "0" is for the person for whom you have not found any event

The notion of complete is directly related to Heredis' preferences. From the menu **Heredis>Preferences> Appearance**, define what a complete event is for you. Heredis will then take these parameters into the **«Progress»** chart to determine if an event is complete or not.

• To the general information that will allow you to easily answer questions on your family history: who is the oldest person or the youngest among your comtemporaries? Who had the longest or shortest life? Who was the youngest or the oldest when they got married? Which couple had the largest family...

Every section is foldable, just click on the title banner of the section to hide or display it.

# **EVENTS** widget

# Simple view of Event's



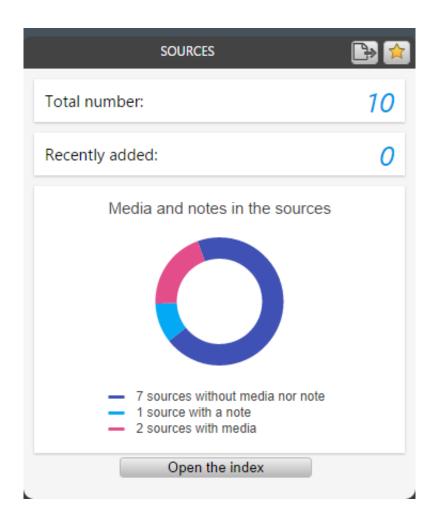
The simple version displays the total number of events, the total number of major events and the total number of family events.

The detailed version offers a zoom on the major events and displays in addition to the total number, the oldest event and the most recent event. For each event you can browse the person concerned with a single click.

# **SOURCES** widget

The Simple Source Widget presents, in addition to the total number of sources and those recently added, a ring graph that allows you to analyze the quality of your sources.

Simple view of Sources' widget



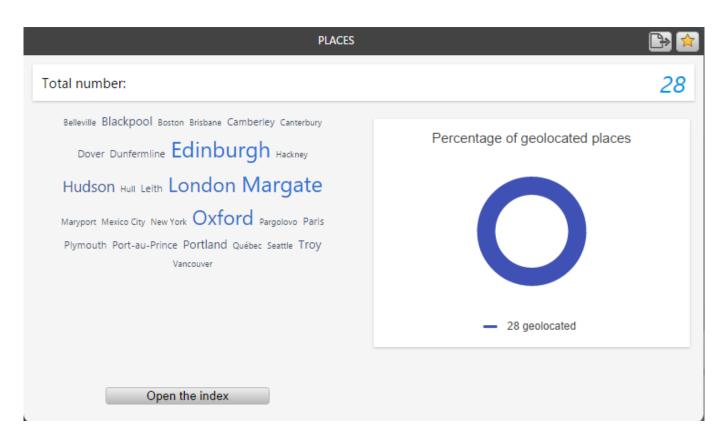
In this graph, we distinguish sources without media nor note, sources having only a note, sources with only media, and sources with a note and media.

To access the list of all your sources, click the button **Open the index**.

# **PLACES Widget**

In this widgets, the frequency is shown by a word cloud. In this type of representation, the most commonly used places, for example, are displayed with a font size which varies according to the number of uses. When hovering with the mouse, an info bubble indicates the number of uses.

Places widget



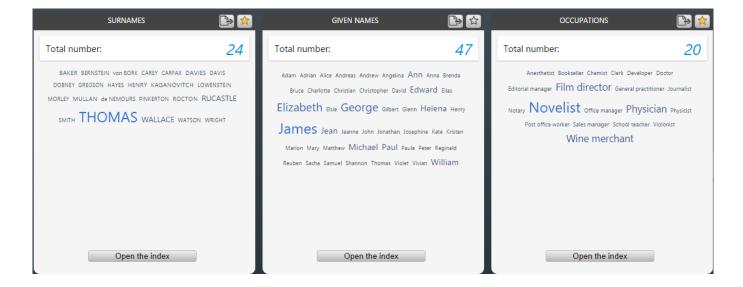
If you click on a place, Heredis opens the Index with this selected place and displays all information on it. The Place widget also indicates the total number of places in your file and the places that were not geolocated (places without latitude and longitude information).

You can directly access the dictionaries by clicking on the button **Open the index**.

# NAMES, GIVEN NAMES, OCCUPATIONS and MEDIA widgets

These widgets indicate the frequency of given names and occupations, as well as the number of uses in the genealogy file.

Names, Given names and Occupations' widget



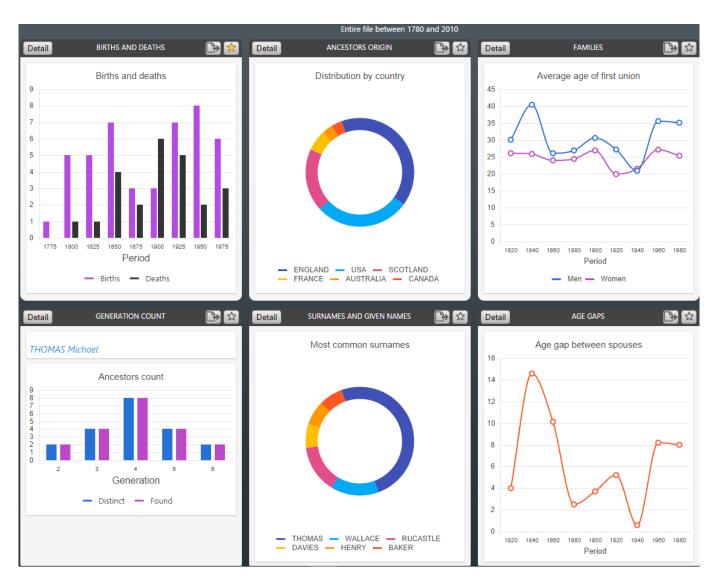
For the Names, Given Names, and Occupations widget, the frequency is represented by a word cloud, just like for Places.

The Media widget is a ring-shaped chart indicating used and unused media. For all of these widgets, you can directly access the indexes by clicking on the **Open the index** button.

#### Statistics tab

In this tab, Heredis offers various genealogical and demographic analysis.

Statistics' tab



To access this function, from the dashboard, click the **Statistics** button or select the **Documents** > **Statistics** menu or click on the statistics button directly from the toolbar, if you personalized it.

The different analysis available are grouped into several widgets, **Births and Deaths**, **Surnames and Given names**, **Families and Generation count**...

In the simple version, these widgets present a simplified graph on births / deaths, the most common

surnames, the average age at the first union and the ancestors count of the root person or the central person of your file.

You can easily export each chart displayed in PDF or PNG format by clicking on button located in the title bar, to share it or document your genealogical work.

In the detailed version, each widget gathers different analyzes and displays the graphs and data tables associated with them.

In order to use this data outside Heredis you can:

- export all the charts and data tables of the widget by clicking on the button ., located in the title bar of the widget. Heredis displays an overview of the widget you can save to PDF.
- export a specific data table by clicking Details then on the button in the title bar of the data table. Heredis suggests that you save this data in Excel format on your computer. You can then analyze them using your spreadsheet.

#### **BIRTHS and DEATHS widget**

Births and Deaths' widget



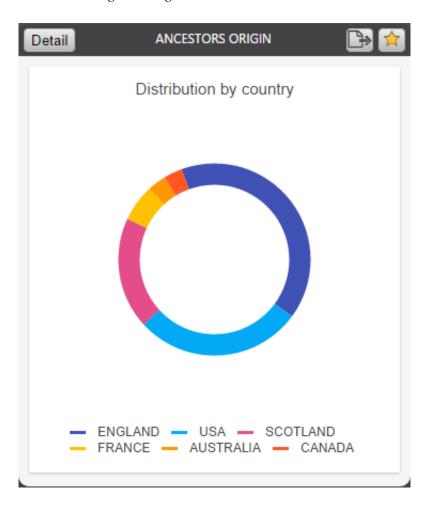
This widget contains the following analyses: distribution of births and deaths, life span and census.

You can choose between one display per period with different possible intervals or one display by month according to what you want to highlight from your analysis.

In the Census widget, Heredis displays the number of persons who have lived in each period, based on their main events of birth and death on the one hand and the maximum age at death of the general preferences of Heredis on the other.

#### **ANCESTORS ORIGIN widget**

Ancestors Origin's widget



This widget allows you to visualize the distribution by country, state/province, and county of the persons in your genealogy.

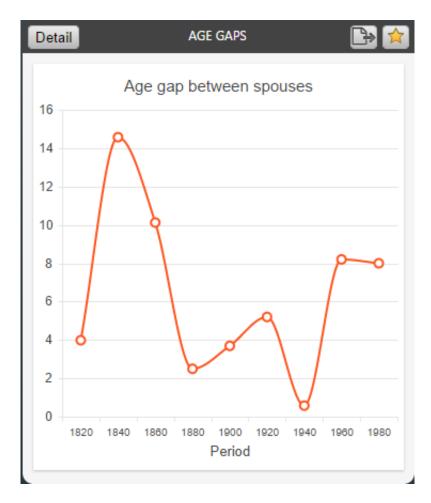
If you have selected **Entire File** as the Scope, the analysis will include every single person in your file. You can choose to narrow it down to the ancestors of the root person or of the primary person in your genealogy by setting the Scope to **Direct-line Ancestors** or **Ancestors**. To modify this option, click on the indented wheel in the upper right corner.

In the simple view widget, Heredis groups the persons according to their place of birth and displays a ring graph showing the most representative data by country, state/province or county.

If you click on the **Detail** button, Heredis will provide a full analysis by country, state/province and county along with a table indicating the number of persons found and the start/end years for the Period of appearance.

### **AGE GAPS widget**

Age Gaps' widget



This statistical analysis focuses on the age difference between spouses and on the age gap between siblings in your genealogy. Just like in the previous widget, the scope of persons included in this analysis is set by you in the General Options of the dashboard.

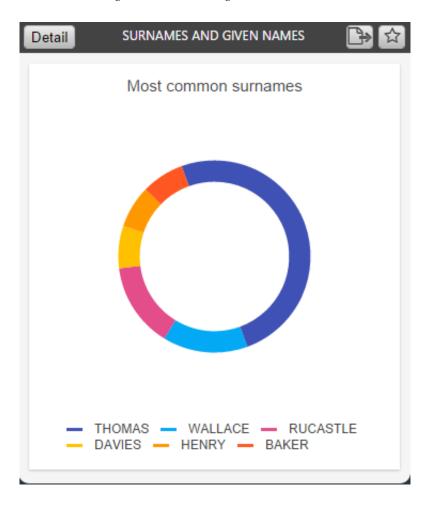
In Simple view, Heredis displays a line chart showing the average age difference between spouses. In Detail view, this same line chart is displayed along with a table filled with matching data and with another chart showing the average age gap between the first and last born among siblings.

**Note**: These charts only include couples with a minimum of one union entered with a date (Marriage, Religious Marriage, or other type of official marriage) and marital unions with at least two children properly entered with a date of Birth or Christening.

The default analysis interval is set to 50 years but you are free to modify this interval if you wish to adjust the data displayed in the charts and tables.

# **SURNAMES and GIVEN NAMES widget**

Surnames and given names' widget

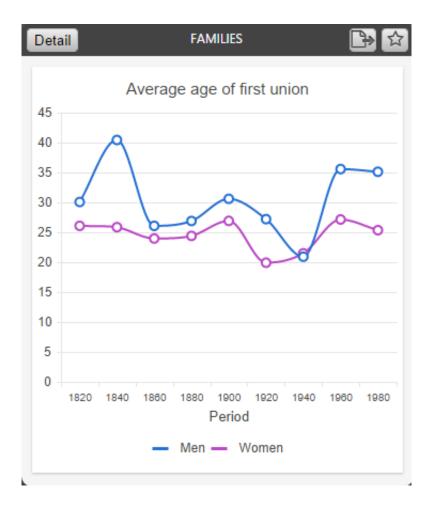


This widget provides you with a distribution of the most common surnames and given names of your genealogy that you can filter by gender.

On the graph, Heredis displays a selection of surnames, the most common given names and regroups all the others in the category «Other». For each surname / given name we specify on the graph, the number of holders and the percentage that it represents on the total names or given names of the file.

# **FAMILIES** widget

Families' widget

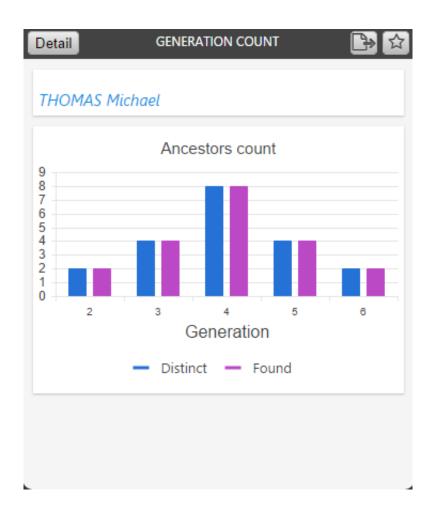


This widget contains the following analyses: average age at first union, number of children per family and the number of families.

You can choose between one display per period with different possible intervals or one display by month according to what you want to highlight from your analyses.

# **GENERATION COUNT widget**

Generation Count widget



In this widget, Heredis offers to analyze the direct ancestors and descendants of root person of your file, if you selected «Entire File» or «Direct ancestor line» in the options of the dashboard, if not then the ascendants and descendants of the primary person if you selected «Ancestors».

The display, by generation, of the number of ancestors and descendants, found and distinct, makes it possible to highlight duplicate lines in your family tree.

What is a duplicate line? Everyone, in their family tree, has a real number of ascendants that is lower than the theoretical number of ascendants because we descend several times from a same person because of marriages between more or less close cousins, we are then in the presence of a case of duplicate lines. Hence the importance of putting forward the distinct ancestors or descendants: when they are inferior to the found ancestors or descendants, it is because there is a duplicate line.

**Note**: Changing the period and the analysis interval applies to all charts of the widget. All events with a calculated date are excluded from statistical analysis.

# **Search Tracking**

For all details on **Search Tracking**, see <u>Search Tracking tab</u> Article.

### Search Wizard

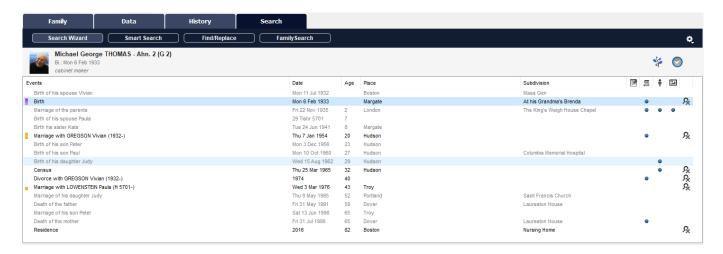
Visual cues tell you whether or not a search is necessary for the primary person displayed, based on the criteria you set in **Heredis' Preferences**, see <u>Customize Heredis</u> for more details on data completeness. The completeness icon papears in the status bar, in the **Searches** tab, in the **Persons** and **Branches** tabs in the search panel.

It tells you whether, for the main life events (Birth or Baptism - Union - Death or Burial), the information entered is complete, incomplete or missing.

• Click on the **Search** tab > **Search Wizard**.

# **Primary Person data**

• Heredis allows you to see events that have been experienced or of importance to your ancestor's history and gives you the age he was if he were alive. You see the data of the primary person and his/her loved ones (Parents, Spouses, Children, Fratrie), click on the indented wheel at the top right to change the display. Choose to view only the primary person's data by unchecking all the crossover events, or select which events you want to see.



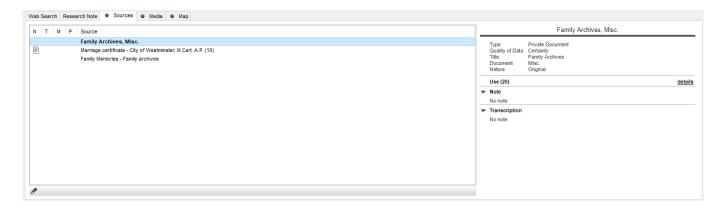
The search wizard also displays:

- the completeness icon of major events
- blue chips if you have a Note, a Source, a Witness, a Media attached to the event
- the primary person's event search status. Click on the icon to change the search status to No

  Search Record, Search Record or Not Found. You will then be able to see which event requires research.

#### The lower area of the search wizard

To complete your analysis of the searches to be undertaken, check out the tabs located in the lower area of the screen.

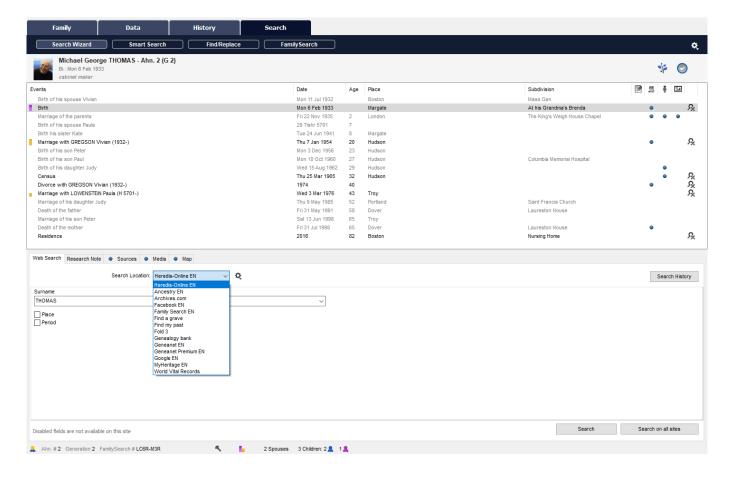


- **Sources** attached to all the events mentioned above may contain a crucial element for your approach.
- Media allows you to view documents that may have clues.
- The **Map** will allow you to see if the cities mentioned in the events displayed are close to each other or not.

Don't hesitate to fill out the **Research Note** by indicating which track you want to focus on. You will be able to resume your steps later and continue your reasoning.

#### Start a search on the Internet

In the lower area of the **Search Wizard**, you can search one or more websites with a publishing database.



Click on the **Web Search** tab to select which data to take into account and which operator you want to search on.

- 1. Choose the search operator. Unroll the **Search Location** menu to select **Heredis Online** or another site suggested in the **indented** wheel .
- 2. Choose the criteria from those available from the selected operator. Some criteria may be grayed out if they are not usable in the operator's search fields.
  - Keep the surname of the primary person or type in another surname.
  - Choose a given name or all given names from the list on the drop-down menu. The given name selected by default is the usual given name.
  - Check the **Place** box to include this data in the search if the chosen operator can manage it. Choose a location in the drop-down menu: a common one that corresponds to events related to the primary person, department or country.
  - Check the **Spouse** box to include this data in the search.

    Choose a spouse from the drop-down menu if the primary person has more than one. To search with a new spouse, type his/her surname and given name into the entry fields.
  - Check the **Period** box to indicate a range of dates. Validate or change the start and end years for online search.
- 3. Click **Search** to send your search criteria to the selected operator. Heredis opens your Internet browser and displays the requested site. It's up to you to complete the search based on any additional tools available at the default selected operator.

If you want to add a search operator or change the proposed list, click on the indented wheel icon. Check or uncheck the boxes to see, in the drop-down menu, the sites you are interested in. Some websites are available in several languages, they are offered by default in English.

You may be familiar with other websites that may help you find information about your ancestors. You can add websites, which will always appear in the drop-down menu of the operator's choice.

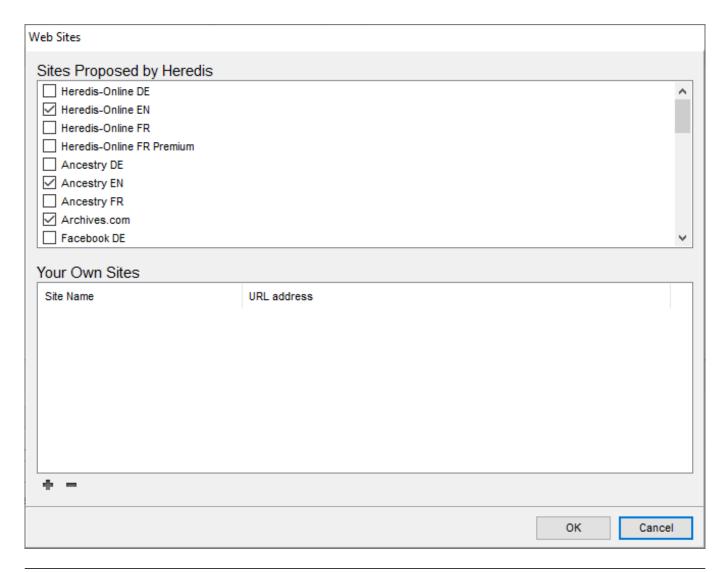
# To add a personal website:

- Click on the indented wheel \$\frac{1}{2}\$ icon.
- Click the **button** •

at the bottom of the Web Sites window.

- In the first column, type the name of the website as you want to see displayed in the list of available operators.
- Open your Internet browser and log on to the search page of this site.
- Copy the URL address in your browser's address bar and paste it in the **URL** area of the Web Sites window.

To remove a website added by you, select it from the bottom of the Web Sites window and click the button —.

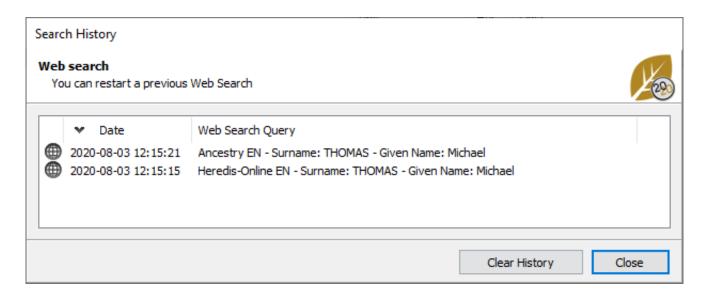


# Relaunch a previous search

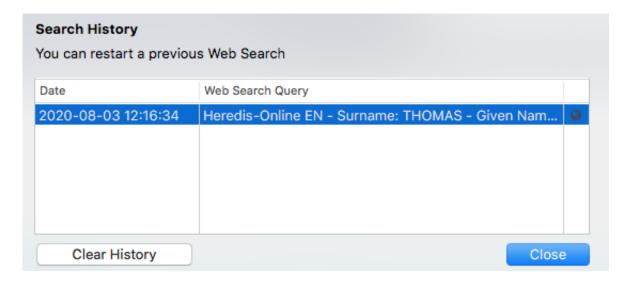
Haven't found the information you need? Didn't have time to study all the data on the genealogical website you were looking at? You can, at any time, restart a search you've already done.

- 1. Click the **History** button. All previous searches for the primary person can be found in this window. Rank them by date, or by operator name by clicking on column headers.
- 2. Just click the button (11) to restart the same search, with the same criteria. Click the **Clear History** button to clear the list of previous searches for that person.

(Windows) Search history



# (Mac) Search history



# **Searching in Online Archives**

# The Search in Online Archives



tool allows you, from your software, to access the Online Archives portal. Heredis facilitates your research and also allows you to integrate acts you have found and cut into your family tree, by creating the event and the associated source for example.

Click on the button

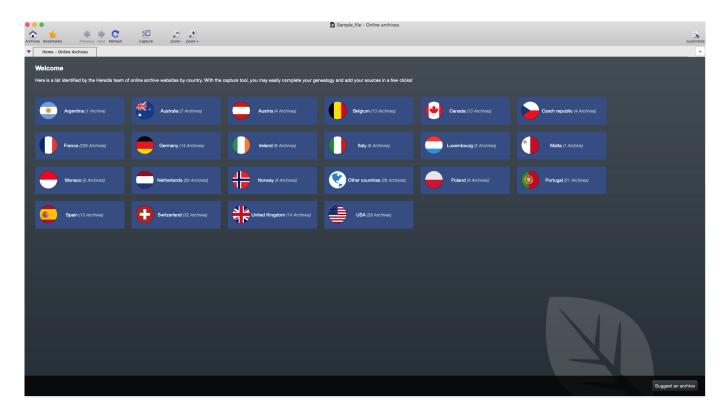


or choose from the menu Find > Search in Online Archives...

# Access and navigation in Online Archives sites

Heredis displays the Online Archives search portal in a real web browser.

Online Archives Portal



#### **Online Archives**

You have a button bar with the following options:

Archives Button: displays the home page of the online archives.

Bookmarks Button: lists the sites you have added as bookmarks and allows you to manage the list of bookmarks.

Previous, Next Navigation buttons: they give you an indication of the history of your browsing and allow to re-display pages already consulted.

Update Button: updates the page displayed on the screen.

Capture Button: Captures the whole page displayed in the browser. If you have already made a capture, this button opens a menu either for you to make another capture, or see the list of already captured but not processed sites.

As in any internet browser, you can add a new tab by clicking (Windows) on the little tab, (Mac) on the + button on right side.

(Windows) New tab



(Mac) New tab



Close a tab by clicking the cross to the right of the title of the displayed tab.

The Archives portal concerns a a lot of countries. If you do not find a country, check on **Other Countries** section.

By clicking on the button on the button bar, you return to the home page.

Use the navigation buttons to navigate as on a website.

If a website appears to be missing from the list, share it via the suggest an archive button at the bottom right of the footer band. Each proposal will be submitted to the Heredis team. If accepted, it will appear on the portal and will be permanently accessible to all users. We add website if screenshot can be made of records.

Your research will often focus on a given territory: select the sites you visit most frequently and add them by clicking the button > **Add Bookmark**. To make changes to your bookmarks, click > **Edit Bookmarks**: you can add other sites and delete them with the + and - buttons. By clicking on a line, you may change the name or address of the sites.

# **Capture images**

Once the certificate found, Heredis allow you to make a screenshot of this certificate. Click on

#### Capture button.

#### Online Archives Capture



When you capture a deed or any other document, you capture all of the displayed page in the browser.

Once your certificate captured, rename the picture by clicking on **Rename** button. Otherwise, it will be difficult to find your picture in Media index.

You can edit the capture by clicking the **Edit** button. Your image is displayed in the **Photo tool** and you can edit the image to make the document more readable (see the article on <u>Photo Tool</u> to see the details of this feature). Once the editing parameters are right for you, close this window and treat your captures.

Crop the image to remove unwanted parts with the button: when you click this button, your mouse cursor changes shape. Place your cursor at the spot where the picture should be adjusted. Hold down the left mouse button and slide the selecting window to encompass the desired area. When you release the mouse, the **Crop** button appears on the image; then click this button. Your image is now framed.

When you have captured several images, the Previous and Next buttons allow you to scroll through the list of your captures. You'll need to rename, edit, and crop every capture you make.

We advice you to keep a copy on your computer, click the **Save** button and choose the location on your computer.

The **Delete** button will delete the capture displayed in this window.

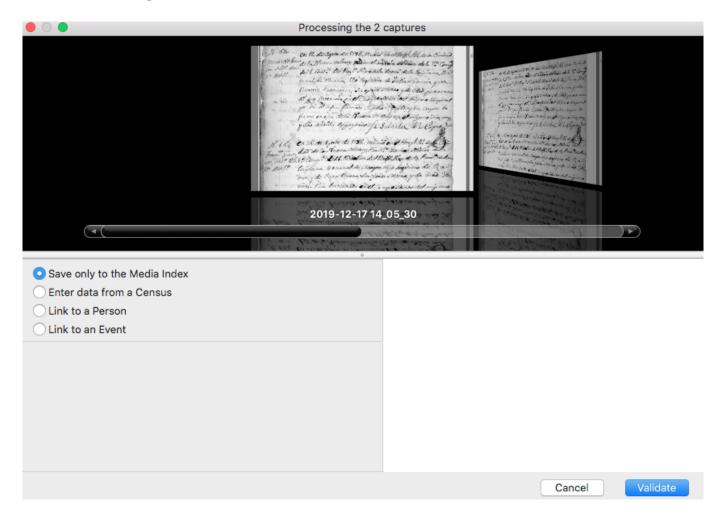
**Info** • All the captured images are declared as being private by default in order to respect the terms of use of the Archives. Remember that if you close the **Archives Online** tool without managing your captures, they will be retained in the list of captures only as long as the Heredis session is still open.

If you have managed to capture all of the act, click **Process my capture**, or on the **Capture the rest of the act** button in order to cover the act in its entirety.

# **Processing captures**

Heredis allows you to process the capture of acts to associate them with an event of your genealogy and save the information concerning the act.

Online Archives Capture



Multiple choices are available to you for treating these captures:

# Save only in the media index

If you do not have the time, tick the **Save only in the media index** box for treating it at a later date.

# Link to an event/person

Since Heredis 2020, you may Link to a person the image you just captured.

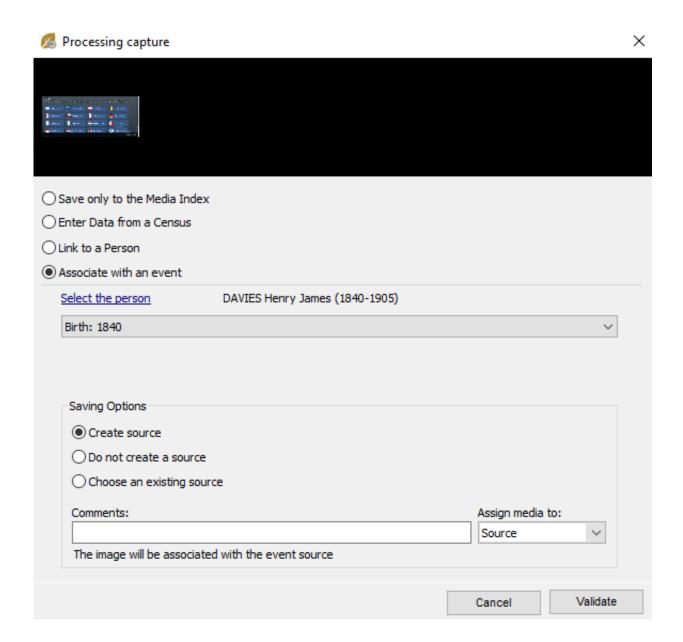
Select (Mac) Link to an event / a person or (Windows) Associate with an event / Link a person.

Click on **Select the person** to select or create the person whom the captures are to be associated. Then, in case of a link to an event, unfold the dropdown list to select an existing event or create one if it has not already been created.

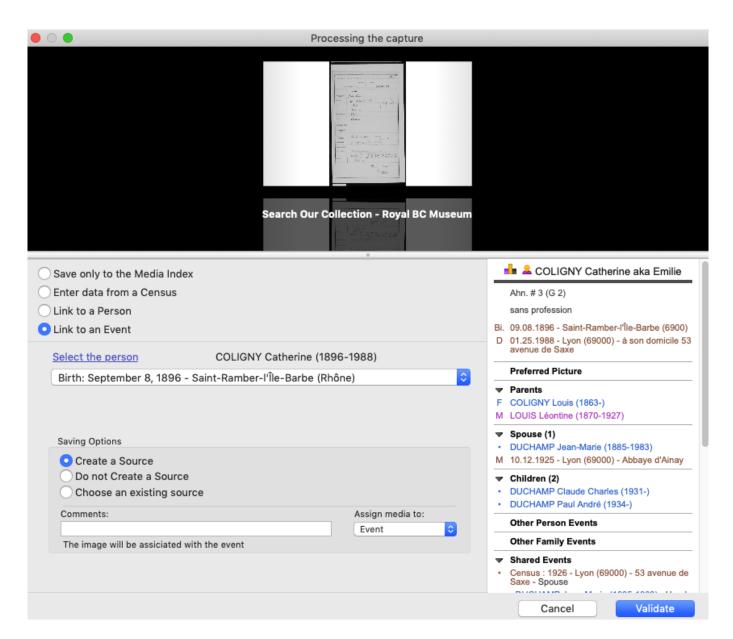
You can choose between different option to save the source and the media. To do so, choose between **Create a Source**, **Do not create a source** and **Choose an existing source**. Make sure to choose to save the media in the source or the event by unfolding the dropdown list to **Assign media to**.

**Note**: If you use Comprehensive mode of sources, you can add the citation in **Comments** area and assign the media to the citation. If you choose **Not to create a source**, the media will automatically go to the event.

(Windows) Processing capture



(Mac) Processing capture



When you click **Validate**, Heredis opens the source and prefills known information, the type of the source, the title of the source, the Archive depository, the nature of the source, its quality, the website and automatically associates the capture or captures with the source. Fill in any missing information if necessary and click **OK** to create the source.

See our **MOOC** on Online Archives for more explanation.

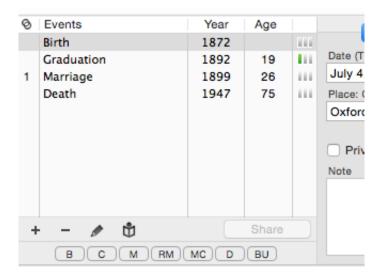
#### **Enter data Census**

Since Heredis 2019, you can also **Enter Data from a Census**. It will open the Census Grid feature. Please see <u>Census</u> article or see our <u>MOOC</u> for further details.

# Launch Online Archives from an event

The **Online Archives search** tool may be launched directly from the file of the person.

#### **Events**



From the **Personal Data** entry tab, select the event you want to complete. Start the online archives search by clicking the **Online Archives** button below the list of events. Heredis displays directly the list of available archives of the country for the selected event provided you have previously entered this information. When you have found and captured the act of the event to be completed, Heredis prefills the treatment of captures with the relevant information on the person and the event selected in the **Personal Data** entry tab.

It remains for you to validate and possibly complete the missing information for the source.

# **FamilySearch**

Heredis integrates various functions that allow you to search, compare, link, and import persons from FamilySearch universal Family Tree.

Click on the **Search > FamilySearch** tab if you wish to access it.

Important: Verify the compatibility of your Heredis version and FamilySearch.

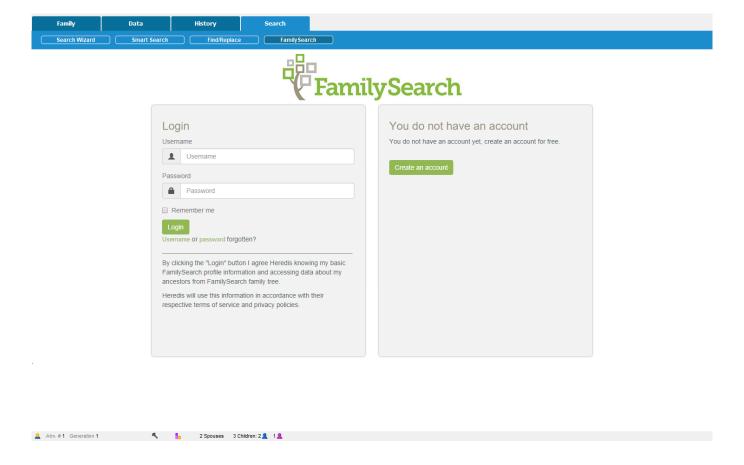
**Note**: for an easy access to theses functions, customize your toolbar by adding the button



# **Connecting to FamilySearch**

In order to enjoy these features, you must connect to your FamilySearch account directly from Heredis. If you are new to FamilySearch, you can create a free account online.

Family Search account



# **Primary Person**

In this tab, you can compare, link or unlink a person from your Heredis genealogy file to a person found in FamilySearch.

The banner under this tab in Heredis displays:

- the primary person's data, as saved in your Heredis genealogy file, his/her surname, given names, dates and places of birth and death.
- the person's first name and last name, his/her FSID if the primary person is already linked to a person in FamilySearch, as well as the current status of any family ordinance request.

Other content in this tab varies according to context.

Heredis primary person for Family Search.



#### 1) The primary person is not linked to a FamilySearch Person

You must find the Ancestor's Name in FamilySearch's International Genealogical Index (IGI) that corresponds to your primary person so you can link the two together.

Heredis displays a search form that includes the surname, given names, dates and places of birth and death for the primary person. These fields are automatically prefilled with the data already entered for this person in your genealogy.

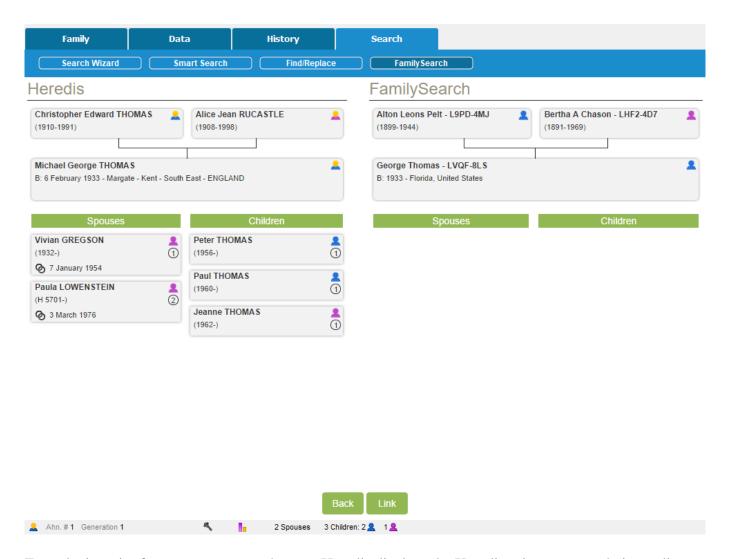
If you click on the **More criteria** button, additional search fields for the primary person's parents and spouse will appear, which should allow you to refine your search on FamilySearch. The **Reset** button will delete the content of all search fields displayed on the screen.

Click on the **Search** button, Heredis will directly access FamilySearch servers and display the list of persons found.

If you click on a person in the list of results, detailed information on the FamilySearch person you selected will be displayed in the **Summary** side panel.

If a person listed in the results seems to correspond to your primary person, click on the **Compare** button at the end of the line to compare the Heredis and FamilySearch persons in details.

Compare Heredis to Family Search.



To make it easier for you to compare the two, Heredis displays the Heredis primary person's immediate family next to the immediate family of the FamilySearch person you selected.

If you click on the **Link** button, Heredis will attach the FamilySearch person's ID number to the primary person in your Heredis genealogy file.

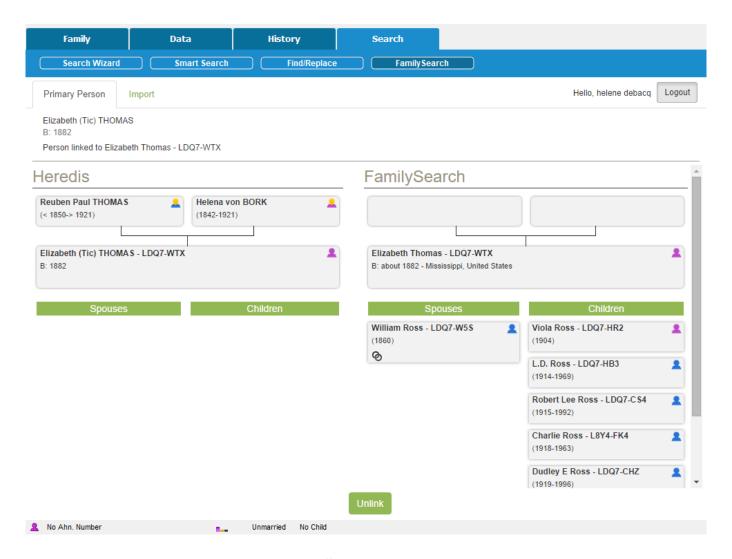
The two persons are now linked.

If you do not wish to link the two persons together, click on the **Back** button.

# 2) The primary person is linked to a FamilySearch Person

If the individual displayed as the primary person in Heredis is already linked to a person in FamilySearch, Heredis displays a window showing the data already saved for this person in Heredis next to the corresponding data saved in FamilySearch.

Family Search Linked Person.



# 3) The primary person is linked to a FamilySearch person who has been deleted

Heredis informs you in the banner of the **Primary person** tab that the FamilySearch ID number was not found.

If you wish to link this person to another FamilySearch person, click on the **Unlink** button displayed in the banner.

# **Consult the History**

Directly from Heredis, you can consult the history of modifications that have been made to the FamilySearch record of the linked person. Click the History button to access it.

Modifications History - Michael Thomas (LC6R-M3R)

#### Person Source Reference Added

6/26/2014

A Spangler - cis.user.MMMQ-7SZM

#### Birth Name Added

6/03/2012

Family Search - cis.wkca.MMMM-M9QH

#### Gender Added

6/03/2012

Family Search - cis.wkca.MMMM-M9QH

#### Death Added

6/03/2012

Family Search - cis.wkca.MMMM-M9QH

#### Birth Added

6/03/2012

Family Search - cis.wkca.MMMM-M9QH

Close

**Note**: Modifications made in FamilySeach after your import is processed will not be automatically updated in your file.

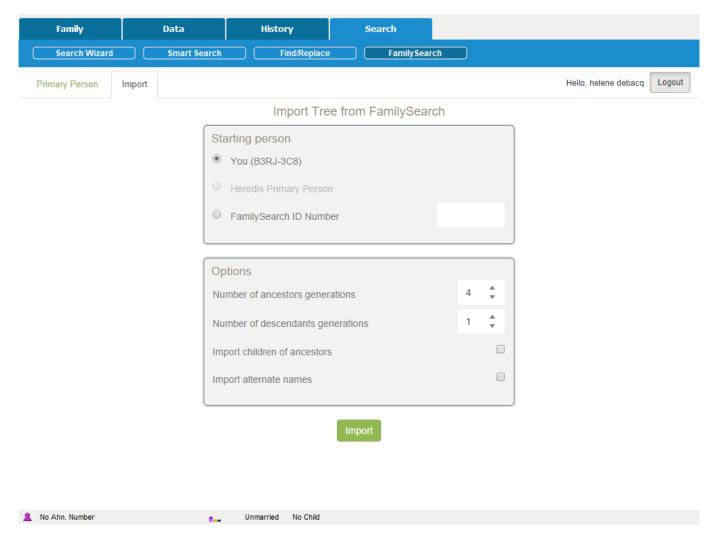
# **Import**

From this tab, you can import a FamilySearch branch into a Heredis genealogy file.

To access it:

Click on the following tabs: **Search > FamilySearch > Import** or select from the menu: **File > Import > FamilySearch...** 

Family Search Import.



# 1) Set the parameters for your import

# Source Person

- Yourself: select this option to recover all or a portion of the genealogical data you have already entered in FamilySearch.
- Primary person in Heredis: if the individual displayed as the primary person in Heredis is already linked to a person in FamilySearch, you can select this option and thus complete his/her ancestors or descendants thanks to the data already gathered in FamilySearch's global tree.

**Note**: if the primary person is not linked to a person in FamilySearch, this option is greyed out.

• FamilySearch ID number: enter a person's FamilySearch ID number in order to retrieve a FamilySearch branch that will complete your genealogy.

# Additional Options

Choose the number of generations for ancestors and descendants (limited to 5 maximum). Tick **Import Children of ancestors** to retrieve the primary person's siblings, uncles, aunts, etc.

You may also tick **Import Alternate Names** to retrieve additional names that might have been entered in FamilySearch.

**Note**: if you set the number of generations for ancestors and descendants to 1, the import will include the Source person and his/her spouse(s).

### 2) Imported data

When you click on the **Import** button, the following information is retrieved from FamilySearch's global tree:

- persons
- events
- notes
- sources

All the persons imported into your Heredis genealogy are linked to in FamilySearch's global tree and are recognizable thanks to their FamilySearch ID number.

Rules applied during data import from FamilySearch to Heredis:

When importing persons from FamilySearch, you may face a number of situations such as:

- the person to be imported is already in your genealogy with the exact same FamilySearch ID (FSID): this person will not be imported again to prevent the creation of duplicates; the import process will move on to the ancestors' or descendants' branch, according to your import settings.
- the person to be imported is already in your genealogy but does not have a FamilySearch ID (FSID) number or the FSID number is different: this person and his/her ancestors' or descendants' branch will not be imported to avoid creating inconsistent data.

**Notes**: If the person to be imported is already in your genealogy – without a FamilySearch ID number – and if he/she is not linked to the branch being imported, he/she will be added to your genealogy as a homonym.

The data imported from FamilySearch will never overwrite personal data in your Heredis file.

# Persons in Heredis linked to Persons in FamilySearch

In Heredis, various functions are available to help you find persons in your Heredis genealogy file who are linked to FamilySearch persons.

#### 1) Search by numbers

#### **Search Menu > Search by number**

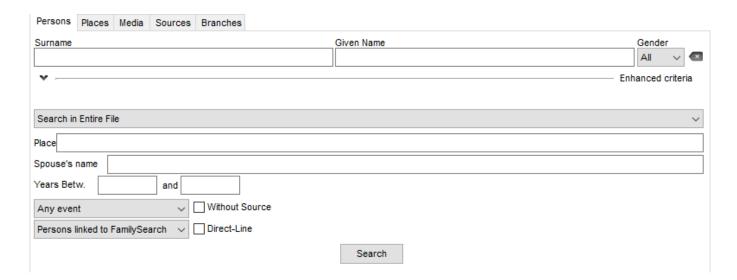
Enter the FamilySearch ID number you are interested in and Heredis will automatically take you to the matching person, who will be displayed as the primary person.

#### 2) Advanced search

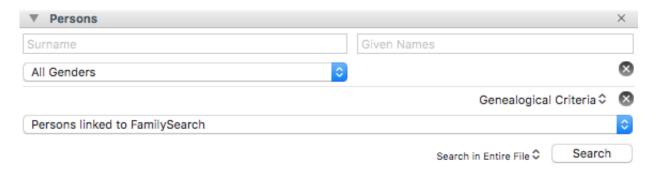
The advanced search will allow you to apply filters to your list of persons in order to only display the persons linked to FamilySearch.

From the Persons panel, on Windows in the **<Enhanced criteria>** replace **<None>** with **< Persons** linked to FamilySearch>. On Mac, select **<Genealogical Criteria>** and replace **<None>** with **<Persons** linked to FamilySearch>.

(Windows) Family Search Enhanced Criteria.



(Mac) Family Search Advanced Criteria.



#### 3) Smart Search

To access it, click on the **Search>Smart Search** tab.

Select <**Persons**> and replace the <**Surname**> field with <**Linked to FamilySearch**> then click on the **Search** button to start searching. All persons linked to FamilySearch are displayed just below the Results area. Refer to our **Smart Search** section for more details on this feature.

(Windows) Smart Search.

I'm looking for persons linked to FamilySearch.

in the entire file



**Note**: if the primary person in your genealogy is directly linked to a person in FamilySearch, Heredis will display his/her FamilySearch ID number in the status bar. This number is also displayed in the Summary panel, under the person's name.

Search in results

Add to results

## **Compatibility Heredis & FamilySearch**

Heredis integrates various functions that allow you to search, compare, link, and import persons from FamilySearch universal Family Tree.

However, FamilySearch regularly makes major changes in their database, only the current commercial release is compatible with their latest updates.

To know more on FamilySearch functionnalities, see **FamilySearch**.

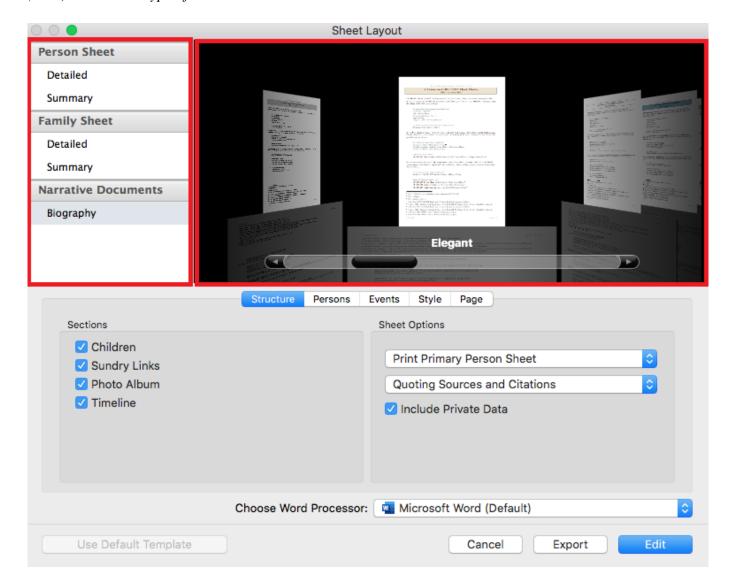
## **Create and Edit Sheets**

You can edit individual or couple sheets.

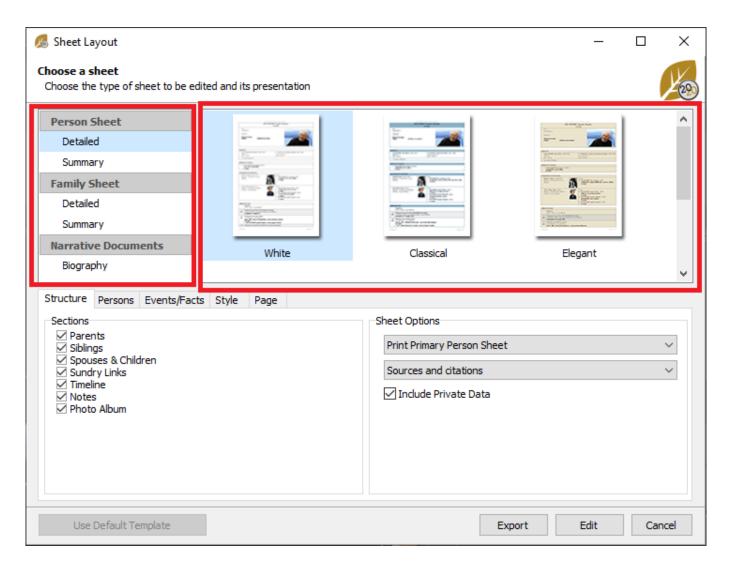
## **Creating sheets**

- Choose (Windows) Reports / (Mac) Documents > Sheets or click the Sheets button in the toolbar.
- Select the document type from the list on the left.
- Select the appropriate graphic theme in the viewer

(Mac) Choose the type of sheet then the theme



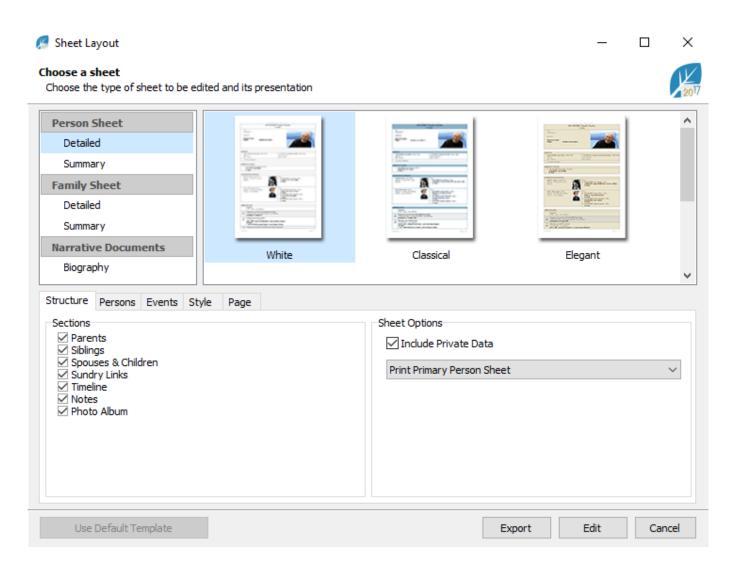
(Windows) Choose the type of sheet then the theme



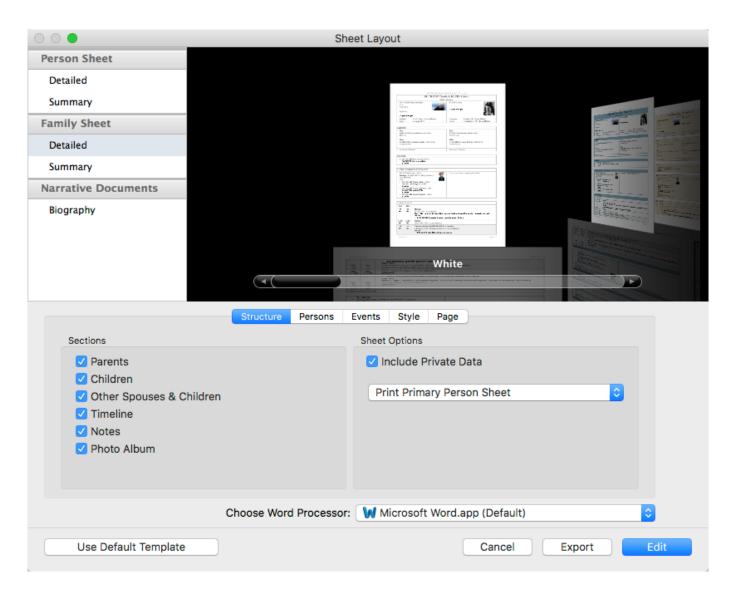
• Click on the different tabs to choose the appropriate construction parameters for your document. See paragraph below.

## Composing a sheet

(Windows) Sheet's Layout



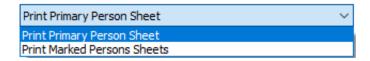
(Mac) Sheet's layout



The presentation and content options can be selected from the various tabs. Changes made to a theme are memorized for future use of the same theme.

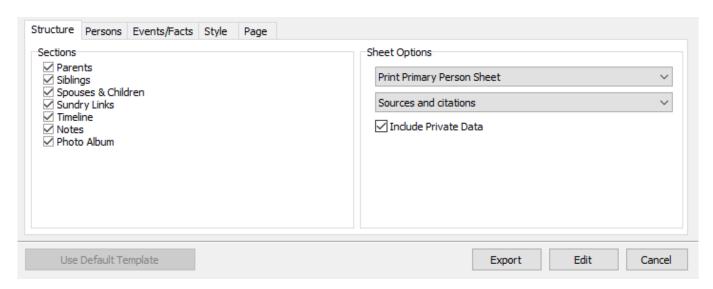
#### • Click on the **Structure** tab

- check the information to be included in the form: different family members, photo album, notes, private data, etc.
- choose how to manage sources.
- choose the person(s) to be treated.
- Note: If you want to edit the sheets of several persons in your file at the same time, you must first mark these persons using the flag of Personal Data screen. You can mass mark according to one or more search criteria through smart search. For example, you can search for all persons with the Thomas name and then click the Marked >Declare marked button in the processing area. See the Smart Search article for more details. Then select Print Marked Persons Sheets. You will get all the relevant sheets at the same time.

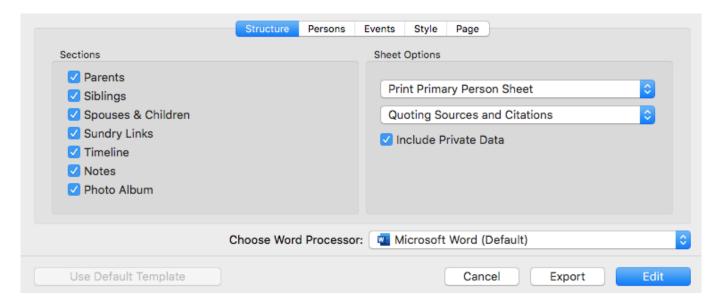


<u>Be careful</u>, the more persons you put, the longer the edition will be. Avoid putting too many people at the same time not to block Heredis for many hours if your file is consequent.

#### (Windows) Structure tab



#### (Mac) Structure tab



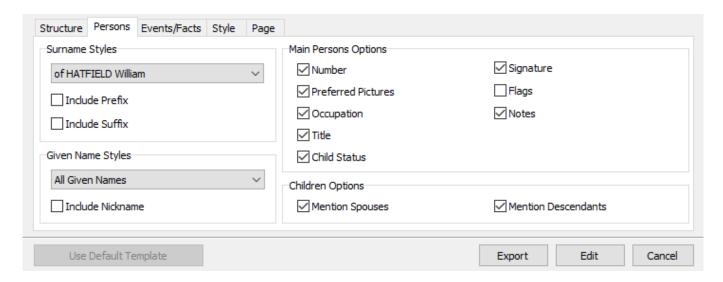
#### • Click the **Persons** tab.

- Choose the surname and given name formats.
- Check the boxes to add **Prefix**, **Suffix** and **Nickname** if you entered these fields.
- Check the boxes to include the information in the sheet: preferred picture, number, occupation, title, child status, signature, flags (confidential, childless ...), notes.
- Check the corresponding boxes to include in the document the spouses of each child and

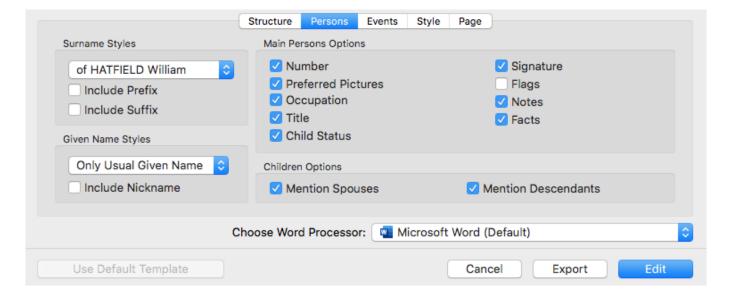
whether or not they have descendants.

• (Mac) Check here the box to add Facts.

#### (Windows) Person tab



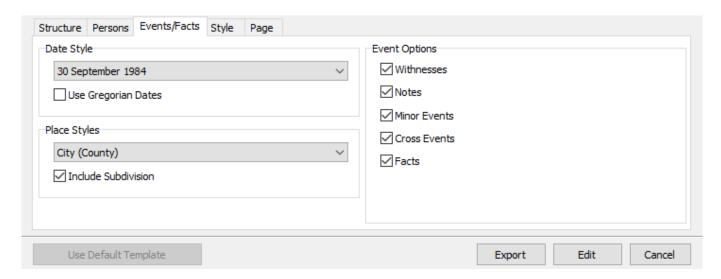
#### (Mac) Person tab



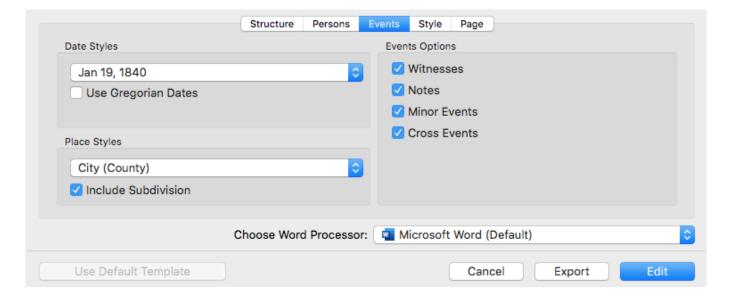
- Click the **Events** tab to select which events to include:
  - **minor events** (other than birth, death and marriage event), **cross-events** (events in which the person participated as a witness, for example).
  - Choose the format of date of events.
  - Check the **Dates in Gregorian calendar** box to display all dates in this calendar, regardless of the calendar in which they were entered.
  - Choose the place style from the drop-down menu. Select which elements of the places you want to display in the document from the ones you have entered.
  - Check the box **Include subdivision** to give more precision to the place.
  - For each event, specify if you wish to mention witnesses and notes.

- (Windows) Choose to add the Facts of the person.
- If you selected the **Biography** document, check **Show Missing Data** to have your family complete it.

#### (Windows) Events/Facts tab

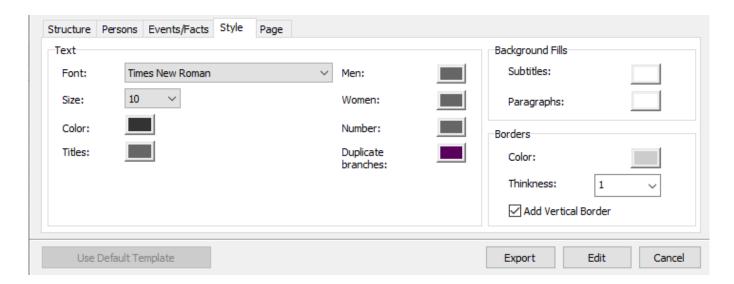


#### (Mac) Events tab

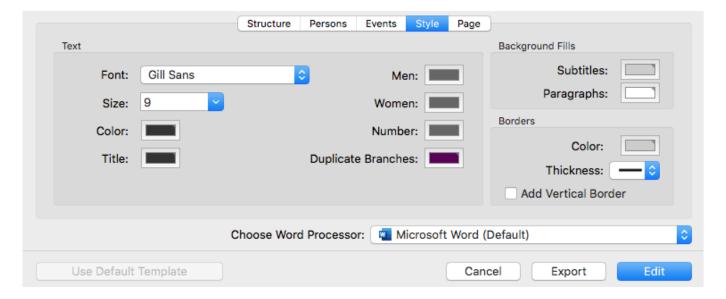


- Click the **Style** tab and choose the formatting of the form:
  - o type of font,
  - o text size and color,
  - o specific colors for men, women and numbers,
  - o colors of the titles
  - colors of background fills
  - o color and thickness of the borders of the document.

#### (Windows) Style tab

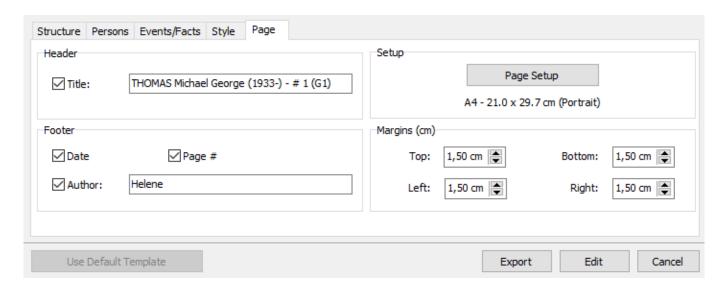


#### (Mac) Style tab

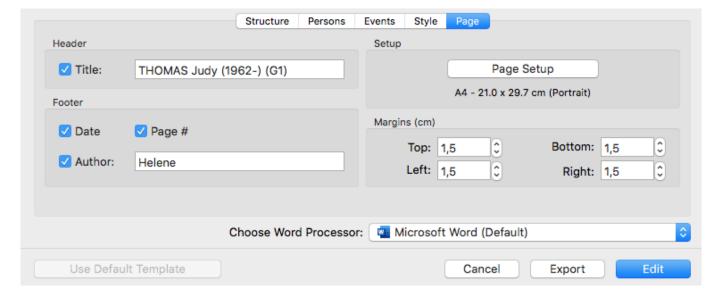


- Click the **Page** tab and set your print options:
  - o indicate the text to include in headers and footers,
  - o paper size and orientation,
  - setup the document margins.

(Windows) Page tab



#### (Mac) Page tab



- (Mac) Select the word processor with which you want to edit the document. Heredis shows you all programs that enable editing and are installed on your computer.
- (Windows) The sheet will open in your default word processor for .docx file formats that is installed on your computer. If you do not have a default word processor for this type of file, Heredis will not be able to open the file. Remember to check in Windows system, if you have a default application for .docx.
- Click **Edit** to start the word processor.
- Click **Export** if you want to use it differently and create a .txt document to be open in raw text format.

Important: Once your sheet is created it becomes an independant document from Heredis. You can modify it in your word processor. If you encounter {XE} tags in your sheet, it is not due to Heredis, see {XE "xxxxxxxxx Names"} tags in your documents, what to do? article.

#### Save a Sheet

A sheet edited in your word processor becomes an independent document from the Heredis software. This document can be saved for later reprinting or modifying. To keep the document displayed in your word processor, use the saving feature of your software. It is generally found in the **File** menu.

To change the name proposed by Heredis for the document, or the location of the file, choose **File > Save As**. These commands are generally the same in all word processors.

#### **Print Sheets**

You will start printing from your word processor, having made changes if required.

Usually, you can find the Print options in File menu > Print but it depends on your word processor software. Refere to its user guide to know exactly how.

### Create and Edit a Book

Your family tree has grown and you wish to share your findings with your family. The Ancestors or Descendants books are perfect for getting the interest of cousins or other relatives, even if they know nothing about genealogy.

You can edit Filiatus written books to tell your genealogy. From the information you have gathered in your file, Heredis generates a complete book in written form and automatically adapts the vocabulary to the data type. This book includes cover page, dedication, acknowledgments, preface and introduction.

The written books offered in Heredis are elaborated according to the recommendations of the author of the Filiatus software. The presentation and the writing are particularly careful. Written in the style of the genealogy dictionaries of olden times (Father Anselme or Dictionary of the nobility), their presentation is nevertheless friendly and comprehensible by all, even neophytes on the subject.

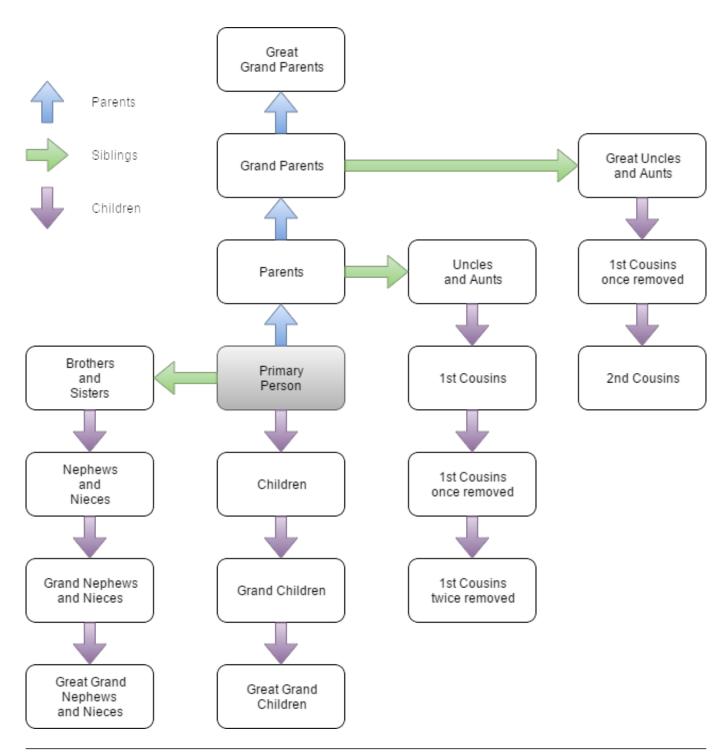
The ancestors of each character are analyzed in all seams, to detect possible cousinings and to create the branches and sub-branches corresponding to the family structure studied.

Heredis puts two types of book at your disposal, books written from the primary person and books of the type «dictionary» based on all your genealogy.

#### The books written from the primary person

- **Ancestors** by generation
- **Descendants** by branch
- Clan: in this document, Heredis builds up the close family around the primary person: spouses, parents, uncles and aunts, grandparents, brothers and sisters, cousins, children, grandchildren ...

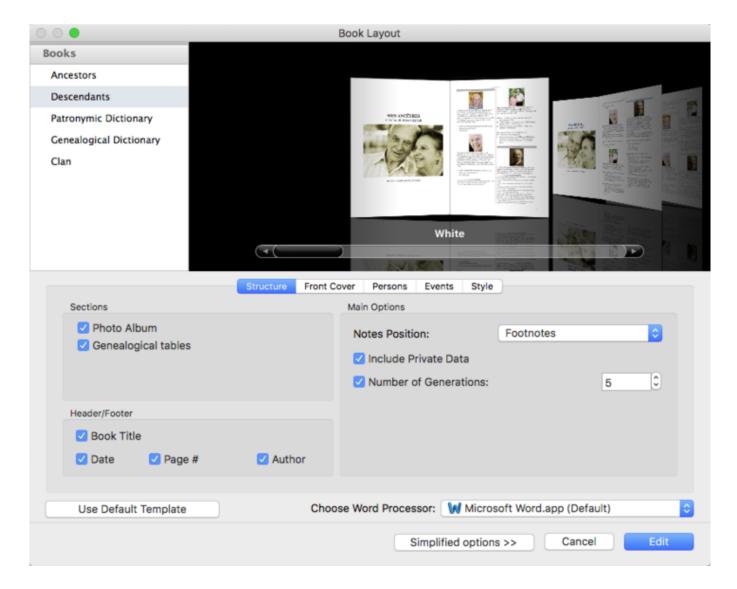
Diagram of the individuals included in the Clan



## The "dictionary" type books

- **Patronymic dictionary**: Heredis searches all men at the beginning of branches, classifies them by surname and generates their patronymic descent (this dictionary is inspired by René Jetté's «Genealogical Dictionary of Families»).
- **Genealogical dictionary**: Heredis takes all individuals from your genealogy file, sorted alphabetically.

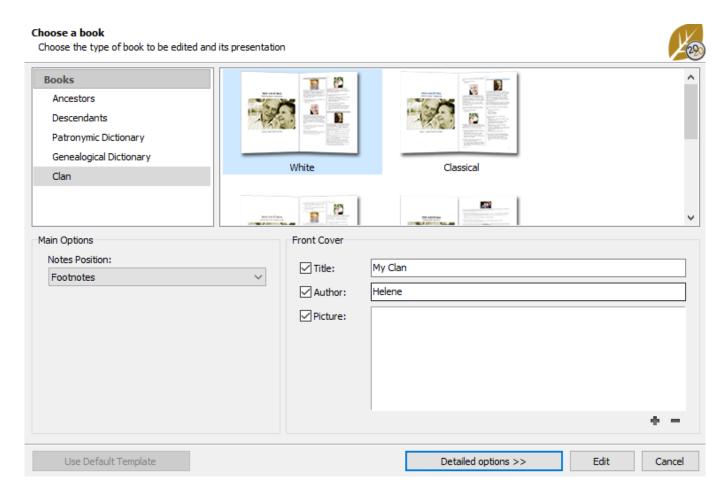
You can attach to these books, genealogical tables and a complete index of individuals, professions and places mentioned.



## **Creating a Book**

- Choose (Windows) Reports menu > Books; (Mac) Documents menu > Books; or click the Books
   button in the toolbar.
- 2. Select the document type from the list on the left.
- 3. Select the appropriate graphic theme in the viewer.
- 4. Click on **Detailed options** button and view the different tabs to choose the appropriate construction parameters for your document.

(Windows) Books choices



The tabs and options are the same on Mac and Windows. The only difference is the color of the selections because the Mac system highlights in blue color what Windows puts in gray.

## **Detailed options**

The presentation and content options can be selected from the various tabs. Changes made to a theme are memorized for future use of the same theme.

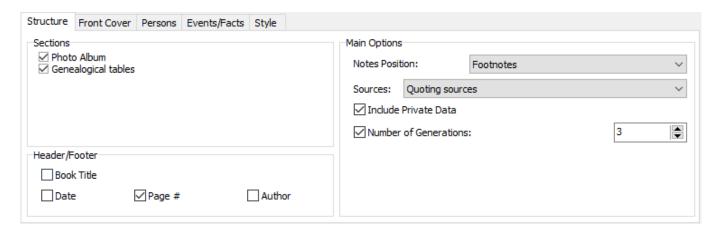
By default, the book construction screen opens in simplified mode. Only the most common options are displayed. To view all available options, click the **Detailed Options** button at the bottom of this screen.

**Note**: In detailed mode, the label of this button changes to **Simplified Options**, allowing you to return to simple mode at any time.

- Click the **Structure** tab.
  - Check the information to be included: photo album, header and footer data, private data.

- Choose where to place notes, at the bottom of the page, at the end of the section or in the text.
- Limit your document. Indicate the number of generations desired, limit to a surname, place, edit your document in several volumes.
- Choose how to present sources: Quoting sources, Complete sources, or No Sources

**Note**: Depending on the type of document selected, some of the options mentioned above do not appear.



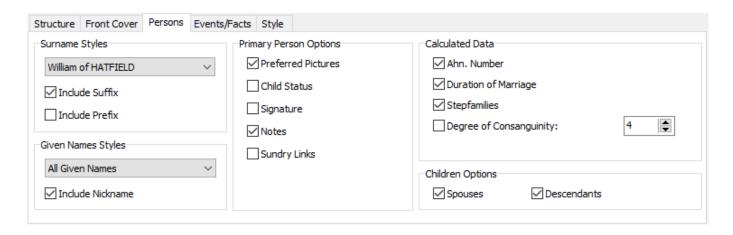
#### • Click the **Front Cover** tab.

- Check the boxes for the information to be included on the cover.
- Modify the title, add a subtitle, indicate who is the author.
- Insert a picture to customize the cover, click on + button at the bottom right to add a picture.



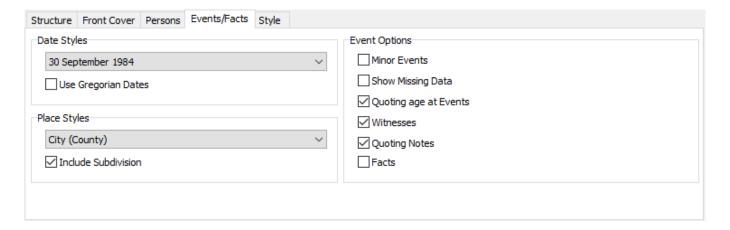
#### • Click the **Persons** tab.

- Choose the surname and given name formats.
- Check the boxes to add **Prefix**, **Suffix** and **Nickname** if you entered these fields.
- Check the boxes to include the following information: pictures, child status, signature, notes, sundry links, calculated data (ahnentafel number, duration of marriage, Stepfamilies, Consanguinity degree precise the maximum wantred degree).
- Tick the corresponding boxes to include in the document the **spouses** of each child and whether or not they have **descendants**.



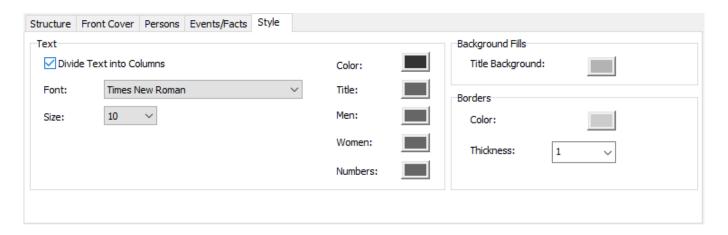
#### • Click the **Events/Facts** tab

- Choose the date format. Check the **Use Gregorian Dates** box to display all dates in this calendar, regardless of the calendar in which they were entered.
- Choose the place style from the drop-down menu. Select which elements of the places you want to display in the document from the ones you have entered. Check the box **Include** subdivision to give more precision to the place.
- Select which events to include: **minor events** (other than birth, death and marriage event), **facts**.
- For each event, tick the corresponding boxes to specify witnesses, age at the event and notes.
- Check the option **Show Missing Data** to have it completed by your family.



#### • Click the **Style** tab

- Tick the box to **Divide text into Colums** by page for your book.
- Choose the formatting of the book: **font**, text **size**
- Click on the colored button to choose colors for general data (**Color**), **title**, specific colors for **men**, **women** and **numbers**
- Click on the colored button to choose the color of **title background**, **color** and **thickness** of borders of the document.



(Mac) Select the word processor with which you want to edit the document. Heredis offers you all programs that enable editing and installed on your computer.

(**Windows**) Heredis will launch the software by default for .docx files. Make sure you have a word processor by default overwise the document won't open. It will be saved in Documnets > BSD Concept > Heredis > Heredis Genealogical Reports but won't open. You'll be able to open it once you'll have a word processor.

• Click **Edit** to start the word processor.

**Important**: Once your book is created it becomes an independant document from Heredis. You can modify it in your word processor. If you encounter {XE} tags in your book, it is not due to Heredis, see {XE "xxxxxxxxx Names"} tags in your documents, what to do? article.

**Info** • Indexes are not directly integrated with books because each word processor handles them in a specific way. However, index entries are marked so that you can generate an index after the document is created and opened in your word processor. Put the cursor where you want and generate the index:

- in Word, menu Insert > Tables and Index or References> Insert Index
- in LibreOffice, menu **Insert** > **Indexes** and **Tables**

**Mac Note**: The text editor Page doesn't manage index.

## **Print or Export Books**

Once the book is created, you can print it from your word processor. Generally, then click on the **File** menu > **Print**.

From your word processor, you can save in a format other than . docx, for example in .pdf. Click the **File** menu > **Save As**, change the format (the operation differs from one word processor to another), choose the save location and click **Save** or **OK** depending on the software.

For more details, refer to the user manual of your word processor or printer for printing configuration.

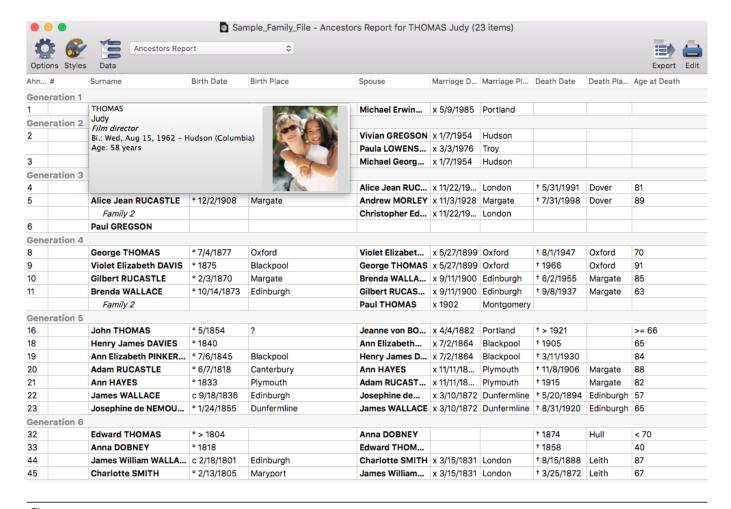
## (Mac) Create and Edit a Report

Heredis can edit standard reports provided with the software and create your own report templates. Each report displayed can be changed simply. You can also save or print it directly.

## Create a report

- 1. Scroll down the **Documents** menu and select one of the standard reports supplied by Heredis. Some reports are constructed from the primary person displayed on the navigation screen (ancestors, descendants), others treat all people saved in the file regardless of their family links or their role (alphabetical, anniversaries, events, families...).
- 2. Once you have selected, click the report for it to be constructed.

**Info** • Hold the mouse over the name of a person to see an informative box on this individual. Double-click a line from the report to access all information on the person presented on the **Immediate Family** tab or any other data entry tab.



## Compose a report

When you display a report, the menus and buttons are different, the toolbar indicating the changes you

can make (**Options - Styles - Data**). You will also find two buttons for processing the modified report (**Export** and **Edit**).



Move each column by drag and drop. Sort the columns with a click in the column header; an arrow appears in the header of the column. If the column is not sortable, Heredis alerts you.

#### Resize columns

- 1. Move the mouse cursor to the edge line between two columns until it changes to a double arrow
- 2. Hold the mouse button down and drag it to change the column width in the desired direction.

#### Rearrange the columns

- 1. Click the header of the column to be moved.
- 2. Hold the mouse button down and drag it to the new location.

#### Modify the order of data in the columns

Click the column header. If the column is sortable, an arrow will indicate the sort direction. When data are grouped in the columns, sorting is applied within each group.

**Info** • Access to adding or deleting columns is done with the button. You can create as many columns as you like within the space available for printing.

#### **Select the Report options**

The options are different for each type of report. They modify the data displayed in the report.

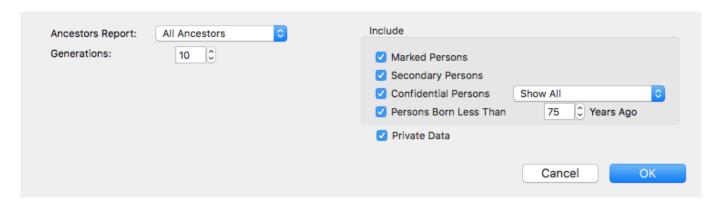
- 1. Click the **Options** button or choose **Template > Options**.
- 2. Indicate the types of data to be displayed.
  - Ancestors or Descendants Report: choose between a full or partial report (Males Only Females Only Name Holders Only) from the pop-up menu. Specify the number of generations to be treated and the type of numbering. Indicate the types of persons for inclusion in the report.
  - **Persons Reports**: Select the method of grouping the data into the report with the pop-up menu (**By Name** or **By Date**). Choose from a complete or partial report (**Males Only Females Only**) in the pop-up menu. Indicate the types of persons for inclusion in the report.
  - Families Report: Select the method of grouping the data in the report with the pop-up menu (grouping by Family status, Places or Dates). Limitations are applied to the data displayed by ticking Limit by Period of Observation or Limit Places and select the values you want.
  - Events Reports: Select the method of grouping the data in the report with the pop-up menu

(group By **Event** Types, By **Persons**, By **Places** or By **Dates**). Limitations apply to the data displayed by ticking **Period of Observation** or **Limit Places** and select the values you want. Indicate the types of persons for inclusion in the report and the types of events to be processed. Limit the report of events to holders of a particular name.

• Tiny Tafel Reports: Select the method of grouping the data in the report with the pop-up menu. Limitations apply to the data displayed by clicking the Limit by Period of Observation or Limit Places boxes and select the values you want.

Click **OK** to confirm your choice of options and return to the report.

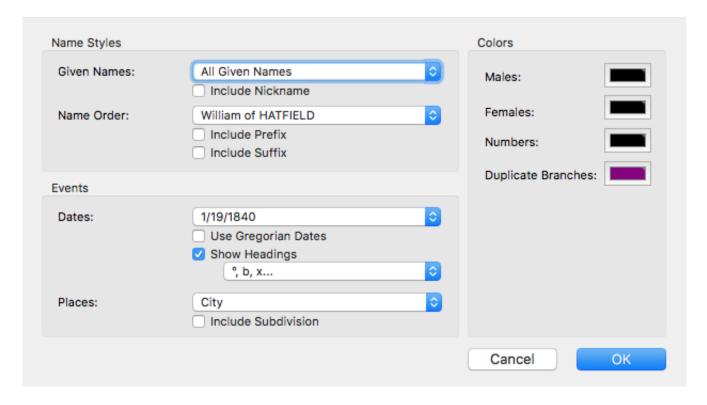
Options of Ancestors report



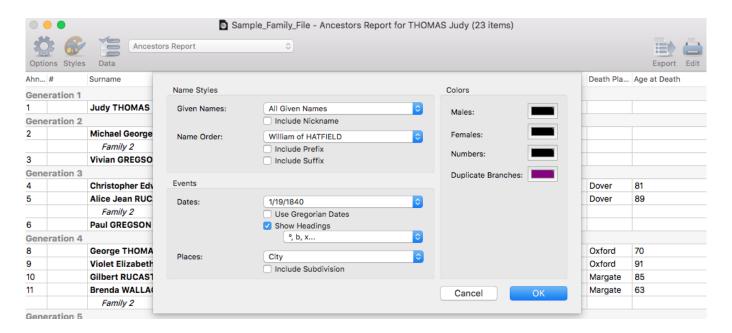
#### Select the format of the reports

Customize the presentation of each report with your color preferences and data format.

1. Click the button or choose **Template** > **Styles**.



- 2. Use the menus to define the format of data displayed.
  - Given names: choose to display All Given Names, Only First Given Name, Only Usual Given Name (in the absence of a usual given name, Heredis takes the first given name), First Given Name and Initials of Others. Tick the Include Nickname box to add it after the given names.
  - Name order: choose the order for surname and given names. Tick the **Include Prefix** and **Include Suffix** boxes to add before or after the name if they exist.
  - **Dates**: Select the date format. Tick **Use Gregorian Dates**, to display this format regardless of the calendar in which they were entered. Tick the Show Headings box for each date to be preceded by the symbol corresponding to the event.
  - **Places**: select the **Places** format. Select any combination of items among those entered for each location. Tick the **Include Subdivision** box to add it to each location displayed when it had been entered.
- 3. Click the color boxes and select a color to modify the colors for **Males**, **Females** and **Numbers**.
- 4. Click **OK** to confirm your choice of format and return to the report.



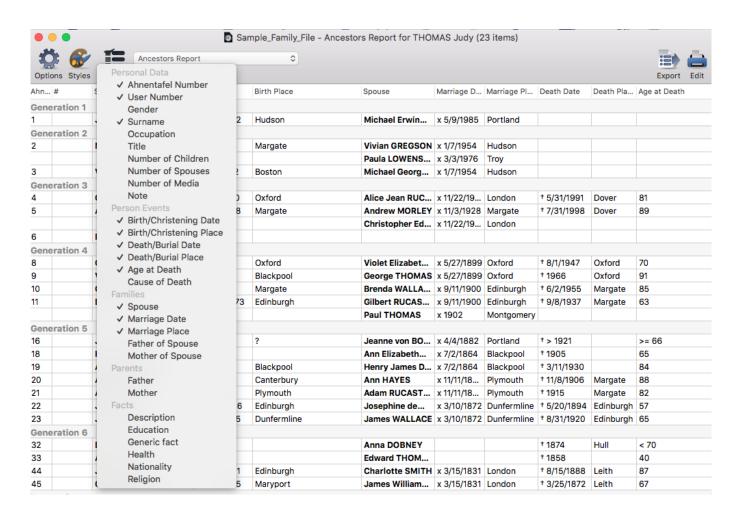
#### Select the items to be included in the report

The number of columns displayed in the report depends on the items selected. Each item is displayed in a separate column.

- 1. Click the Data button or choose **Template > Data**.
- 2. Click the item to be added from the pop-up menu, and it is now ticked and appears in a new column, to the right of the last column of the document.
- 3. Move the column containing the new item to the desired position on the report.

To delete a column, reopen the **Data** pop-up menu and click again on the item to be deleted. The document will no longer contain this column.

**Info** • Remember to adjust the width of the other columns according to the available space left by the deleted column.



Since Heredis 2019, there are new fully customizable reports, see the <u>Custom Reports</u> article.

## Save a template of the report you customized

For example, choose **Documents > Person Reports > By Name** (Alphabetical report).

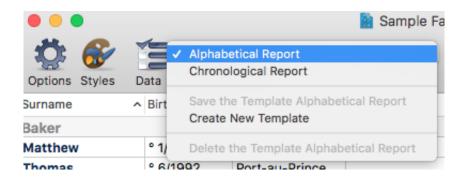
You can modify the list displayed by Heredis before printing.

As previously explained, click **Options** to improve the presentation of the list, by choosing **Classify by Surnames**, or change the contents by selecting **Men Only**.

Add or remove a column by clicking **Template**. Select **Age at death**. The column order can be changed by simply dragging with the mouse: place the new column next to **Death Place**.

If the presentation is how you want it and you want to keep it? Choose **Create New Template** from the pop-up menu and give it a name: «My list alphabetically.» It will then be available in the list of reports.

Choose in the pop-up menu



## Export a report

Click on **Export** button, choose the software to use and click Export.

The file is now independant of Heredis and can be saved on your hard drive disk, and print from the word processor or spreadsheet application.

### **Print Reports**

Click **Edit** and select the word processor on your Mac to which you wish to send it. Changes to the presentation may be made in the word processor that you are familiar with and then you may start printing.

The file is now independant of Heredis and can be saved on your hard drive disk, and print from the word processor.

## **Custom Reports**

Starting with Heredis 2019, this feature offers various reports models that can be fully customized according to your needs.

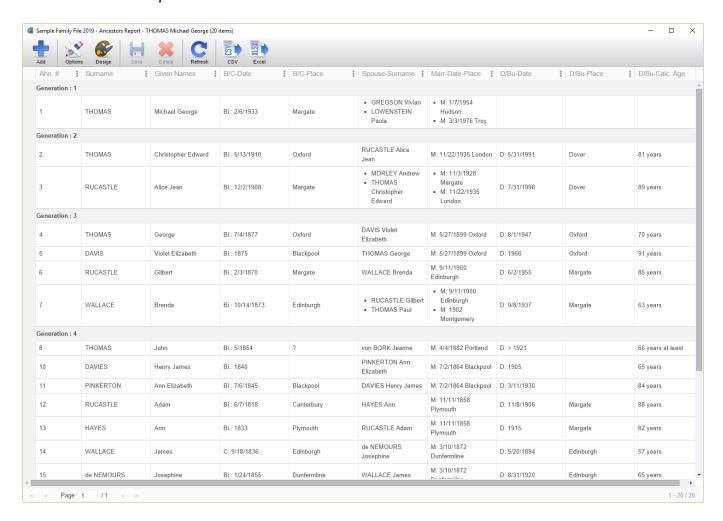
Click on the menu (Windows) Reports > Custom Reports; (Mac) Documents > Custom Reports and select the type of report you are interested in among the default models included in the application:

Ancestors, Descendants, Persons, Events, Places, Sources. You can also use the shortcut in the toolbar.

The selected report opens up in a new Heredis window, which allows you to consult the data in your file while continuing to work on your genealogy.

**Note:** you can also open several custom reports at the same time if you wish to.

#### Ancestors Custom Report



The data thus displayed depends on the type of default report selected:

• Persons Reports allow you to display all the persons in your genealogy

- Ancestors Reports display the primary person and his/her ancestors, grouped by generation
- Descendants Reports display the primary person and his/her descendants, grouped by generation
- Events Reports allow you to display all the events saved in your genealogy

And, starting with Heredis 2020:

- Places Reports display all the places saved in your genealogy
- Sources Reports allow you to view each and every source in your genealogy.

Each report includes the following elements:

- a toolbar
- a data table
- a status bar

Starting with Heredis 2020, in each report, you can click on a person's name and navigate onto this person in Heredis.

#### The Toolbar





Select the information you want to add to your report by clicking on the different sections available (Personal Data, Media, ...)

You can select one or more fields among those suggested. If you click the **OK** button, additional columns are automatically added to your report to let you view the data you deem relevant and important.

**Note:** You can also group multiple fields into a single column. Select the desired fields and check the "**Group in a single column**" box. Validate your selection and do the same thing again for each column in which you want to group several fields. For instance, "Birth Date" and "Place of Birth".





# Options Button

Based on the type of report, you are given several options, grouping, and filters to refine the displayed report.

#### - Persons Report:

This report is built based on all the persons saved in your genealogy. If you wish to display or hide marked, secondary, confidential, contemporary persons or private data, check or uncheck the corresponding boxes.

Heredis is defaulted not to apply any grouping of persons in this report but you can set up your own display of data: classify by Name or Birth.

You can also choose to display Males or Women Only, and to list Direct-line Ancestors only.



#### - Ancestors Report:

This report is built based on the primary person displayed on the navigation screen.

If you wish to display or hide marked, secondary, confidential, contemporary persons or private data, check or uncheck the corresponding boxes.

Heredis is defaulted to supply a complete list of your ancestors over 10 generations in this report but you can modify these options to display a report by Male Ancestors (agnatic) or Female Ancestors (cognatic). You can also increase or decrease the Number of Generations to be displayed.



#### - Descendants Report:

This report is built based on the primary person displayed on the navigation screen.

If you wish to display or hide marked, secondary, confidential, contemporary persons or private data, check or uncheck the corresponding boxes.

Heredis is defaulted to supply a complete list of your descendants over 10 generations in this report but you can modify these options to display a report showing Name Holders Only. You can also increase or decrease the Number of Generations to be displayed and choose the type of Numbering Method to display in your custom report (d'Aboville or Lettered).

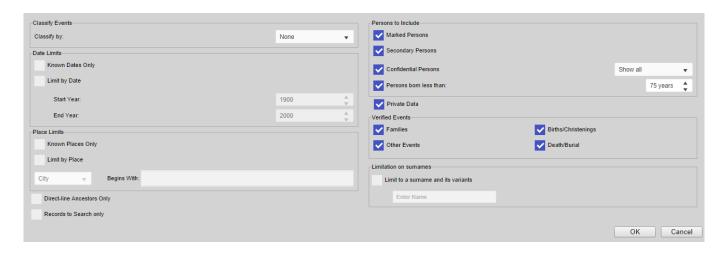


#### - Events Report:

This report is built based on all the events saved in your genealogy.

If you wish to display or hide marked, secondary, confidential, contemporary persons or private data, check or uncheck the corresponding boxes.

Heredis is defaulted not to apply any grouping of events in this report but you can create your own way of displaying data: classify by Dates, Persons, Type of events, or Places.



#### - Places Report:

This report is built based on all the places saved in your genealogy.

You can choose to limit to a city, a state...

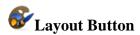


#### - Sources Report:

This report is built based on all the sources saved in your genealogy.

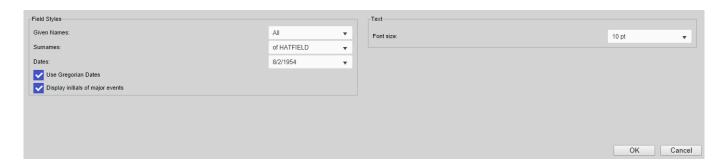
You can change options to display private sources only, used only...





You are given layout options for the following:

- Surnames, Given Names, Dates
- Font size displayed in the report
- Colors for males, females, direct-line ancestors, and implexes since Heredis 2020. (Colors are displayed on the screen but cannot be exported to .xlsx and .csv formats.)
- Major events



## **Save Button**

Click the **Save** button and name your report so it is saved with your custom options and preferences.

Find it again later in the menu (Windows) Reports > Custom Reports; (Mac) Documents > Custom

Reports, right underneath the default model supplied by Heredis.

Starting with Heredis 2020, you can manage your custom reports models. Please refer to the <u>paragraph</u> below for more details.



From the menu: (Windows) Reports > Custom Reports; (Mac) Documents > Custom Reports, open the model you do not wish to keep, click the **Delete** button, and confirm you want to delete the model. You can also delete from the model management tool. Please refer to the <u>paragraph below</u> for more details

# C Refresh Button

Custom reports open in an independent Heredis window so you can continue working on your file while leaving a custom report open. If you make modifications or additions to your genealogy, all you need to do is click the Refresh button to update the content of the report displayed.

# CSV / XLSX Buttons

You can export the data from your report to a **CSV** or **Excel** format so you can use them later outside of the Heredis environment. The file will become independent from Heredis and you will be able to work on the data from your usual spreadsheet software.

### **Data Table**

The various reports provide data presented in a multiple-column table; content varies according to the type of model you choose.

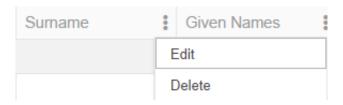
You can sort data by clicking on a column header. An arrow displayed next to the header title indicates the type of sorting that has been applied: ascending, descending, or no sorting if no arrow is displayed.

**Note:** some columns cannot be sorted; this is the case, for instance, of columns in which several types of data have been aggregated. A message in red will inform you that the column cannot be sorted.

You can also

- Reorganize the way data is displayed by moving columns, for example: click the header of a column and hold the click down while moving the column to the desired location, then release the mouse click.
- Delete a column: click on the 3 dots displayed on the column header and select the **Delete** option.
- Modify the content of a column: click on the 3 dots displayed on the column header and select the **Edit** option. An Edit Column window opens up, it allows you to:
  - modify the column title
  - add/modify/delete fields in this column
  - add and customize column data separators to display between 2 column fields

#### Edit or Delete a Column



#### Organize data



#### **Status Bar**

In the status bar, Heredis shows the total number of pages for the report being displayed, as well as the range in which the current page is located (the indicator is displayed in the bottom right). Easily navigate through the different pages of a report by clicking on the **First / Last Page**, **Previous Page / Next Page** arrows. You can also move directly to a given page by entering its number.

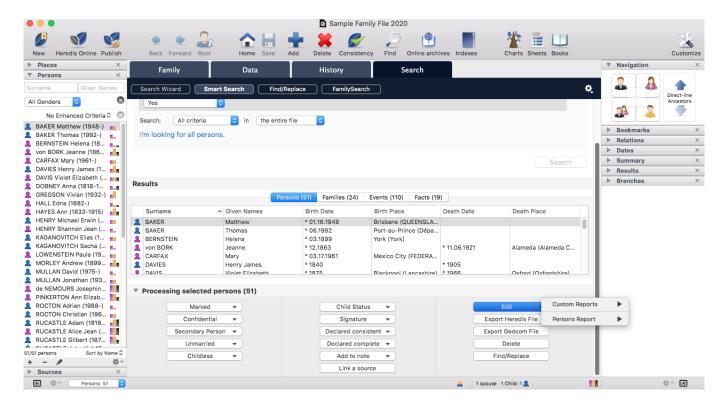


#### **Custom Reports and Smart Search**

Custom reports are also accessible directly from **Smart Search**.

- From the **Search** tab > **Smart Search**, launch a search.
- In the **Results** area, select the **Persons** or **Events** tab you are interested in.
- In the **Processing** area, click the **Edit** button > (**Mac**) **Custom Report** / (**Windows**) **Customizable Reports** and select the report model you want to use to display the results from your search.

#### Smart Search and Custom Report



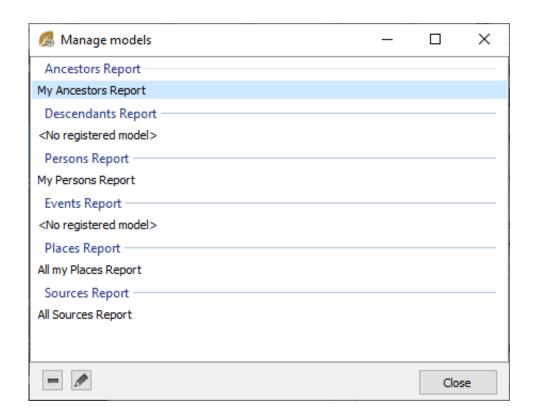
## Manage your models

Starting with Heredis 2020, you can manage your custom reports models.

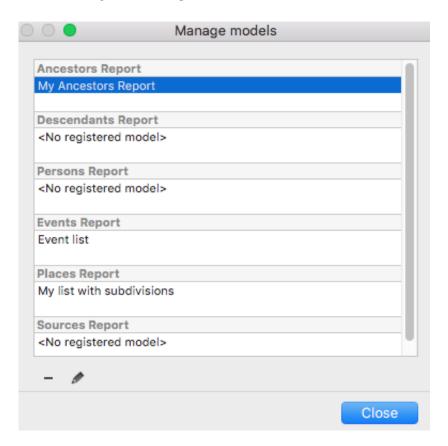
(Windows) Click on the **Reports** menu > Custom Reports > Manage my models... to open the model manager.

(Mac) Click on the **Documents** menu > **Custom Reports** > **Manage my models...** to open the model manager.

(Windows) Manage custom reports models



#### (Mac) Manage custom reports models



Select the report model you wish to modify and click the button to rename this report model or the

[Heredis 2020 Mac EN] - 08-25-2020 [User Guide 2020 Mac EN] - https://help.heredis.com

button to delete the model.

# (Mac) Creating a tree chart

You've collected data, now you want to see a representation of your work as a tree chart. Heredis offers many types of tree charts, each of which have different graphic themes.

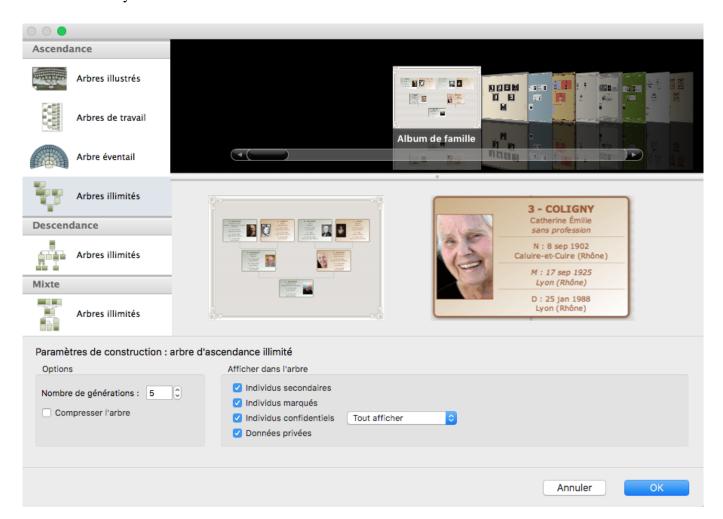
Click the button and make your choice in the viewer. Select a type of tree: **ancestors, descendants** or **hourglass.** Trees of ancestors distinguish predefined format representations (from A4 to A0) and trees of unlimited size. They are all, of course, printable on A4 pages.

# **Building tree charts**

You can create as many graphic representations of your genealogy as you want. A tree chart can be saved with the data it contains and the shaping that has been chosen. It can then be reopened, modified in its presentation, printed again.

It became independent of the Heredis data file.

Choose **Documents menu > Charts** or click the button in the toolbar to visually select the tree charts offered by Heredis.



Also check out the items "(Mac) Predefined Sized Trees" and "(Mac) Trees of Unlimited Size."

# (Mac) Unlimited size tree chart: ancestors, descendant and hourglass

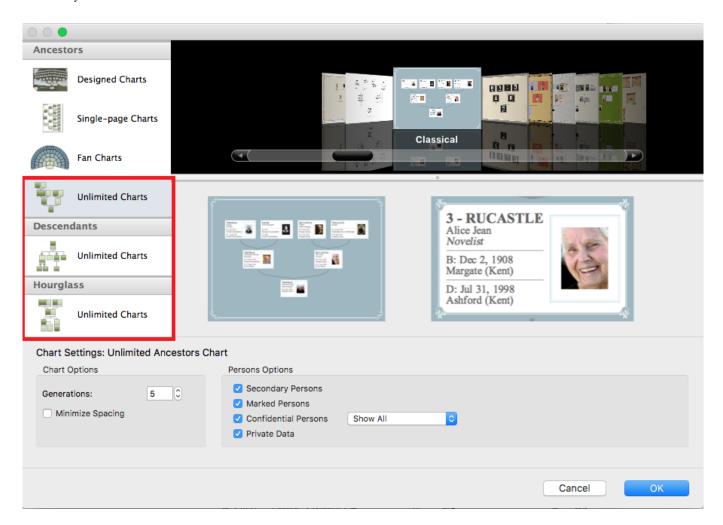
You can create as many graphical representations of your genealogy as you wish. A tree chart may be saved with the data it contains and its layout. It can then be reopened, modified in its presentation, printed again. It has become independent of the Heredis data file.

Choose **Documents > Charts...** or click **Charts** on the toolbar to visually select the tree charts proposed by Heredis.

The printing of a tree chart takes as its starting point the primary person displayed and will display his/her ancestors, descendants or both as an hourglass tree chart.

#### Choice of tree chart

Choose your tree chart and the theme



In the displayed selection screen, choose the type of tree to build from the list.

Heredis proposes various types of tree charts of unlimited size. Whatever the type of tree chart selected, you can print it or have it printed over several pages or a single long strip of paper.

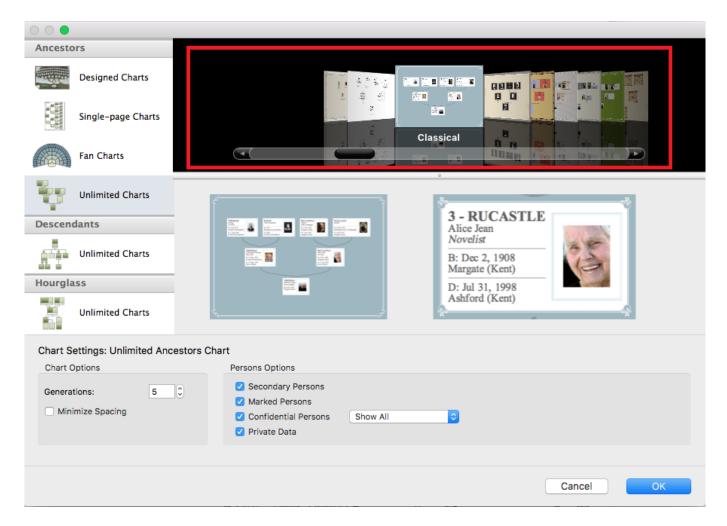
When a tree exceeds the size of your printer, each page is printed with an overlap to facilitate mounting of

the chart.

#### **Choice of theme**

Click a theme in the coverflow. To facilitate your choice, Heredis displays an overall preview of the tree to be edited with this theme and a preview of a box. Scroll through the different themes by pressing the arrow keys.

The last used themes are preset for each type of tree chart.

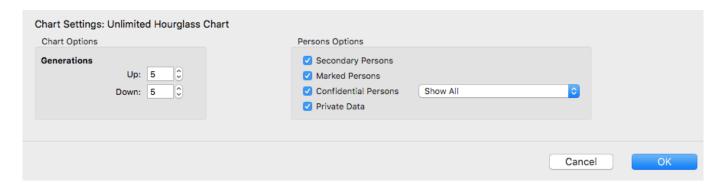


#### **Chart Settings**

Specify the construction parameters that suit you for the selected theme: number of generations, people to be displayed or not on the tree chart.

- 1. Indicate the number of generations. It may go up to 99 for ancestors as well as descendants.
- 2. On Ancestors tree charts, select **Minimize Spacing** for nesting boxes and rearranging space for the tree chart. If you do not tick this box, persons are drawn with respect to the axis of their parentage: those who are not direct relatives are never drawn one below the other.
- 3. Select the persons for inclusion on the tree chart. By default all persons appearing in the ancestry or descent of the primary person are displayed on the tree chart. You may untick secondary persons, or marked and confidential persons, for them not to be displayed on the tree chart. You

may also hide all the data you have declared to be private (events, pictures, etc.). See <u>The different data fields</u> article.



### **Tree Chart Screen**

Heredis displays a tree chart representing the lineage of the primary person and which is printable immediately. If you want to make changes to the tree chart, you have tools in the form of removable panels specific to the various tree charts.

#### **Toolbars and Menus**

When the tree chart is displayed, the menus and buttons are different from those for data management.



Display the buttons you most often use by choosing right click on the toolbar then Customize toolbar.

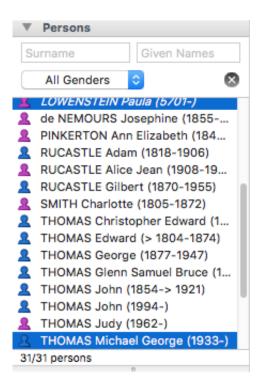


Use the tree chart menus to manage also the layout of the screen or the selection of people on the tree chart.

Info • You can create a new tree chart while an existing tree chart is already on the screen. Click the New button on the chart toolbar and select a new type of tree chart and a new theme, or choose File > New.

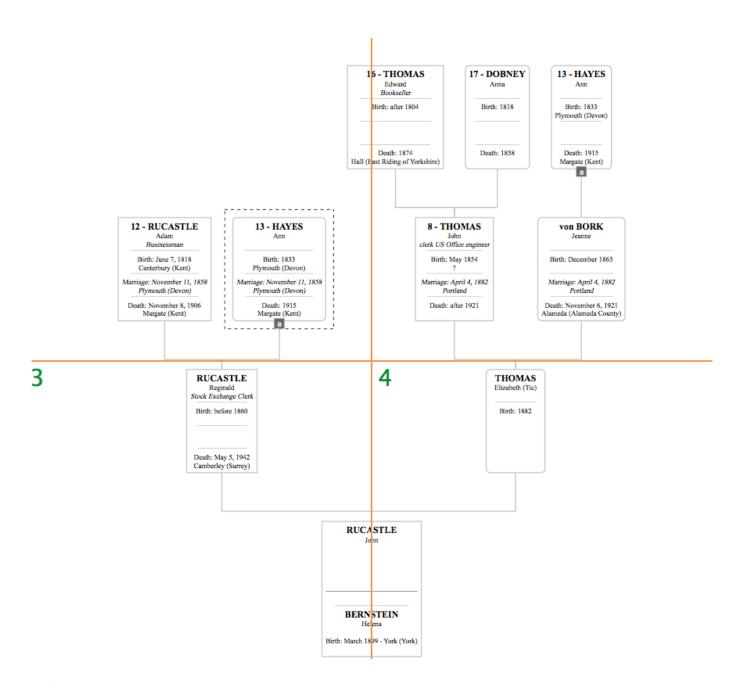
#### **Persons Panel**

The **Persons** panel of the tree chart contains a list of all individuals included in the chart. Clicking a person in the list previews that person's box in the tree chart. A double click navigates through the tree, if its size exceeds that of the screen, to display the box for a selected person.



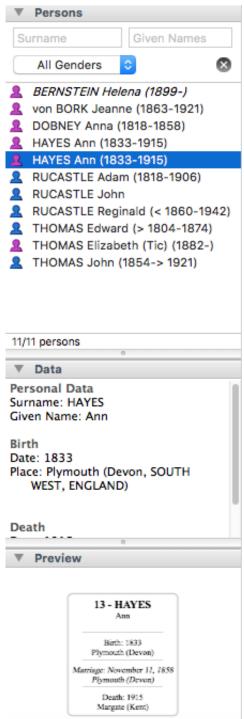
To quickly find a person in the list of individuals on the tree chart, enter the surname and/or one or more given names. Refine the search by selecting from the pop-up menu, the gender of the person sought if the name is multiple.

When there are marriages between blood relations (implex) on your tree chart, certain ancestors may be included more than once. Heredis will only display one complete branch and duplicate branches are cut off. You may locate implex ancestors in the list because they are displayed in gray. Click the name in black to display the whole branch. Click the name in gray to display other locations of this ancestor on the tree chart. Their boxes have identical implex lettering.



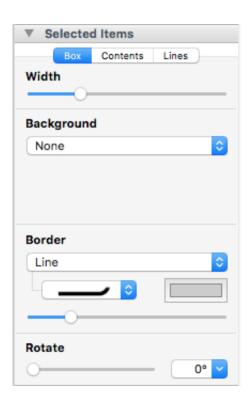
**Info** • In the tree chart, click the implex lettering of the box to navigate to the other box of the implex ancestor.

The **Data** panel shows you a summary of the person whose box is selected. All information displayed here may appear in the box according to the type of content selected.



The **Preview** panel shows the selected box. At the opening of the tree chart, Heredis displays a complete view of the document, whatever its size. The preview is very useful in large tree charts, when the content of the boxes is not readable on the screen. This visualization immediately displays any changes that you apply to the box.

#### **Settings Panels**

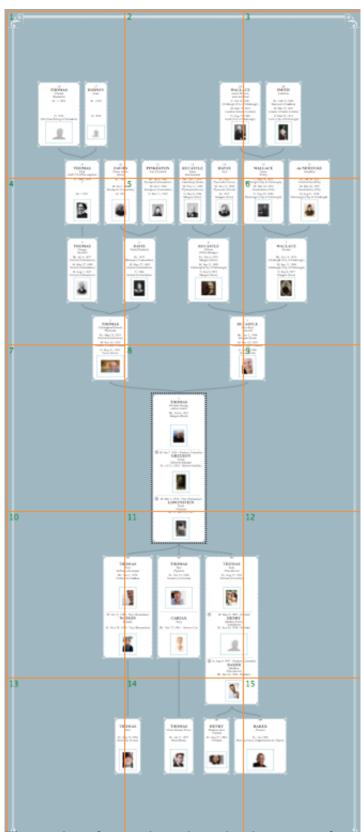


You may modify the unlimited tree charts to give them a more personal graphical appearance. These panels allow either changes to be applied to the whole tree chart or changes to a given selection (one or more boxes). Use the **Select** menu to choose the selected boxes or draw a rectangle around the boxes to be modified to select them.

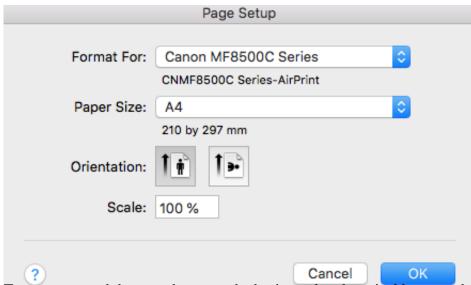
#### Display screen

The central area of the screen shows all the boxes of the tree chart, the background image and the frame of the tree chart.

To help you check and estimate the size of your tree chart, materialize the pages on the screen. Unfold the **Print Setup** panel and select **Show Page Breaks** or choose **View > Show Page Breaks**.



The number of pages depends on the chosen page format for your printer. To change the format and page orientation in your printer, click the **Page Setup** button or choose **Page Setup** 



To move around the tree chart, use the horizontal and vertical bars, or change the zoom factor or double-click the name of a person from the **Persons** panel to display his/her box directly.

#### Zoom

You can increase (zoom in) or reduce (zoom out) the display of the tree chart. It is often necessary to reduce the display of a tree chart to visualize all required generations.

Choose View > Zoom > Increase Magnification or View > Zoom > Decrease Magnification. To return to the actual size of the tree, choose View > Zoom > Actual Size.

You may also select different levels of zoom on the bottom bar of the tree chart screen.

- Select a value from the pop-up menu or use the slider to change the zoom level. Heredis indicates the factor used to reduce or enlarge to the right of the cursor.
- Click the 100% button to return to the real size of the tree.
- Hold down the **Option** ( \sum ) key and the cursor takes the form of a magnifying glass. With a left click, the tree chart grows, with a right click, the tree chart is reduced. You may also drag the mouse around a group of boxes to increase their size or use the mouse wheel up or down to enlarge or reduce.

**Info** • Remember to display the tree chart in full screen mode to have as much room as possible: click the **Full Screen** icon (green) on the screen bar of the tree chart.

#### **Selection**

Before making changes to a tree chart, first select the boxes to which they will apply. Depending on the type of change to be made, make individual selections or selections of a genealogical order.

- To select all boxes of the tree chart, choose **Select > Select All**. From anywhere in the tree chart, you can right-click the mouse and choose **Select All**.
- To select one or more boxes of the tree chart, drag the mouse cursor over the boxes to be selected.
- To select more boxes that are not contiguous, select the first box, and then, holding down the Command ( ) key, the additional box or boxes.

To make genealogical selections from any box in the tree, right-click the mouse and choose Select
Men Only (or Women Only, or Person and All Ancestors, or Person and All Descendants or
Generation).

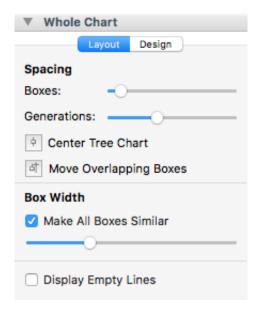
**Info** • Persons corresponding to the selected boxes are also selected in the **Persons** panel.

#### Format the tree chart

To make changes, display the tree chart panel column and unfold the **Whole Chart** and **Selected Items** panel by clicking the disclosure triangle.

Select the boxes you want to change.

#### Change the layout of the tree



- 1. Click the **Layout** tab on the **Whole Chart** panel.
- 2. Change the space between the boxes or the spacing between generations by using the sliders.
- 3. Tick the **Display Empty Lines** box for all boxes to be filled with the same number of lines, even if you do not have information.
- 4. Click the **Center Tree Chart** button to reposition it optimally after modifications.
- 5. Click **Move Overlapping Boxes** to reconstruct the tree chart, preventing boxes from straddling over two pages. The tree chart layout is thus facilitated since only connecting lines between the boxes require adjustment.
- 6. Change, if necessary, the width of all boxes of the tree chart with the cursor. If the selected theme contains boxes of varying sizes, to suit to the data contained, select **Make All Boxes Similar** and specify the desired width with the cursor.

#### Move elements in the tree chart

After selecting boxes, several methods for moving them are available. Choose the one that suits you best.

• Mouse: Drag the selection to its destination by holding the mouse button pressed.

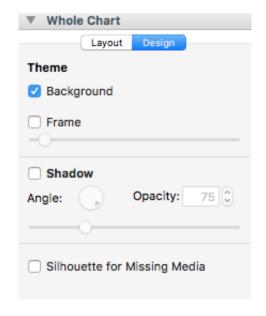
**Info** • Hold down the **Shift** key to prevent any movement off the generation axis. Each box moved will remain aligned with the other boxes in the same generation.

• Arrow keys: press the arrow keys to move to the position you wish to select.

To cancel the moving of the selection, press **Command** (**H**)-**Z** or choose **Edit** > **Undo**. To restore the move, press **Shift-Command** (**H**)-**Z** or choose **Edit** > **Redo**.

#### Change the design of the tree chart

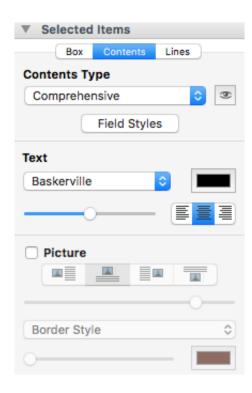
Change the graphical appearance of your tree charts with a few clicks. Some graphical changes apply to the whole tree chart, others apply only to the boxes you selected.



- 1. Click the **Design** tab in the **Whole Chart** panel.
- 2. Display the frame of the tree as well as the background pattern by clicking the **Frame** and **Background** tick boxes. Change the frame size of the tree with the cursor.
- 3. Tick the **Shadow** box to add a shadow to all the boxes on the tree chart. Turn the rotary tool to indicate the axis of the shadow and specify its opacity by typing directly into the input field or by using the arrows to increase or decrease it. Change the width of the shadow with the cursor.
- 4. Tick the **Silhouette for Missing Media** box for all boxes of the tree chart to have an image. Heredis draws the silhouette of a man or a woman for the persons to whom you have no assigned image.

#### Change the tree chart boxes

All boxes of a tree chart may be modified individually or overall.



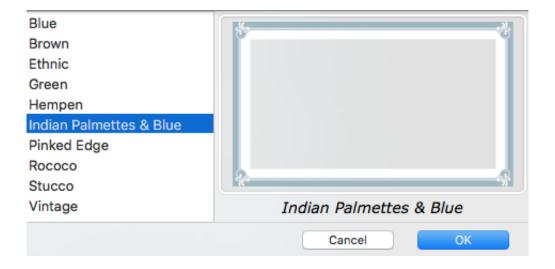
- 1. Select the boxes to be changed and unfold the **Selected Items** panel.
- 2. Click the **Box** tab.
- 3. Change the width of the boxes selected with the cursor. If the boxes are not of a fixed size, the change will be proportional to the initial size of each box.
- 4. Choose the type of background: **None, Color Fill, Gradient Fill** or **Picture**. The tools vary depending on the type selected.

None: the text appears directly on the tree chart box and the box is transparent.

**Color Fill**: click the color box to choose a color.

**Gradient Fill**: click in each of the color fields to choose the start and finish colors. Click the arrows to reverse the gradient in the box. Turn the rotary tool to indicate the gradient axis.

**Picture**: click the **Modify** button (<sup>22</sup>) to select a new background image for the box.



5. Choose the type of border for the box: **None, Line or Frame**. Specify the appearance of the border according to the type selected.

**None**: the box is not bordered.

**Line**: select a form of border (straight or rounded corners). Click the color box to choose a hue in the color panel. Use the slider to set the width of the border.

**Frame**: click the **Modify** button (**2**) to select a new frame image for the box. Use the slider to set the width of the frame.

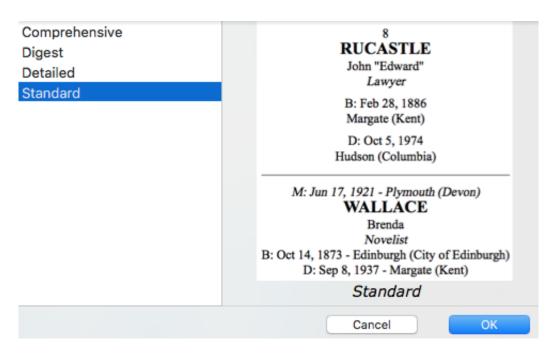
**Info** • You may only apply borders to drawn boxes. The background images of the box must contain a border in the image.

6. Indicate whether the selected boxes should be turned. To change the axis of the selected boxes, use the cursor or select a value from the pop-up menu.

All changes are immediately displayed on the tree chart.

#### Modify the content

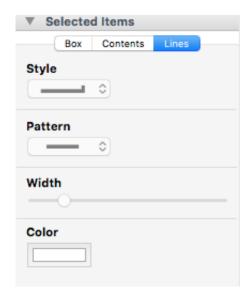
Click on the Modify button ( ) on the **Contents** tab to apply to the selected boxes. Choose the content you want to apply to the selected boxes.



Click **OK**, the new content is applied on the selected boxes.

**Info** • For each box on the tree chart, you can see the information displayed. Unfold the **Data** panel to check them.

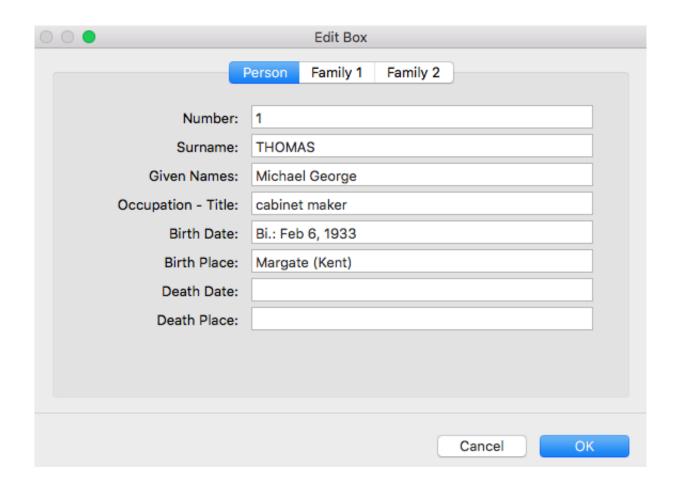
### **Modify connecting lines**



- 1. Click the **Lines** tab.
- 2. Choose the type of line to connect the selected boxes from the pop-up menu: right angles, rounded corners or curves.
- 3. Select a line style from the pop-up menu.
- 4. Specify the width of the connecting line with the cursor and click the color box to choose a color.

All changes are immediately displayed on the tree chart.

# Edit the text of a box



- Double-click the box to be edited to open the editing field.
   Info You can only edit one box at a time.
- 2. Enter changes to the displayed text.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply changes.

Changes made in a tree chart file won't be apply to the Heredis file.

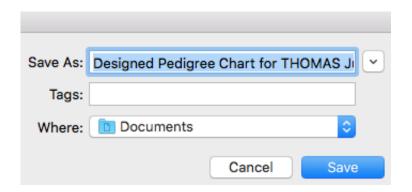
You can also consult our articles (Mac) Print a tree chart, (Mac) Save a tree chart, and (Mac) Export a tree chart.

# (Mac) Save the tree chart

Save the tree charts created with Heredis. You may modify or print them later.

#### Saving a tree chart for the first time

- 1. Click the **Save** button, or choose **File > Save**.
- 2. In the **Save As** field, change the name of the tree chart if necessary.
- 3. Choose the location where the tree chart should be saved. If your file directory is not visible, click the disclosure triangle to the right of **Save As**.
- 4. Click Save.



**Info** • The tree is saved with the main data displayed for each person. Even if some data are not shown in the boxes at the time of saving, they can be used when the tree is reopened. For example you could apply a more detailed content to the boxes of the tree chart even if it was built with minimum content.

After saving your tree chart for the first time, click again the **Save** button or press **Command** ( $^{\cancel{H}}$ )-**S** to save it as you work.

To obtain a copy of the tree chart and make further changes, select Save > Save as or press Shift-Command (H)-S.

# Reopen a saved tree chart

To reopen a saved tree chart and make further changes or print it, choose **File > Open** in a tree chart screen.

You can also open a saved tree chart from the Heredis home page. Select **Open > Chart File > OK** 



Choose the location in your file directory and click **Open**.

# (Mac) Predetermined size tree charts: Single-page Chart, Designed Chart, Fan Chart

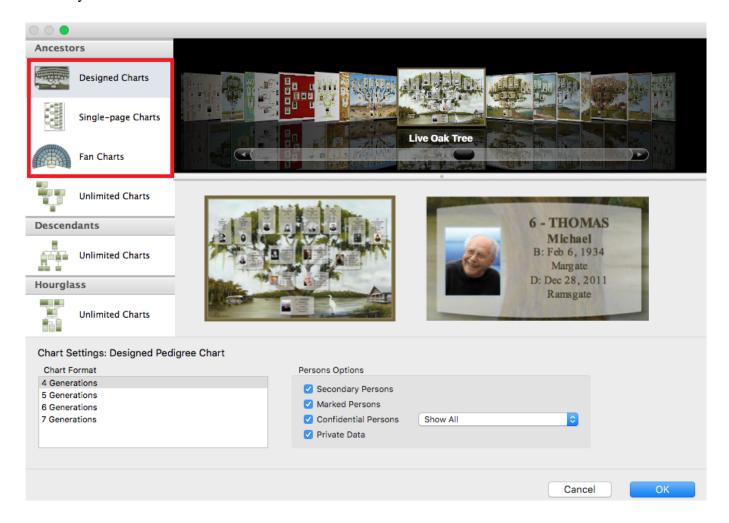
You can create as many graphical representations of your genealogy as you wish. A tree chart may be saved with the data it contains and its layout. It can then be reopened, modified in its presentation, printed again. It has become independent of the Heredis data file.

Choose **Documents > Charts...** or click **Charts** on the toolbar to visually select the tree charts proposed by Heredis.

The printing of a tree chart takes as its starting point the primary person displayed and will display his/her ancestors.

#### Choice of tree chart

Choose your tree chart



In the displayed selection screen, choose the type of tree to build from the list.

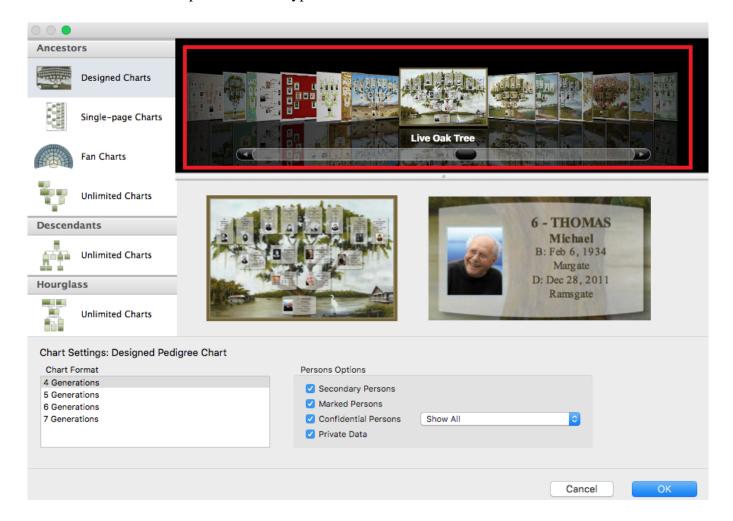
Heredis proposes various types of tree charts, the size of which is predefined (from A4 to A0 or Letter to Quad demy). Whatever the type of tree chart selected, you can print it or have it printed over several pages or a single long strip of paper.

When a tree exceeds the size of your printer, each page is printed with an overlap to facilitate mounting of the chart.

#### Choice of theme

Click a theme in the coverflow. To facilitate your choice, Heredis displays an overall preview of the tree to be edited with this theme and a preview of a box. Scroll through the different themes by pressing the arrow keys.

The last used themes are preset for each type of tree chart.



# **Chart Settings**

Specify the construction parameters that suit you for the selected theme: number of generations, people to be displayed or not on the tree chart.

**Note:** Predefined tree charts are the artwork of artists so they can't be fully personnalized.

- 1. Indicate the number of generations, which may range from 4 to 8 depending on the type of tree chart and the theme selected in the **Chart Settings** field.
- 2. Select the persons to be included on the tree chart. By default all persons included in the ancestry of the primary person are displayed on the tree chart. You may untick marked, secondary or

confidential persons. You may also not display private data. See also The different data fields.

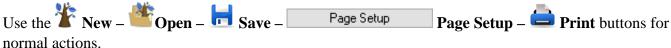
3. Click **OK** to start the display of the tree chart.

#### **Tree Chart Screen**

Heredis displays a tree chart representing the lineage of the primary person and which is printable immediately. If you want to make changes to the tree chart, you have tools in the form of removable panels specific to the various tree charts.

#### **Toolbars and Menus**

When the tree chart is displayed, the menus and buttons are different from those for data management.



Display the buttons you most often use by choosing right click on the toolbar then Customize toolbar.

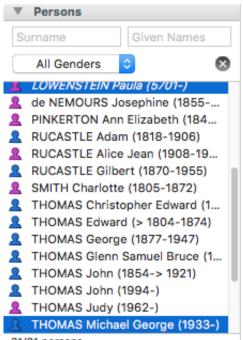


Use the tree chart menus to manage also the layout of the screen or the selection of people on the tree chart.

**Info** • You can create a new tree chart while an existing tree chart is already on the screen. Click the **New** button on the chart toolbar and select a new type of tree chart and a new theme, or choose **File** > **New**.

#### **Persons Panel**

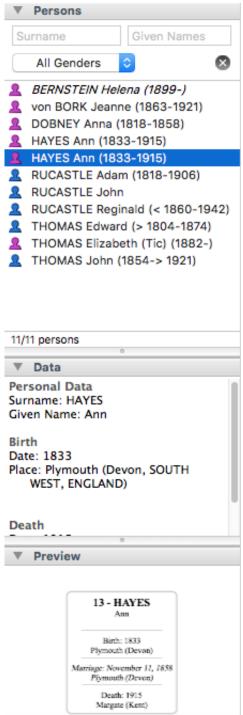
The **Persons** panel of the tree chart contains a list of all individuals included in the chart. Clicking a person in the list previews that person's box in the tree chart. A double click navigates through the tree, if its size exceeds that of the screen, to display the box for a selected person.



To quickly find a person in the list of individuals on the tree chart, enter the surname and/or one or more given names.

Refine the search by selecting from the pop-up menu, the gender of the person sought if the name is multiple.

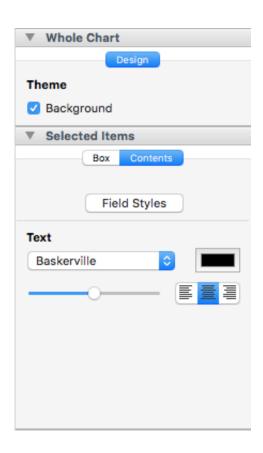
The **Data** panel shows you a summary of the person whose box is selected. All information displayed here may appear in the box according to the type of content selected.



The **Preview** panel shows the selected box. At the opening of the tree chart, Heredis displays a complete view of the document, whatever its size. The preview is very useful in large tree charts, when the content of the boxes is not readable on the screen. This visualization immediately displays any changes that you apply to the box.

# **Settings Panels**

In the fixed size tree charts, the changes apply only to the content of the boxes. The visual environment is not editable. Select the boxes to be modified. Use the selection tools.



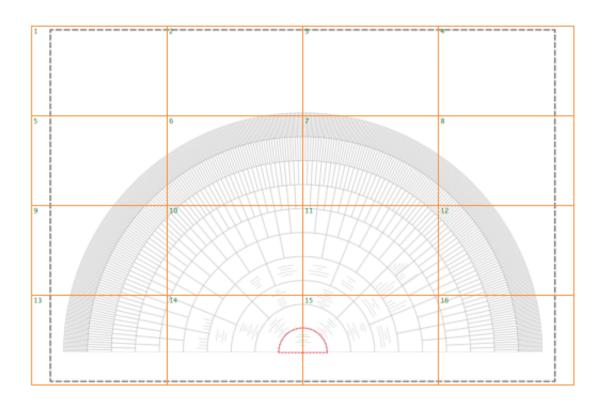
These panels allow either changes to be applied to the whole tree chart or changes to a given selection (one or more boxes).

# Display screen

The central area of the screen shows all the boxes of the tree chart, the background image and the frame of the tree chart.

To help you check and estimate the size of your tree chart, materialize the pages on the screen.

Unfold the **Print Setup** panel and select **Show Page Breaks** or choose **View** menu > **Show Page Breaks**.



The number of pages depends on the chosen page format for your printer. To change the format and page orientation in your printer, click the **Page Setup** button in **Print Setup** panel or choose **File** menu > **Page Setup**.

To move around the tree chart, use the horizontal and vertical bars, or change the zoom factor or double-click the name of a person from the **Persons** panel to display his/her box directly.

#### Zoom

You can increase (zoom in) or reduce (zoom out) the display of the tree chart. It is often necessary to reduce the display of a tree chart to visualize all required generations.

Choose **View** menu > **Zoom** > **Increase Magnification** or **View** menu > **Zoom** > **Decrease Magnification**. To return to the actual size of the tree, choose **View** menu > **Zoom** > **Actual Size.**You may also select different levels of zoom on the bottom bar of the tree chart screen.

- Select a value from the pop-up menu or use the slider to change the zoom level. Heredis indicates the factor used to reduce or enlarge to the right of the cursor.
- Click the 100% button to return to the real size of the tree.
- Hold down the **Option** ( \sum ) key and the cursor takes the form of a magnifying glass. With a left click, the tree chart grows, with a right click, the tree chart is reduced. You may also drag the mouse around a group of boxes to increase their size or use the mouse wheel up or down to enlarge or reduce.



**Info** • Remember to display the tree chart in full screen mode to have as much room as possible: click the **Full Screen** icon (green) on the screen bar of the tree chart.

#### Selection

Before making changes to a tree chart, first select the boxes to which they will apply. Depending on the type of change to be made, make individual selections or selections of a genealogical order.

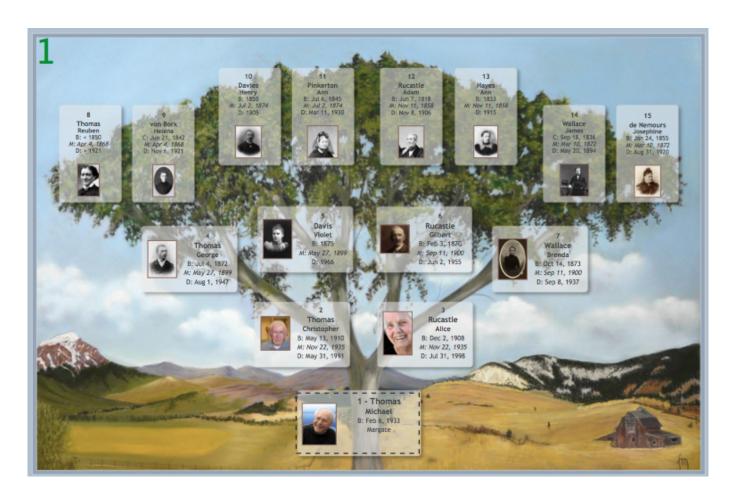
- To select all boxes of the tree chart, choose **Select** menu > **Select All**. From anywhere in the tree chart, you can right-click the mouse and choose **Select All**.
- To select one or more boxes of the tree chart, drag the mouse cursor over the boxes to be selected.
- To select more boxes that are not contiguous, select the first box, and then, holding down the Command ( H) key, the additional box or boxes.
- To make genealogical selections from any box in the tree, right-click the mouse and choose **Select Men Only** (or **Women Only**, or **Person and All Ancestors**, or **Person and All Descendants** or **Generation**).

**Info** • Persons corresponding to the selected boxes are also selected in the **Persons** panel.

#### Format the tree chart

To make changes, display the tree chart panel column and the **Whole Chart** and **Selected Items** by clicking the disclosure triangle.

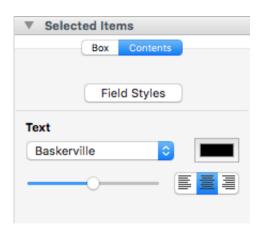
Designed Chart



The changes apply to the selected boxes. The formatting of the text is customizable, but the visual environment cannot be changed.

#### Change the text formatting

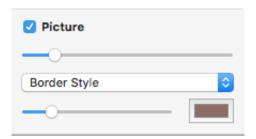
• Without delay, change the font, size, color and text alignment with the pop-up menu, the cursor and the buttons.



**Info** • Do not forget that you can make a selection of all men in the tree chart, then all women, to apply different text colors. For this, use the **Select** menu or right-click of the mouse.

- Tick the **Picture** box to add the photo for the persons in all the selected boxes and format the photos (not aviable for fan tree charts)

  Select the position of the picture relative to box text by clicking the buttons. Change the size of the picture with the cursor. Select the type of border for the picture.
  - No Border: the image is displayed as you scanned it.
  - **Border Style**: click the color box to choose a color for the border. Change its width with the cursor.
  - **Frame Style**: click the **Modify** button ( ) to select another frame image for the photo. In the panel which appears, use the arrow keys to display the various frames proposed.



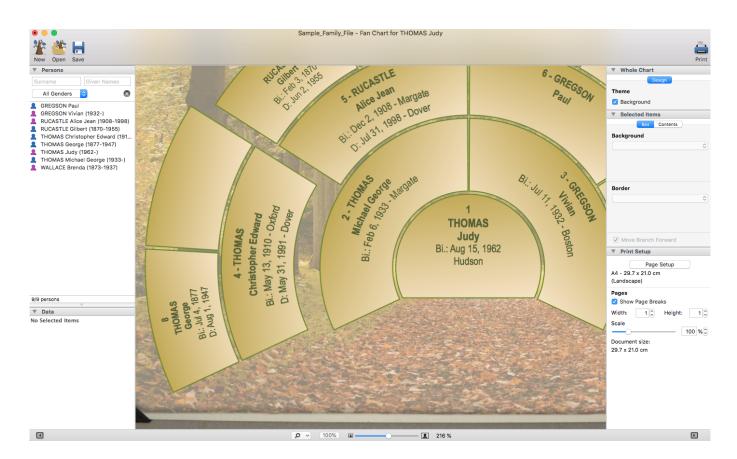
# Modify the fan tree charts

To make changes, unfold the **Whole Chart** panel.



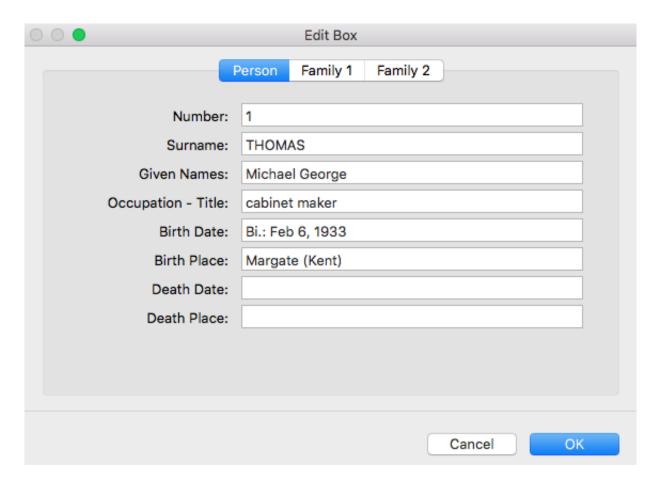
The fan tree charts propose the feature of being able to highlight a branch by shifting the alignment of generations.

- 1. Select the box at the base of the branch you want to highlight, starting from the second generation.
- 2. Click the **Box** tab in the **Selected** Items panel.
- 3. Tick the **Move Branch Forward** box.
- 4. To cancel the move of the branch, click any other box of the branch that was moved and untick the **Move Branch Forward** box.



Changes made to the chart are displayed immediately.

# Edit the text of a box



- 1. Double-click the box to be edited to open the editing field.

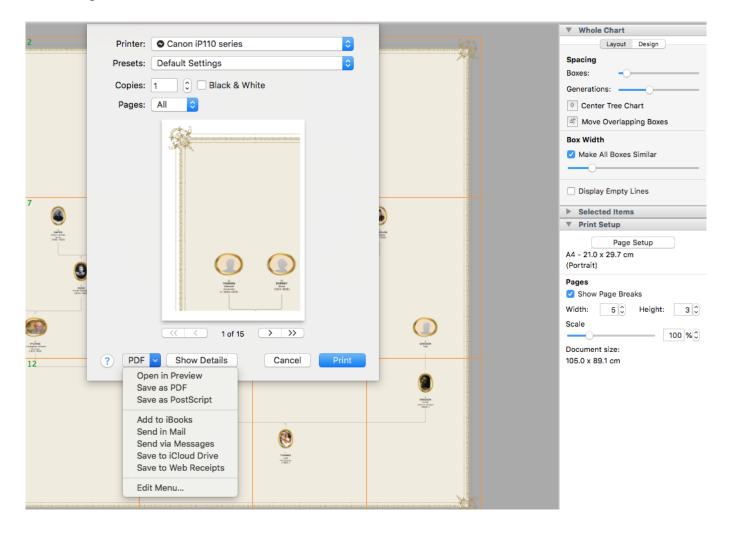
  Info You can only edit one box at a time.
- 2. Enter changes to the displayed text.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply changes.

Changes made in a tree chart file won't be apply to the Heredis file.

You can also consult our articles (Mac) Print a tree chart, (Mac) Save a tree chart, and (Mac) Export a tree chart.

# (Mac) Export a tree chart

Export the displayed tree to get it printed by a professional or share your Heredis trees with people who do not have the software. Heredis constructs a tree chart using a file format that is likely to be used on other computers or devices in the form of a readable file.



- 1. Click on **Page Setup** button to choose the size of paper. For Designed tree Chart, it is usefull to setup from A0 to A1 format for example. Note that you can generate customized size, but be carefull, PDF format allows only 200" x 200".
- 2. Click the **Print** button on the toolbar or choose **File > Print**.
- 3. Click the **PDF** pop-up menu and select **Save as PDF...**
- 4. Choose the location where the tree file in PDF format will be saved. If your file directory is not visible, click the disclosure triangle to the right of **Save As**.
- 5. Click Save.

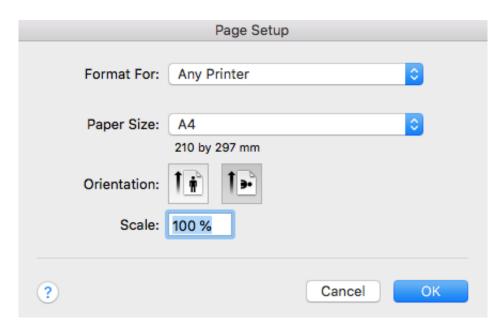
**Info** • According to your work habits, you may save the tree chart in PDF format directly to iPhoto or Aperture, or transform the tree chart in JPG or TIFF images.

# (Mac) Print the tree chart

# Adjust the size of a tree chart

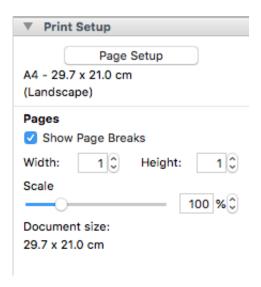
Before printing, you must make sure that the size and orientation of the paper are set as you wish.

• Choose **File** menu > **Page Setup** or unfold the **Print Setup** panel and then click **Page Setup**.



- Select the printer you will use in the **Format For** menu.
- Choose a standard paper size in the **Paper Size** menu. If you want to select a customized paper size, choose **Manage Custom Sizes** from the menu.
- Click the button corresponding to the desired orientation.
- If necessary, enter a percentage in the **Scale** field. A value below 100% reduces the image, a value greater than 100% enlarges it.
- Click **OK** to confirm the print size.

If the tree is too large, you may change its size by reducing the number of pages in the **Print Setup** panel.

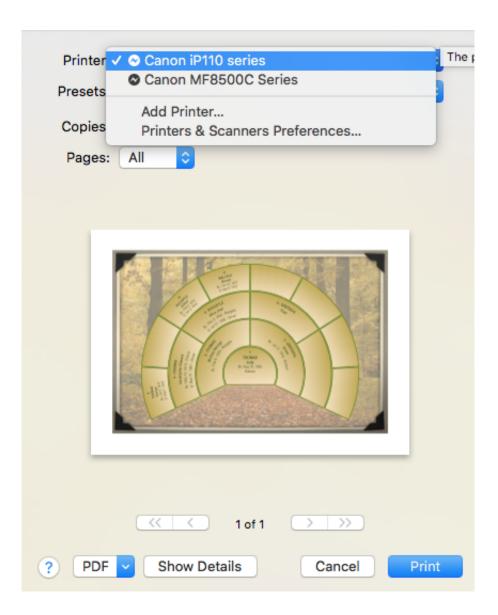


- Tick the **Show Page Breaks** box. Heredis displays how many pages corresponding to the selected paper size will be needed to print the tree chart.
- Change the number of pages in width and/or height.
- To enlarge or reduce the overall size of the tree chart, enter a percentage in the **Scale** field or move the cursor. A value below 100% reduces the size of the tree chart, a value greater than 100% enlarges it.
- **Info** Modification of the print setup may require the moving of new overlapping boxes.
  - It only remains to launch the printing of the tree chart.

# **Launching the print-out**

Depending on the printer you are using, you can print the tree on one page or series of pages to be assembled together.

- Click the **Print** button on the toolbar or choose **File** menu > **Print**.
- Select the printer you want to use from the list of available printers. If your printer does not appear, select **Add Printer** from the **Printer** menu.
  - **Info** For more information on adding a printer, look for *Add Printer* in the *Mac Help*.



- To get a preview of the pages to be printed, click the scroll arrows.
- Click **Print**.

# **XXL Family**

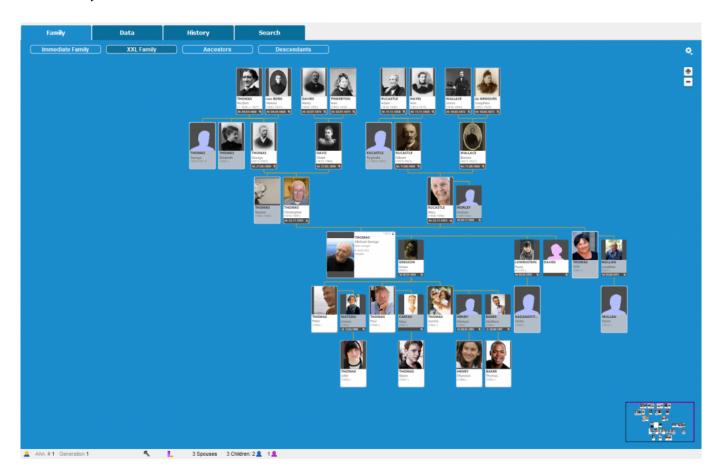
Not only can you visualize the primary person's family – parents, grandparents, great-grandparents, spouses, children – but also all the relatives that might have been around him/her: you'll get to display a true XXL view!

## Persons displayed

Access the XXL Family by clicking on **Family** tab then **XXL Family**.

All persons are always displayed clearly distinguishing their affiliation or not to the main line. The primary person has a bigger box, centered on your screen. Background colors of the boxes change according to the affiliation or not of the person to the main line of the primary person. The other ones are usually grayed.

#### XXL Family View



Around the primary person, you will see, generation by generation:

- In ascendance:
  - His/her great-grandparents,
  - His/her grandparents, their brothers and sisters (great-uncles and aunts of the primary person),

their other spouses,

- His/her parents, their brothers and sisters (uncles and aunts of the primary person), their other spouses (father-in-law, mother-in-law of the primary person).

**Note**: sometimes the siblings will not be displayed chronologically, unlike in other parts of the tree, because a parent's sibling(s) cannot be inserted between the two parents - otherwise the tree chart would not be legible.

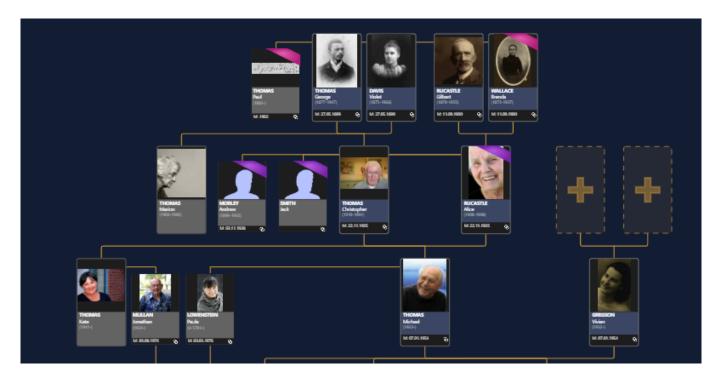
- In descendance:
  - His/her children, children from another union, his/her nephews and nieces,
  - His/her grandchildren, those of his/her brothers and sisters, half-brothers and half-sisters and cousins

Since the 2019 version, his/her great grand children.

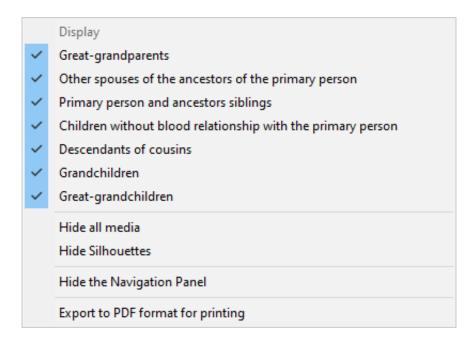
**Note**: You can also display the descendants of other spouses, grandparents and great-grandparents.

- Concerning generation of the primary person:
  - His/her spouses, brothers and sisters, half-brothers and half-sisters, stepbrothers and stepsisters, and cousins,

You can fold the left or right panels to gain more space and reveal the XXL Family. If one of the ancestors of the primary person (from the generation of grand-parents) has had several spouses his/her box and that of his/her spouses are marked by a colored band, except the one in direct-line of the primary person. For a question of clarity of the tree, the other spouses are staggered. So you quickly see the direct ancestors of the primary person.



The revealed tree includes persons you do not want to display? Click on the indented wheel button to hide some persons: the great-grandparents, relatives, children unrelated to the primary person's bloodline, the descendants of cousins or grandchildren.



### **Available information**

"Focus" or "unfocus" in this dynamic tree for more or less details for each displayed person. In order to do that, use the mouse wheel, press the + or - button on your keyboard or click on the + and - buttons in the upper right corner of the window.

According to the focus level, Heredis display every person:

- his/her main media,
- his/her surnames and given names,
- his/her occupation,
- his/her birthdate, birthplace, deathdate and deathplace and age at the death,
- the icon indicating if the person is part of the **Ahnentafel** line.

If the displayed person is an additional spouse that you found, the information on the main union event will be displayed in the banner at the bottom of the box.

**Note**: Heredis memorizes all your settings to allow you to display the XXL Family format that satisfies you the most.

# **Navigation**

From **XXL Family**, a simple click on a displayed person allows you to put this person as the primary person or to navigate to his/her relatives.

As everywhere in the software, you can also navigate from a person to another thanks to the **Navigation** 

panel or from the **Person's** index by double-clicking on one of them.

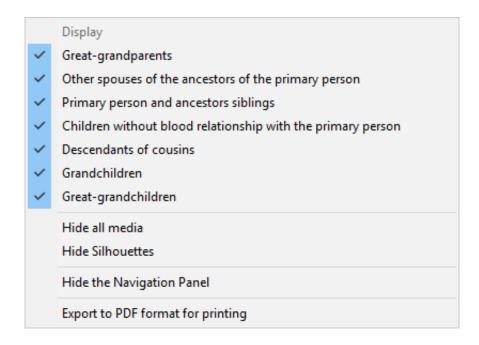
If all family members are not shown on the screen, you can navigate in the tree by pressing and holding down the left mouse button and by moving the cursor to the right or the left, up or down, then let go of the mouse button.

You can also move in that tree thanks to the preview displayed at the right bottom of the navigation thumbnail. Select the pink frame with the left mouse button, by moving it, you navigate in the tree.



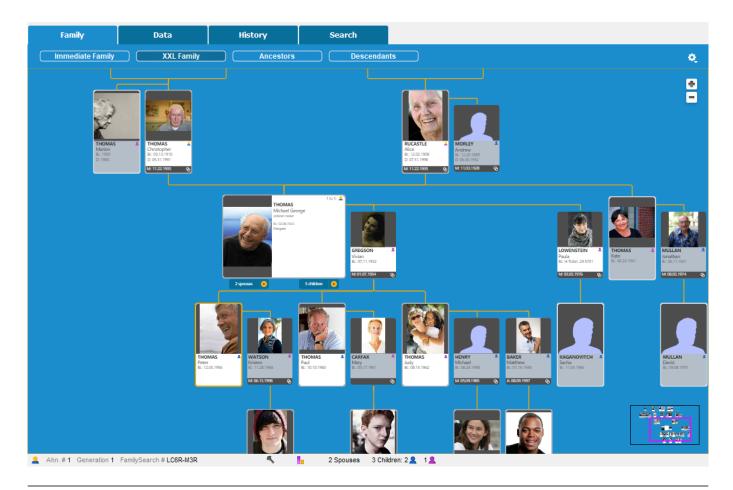
## Since 2019 version: Hide or display media and silhouettes

The XXL Family displays the main media for each person in the tree. You can decide to hide the media by clicking on the indented wheel button , then **Hide** all media. If some persons are without a media, Heredis is defaulted to display a silhouette instead. You can choose to hide them or to display them again at any time from the indented wheel by clicking on **Display/Hide Silhouettes.** 



### Since 2019 version: Adding spouses and children to the primary person

Heredis allows you to add spouses and children to the primary person directly from the XXL Family view. To do so, click on the + sign located below the primary person's box.



# The other actions in the contextual menu

When you click the right button on a person, you can also:

- move to primary person
- print his/her individual sheet.
- define him/her as the Root person.
- add him/her as a favorite in the bookmarks.
- see his/her relatives



To add membership at this family, click on the add button from the toolbar or directly in the tree, or click on the button displayed in this view, to complete the direct ascendance.

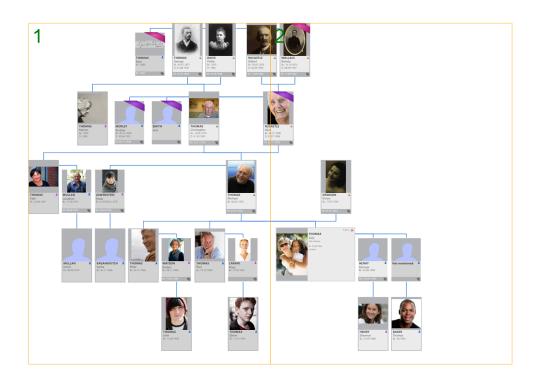
# **Export XXL Family**

Your tree is ready. You hid the persons that you do not wish to show. You applied the focus level that convinces you in order to display the information you believe are essential, export this tree so you can print it.

- Click the indented wheel
- Choose to Hide the Navigation Panel
- Click Export to PDF format for printing

A new window opens to preview your tree. You can access to the regular printing settings such as the pages' display or the recovery, the choosing printing format, orientation of pages or the possibility to change the height and width of the pages.

- Choose the Page Setup and orientation of the paper
- Activate or not the assembling link-up zone. The assembling link-up zone allows you to make the assembly by leaving a white area on the beginning and end of the page.





Finally, click on the **PDF file** button, and you can save the file at PDF format to print it from home or with a professional's.

**Important**: Note that you can generate customized size, but be carefull, PDF format allows only 200? x 200?. If your XXL Family is bigger and your printer can print on a paper roll, then click on the assembling button to delete assembling link-up zone. (it is desable when you see Use assembling link-up zone)

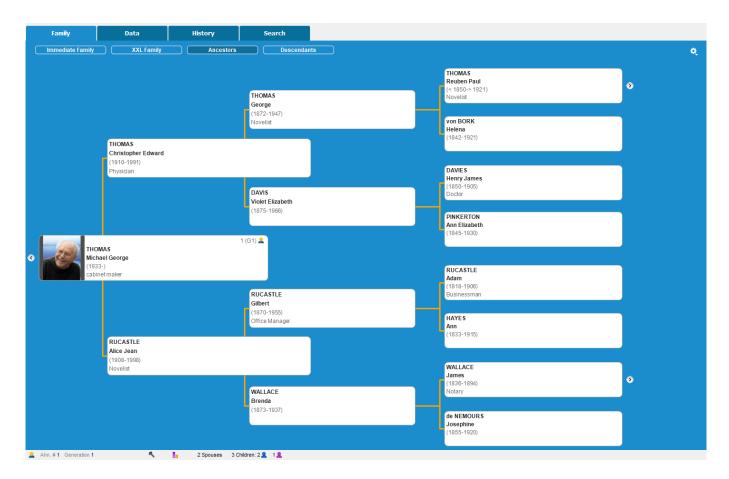
### **Location Tree**

Under the **Ancestors** dynamic view, Heredis will automatically color code the banner of each box in the family tree, based on the place of birth of the persons displayed.

Heredis will also let you see the criteria on which the color coding is based, that is either the persons' City, County, State/Region, or Country of birth.

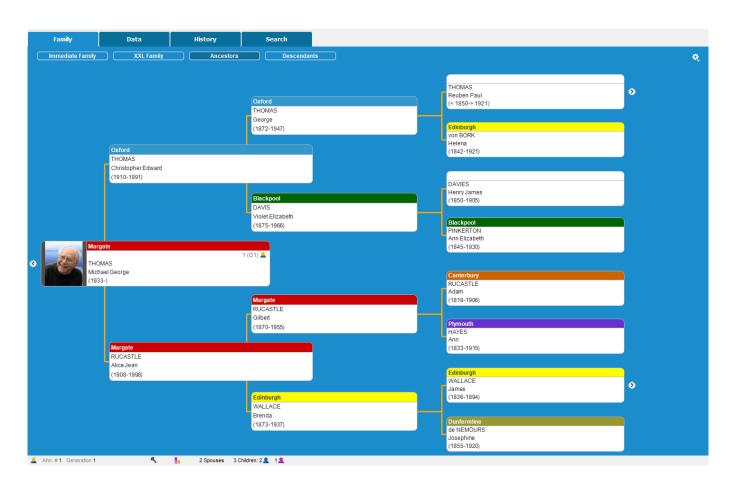
### How to display the Location Tree

Standard Ancestors Tree Chart



- Click on the **Family** tab > **Ancestors**, then on the indented wheel
- You can now select **Location Tree**. Heredis is defaulted to color code each banner based on each person's City of birth but you can, if you wish to, switch to another option such as **County**, **State/Region**, or **Country** of birth by clicking on the indented wheel in the upper right corner of the screen and selecting > Location Tree.

The New Location Tree



**Note:** When no data has been entered for the person's place of birth, his/her banner is displayed on a white background.

You can choose to increase or decrease the number of generations displayed in this Location Tree by clicking on the wheel and selecting the desired option.

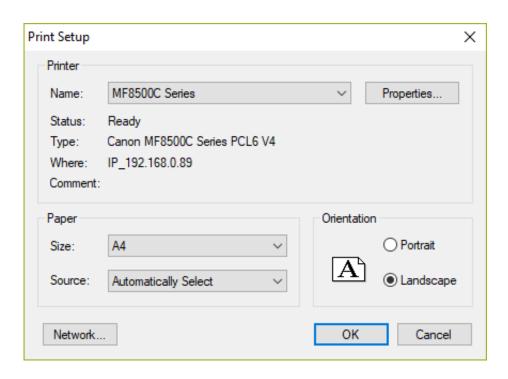
# **Printing the Location Tree**

You can also choose to print the Location Tree by clicking again on the indented wheel and then on Print.

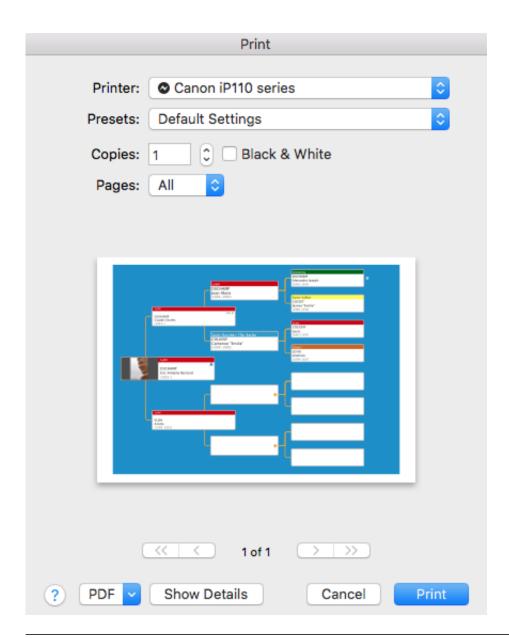
(Mac only) The printing format will depend on the size of your screen.

The Print window of your operating system pops up.

(Windows) Print window



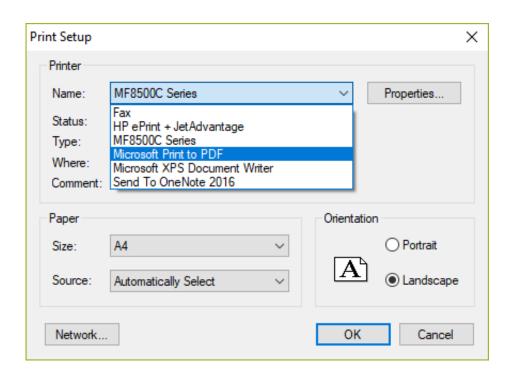
(Mac) Print window



# **Export to PDF**

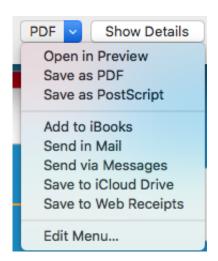
(**Windows**) If you wish to export to PDF, instead of choosing your printer, select Print-to-PDF or any other PDF add-on installed on your computer.

(Windows) Export to PDF



(Mac) Click the PDF button in the lower left corner of the Print window then select Save as PDF.

### (Mac) Export to PDF



# **Find Relationships**

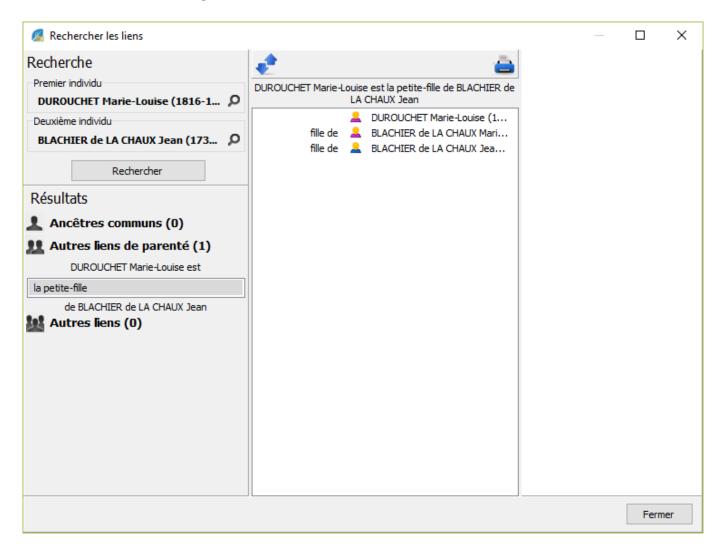
The Find Relationships feature **scans** all the connections in your genealogical file to find out how two people can be linked, even if they're not directly related or allied.

- Click on the **Find > Find Relationships menu.**
- or Click the button and then the button.

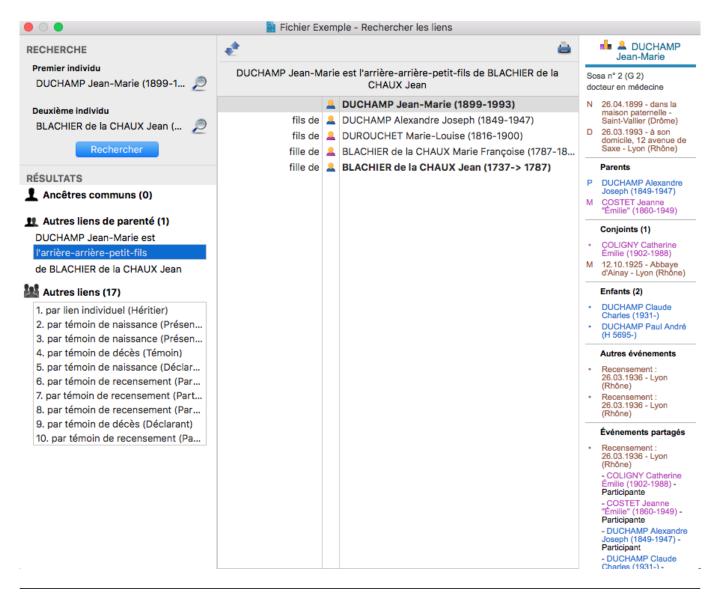
The primary person is proposed by default as the first individual to analyze. You can change it by clicking on the magnifying plass.

Under the title Second Person, then click on the magnifying glass P to choose the second individual. Finally click **Search** to start searching for relationships.

(Windows) Find Relationships

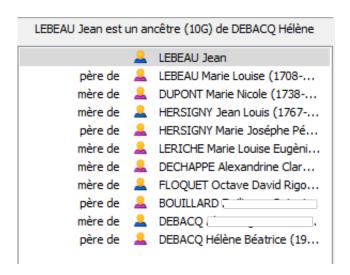


(Mac) Find Relationships



#### Common ancestors

In the **Search Results** area, Heredis looks for possible common ancestors. By selecting one of the common ancestors found, a table shows you the parallel paths leading each of the two persons to this ancestor.

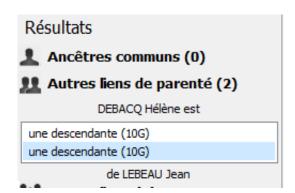


In case of implex due to inbred marriages, several paths can lead a person to the common ancestor. The number of paths is specified at the top of its column. Click on the lines of the different links to see the different parentages that lead to the common ancestor.

### Other Relatives

Heredis then searches whether they are related by parentage or marriage: maternal great-great-uncle, brother-in-law of the son-in-law, spouse of the second cousin.

Select the link or unroll the menu to see all the links and select another one. The table shows the parentages and alliances that connect the two persons. Each link is named. To make it easier to understand the link, you can click the button (Change the meaning of the reading).



All links representation tables are printable by pressing 

.



### **Other Relationships**

Heredis is finally looking for all the non-kinship ties: do they have in their relationship a person who witnessed marriage, declaring death?

Regardless of the type of link, it is represented in the form of a table in which each line names the relationship: son of, mother of, witness of death, etc. This makes it easy to find the thread that connects the two persons.

As for relatives, eventually click the button (Change the meaning of the reading) to better understand the link.

Click on any person mentioned in the links table to view their summary in the right part of the Find Relationships window.

Click the print button to start your word processing software and print out the detail of the selected link as well as the summary of all the links found.

### **Research of Branches**

The **Branches** panel allows you to memorize the different family branches as a base for your research and its evolution.

If the **Branches** panel is not open, it will be displayed and updated by clicking

- the **Display Family Branch** icon on the **Search** tab > **Search Wizard** of the primary person displayed.
- or click on on the left of the name of the person whose branch is displayed.

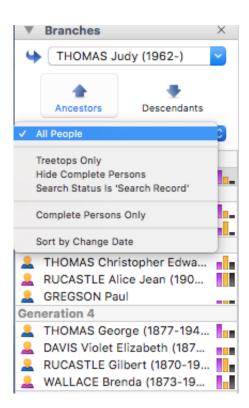
This function allow you to work through each family branch and carry out all the necessary research.

Click the **Ancestors** or **Descendants** button to display the required lineage in the **Branches** panel.

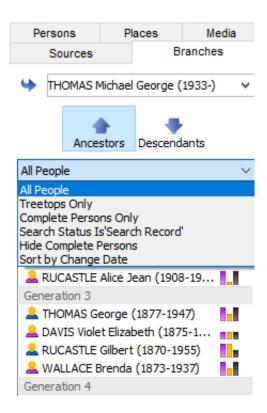
Each person displayed in the branch has an icon showing the completeness of data for the three main life events: Birth or Baptism in violet Marriage in yellow Death or Burial in black Double-click any person to display the details. A simple click displays the summary in the summary panel.

You have a display filter available in a pop-up menu. You may choose between **All people**, **Treetops**, **Hide Complete Persons**, **Search Status is 'Search Record'**, **Complete Persons Only** and **Sort by Change Date.** As an example, you will display **Complete Persons Only** to display a positive status of your work on this branch. If you **Hide Complete Persons**, you will have a clear idea of the work still to be done on the branch.

(Mac) Display criteria in the Branches tab.



(Windows) Display criteria in the Branches tab.



If you decide that there is much more work to be done on the descendants of a given ancestor, you may select **Memorize This Branch** from the pop-up menu.

The list of persons displayed in the pop-up menu corresponds to the family branches you will have

memorized, both ancestors and descendants. Select the name to redisplay the memorized branch.

When you select a memorized branch from the pop-up menu, it will replace the previous branch displayed. You may also display the branch of the primary person by clicking the button to the left of the pop-up menu.

Do not overlook to suppress the memorized branch once you have finished your research of this lineage. Open the pop-up menu and select **Clear This Branch**.

# **Searching for persons**

### **Find the Root Person**

The <u>Root Person</u> is the individual who lies at the base of your genealogical research and who bears the <u>Ahnentafel</u> No. 1.

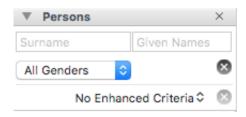
- Click **Root** on the toolbar.
- Choose **Find** menu > **View Root Person**.

See also The Root Person for more details.

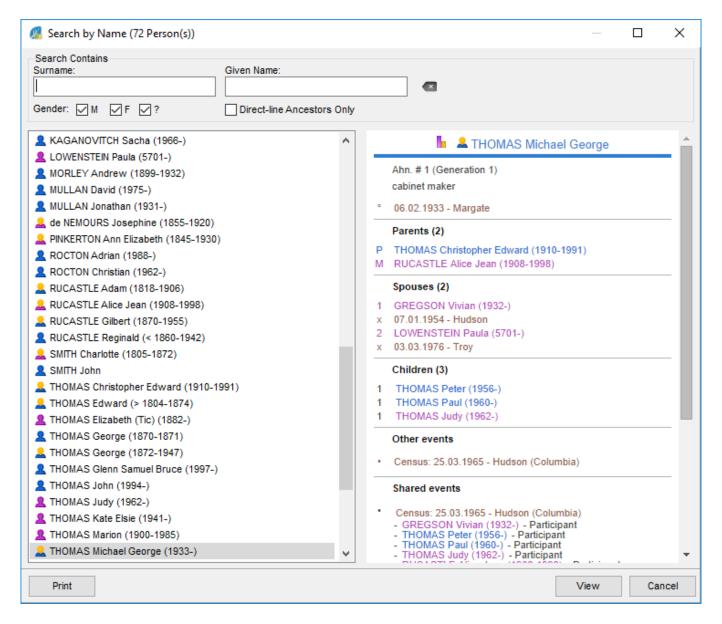
# **Search by Name**

- Select Find menu > Search by Name
- or click the **Find** button on the toolbar and then click **Search by Name.**

(Mac) Search by Name window



(Windows) Search by Name window



- Type the first letters of the Surname in the Surname input field. Heredis will display all persons with this surname and variations that you will have defined in the Names Index.
   (Windows) The search is carried out in the mode you have chosen. To change it, select Tools menu > Heredis Preferences. Select the Search option on the first letters of the name (Search Starts with) or Search the name (Search Contains) in the General tab.
- 2. In the **Given Name** box, type the first letters of the given name to narrow your search.
- 3. Tick the boxes M, F or ? to limit the search to men, women or persons of indeterminate gender.
- 4. Tick the **Direct-Line Ancestors** box to limit the search to direct ancestors.

**Info** • In front of each individual, a colored square indicates the gender of the individual: blue for men, pink for women and green for individuals whose gender is not determined. If a square appears with yellow in the center, it is that of a direct ancestor bearing a Sosa number.

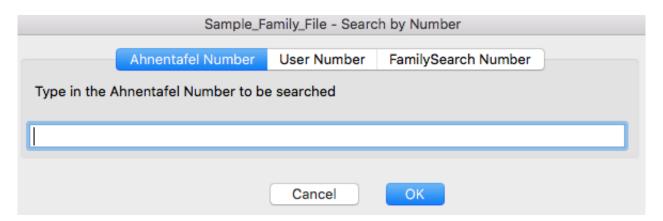
To be sure to correctly identify the person you want, select him/her and check all the information that appears in the Summary area. Click View or double-click the name to display the selected individual as

the primary person in a new Immediate Family.

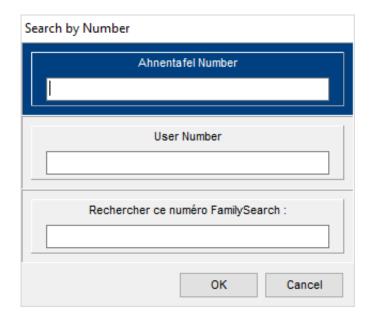
### Search for a direct ancestor

If the person is a direct ancestor in the lineage of the **Root Person**, Heredis has automatically assigned an **Ahnentafel number** to this person.

(Mac) Search by Ahnentafel number



(Windows) Search by Ahnentafel number



- Click Find > Search by Number on the toolbar or choose Find menu > Search by Number.
- Click the **Ahnentafel Number** tab and type the number to be searched. You can type any one of the numbers carried by the person you are searching for if there is more than one (<u>implex</u>).
- Click **OK** to display the person corresponding to the selected number as the primary person.

If no person corresponds to the number typed, try another number. Click **Cancel** to abandon the search.

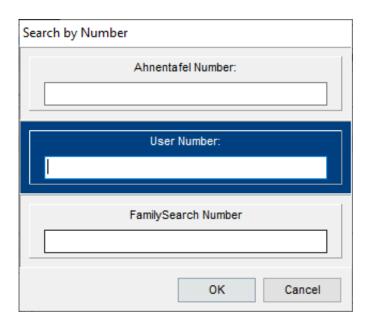
# Search for a person by his/her personal number or FamilySearch number

You may perhaps have indicated a personal number to some persons in your genealogy. You can find these people with this number.

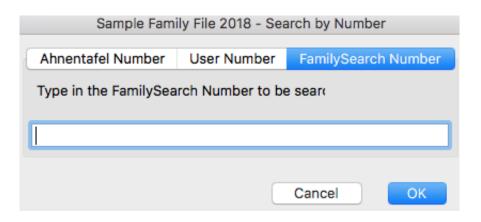
Info • Use the Comprehensive or Customized input mode to view the User Number input field.

- 1. Click the **Find > Search by Number** button on the toolbar or choose **Find** menu > **Search by Number**
- 2. Click the **User Number** or **FamilySearch Number** tab and type in the number to search.
- 3. Click **OK** to display the person corresponding to the number as the primary person.

(Windows) Search by number



(Mac) Search by number



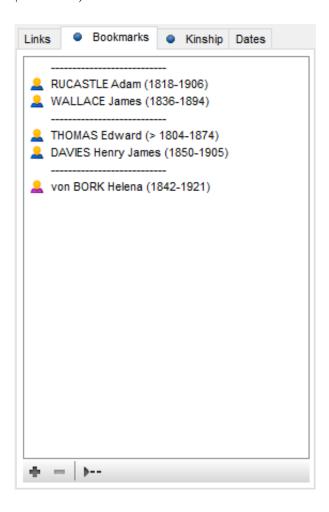
# Search for a bookmarked person

Open the **Bookmarks** panel that will display a temporary list of persons you require to access frequently.

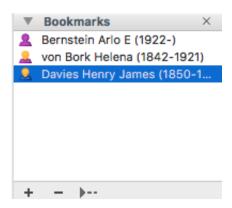
Double-click a person in the list to view as the primary person.

**Info** • To add a person to the **Bookmarks** list, use drag and drop, or click the ♣ (Add primary person to bookmarks) button on the panel toolbar.

(Windows) Bookmarks



(Mac) Bookmarks

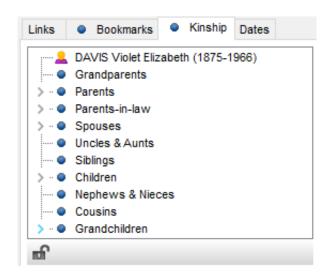


# **Search for family connections**

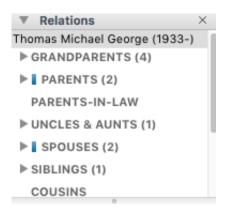
Open the (Windows) **Kinship**, (Mac) **Relations** panel. It displays all the persons who are directly linked to the primary person: they are related, they are cited in one of the events, they played a role in his/her life or you have established a personal link between them.

Unfold the fields according to the type of relation linking the individual and the primary person: **Parents-in-Law**, **Cousins**, **Grandchildren**, etc.

(Windows) Kinship's Panel



(Mac) Relations Panel



**Info** • When a category contains persons connected with an event (godfather, declarant, witness...), it is marked with a blue symbol in Sundry Links tab of personal Data screen. See also <u>Sundry Links</u>.

### Level 1 Information

Open the top level to see the names of parents or persons related to the primary person. Consult the list of direct relatives, persons connected to an event for the primary person (godfather, best man, etc.) or those for whom you have created a personal link.

**Info** • The step relations (aunts and uncles by marriage, step-brothers and sisters, etc.) are shown in italics under the name of their spouse. Half-brothers and sisters are shown in grey.

### Level 2 Information

If additional information is available, click the disclosure triangle next to their name to unfold this level. Double-click the person sought to display him/her as the primary person on a new **Immediate Family** screen. Double-click the event to open it directly in the **Personal Data** tab.

#### Look for links between two individuals

Heredis allows you to search for links between two persons. For further details, see <u>Find Relationship</u> article.

### Search for duplicates in the file

The search for duplicate identifies persons entered several times in the genealogy file.

For further details, see (Windows) Permanent control for duplicates & Merge two persons, (Mac) Permanent control for duplicates & Merge two persons.

# (Mac) Searching by theme (advanced searching) in Persons panel

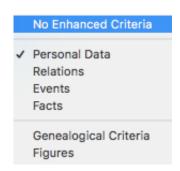
Heredis offers a simple and rapid search for persons based on their **Surname**, **Given Names** and **Gender**. If this research does not easily isolate the person you are looking for, you have available other search criteria corresponding to all the information you have entered. These advanced research criteria are grouped in the Persons panel and are classified by research theme (**Personal Data, Relations, Events, etc.**).

- 1. Open the **Persons** panel.
- 2. Enter if needed the Surname, Given Names and Gender.

When the list of search results is too long and does not isolate the person sought, unfold the pop-up menu and choose the theme of criteria that can most help.

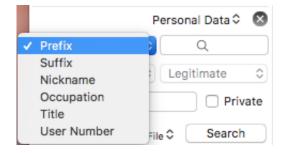
#### **Personal Data**

• Select the criteria **Personal Data** from the enhanced criteria pop-up menu.



The first criteria line concerns the identity fields entered on the Add or Choose... screen or on the Personal Data and Family Group Data tabs.
 Select the item on the pop-up menu (Prefix, Suffix, Nickname, Occupation, Title, User Number) and then fill in the entry box with the desired information: «Jock» for the nickname or «Baker» for the occupation.

**Info** • Click the magnifying glass in the entry box to select the **Is empty** or **Is not empty** option.



The second line of criteria concerns the user fields you have created and completed.
 The theme of identity includes the flags you have assigned to the person (Child Status,
 Signature, Media, Childless, Unmarried, Secondary, Marked, Confidential), tick the box on the second line and select the search criteria in the first menu and the value of this criterion in the

second pop-up menu: **Child Status** is **Adopted** or **Signature** is **Cannot Sign** (the person cannot sign).

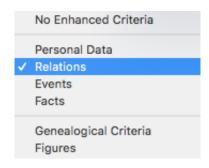


**Info** • Click the magnifying glass in the entry box to select the **Is empty** or **Is not empty** option.

- Enter a word or phrase in the **Note** search box to find the individual according to the content of his/her person note.
- Tick the **Private** box if you are looking for a private note. You can also click the magnifying glass in the search box to indicate that you are looking for a person whose note **Is not empty** or **Is empty**.
- Click **Search** to start the search over the entire file.
- To start another search, clear the criteria by clicking the **Remove enhanced criteria** button to the right of the choice of research topic menu and then select new criteria.

### **Relations**

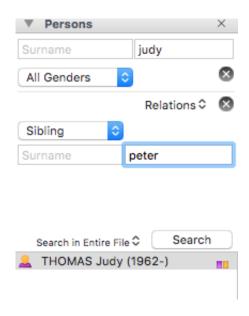
• Select the criteria from the **Relations** pop-up menu. This type of criterion gives access to combined information based on the links between the person and others related to him/her.



• Select the type of link (**Father, Spouse, Child, etc.**) from the menu.



- Enter **Surname** and/or **Given Names** of individuals linked to the person.
  - If you are looking for a «Judy», whose brother's name was «Peter», you will enter «Judy» in the **Given Names** field at the top of the **Persons** panel, then select the **Siblings** criterion on the pop-up menu and finally, enter «Peter» in the **Given Names** field for advanced criteria.

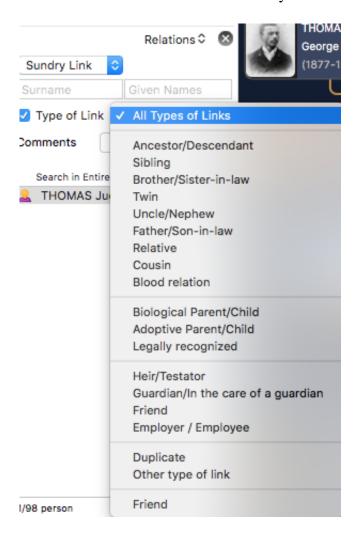


When searching for an person by his/her spouse, you can specify the family status. Tick the **Family Status** box, then select the status from the pop-up menu (**Married, Divorced, etc.**). You can add a word or phrase in the **Note** search box to search according to the content of the Family note. Tick the **Private** box if you know you are looking for a private note.



When searching for an individual by the people that you have linked to the person, specify the type of link (**Adoptive Parent/Child or Heir/ Testator, etc.**). Tick the **Type of Link** box and select it from the short cut menu. (see also <u>Sundry Links</u>)

You can add a word or phrase in the **Comments** search box to search for what you have entered in the commentary on the link.

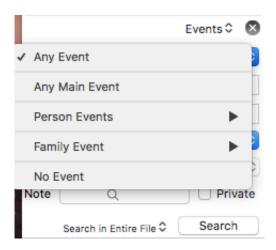


- Click **Search** to search the entire file.
- To start another search, clear the criteria by clicking the **Remove enhanced criteria** button, to the right of the choice menu for a research theme, and select new criteria.

### **Events**

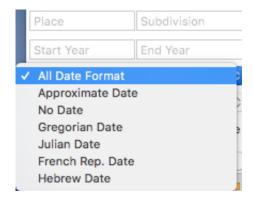
Find one or more persons in your file based on recorded events.

- Select the criteria in the **Events** menu.
- Leave the **Any Event** criterion or select the type of event to be considered. You can choose either all person events or family events, or a particular event.

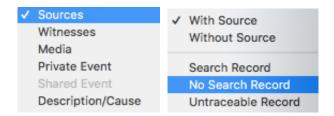


**Info** • Heredis allows you to display all persons for whom you have not entered an event to guide your research.

- Enter **Place** (that is to say any field for the place), **Subdivision**, **Start Year** and/or **End Year** of the event to find the person.
- To search based on dates (incomplete, approximate, empty, expressed in a particular calendar), select the criteria from the pop-up menu.



• To search based on elements assigned to the event (**Sources, Witnesses, Media**) or details of the event (**Private Event, Cause of Death**), tick the box on the fifth line and select the corresponding search term.



• In the **Note** research field, enter a word or phrase to search by content of the Note event. Tick the **Private** box if you are looking for a private note. Click the magnifying glass to select the **Is empty** or **Is not empty** option.

- Click the **Search** button to search the entire file.
- To start another search, clear the criteria by clicking the **Remove enhanced criteria** button, to the right of the choice menu for a research theme, and select new criteria.

#### **Facts**

Find all the persons sharing the same kind of Facts.

• Select the criteria **Facts** on the pop-up menu.

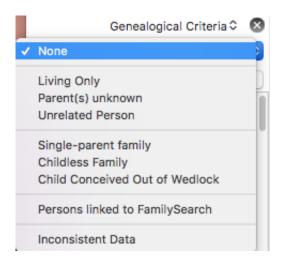


- You will find all the categories you created. Choose the one you want.
- Select the item from the pop-up menu (**Religion, Health, Nationality, etc.**), then complete the entry box with the appropriate keyword: «blind» if you selected "Health" or "Catholic" if you are looking for information on Religion.
- Click the **Search** button to search the entire file.
- To start another search, clear the criteria by clicking the **Remove enhanced criteria** button, to the right of the choice menu for a research theme, and select new criteria.

### Genealogical criteria

To learn more about your genealogy or to correct any errors, you can identify individuals based on genealogical criteria.

• Select **Genealogical Criteria** on the pop-up menu.



- Choose the most relevant genealogical criteria proposed in the menu: Living Only, Treetop, Unrelated Person, Single-Parent Family, Childless Family, Child conceived Out of Wedlock, Inconsistent Data.
- Click the **Search** button to search the entire file.
- To start another search, clear the criteria by clicking the **Remove enhanced criteria** button, to the right of the choice menu for a research theme, and select new criteria.

### Calculated data

You can identify persons based on data calculated by Heredis from the information you enter concerning:

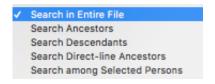
- the life of the individual: age at death, age difference with spouse, number of children...
- changes to your genealogical file: creation date or modification date for a person
- 1. Select **Figures** on the pop-up menu.



- 2. Choose the type of search to perform: **Age at Death, Age at Marriage, Age Gap between Spouses, Number of Children, Number of Spouses, Record Date, Change Date.**
- 3. Select the appropriate operator (**Is Equal, Is Greater Than**, etc.), then enter the desired number or date.
- 4. Click the **Search** button to search the entire file.
- 5. To start another search, clear the criteria by clicking the **Remove enhanced criteria** button, to the right of the choice menu for a research theme, and select new criteria.

#### Limit the extent of the search

The search is performed throughout the genealogical file.



However, you can limit the search to **Ancestors** of the primary person, his **Descendants**, the **Direct-line** 

# **Ancestors** of this genealogy.

You can also search **Among Selected Persons** only already shown in the **Persons** panel, which allows you to refine an initial search with additional criteria.

Use the pop-up menu next to the **Search** button and select the branch to be considered for research.

### **Search for Places**

You know that the person has lived in this city or region? Consider using the event places to find someone in your genealogy.

To find a place among the places of your file, you have several options:

## With the Places panel

Use the search box on the **Places** panel to type a word in any entry field for the place you are looking for: the city, postal code, county, state, country.

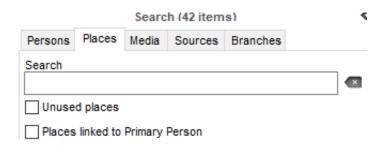
The number of items found matching your search is displayed at the bottom of the panel.

To cancel a search on one element of the place, click the (Windows) (Mac) Delete icon to the right of the Search box.

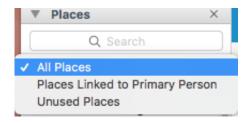
Refine the search by selecting sort criteria from the pop-up menu: **Unused Places, Places Linked to Primary Person.** The list is updated according to the selected criteria.

To cancel the sort criteria, select **All Places** in the pop-up menu.

(Windows) Places Panel



(Mac) Places Panel



#### With the Places Index

Open the **Places Index** from the **Tools** menu, click **the Index** button on the toolbar or (**Mac**) click on the book symbol on the **Places Panel**.

In the **Search** box, type a word in any input field of the source being searched.

The number of items found matching your search is displayed (Windows) in the Title of the Index (Mac) beneath the search box.

(Mac) Click on the magnifying glass to select the search mode: **Search Contains** the word entered, or

#### **Search Starts With** the entered letters.

To cancel a search on elements of the index, click the (Windows) (Mac) Delete icon to the right of the Search box.

You will limit the search to unused places by checking the **Unused Places** box.

(Mac) The results can be classified by the presence of a variant (V), note (N), media (M), or City, County... by clicking on the column header.

See the list of events/facts in which this place is used by clicking the **Usage** tab. Double-click the line of the event to navigate and view this person and this event.

See the <u>Places Index</u> article for further details.

Heredis also has tools to <u>Geolocating Place subdivisions</u>, <u>Zoom in on a place</u>, <u>Zoom in on the World-Family Tree Mapping</u>, consult these article to know all details.

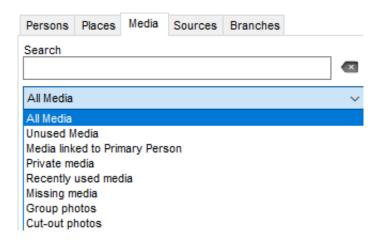
## Search for Media

You have several tools available for finding an item of media for assignment to data or for replacement.

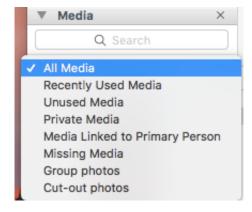
## With the Media panel

- 1. Open the **Media** panel.
- 2. Type the name or partial name of the media sought in the search box. Cancel the search by clicking on the (Windows) (Mac) Delete icon to the right of the search area.
- 3. Refine the search by selecting sort criteria from the pop-up menu: **Recently Used Media, Unused Media, Private Media, Media Linked to Primary Person, Missing Media**. The list is updated according to the chosen criteria. To cancel the sort criteria, select **All Media** on the pop-up menu.
- 4. To better identify the media selected, change the display mode for the media, as a list or in thumbnail images, by clicking the corresponding buttons. You may also enlarge the thumbnails by using the zoom slider.

Windows Media Panel - Search Criteria



Mac Media Panel - Search Criteria



The number of items found matching your search is displayed at the bottom of the panel.

The media may be easily assigned to a data item of your file by drag and drop.

### In the Media Index

Open the **Media Index** from the Tools menu, click the **Index** button on the toolbar or (**Mac**) click on the book symbol on the **Media Panel**.

- In the **Search** box, type all or part of the name of the desired media. The number of items found matching your search is displayed (**Winsdows**) in the titel of the Media Index oder (**Mac**) beneath the Search box.
  - (Mac) Click on the magnifying glass to select the search mode **Search Contains** the word entered, or **Search Starts With** the entered letters.
  - To delete or replace the search word, click the (Windows) (Mac) Delete icon to the right of box.
- Limit the search to a type of media by selecting from the pop-up menu: (Windows) All Media, All Pictures, Other Media, Missing Media, Private Media (Mac) All Media, All Image Files, Audio Files, Video Files, Other Types, Missing Media, Private.
- Limit the search based on the type of data to which the media is assigned by selecting from the second pop-up menu: Whole Index, Persons, Families, Events, Facts usw...

To better identify the media selected,

- Sort the thumbnails or (Mac) the list by the name of the media file or the date you entered.
- (Mac) Change the display mode of the media, as a list or thumbnails, by clicking the corresponding buttons in the first pop menu.

**Info:** You may also enlarge the thumbnails by using the zoom slider.

**Mac Info** • The results displayed in a list can be classified according to the presence of a note (N), a private media (P) or by the file name or date, by clicking the column header.

When media are selected from the list, see the data to which the media are assigned in the table at the bottom. (**Mac**) Double-click the data for display in a new screen.

For further details, see Media Index.

## **Search for Sources**

Find a source simply among all the sources assigned to events in your file.

## With the Sources panel

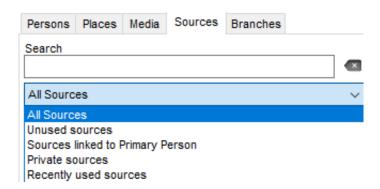
Use the **Search** box in the **Sources** panel to type a word contained in any input field for the source selected: the document, the name of the author, the call number, etc.

The number of items found matching your search is displayed at the bottom of the panel.

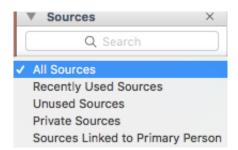
To cancel a search on any word, click the (Windows) (Mac) Delete icon to the right of the search box.

Refine the search by selecting sort criteria from the pop-up menu: **Recently Used Sources, Unused Sources, Private Sources, Sources Linked to Primary Person**. The list is updated according to the selected criteria.

Windows Sources Panel Filter



Mac Source Panel Filter



To cancel the sort criteria, select **All Sources** from the pop-up menu.

### With the Sources Index

Open the **Sources Index** from the **Tools** menu, or by clicking the button **Sources Index** on the tool-

bar.

In the **Search** box, type any word contained in any input field of the source desired.

The number of items found matching your search is displayed beneath the Search box.

(Mac) Click on the magnifying glass icon to select the search mode: **Search Contains** the word entered, or **Search Starts With** the entered letters.

To cancel a search on any word, click the (Windows) (Mac) Delete icon to the right of the search area.

You will limit the search to unused sources by checking the **Unused Sources** box.

The results can be classified by the presence of a note (N), media (M), private source (P) or Title, Document, Origin... by clicking on the column header.

See the list of events in which this source is used in the (Windows) **Entries** (Mac) **Usage** field at the bottom of the screen. Double-click the line of the event to navigate and view this person and this event.

See the <u>Sources Index</u> and <u>The different mode for Sources & Citations</u> articles for further details.

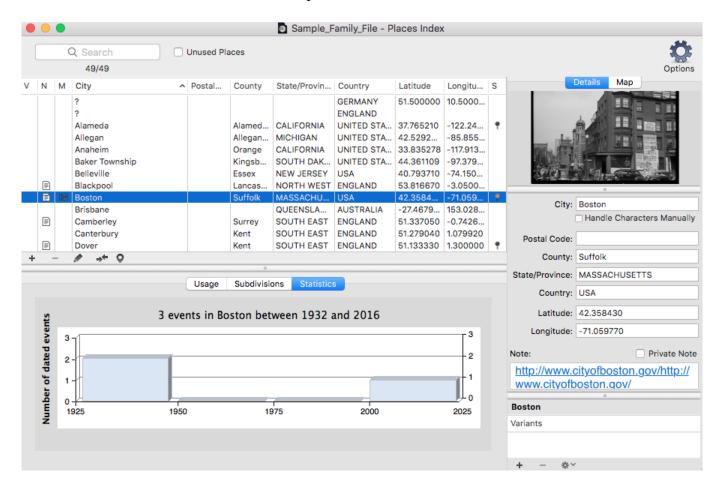
## Search for other data types

The indexes list the information you have entered and display the uses for each type of data. By using the Indexes, you can find sources, places, media, but also occupations, surnames, given names and repositories. Each item of data can be illustrated or commented, which brings infinite richness to your genealogical research. What village was part of the «Pencader Hundred»? What was the family crest of «Bolgan»? What is the origin of the name «Andrew»? What was a «balancer»? You have taken care to note this information relating to the life of your ancestors and you will find them by searching in the index in question.

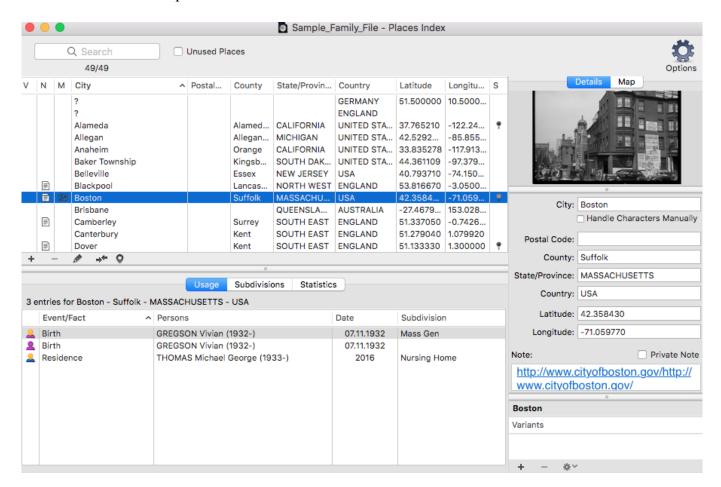
- Open each of these indexes, from the **Tools** menu, or clicking the **Indexes** button on the toolbar.
- Scroll the contents of the Index or use the search box to limit the number of items displayed. Type all or part of the search item. The number of items found matching your search is displayed beneath the search box.

### Mac

- Click on the magnifying glass to select search mode: **Search Contains** the word entered, or **Search Starts With** the entered letters.
- (Mac) Click the Statistics tab to see periods of use of the element.



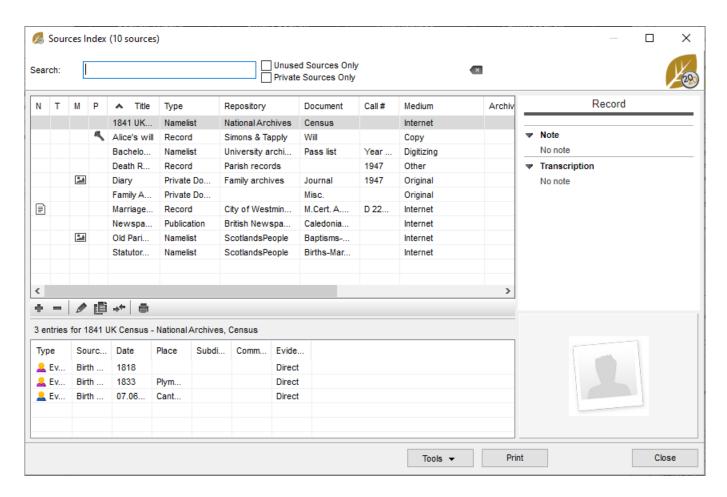
• Click the **Usage** tab and check the list of persons for whom you typed the given name, the surname or occupation.



• Double-click the line to display the individual as the primary person.

## Windows

• Select the desired item from the list and consult all the details you entered.



• Click the **Entries** tab (or consult them in the lower part of the index depending on the type of index) and check the list of persons for whom you typed the given name, the surname or occupation. Double-click the line to display the individual as the primary person.

## **Smart Search**

## **Smart Search**

This function allows you to find specific data in your genealogy by combining different search criteria; you may then modify or process the data you have found.

To access Smart Search:

- choose **Smart Search** in the **Find** drop-down menu
- or select the **Search > Smart Search** tab



• or click on the **Find** — icon and select A Smart Search in the drop-down menu

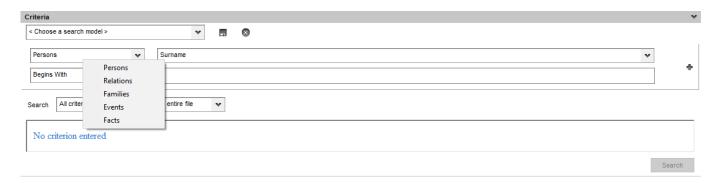
The **Smart Search** tool is composed of a "Criteria" field, a "Results" section, and a "Processing selected results" section. (**Mac**) This screen is also linked to a specific side panel entitled "Results".

### Search Criteria

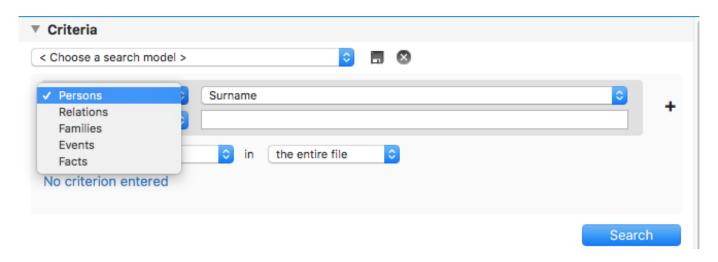
The Heredis default display shows **Persons** as the first search criterion, then the **Surname** field, and the **Begins With** operator. In the entry field to the right of **Begins With**, type in the first letters of the surname you are looking for and click on the **Search** button to find all relevant persons in your genealogy.

The initial search criterion will determine what the next field options are.

(Windows) Selecting criteria



(Mac) Selecting criteria

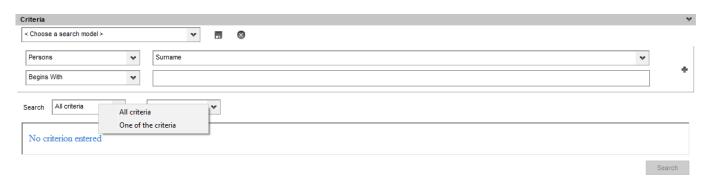


Click on each of the fields and specify the type of information you are looking for in your genealogy. You can combine criteria such as **Persons, Relations, Families, Events, Facts** to build more or less intricate searches depending on the number of criteria you have selected.

- The substitute button to the right of the **Choose a search model**> pop-up menu allows you to remove all existing criteria and to clear the list of results.
- The and buttons to the right of a criteria line allow you to add or remove a criterion. Note that the button won't be displayed unless you have already added at least one criterion.

Additionally, you can organize the combination of your criteria by clicking on the pop-up menu located below the criteria selection area.

(Windows) How to combine search criteria



### (Mac) How to combine search criteria



The default search mode is set on <**All criteria**>. This option allows Heredis to search all data that match at least one of the criteria you have selected. You can also narrow your searches down to specific parts of your genealogy or use the entire file.

Click on the pop-up menu that reads <the entire file> and select <direct-line ancestors>, <the ancestors>, or <the descendants>.

(Windows) How to limit the search



#### (Mac) How to limit the search



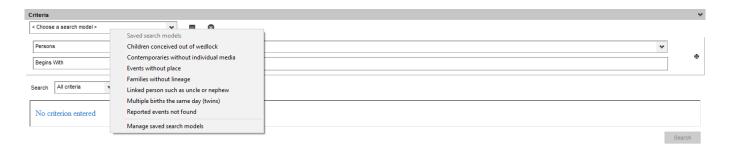
Heredis provides pre-saved search models to help you create your searches step by step.

Click on **<Choose a search model>** and select the model you are looking for.

The fields associated with the model you choose are automatically prefilled. You can modify a search model by changing or adding criteria and save these modifications by clicking on the **Save As** button located to the right of the field entitled **Choose a search model**>.

To manage your models or to reload the saved search models, click on **<Choose a search model>** and select **Manage saved search models**.

(Windows) List of saved search models



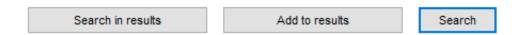
### Mac List of saved search models



A phrased version of your search is automatically displayed below the criteria fields area. This allows you to verify that the search you have created matches your needs. A message alerts you in case the search you are creating is incorrect.

Other options are available from the indented wheel in the upper right corner. If you tick **Search in variants**, the searches will be extended to the variants you entered in your genealogy. If you activate the **Comprehensive** mode, two additional buttons will be displayed to the left of the **Search** button: **Search in results** and **Add to results**.

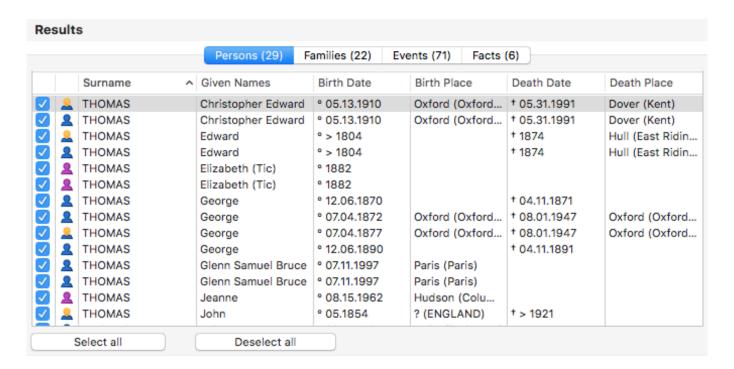
Extra buttons in Comprehensive mode in Smart Search



**Search in results** allows you to research data within the results of your previous search in order to refine your results.

**Add to results** allows you to add your search results to the results of your previous search. Thanks to this option, you can build a list of results, adding up data from a series of searches.

If you enable **Comprehensive** mode, two additional columns appear on the left in the search results: you can select the row and sort by gender.



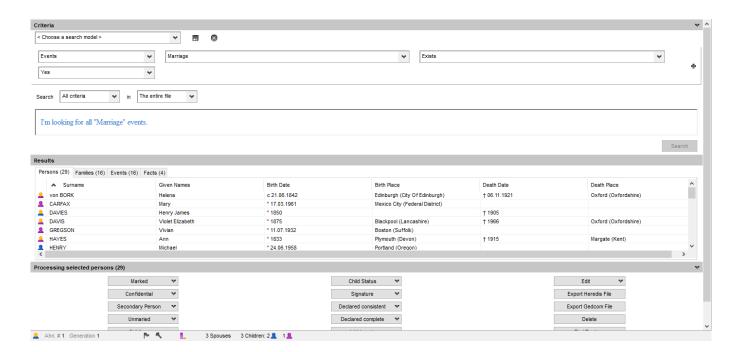
Note: When you consider your research is complete, hide the Criteria area (Mac) by clicking on the Criteria banner (Windows) by clicking on the arrow on the right side. This will leave more space available to display the results from searches and processing. More space can also be freed by deactivating the phrasing of your search: click on the indented wheel in the upper right corner and untick Show the edit.

### Search results

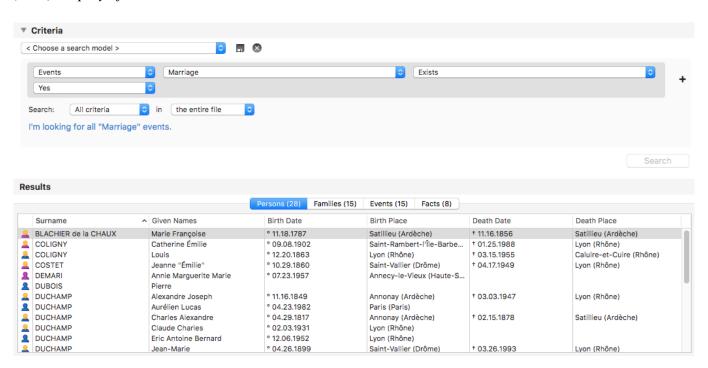
When you click the **Search**, **Search in results** or **Add to results** buttons, Heredis displays the data found under the **Persons**, **Families**, **Events** and **Facts** tabs.

Within each tab, a number (in brackets) indicates how many persons, families, events and facts were found.

(Windows) Display of Smart Search results



### (Mac) Display of Smart Search results



Open the **Summary** panel. To verify the results displayed in the list are correct, click on any line in the list of results and the details will appear in the **Summary** panel. The data displayed in this panel varies according to the tab you selected under **Results**.

Should you notice a mistake to be corrected, double-click on the line in the list of results to directly access the person's **Personal Data** in your genealogy file.

## Mac Specificity: Results panel

The results of your smart search are also available in the **Results** panel.

Results Panel – List of found persons



You can navigate in Heredis while keeping your search results on hand. Use the **Persons** pop-up menu to select and display results from the **Families, Events** or **Facts** tab. At any point, you can go back to the Smart Search screen by clicking the button to the right of the pop-up menu.

From this panel, select a person and use the drag and drop feature to easily complete your genealogy.

## **Processing results**

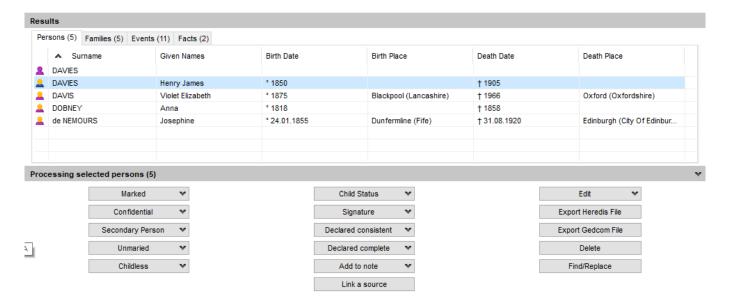
Now that you have found persons, families, events or facts in your file, you may want to update this data, share it with a cousin, or even publish it in a document.

The Processing feature allows you to do this and much more, based on the data you have selected in the **Results** section under the current tab.

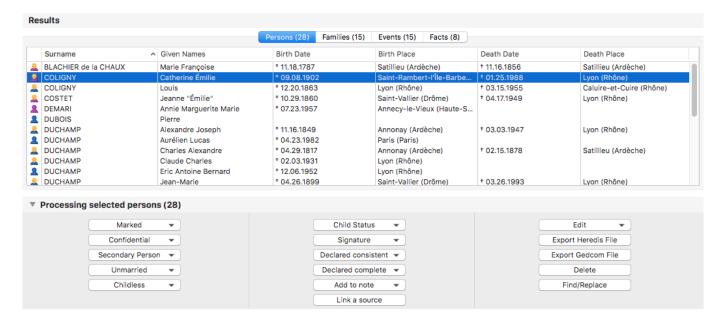
Note: in Comprehensive mode, by clicking the indented wheel in the upper right corner, checkboxes appear at the beginning of each data line so you can select the data you wish to process. All lines are selected by default; you can untick, one at a time, the lines of results you do not want to include in your processing. Or you can decide to **Deselect all** and then tick the data lines you want to include in your processing. If you want to go back to including all results, click **Select All**.

Unfold the **Processing** section, by clicking on the **Processing selected** persons>, <families>, <events>, or <facts> banner: action buttons related to the **Results** tab you selected will be displayed.

#### (Windows) Processing results



#### (Mac) Processing results



### **Processing selected persons**

If the **Persons** tab is highlighted in the Results section, you may then decide to:

- Modify a series of additional information for the persons you selected
  - => declare them as marked or unmarked, confidential, secondary, unmarried, childless, consistent, complete
  - => change the field value under Child Status and Signature
  - => add an identical text to all selected persons using **Add to note**
  - => link a common source to all selected persons
- Create a Custom report, chronological or alphabetical report listing the persons you selected (**Edit by Date** or **by Name**). See also <u>Custom Reports</u>, <u>(Mac) Create and Edit a Report</u>, <u>(Windows) Preestablished reports</u>.
- Export the selected persons as a Heredis or Gedcom file
- Delete the selected persons
- Launch Find/Replace screen. See also Find/Replace article.

### **Processing selected families**

If the **Families** tab is highlighted in the results section, you may then decide to:

- Modify a series of information for the families you selected
  - => change the field value **Family Status** in the scroll-down list.
  - => add an identical text to all selected families using **Add to note**
- Create a report listing the families you selected (**Edit report**)
- Launch Find/Replace screen. See also Find/Replace article.

### **Processing selected events**

If the **Events** tab is highlighted in the results section, you may then decide to:

- Modify a series of information for the events you selected
  - => change the field value under **Search Status**
  - => declare them as private or not private
  - => share or no longer share them
- Add an identical text to all selected events using **Add to note**
- Link a common source to all selected events
- Create a report listing the events you selected (**Edit report**). See also <u>Custom Reports</u>, (<u>Mac</u>) <u>Create and Edit a Report</u>, (<u>Windows</u>) <u>Pre-established reports</u>.
- Launch Find/Replace screen. See also Find/Replace article.

## **Processing selected facts**

If the **Facts** tab is highlighted in the Results section, you may then decide to:

- Modify a series of information for the facts you selected
  - => change the field value under **Search Status**
  - => declare them as private or not private

- Add an identical text to all selected facts using **Add to note**
- Link a common source to all selected facts
- Create a report listing the facts you selected (**Edit report**)
- Launch Find/Replace screen. See also Find/Replace article.

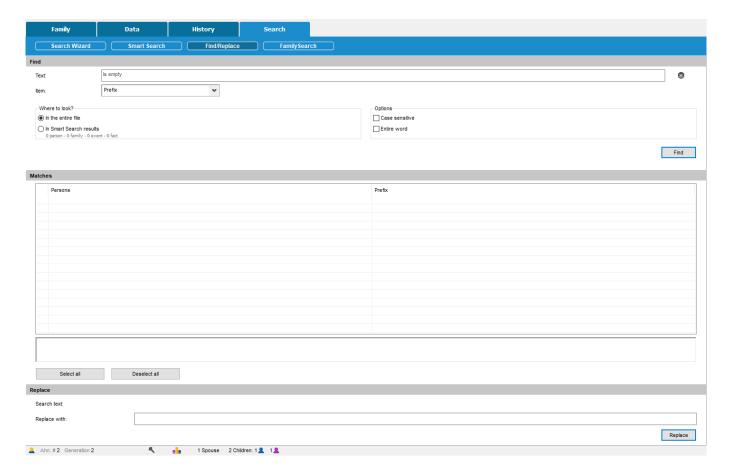
**Note**: the Processing section banner indicates the type of data you are about to process (Persons, Families, Events, Facts) and the number of records you have selected.

522 / 567

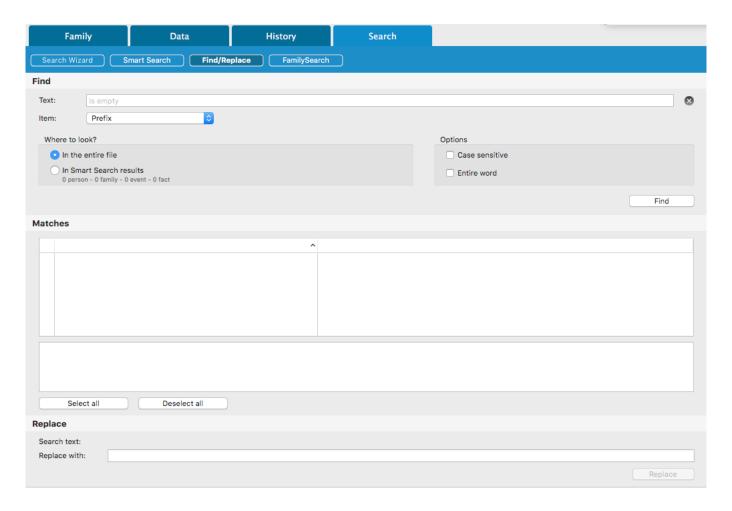
# Find/Replace

The **Find/Replace** feature allows you to find a specific text entered under **Persons**, **Families**, **Events**, or **Facts** and to replace it with a new text, which you can type in directly.

(Windows) Find/Replace



(Mac) Find/Replace



You can search for text entered under:

- one of the following **Persons** fields: **Prefix**, **Suffix**, **Nickname**, **Title**, **User Number**, **Person** or **Research Note**.
- a Family Note for a Spouse
- one of the following Events or Facts fields: Place Subdivision, Description/Cause, Note or Name.

You may access this feature:

- from the drop-down menu Find > Find/Replace
- or by selecting the **Search** tab and the **Find/Replace** sub-tab
- or by clicking on the **Find** icon then on the **Find/Replace** button

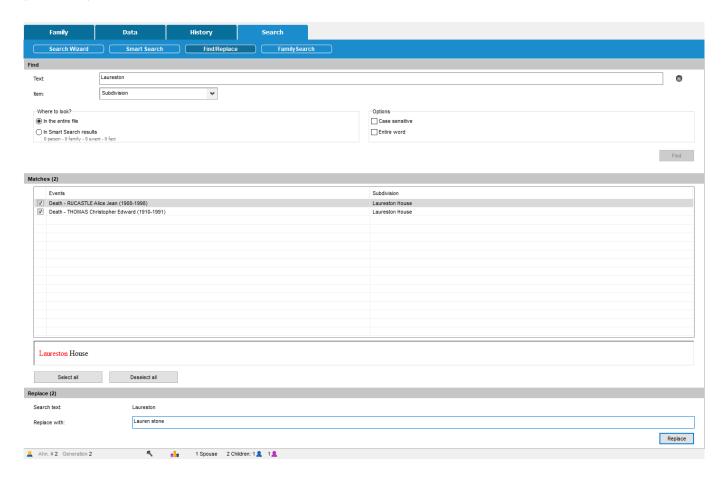
## **Searching for Text**

• Enter the text you are looking for in the Text field.

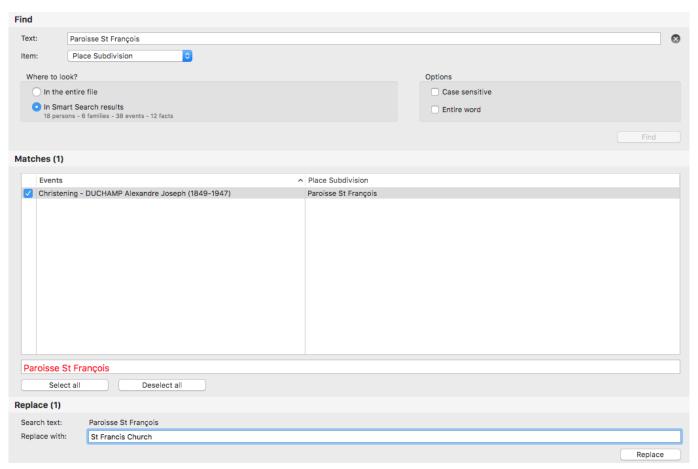
Note: if you leave this field blank, Heredis will look for all empty fields.

- Use the Item pop-up menu to select the type of data you wish to edit.
- Specify where to search for the text you have just entered: **In the entire file** or **In Smart Search results**.
  - (For more details on this feature, refer to the **Smart Search** section).
- Check the **Case sensitive** box for Heredis to distinguish upper- and lower-case. It will be able, for instance, to look for "honest" and replace it with "Honest".
- Check the **Entire word** box to prevent modifications within a word. This way you can replace, e.g. in the Place Subdivision field, the abbreviation "st" with "Street" without affecting words such as "Newcastle".
- Click the **Find** button to display all relevant matches found in your genealogy. The number of found occurrences is mentioned between parentheses in the Matches banner.

## (Windows) Matches



(Mac) Matches



Right below the list of matches, the searched text is displayed in red within each occurrence that was found. By default, all matches are selected – but you can uncheck, one by one, matches you do not want to modify. Conversely, you may prefer to click **Deselect all** and then check (only) the matches you want to modify.

## Replacing text in your genealogy

- Enter your new text in the field entitled **Replace with.**
- Click the **Replace** button to apply your changes to all the matches you have selected.

## Share on the local network

To share the open genealogy in Heredis, select the File menu > Share on the local network or click the

**Share** button in the toolbar, if you've put it. Check out the <u>Customize Heredis</u> article to learn more about customizing the toolbar.

This tool allows you to have your file on multiple remote devices (computer, tablet or phone).

## **Requirements for sharing**

• Make sure you have 2 compatible versions of Heredis. For a connection between 2 computers, you must have the same version of Heredis on both computers. On your phone or tablet, you need the free Heredis app for Android or iOS.

Beware, for versions prior to Heredis 2020, you need the iOS or Android Heredis app without a version number. Since Heredis 2020, each version of Heredis now has its own app. When you change versions, consider downloading the similar version for iOS or Android.

- Make sure your computer and/or Internet box firewall or anti-virus allows Heredis to access your private network.
- Open Heredis on both devices.
- Turn off 3 or 4G on your phone or tablet. Sharing is done via WiFi only.

## Share your file for the first time

Heredis opens a sharing window and displays the list of devices connected to your local network and on which the software is launched.

If the open genealogy has never been shared, choose a device available from the proposed list and then click **Share** to link the genealogy with the chosen device. The remote device then receives a sharing request.

**Note:** The remote device must have double the volume of the transferred file. Be sure to turn off your device's automatic sleep.

(Windows) Share on local network window



(Mac) Share on local network window



On the remote device, Heredis asks you for permission to receive the file. When you click the button (Windows) **Yes**, (Mac) **Accept**, Heredis copies, on the remote device, all the data of the open genealogy as well as the media.

Your genealogy is now linked to two devices, such as your desktop computer and your laptop or your phone.

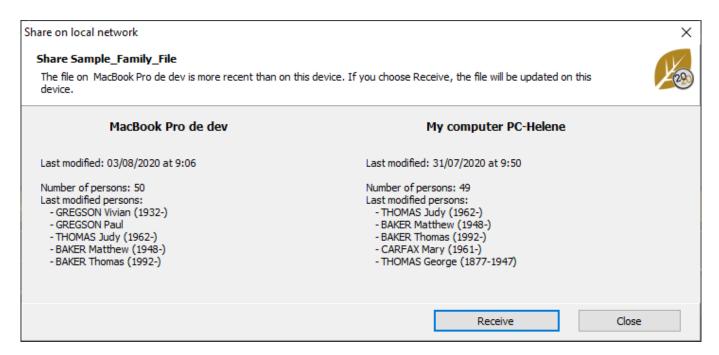
Share your file again after changes when the link is already made

From Heredis on your laptop or phone or tablet, make changes and save new data in your genealogy. Then open this genealogy on all your devices with this shared file.

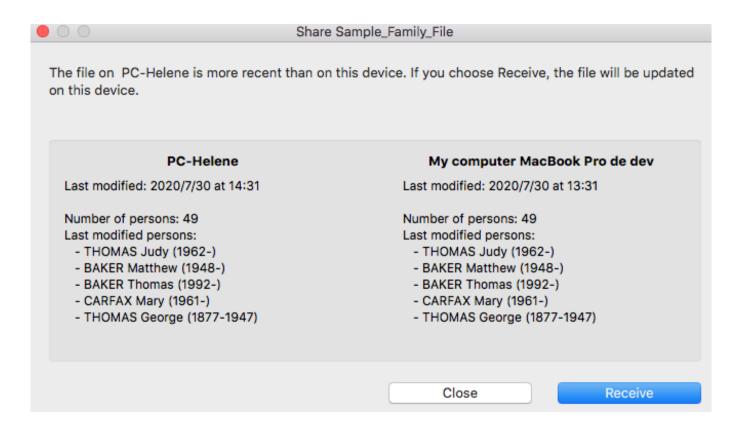
If you're connected to the local private network, Heredis automatically alerts you that a newer version of your file is available on the device from which you made changes and which is connected to your local network. In this window, the key info in the remote file is displayed (change dates, number of individuals, last modified individuals) and you can compare them with those of the open file.

If you click the **Receive** button, Heredis updates the genealogy with the data entered or changed. Only genealogical data or media that have been modified, or added will be transmitted.

### (Windows) Receive changes



(Mac) Receive changes



**Warning:** Remember to update your devices before making any changes. If you've made changes to your phone without updating your file on your computer, and then make changes to the computer, Heredis will only keep the latest information in chronological order. So you'll lose the modified data on the phone.

Heredis will always offer you the latest file. If you agree to receive it, changes made to the least recent file will be lost.

If you no longer want to share your file with a remote device:

From the **File** menu > **Share on local network**, select the device.

Click the **Don't Share** button.

The device in question will no longer receive notifications regarding updates to this genealogy. You can reactivate this sharing at any time by clicking the **Share** button **again.** 

**Info** - For the information to be shared, the genealogy file must be recorded.

## A problem with sharing?

Share on the local network no longer works:

- Make sure your firewall and/or antivirus doesn't block Heredis. On Windows, there is a built-in
  firewall, so it may duplicate if you have one in your anti-virus. Also check the firewall of your
  Internet box.
- Make sure you have 2 similar versions of Heredis. For example, Heredis 2020 for Windows communicates with Heredis 2020 for Mac, iOS or Android only.

• Are you on Windows? Check out the article (Windows) Heredis cannot detect my remote devices <u>– I am getting Bonjour messages</u>.

## Synchronizing via USB

Heredis can detect removable devices (USB, external hard-drive) connected to your computer. You are going to your country home? Synchronize your genealogy on a USB flash drive with the **Sync** button then the USB button and then connect it to your home computer in the countryside. You can update your file instantly.

Before leaving, synchronize your computer again with the USB flash drive and update your files with all your weekend work as soon as you return home.

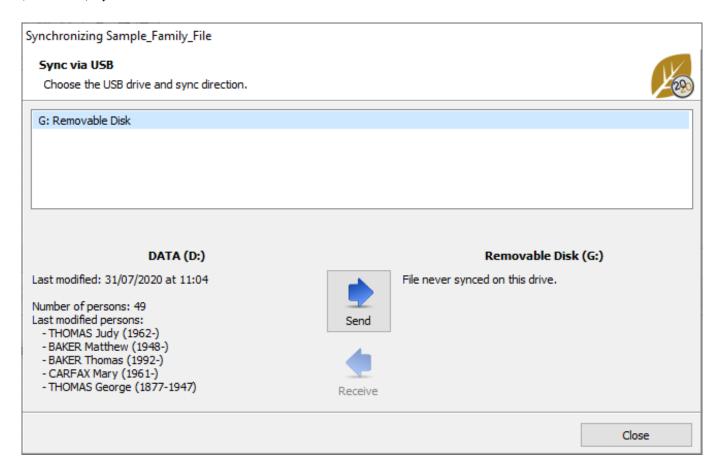
## **Exchange with another Windows or Mac**

Synchronize your genealogy on a USB flash drive or an external hard drive. The synchronization process is the same as for the devices on the WiFi network.

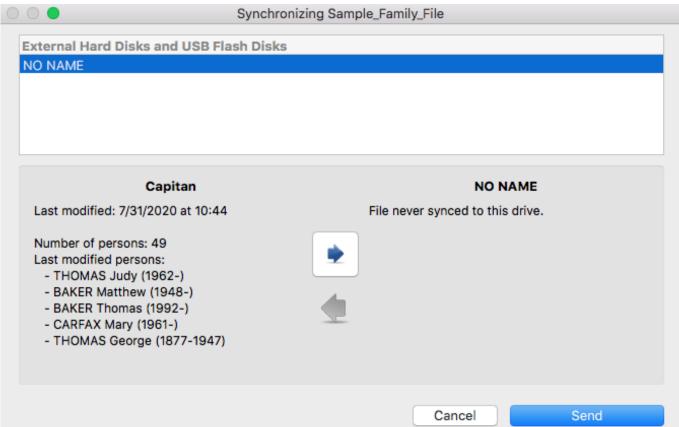
Click the **Sync via USB** button or choose **File** menu > **Sync Via USB....** 

In the Synchronization window, select the device that you have connected, check the direction of synchronization then click **Send** or **Receive** according to the synchronizing direction you have selected.

(Windows) Synchronization screen



(Mac) Synchronization screen



When synchronization is complete, you may plug in the device to another computer (Windows or Mac).

Whether on launching Heredis or during work, Heredis will inform you if a new genealogy or a newer version of the genealogy exists on the device you have connected and will propose to synchronize your computer with this genealogy. So, when you work, just think of plugging your USB key or external hard drive disk.

## Transfering to a mobile device without WIFI

You can copy your genealogy in a format suitable for exchange with a mobile iOS (iPhone, iPad, iPod touch) using iTunes or with a mobile Android device using Google Drive.

Please note that in this case, it is not a synchronization (update of latest data), but a transfer of the complete file (including the media).

Since Heredis 2020, every year a new app is released to communicate with the newest version of Heredis for Mac or Windows. Heredis app (without a version number) is to be used only if you still use a version of Heredis desktop for Mac or Windows before Heredis 2020. If you use a version more or equal to Heredis 2020 on your Mac or Windows computer, you will need to download Heredis 20xx app corresponding to the version number used on your computer.

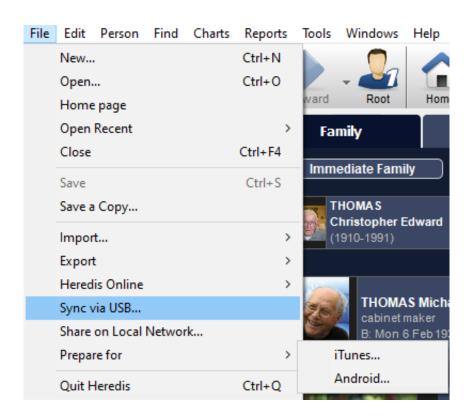
Since Heredis 2017, you can share on local network if your devices are connected to the same network, this function is less tendious than the one bellow. See Share on local network article for further details.

### Share with an iOS device via iTunes

(**Windows**) To transfer your genealogy to a mobile iOS, prepare the file to be sent via iTunes. Open Heredis and the file to share. Click on **File** menu > **Prepare for** > **iTunes**. The follow the steps bellow.

Heredis creates a compressed file, recognizable by both iTunes and on your mobile iOS. This file contains all your data and all your media.

- Click **Yes** to create the file. It has the same name as the original file with an extension .*hmwit*.
- Heredis opens Windows Explorer to show you where the file is for transfer to iTunes.



(Mac) No need to prepare the file, it is already compatible iOS.

- Launch iTunes.
- Connect your iPad, your iPhone or iPod touch and select it in iTunes.
- Click the **Apps** tab (at the top of the screen), then scroll down the list of applications until you reach **File Sharing**.
- Select Heredis. All genealogies already synchronized are visible. Click the **Add** button or drag & drop the file.
- The transfer of the genealogy is carried out. If Heredis is not running on the mobile, the file will appear on the homepage the next time the App is launched.

#### Recover data from a mobile via iTunes

After a work session on the iPhone or iPad, retrieve the changed data by passing through iTunes again.

- Select the .hmw file modified on the **Apps File Sharing** tab.
- To extract it from iTunes, click **Save to...** and save the genealogy file recovered to the location of your choice.

**Info** • Remember to select the same folder if you want to replace the existing genealogy file on your Mac or Windows.

## Share with an Android device via Google Drive

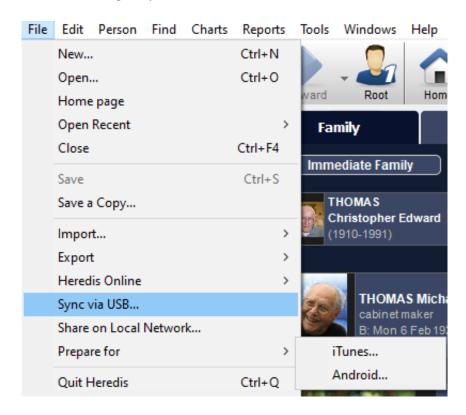
Before you can copy your family tree from the Heredis format onto an Android device, you must prepare this family tree.

## Prepare your family tree for Android

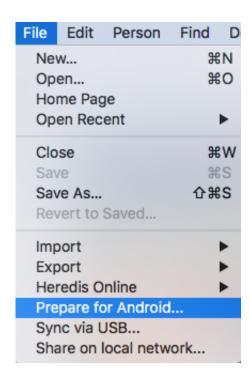
From your computer:

- Launch Heredis
- Open your family tree.
- Select the menu **File > Prepare for > Heredis Android...** Heredis creates a compressed file recognizable by the application Heredis for Android.

(Windows) Prepare for Android



(Mac) Prepare for Android

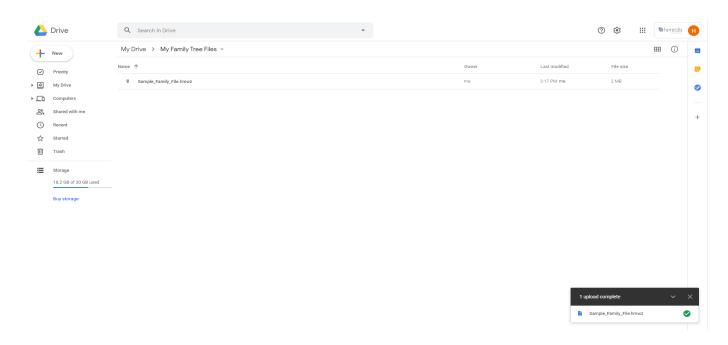


- Click **Yes** to start creating the file. It has the same name as the original file with the extension .*hmwz*
- Heredis opens (**Windows**) Windows Explorer; (**Mac**) Finder, showing you where to transfer the compressed file in Google Drive.
- Sample\_Family\_File.hmwz

## Copy a family tree prepared for Android in Google Drive

### From your computer:

- Launch your internet browser and go to the link drive.google.com
- Sign in to your Google Account (Select or add the same account that is associated with the Play Store on your Android device)
- Click on My Drive.
- Select the file prepared for Android (it has the .hmwz extension) from the (Windows) Windows Explorer; (Mac) Finder. Drag it into your browser window in My drive to copy it to your Google Drive account.



## Import a family tree from Google Drive into Heredis for Android

From your Android tablet or mobile, you can proceed in 2 ways:

### 1st solution:

- Launch Heredis
- Click the **Home** menu and select **Import family tree**.
- Click the **Continue** button and select, in your Google drive account, the family tree prepared for Android.

#### 2nd solution:

- Launch Google Drive
- Click on the file to load
- Click the **Continue** button The Heredis for Android application will automatically open the file.

**Info** • If you transfer your file prepared for Android directly to the SD card of your Android device or another online storage application (Dropbox, OneDrive ....), the procedure to retrieve your family tree in Heredis for Android is identical.

## Any concern or issue when sharing with Heredis?

If you are experiencing a problem with the **Share on local network** feature, please proceed using the following steps.

### **Prerequisites**

On your main computer:

- you have installed the Heredis application AND you have an updated version of your genealogy file that you wish to share.

### Windows

### Check the following items before starting to share:

- On your main computer:
  - Make sure the Heredis application has only been launched once. It shouldn't appear more than once in the list of running applications.
  - Launch the Task Manager (press CTRL ALT DELETE on your keyboard).
  - Make sure the antivirus/firewall installed on your computer or included in the settings of your wireless router does not block the Heredis application.
  - Make sure Bonjour services are enabled (some Windows updates disable these services which allow your computer to communicate with other devices such as your printer or phone). See the following article for more details: <a href="https://help.heredis.com/en/windows-bonjour-messages/">https://help.heredis.com/en/windows-bonjour-messages/</a>
- On your remote device:
  - Make sure the remote device is connected to the **same WIFI network** as the main computer.
  - If the remote device is a tablet or a cell phone, turn off Bluetooth.
  - Launch Heredis.
  - Delete the genealogy file you want to share if it is present on the remote device and older than the version on the computer.
  - Stay on the Home page and check that the device does not go into standby mode.

Start sharing your genealogy from the main computer:

- File menu > Share on local network.
- Select the remote device and click the **Share** button.
- On the remote device, accept the share request.

#### **NOTE:**

On mobile applications (Android and iOS), you will not be automatically notified of changes made from Heredis for Windows.

To retrieve the latest updates made on Windows:

- on Android, click on Share on local network > Select remote device > Receive file
- on iOS, click Tools > Share on local network > Select remote device > Receive file

### Mac

### Check the following items before starting to share:

- On your main computer:
  - Click on the **Apple** menu > **Force quit...**
  - Make sure the antivirus/firewall installed on your computer or included in the settings of your wireless router does not block the Heredis application.
  - Check in System Preferences > General > Recent Items => this option should not be set to None
- On your remote device:
  - Make sure the remote device is connected to the same WIFI network as the main computer.
  - If the remote device is a tablet or a cell phone, turn off Bluetooth.
  - o Launch Heredis.
  - Delete the genealogy file you want to share if it is present on the remote device and older than the version on the computer.
  - Stay on the Home page and check that the device does not go into standby mode.

Start sharing your genealogy from the main computer:

- File menu > Share on local network.
- Select the remote device and click the **Share** button.
- On the remote device, accept the share request.

## NOTE:

On mobile applications (Android and iOS), you will not be automatically notified of changes made from Heredis for Windows.

To retrieve the latest updates made on Windows:

- on Android, click on Share on local network > Select remote device > Receive file
- on iOS, click Tools > Share on local network > Select remote device > Receive file

#### **Heredis Online**

Heredis includes the creation of a personal online website for displaying your genealogy. No need to use a service provider, your data is hosted for free on Heredis Online. You have a real website dedicated to your genealogy, searchable by your family, friends and other genealogists, who will all have an overview of who your ancestors were, places where they lived and the various documents that you have found concerning them. In addition, Heredis allows you to be contacted by any person who is interested in your genealogy.

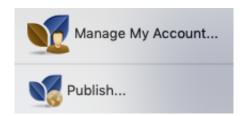
## Manage your Heredis Online account

Heredis Online is a free online service that allows you to search millions of Heredis Online data from your Heredis software (using <u>Search Wizard</u>). You can publish for free and get a website out of your Family Tree file. You can manage your account and define the parameters for your publications...

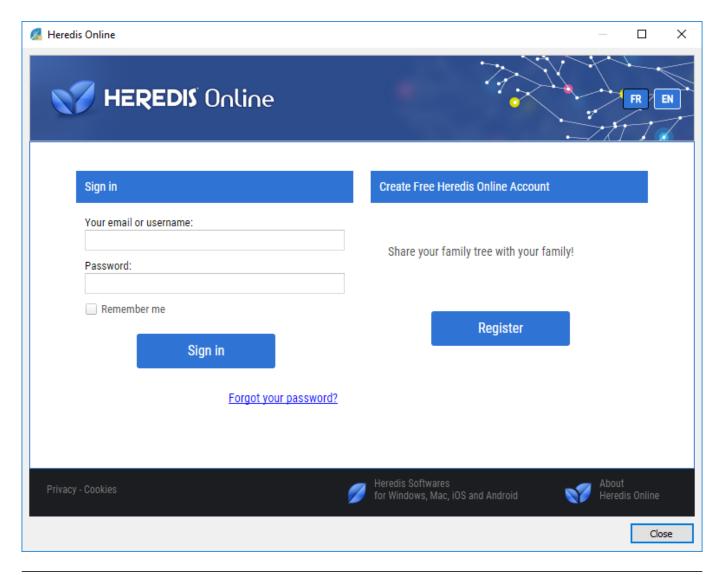
If you bought Heredis from Heredis' Shop, you already have an account. Connect to with the ID/password used on Heredis' Shop. Once connected, you can manage your Heredis account from Heredis.



Heredis Online



Heredis Online Connection page



#### **Create a Heredis Online account**

If you bought Heredis from Heredis' Shop, you already have an account. Connect to with the ID/password used on Heredis' Shop. If your email address changed, DO NOT create an other account, go to shop.heredis.com and connect with your old ID/password and change your email address in My personal information section or contact us if you don't remember your password and have no more access to your old email address.

If you didn't buy Heredis on Heredis' Shop, you must create a Heredis Online account before publishing your genealogy, allowing you to access your account, to modify or delete published genealogies and to be identified as a person hosted by Heredis Online.

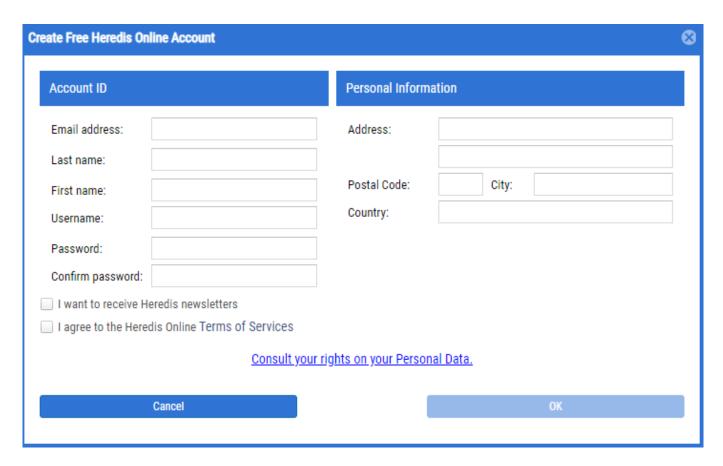
## 1. Click the **Heredis Online**



button or choose File menu > Heredis Online > Manage My Account.

2. Click the **Register** button. Enter your email address, a username and a password. Please do not use special characters in your password. Complete the identification data and check out the Heredis Online Terms of Service and then tick the box.

#### Create a Heredis online account



3. Click **OK**, your account is created.

## Managing account information

Log in by entering your username and password. Do not forget to tick the **Remember me** box for the data to be stored for future use. Once connected to your Heredis account, the button will be (2 blue leaves) instead of

(a grey and a blue leaf).

The **Account Management** screen allows you to change your login information and your address. Click the **Edit** or **Change password** button to access it.



You can publish your file by clicking on Publish button in Heredis. Once you have published genealogies, they will appear in the lower part of the window. See Publish on Heredis Online for all details on publications.

## Managing your publications

Click on **Manage my account** . According to the version of Heredis you have, the color of the button can change.



Then click on the **Visit Website** link to view your online genealogy. You will see it as any other people. You can not make changes online. To change data, launch Heredis' software and change the data, click on **Publish** to refresh your publication.

Click the indented wheel icon to change your settings for publication. There is no need to republish in order to view notes in your online genealogy, or to hide data which is less than 150 years' old. Once you have changed the settings, they are applied to your personal website.

Click on the button to delete the genealogy from your personal website.

**Info** • You can carry out these operations remotely, even if you do not have your computer to hand, by connecting to your Heredis Online account from any Internet browser.

See <u>Publish on Heredis Online</u> for all details on publications.

## Publish a genealogy to Heredis Online

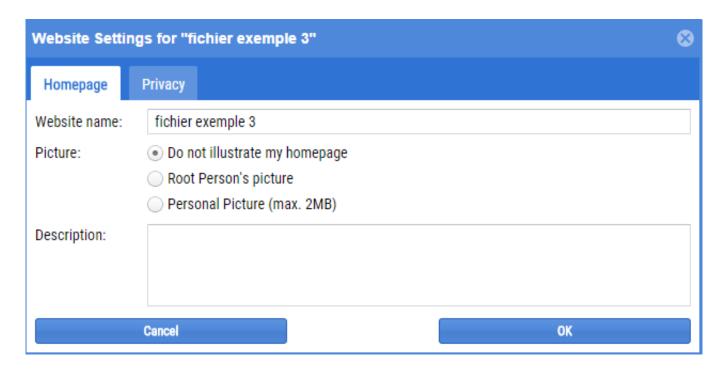
Click the Heredis Online button and choose **Publish**.



Customize your site by giving it a name. Heredis will place by default that of your genealogy file. You may change the name because it will be included in the URL that you will communicate to your relatives and friends.

From the **Your Website** tab, add an illustration to your homepage to make it more attractive. You can display the main image associated with your root person, or select a photo from your hard disk: the village where your ancestors originated, a shield. Browse your hard disk to select an image.

Customize your Heredis online website settings



Fill out the host text area; anyone who connects to your site must have an idea of what he will find there!

You have the choice of data you publish from the **Privacy** tab:

- Manage the display of contemporary persons by choosing the number of years to set the privacy level and decide if you want to display the full given name and surname only or not to display at all.
- Display or not individuals who are declared as confidential or private in your genealogy file (individuals, events, notes ...)
- Choose to display or not all notes
- Display or not all sources

You may also tick the **Protect this publication** with a password box, and enter a password in the corresponding text box and click **OK**. Thus, only the holders of a visitor password can access your publication. Other visitors will contact you by email to get the password.

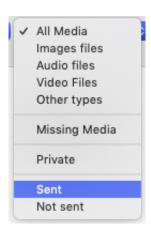
Heredis Online displays a list of your published genealogies. You may follow the progress of moving your genealogy to your personal website. When publishing is complete, click on the link to launch your Internet browser and visit your site.

You will arrive on the home page of your genealogy. Click the **Facebook** button to share your genealogy on your **Facebook** page or click the **Email** button to send an email and share your genealogy website with your family and friends.

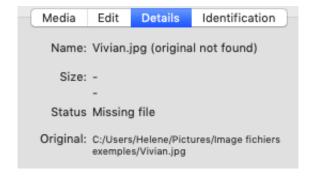
#### **High-resolution photos on Heredis Online**

The first time you connect to your Heredis Online account, a message will inform you that the photos you publish online are displayed in high resolution.

In the Media Index, the Sent and Not Sent filters, as well as the media status displayed under the Information tab, allow you to visualize the list of the media that are online or not.



When you publish a genealogy on Heredis Online, each media has a status (that you can see in the Details tab from the Photo tool) that allows you to clearly identify its current situation: File is online / File is too large / File error / File waiting to be sent / Unauthorized file format / Missing file / File being sent / Unverified file.



#### Note:

• In the software preferences, using the menu (Windows) Tools > Preferences > Heredis Preferences > Advanced; (Mac) Heredis World 20xx > Preferences > Advanced, you can indicate whether you want a copy of your media to be uploaded.

You can also choose to adjust the uploading of these media based on your internet connection. By default, the uploading is based on an ADSL connection type with a 50% usage. These parameters can be modified and personalized at any time but won't be applied until you restart your software.

• In your Heredis Online account:

You can choose whether your media should be displayed in a publication: click on the indented wheel button, then click on the **Privacy** tab, then make your selection in **Show photos**.

The media that are not linked to any publication can be deleted; to do so, click on the **Online Medias** tab in your Heredis Online account.

• If you realize the media are not uploading properly and that the status of your files reads "File error" or "Unverified file", you can force send them from the **Media Index** by clicking (Windows) the **Tools** 

button / (Mac) on the indented wheel **Option** button and selecting **Reset sending of online media**. You will need to quit and restart Heredis for the uploading of the media to resume.

- Files with the following extensions cannot be uploaded: «exe», «app», «bin», «zip», «rar», «sit», «cab», «ace», «arj», «lha», «lzh», «lzx», «zoo», «arc», «ice», «ics», «7z», «tar», «gz», «gzip», «tgz», «bz», «bz2», «hqx», «sit», «sea», «uue», «apk», «dmg», «bat», «sh», «asp», «php», «js», «jse», «iso», «iss», «msi», «jar», «war», «bak», «sav», «old», «log», «pif», «py», «pyw», «rb», «ged», «heredis», «mdb», «sqlite»
- Files over 4294967295 octets (~4.2 Go) cannot be uploaded either.

## Publish group photos to Heredis Online

Heredis allows you to publish group photos on your personal site, as you do for your genealogies.

You will certainly have photos in which you have not been able to identify all the persons present in the photo. Heredis offers tools for identifying these persons and then for publishing the photo in a photo album.

This online album may be viewed by your family, your friends and other genealogists. Thus, visitors to your site may not only view your photos but contact you if they have recognized people in the photo.

In Heredis, you access this functionality from the **Identification** tab in the photo tool (for details on this tool, refer to the section **Photo tool**).

#### Create and set an album

Once you have identified all the persons in a group photo, you may now share your photo album online by clicking the **Publish** Button at the bottom right on the **Identification** tab.

A simple interface allows you to connect to your account or create it if it is the first time you use Heredis Online.

When first published, you can change the title of the photo in the **Title** field. If you want to publish this photo in another album, unfold the dropdown list and choose the appropriate album, or create a new one by using the + button.

To personalize this album, click the indented wheel \* to the right and you can:

- give it a name that will be included in the URL that you will communicate to your family or to other genealogists. Do not worry about spaces, Heredis replaces them automatically by underscores.
- add artwork to make your homepage more attractive.
- give details of the content of this album in the **Description** text box. The person who visits your site will have an idea on what he or she will find in it!

You can protect your album by a password. Net users who know the password may view your album online and others will contact you by email to get the password.

When all the settings of your publication are satisfactory, click the **Validate** Button. Your photo is now published on Heredis Online.

**Info** • When you publish a photo which has been declared as private in Heredis, a message alerts you and asks for confirmation before continuing the publication.

#### **Settings and management of your albums**

You can at any time access the albums published from the **Album** tab in your account with Heredis Online.

Click the indented wheel to change the publishing settings for an album or on the cross to delete it. Please note that you will delete all the photos attached to this album.

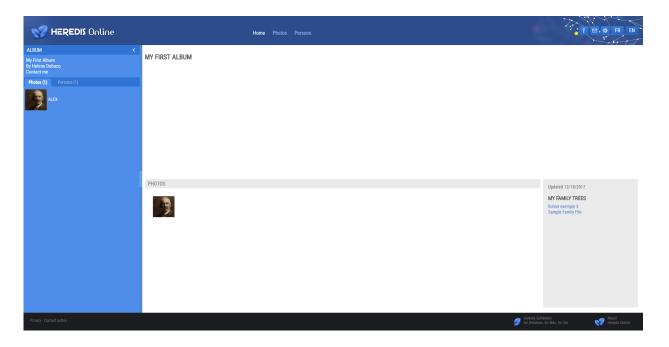
**Info** • You can carry out these operations from a distance, even if you do not have your computer to hand, by logging into your Heredis Online account from any Internet browser.

Click the album name to display a list of all the photos in this album. You can edit or delete each picture individually.

## Consult an album

By clicking on the link **Visit album**, Heredis opens the home page of the album selected in your internet browser.

Consulting an album on Heredis Online



In the left sidebar, you have the name of the album and its author, a clickable link to contact the author and immediately below, two tabs Photos and Persons.

In the **Photos** tab, a list of photos in the album is displayed and the total number of photos, (in brackets) next to the name of the tab.

In the **Persons** tab, the list and the number of persons identified in the various photos in the album are displayed, specifying, for each identified person, the number of times he/she has been identified in the various photos of the album. You also have a search box to locate any person in the list.

The central part allows for 3 different views of the album based on the tab selected in the upper part.

From the **Home** tab, you get an overview of your album where you will find the description text, any selected artwork and the pictures of the album in the form of thumbnails. To the right, Heredis displays the date of the last update of this album as well as a list of your genealogies and other albums already published on Heredis Online.

A single click allows you to open a new tab in your browser with the publication of the selected album.

The **Photos** tab displays each photo in the album in full screen. To the right of the photo, you find the list of numbered persons and below, the commentary and the date if they have been added from the Heredis program.

A button under the photo, also allows you to hide or show the frames numbers on the photo. Hover the mouse over any person identified in the photograph and the list shows the person concerned and vice versa.

Clicking on a person allows you to display him/her in detail in the **Persons** tab. You will then see the information collected for that person and a link to the publication if he/she is present in a genealogy previously published on Heredis Online, as well as photos, in the form of thumbnails, in which he/she has been identified.

When you click on a photo from the **Photos** tab in the left sidebar, Heredis automatically switches to the **Photos** tab in the central area and displays the details of the photo. If you are on the **Person** tab in the left sidebar, click on any person and you will move to the central area of the persons tab this time to display all known information concerning this person.

To go back to the general presentation of the album, click **Home** in the banner at the top.

## Sharing an album

If you want to invite your family and friends to check out an album, send them the URL by email, or share it on Facebook. Use the Buttons located in the upper right panel.

As a visitor to a Heredis Online album, you can easily send additional information or indicate an error to the author of the photo albums. Perhaps you have recognized an unidentified person. Click **Contact the author** 

in the left sidebar under the ALBUM area or in the footer and you will thus advance the work of the author.

#### **Private access**

You may protect your Heredis Online site with a password. Only visitors who know the password will be able to view details of your online genealogy. When any new web user visits your site, we will invite the person to contact you to obtain your password.

To implement this password: from your Heredis Online account, select the publication concerned and click the indented wheel to access the settings for this publication. Then, tick the **Protect this publication** with a password box, enter a password in the corresponding text box and click **Validate**.

## **Publishing with Heredis Online**

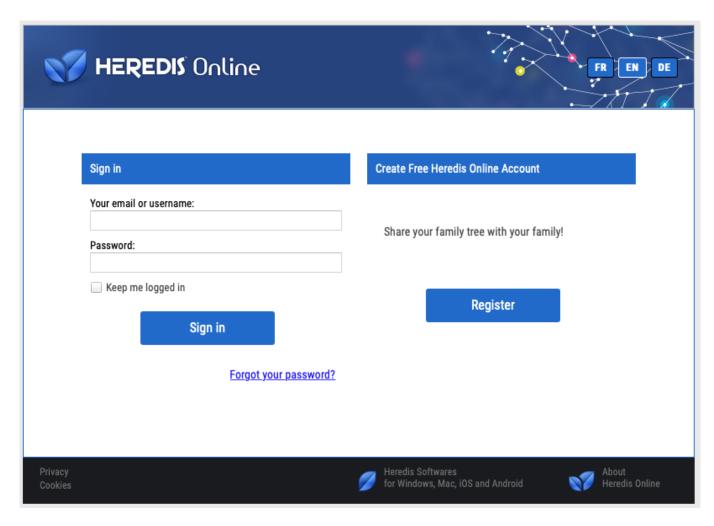
Launch your Heredis software and select the tree you wish to publish. Click the **Heredis Online** button in the Heredis toolbar.

If you are not connected, the icon will be grey and blue . If you are connected, the icon will be fully blue .

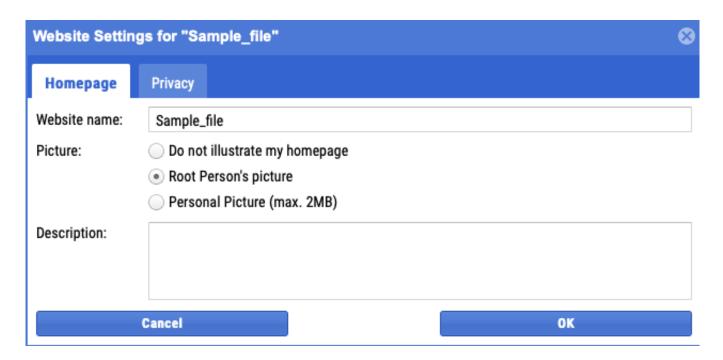
Click on **Publish** to start publishing your tree on Heredis Online.

Then, if you are not connected, sign in to your account via the Heredis Online window. Enter the same username and password you use when logging in on the Heredis Shop.

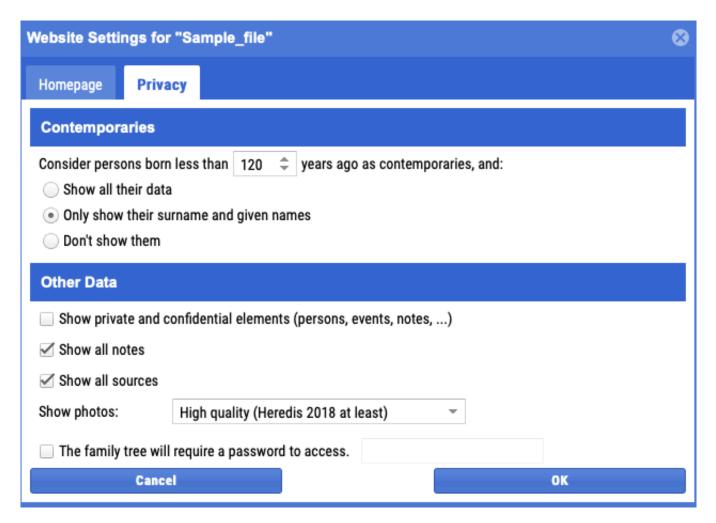
# • Tip • Tick the **Keep me logged in** box to avoid entering them again next time you need to sign in.



Type in a name for your website along with a brief description. Select a picture to illustrate your homepage if you wish to.



Make sure you set up your **Privacy** options.



**Reminder:** French regulations do not allow the publication of personal data that is less than 100 years

old; European regulations provide the same restrictions with data that is 120 years old or less. Make sure not to publish recent data according to your country laws regulation.

#### **Setting up Contemporaries**

Under "Consider persons born less than XX years ago as contemporaries", you are given the option to show all of their data, part of it, or none of it.

Be careful! This setting will only apply to persons entered with a birthdate. If you entered your first-degree cousins without their birthdates, their data will be displayed.

In such a case, you may want to use the **Confidential Person** label under the **Data** tab>**Personal Data** in Heredis. If you need to label a large number of persons as confidential, remember you can use **Smart Search** to make your job easier. For further details, feel free to consult the articles entitled <u>The different data fields</u> and <u>Smart Search</u>.

### **Setting up Other Data**

- Show private and confidential elements: pretty much everywhere in Heredis, you will notice Private boxes for an event, a media, a source, a note, etc. If you tick the box "Show private and confidential elements", this data will be shared and available for all to see. If you untick this box, all data for which you have checked the Private box and/or all the persons marked as Confidential will not be shown. No one will be able to see them.
- **Show all notes:** if you tick this box, all of your notes (except the private notes that is if you have unticked the above-mentioned box) will be published and visible to all.
- **Show all sources:** if you tick this box, all of your sources (except the private ones that is if you have unticked the above-mentioned box on private and confidential elements) will be published and visible to all. Sources allow you to validate your work and allow other genealogists to locate the original document.
- Show photos: choose between **Do not show**, **Thumbnail size** (low resolution), **High quality** (**Heredis 2018 at least**). If your photos are checked as Private, and if you have unticked the Show private and confidential elements box, your photos will not be displayed.

Protect your publication with a password. It will thus allow you to publish all of your data while limiting access to your site only to the persons who have been given the password. It is up to you to regulate who may or may not access your site.

Check the box and enter your password in the empty field that pops up.

Once you are done with your settings, click on **OK**.

The progress bar will help you visualize the progression of your genealogy being published. Once transfer is complete, click on the **Visit website** link to open it. Your tree is online!

You may now share it with your relatives and loved ones via email or Facebook, using the share buttons



located in the upper right corner of your website.

Heredis Online creates a website on your behalf, hosted for free, so you can present your family tree. With just a few clicks, you'll get a site for your entire family to consult and enjoy.

By simply clicking the **Contact Author** link, they will all be able to bring you extra details, directly from your website.

Manage your Heredis Online account directly from your software or from your internet browser. Modify the display of your tree by clicking on the indented wheel located under Settings (at the end of the line) under Online Trees, or delete your tree by clicking on the cross.

Online Tr	ees Albums Online	Medias				
Date	Tree name	Heredis File	Visit Website	Private	Settings	Delete
07/23/2	Fichier Exemple 2017	Fichier Exemple 2017	Visit Website		*	×
11/21/2	Fichier_Exemple20	Fichier_Exemple	Visit Website		•	×
03/09/2	Fichier Exemple 2019	Fichier Exemple 2019	Visit Website		*	×

To learn more, feel free to consult other articles on Heredis Online.

## What to do if something goes wrong in Heredis?

Like with any other software, a technical issue may arise. To be prepared for such an event, we advise that you save your work on a regular basis.

How to back up your work: see the article **How to save your file?** 

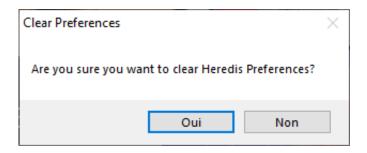
Resetting your application preferences might be an easy way to solve potential anomalies.

There are two modes you can use to reset your preferences: Simple Mode and Comprehensive Mode.

## **Reset - Simple Mode:**

#### 1. In Windows

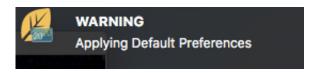
- Before opening Heredis, press and hold the CTRL key on your keyboard.
- Click on the Heredis icon to launch the software (still holding the CTRL key down).
- Heredis is launching; once it is open, release the CTRL key and validate Clear Preferences.



- What will be reset:
  - o Columns and window sizes in reports, indexes, ranking of panels/search windows.
  - o Sorting preferences
  - o All connections: Heredis Online and FamilySearch
  - o Default toolbar
  - o Sheets and Books options
  - o All options for the Slideshow
  - o Family Tree Mapping
  - o Dashboard General Options
  - o Heredis theme
  - o License activation

#### 2. On Mac

- Before opening Heredis, press and hold the ALT key on your keyboard.
- Click on the Heredis icon to launch the software (still holding the ALT key down)
- Heredis is launched; once it is open, release the ALT key.

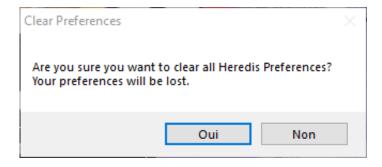


- What will be reset:
  - o Columns and window sizes in reports, indexes, ranking of panels/search windows.
  - o Sorting preferences
  - o All connections: Heredis Online and FamilySearch
  - o Default toolbar (displayed again)
  - o Books and Sheets options
  - o All options for the Slideshow
  - o Family Tree Mapping
  - o Dashboard General Options
  - o Heredis theme
  - o Most recent files list
  - o License activation

#### **Reinitialize – Comprehensive Mode:**

#### 3. In Windows

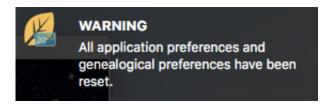
- Before opening Heredis, press and hold the CTRL and SHIFT keys on your keyboard.
- Click on the Heredis icon to launch the software (still holding the CTRL and SHIFT keys down).
- Heredis launches; once it is open, release the CTRL and SHIFT keys and validate the resetting of your preferences.



- What will be reset:
  - o All preferences reset in Simple Mode
  - o Genealogical preferences in term of consistency, data entry...
  - o The license activation
  - o Sync and sharing history

#### 4. On Mac

- Before opening Heredis, press and hold the ALT and SHIFT keys on your keyboard.
- Click on the Heredis icon to launch the software (still holding the ALT and SHIFT keys down).
- Heredis launches; once it is open, release the ALT and SHIFT keys



- What will be reinitialized:
  - o All preferences reset in Simple Mode
  - o Genealogical preferences in term of consistency, data entry...
  - o The license activation
  - o Sync and sharing history

## In case of problems and the reset doesn't work

Heredis needs an internet connexion to activate your licence. Often, firewalls and antiviruses are too uncompromising and block Heredis. It can provoque white pages while trying to activate Heredis' licence, blocking the installation of the software...

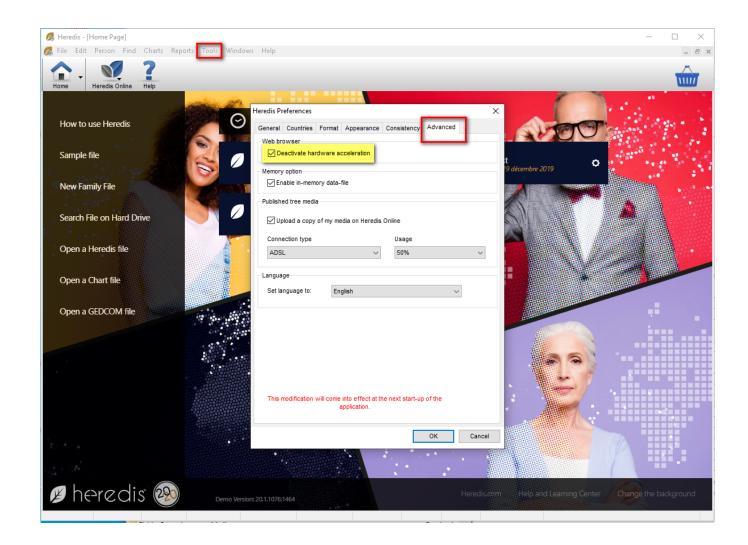
Check that the antivirus/firewall installed on your computer or embedded in your internet box does not block Heredis. If so desactivate it while installing Heredis and autorize Heredis to access the network, tell those software that Heredis is trustworthy.

# (Windows) You have a black screen when lauching Heredis or when using a functionality?

On the Home page offering "Try", "Buy" and "Login", click on "Try" then follow the steps:

- 1 Click on Tools -> Preferences -> Heredis Preferences -> Advanced
- 2 Click on the option **Deactivate hardware acceleration**
- 3 Quit Heredis and relaunch it
- 4 Now, click on **Login**

?



## How to ask a question on the Heredis forum?

Heredis' forum allows you to interact with other Heredis' users. They are not managed by Heredis' team. If you encounter a technical difficulty, you might find answers provided by the forum animators or others users of Heredis. Therefore the best way to have an answer to your technical difficulty is to contact us through our <u>Contact Form</u>. Your message will be sent to the person most likely to respond.

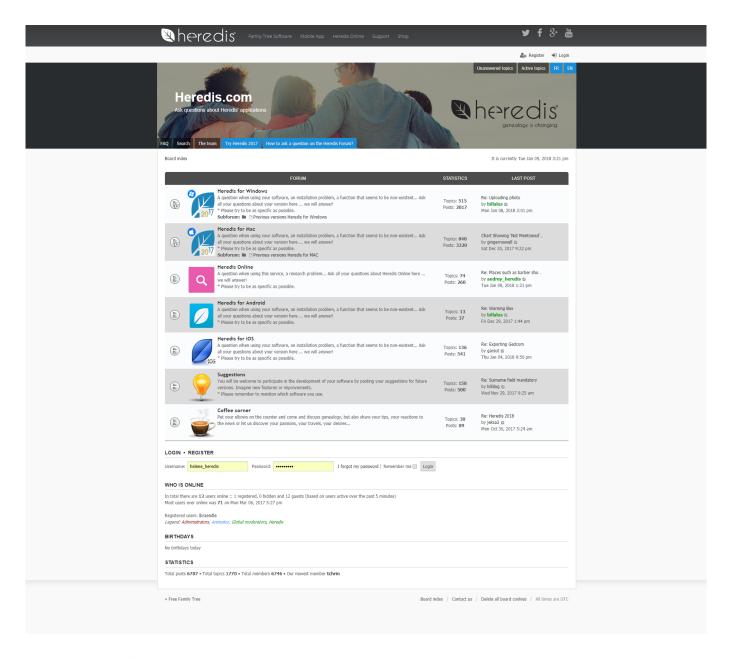
It is not necessary to register to view the forum. Access is free regardless of the sub-forum consulted.

You must register only if you want to ask a new question or post a contribution to an existing topic. If you bought Heredis on Heredis'Shop you already have an account, no need to create a new one. Indicate your email address and password used to buy Heredis. If your email address changed, you can change it in your <a href="Heredis">Heredis</a>'Shop account under My personnal information section.

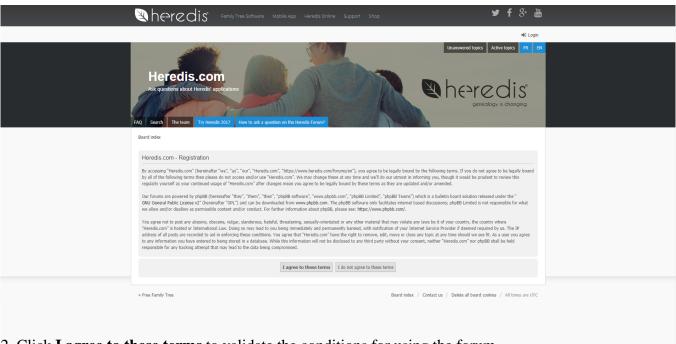
To access the forum use the following link: <u>Heredis' Forum</u>.

## How to register

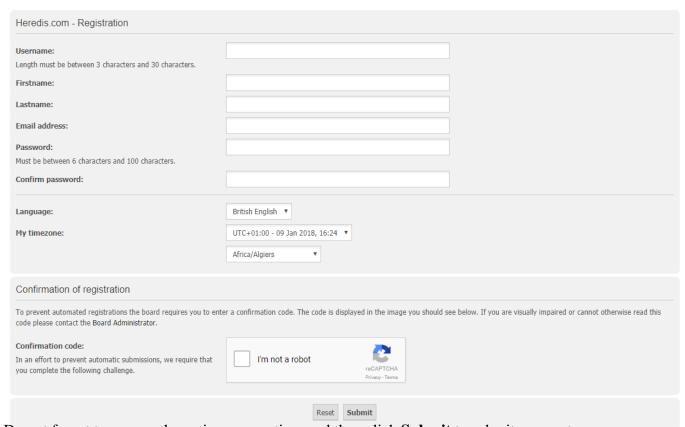
You do not have a Heredis account but want to ask questions on Heredis' forum, you need to create an free account.



1. Click the **Register** button to be able to intervene on the forum.



- 2. Click **I agree to these terms** to validate the conditions for using the forum.
- 3. Complete the registration form with your details. Choose a username (the name under which you appear when your messages will be displayed on the forum).



Do not forget to answer the antispam question, and then click **Submit** to submit your entry.

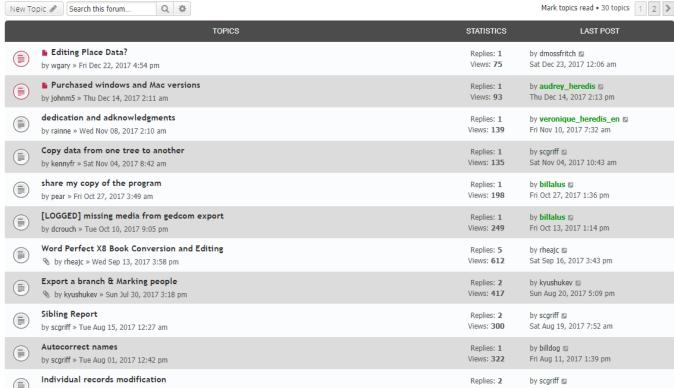
4. Return to the Heredis forum index page by clicking the link.

## How to ask a question

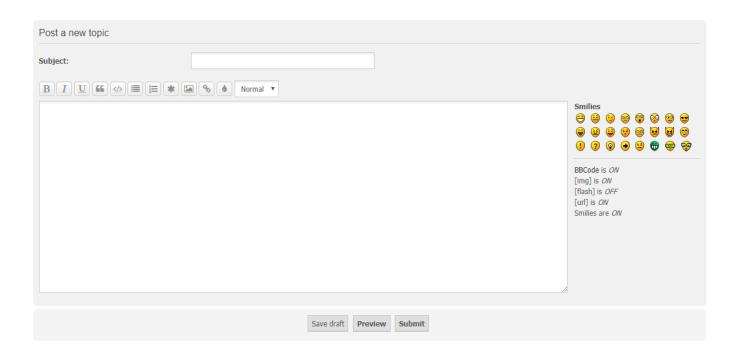
1. Log in by entering your user name and password. Tick the box **Remember me** each visit to allow your browser to identify you automatically when you return to the Heredis forum.

Login	
Your email or username:	
Password:	
	I forgot my password
	Remember me
	☐ Hide my online status this session
	Login

2. Choose the topic according to the concerned platform. Post your message (question or support request) by clicking **NewTopic**.



3. Enter the summary of your question in the **Subject** text box: Entering sources, for example. The forum animators or other users of the software will come back to you very rapidly.



Don't forget to click the **Submit** button.

If your request requires a personalized reply or for confidential information, please contact us through our <u>Contact Form</u>. Your message will be sent to the person most likely to respond.

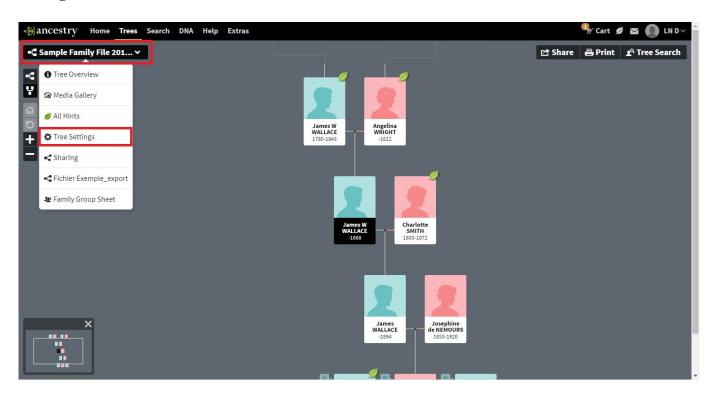
## How to export your Family Tree from Ancestry.com

Your Family Tree is stored on Ancestry.com? You want to get it back in order to use Heredis? Follow the steps.

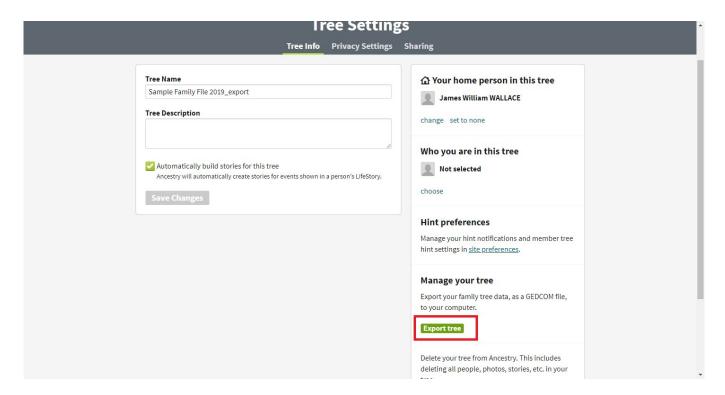
Connect to your Ancestry.com account.

Open your family tree.

Under the menu bar, next to your tree's name, there is a drop-down arrow, click on it and choose **Tree Settings**.

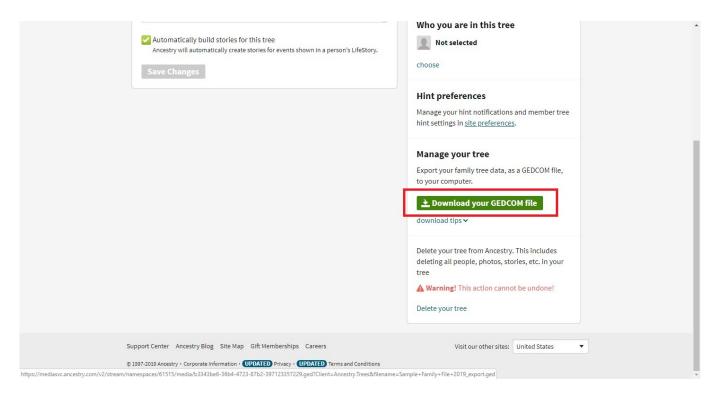


Click on Export Tree.



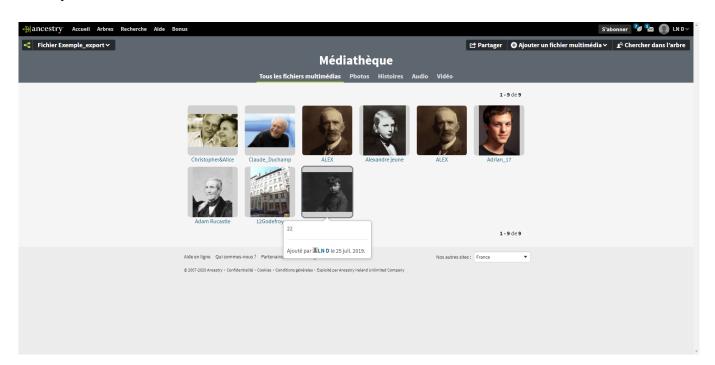
It might take a few minutes to create your GEDCOM file.

When its ready, click on **Download your GEDCOM file**.



Your GEDCOM file is stored on your computer, you can now launch Heredis to open it. See how to open a GEDCOM file on the article <u>Import a GEDCOM file in a new file</u>. Do not forget to get your media back from Ancestry. Click on **Media Gallery** then do a right clic on each media to **Save a**s on your hard drive. **Do not change the name even if it is not a good one,** because your GEDCOM has this name on it to

identify the media.



**Note**: A GEDCOM file is a text format file. It means your media are not include in it, a GEDCOM file only includes the names and paths to your media. When you export a GEDCOM from Ancestry.com, think to download your media from the Media Gallery to your hard drive's computer. Then, use Heredis' media index to Check your media and tell Heredis were to find your media. See also the article Media to understand how to check missing media.

If your media from Ancestry has strange names, do not rename them. Heredis would not find them automatically if you do so. And if Heredis can't recognize them after Checking missing media, contact us here.

## {XE "xxxxxxxxx Names" } tags in your documents, what to do?

Once edited, Heredis documents will automatically open in your default word processor.

These documents are independent from Heredis and cannot be edited in Heredis but in your word processor instead.

Make sure you have a default word processor (LibreOffice, Word, OpenOffice ...) available on your computer for .rtf and .docx files.

To remove {XE "xxxxxxxxx Names"} tags in your document, you must disable tags in your word processor.

Do so by clicking on the corresponding button.

These tags will not show on the printed document.

